

wish to inform the House that the inquiry conducted into the news leak of the interim report of the Commission on the non-medical use of drugs provided no valid explanation. It was not possible either to determine who is responsible for disclosing details from the report to the press.

[English]

INDUSTRIES ESTABLISHED UNDER THE REGIONAL  
DEVELOPMENT INCENTIVES ACT

Question No. 146—**Mr. Rynard:**

1. How many industries have been established across Canada under the Regional Development Incentives Act and in what province are these industries located?
2. What amounts of money have been expended in the establishing of these industries?
3. How many of these industries have been totally Canadian-owned and how many are foreign-owned subsidiaries?
4. What was the total amount expended for Canadian-owned industries and the total amount for foreign-owned subsidiaries?

**Mr. J. A. Jerome (Parliamentary Secretary to President of the Privy Council):** 1. To October 31, 1970, accepted offers for the establishment of new facilities under RDIA total 165, distributed among provinces as follows:

Province	No. of New Facilities
Newfoundland	3
Prince Edward Island	6
Nova Scotia	11
New Brunswick	24
Quebec	68
Ontario	12
Manitoba	20
Saskatchewan	4
Alberta	10
British Columbia	7
Total	165

2. The amount disbursed to October 31, 1970 was \$2,050,243.

3. (a) Canadian-owned or controlled, 42\*; (b) Non-resident owned or controlled, 16†; (c) Not identified as (a) or (b), 107‡.

4. (a) Canadian-owned or controlled, \$587,437\*; (b) Non-resident owned or controlled, nil†; (c) Not identified as (a) or (b), \$1,462,806‡.

\* Canadian-owned or controlled—Corporations have been classified as Canadian-owned or controlled where official information filed with the Corporations and Labour Unions Returns Act Administration indicates that 50 per cent or more of the voting stock is directly or indirectly owned by Canadian residents or where although more than 50 per cent of the voting stock is held by non-residents there is no foreign parent or concentration of foreign control and effective control rests with the management and directors of the Canadian company. Companies not reporting under the act have been classified as Canadian-owned or controlled if available public information indicates that 50 per cent or more of the voting stock is owned by Canadian residents.

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† Non-resident owned or controlled—Corporations have been classified as non-resident owned or controlled where official information filed with the Corporations and Labour Unions Returns Act Administration indicates that more than 50 per cent of the voting stock is directly or indirectly owned by non-resident shareholders and there is a concentration of such ownership. Corporations not reporting under the act have been classified as non-resident owned or controlled if available public information indicates that more than 50 per cent of the voting stock is owned by non-residents and there is a concentration of such ownership.

‡ Not identified—Includes companies that are exempt from reporting under the Corporations and Labour Union Returns Act and where conclusive evidence of the country of ownership is not available from other public sources.

DUPLICATION OF INFORMATION COLLECTED BY DEPARTMENT OF LABOUR AND DBS

Question No. 352—**Mr. Skoberg:**

1. What action has been taken, or what measures are contemplated, by the Minister of Labour to eliminate the duplication caused by his Department continuing to collect, on a voluntary basis, the same kind of information from unions that must be included in the annual returns filed by unions with the Dominion Statistician pursuant to Section 9(a) of the Corporations and Labour Unions Returns Act?

2. Has the Minister of Industry, Trade and Commerce sanctioned, or concurred in, any changes or amendments to the reporting requirements of Part II of the Corporations and Labour Unions Returns Act and, if so, what are these changes or amendments?

**Mr. J. A. Jerome (Parliamentary Secretary to President of the Privy Council):** I am informed by the Department of Labour and Statistics Canada (Dominion Bureau of Statistics) as follows: 1. Early in 1970, interdepartmental arrangements were developed aimed at eliminating the duplication caused by the concurrent operation of the Department of Labour's annual survey of labour organizations and the Corporations and Labour Unions Returns Act. Under these arrangements, information submitted by unions to the Department of Labour in fulfilment of the January 1, 1971 survey requirements will be made available to the Dominion Bureau of Statistics to satisfy the major portion of the requirements of Section 9(a) of the Corporations and Labour Unions Returns Act. For this reason, certain additional items of information will be requested of unions by the Department of Labour in the January 1971 survey.

2. At the request of the Minister of Industry, Trade and Commerce, arrangements were developed with the Department of Labour early in 1970 whereby information submitted to the Canada Department of Labour in fulfilment of that department's January 1, 1971 survey requirements would be used to satisfy the major portion of the 1970 reporting requirements of Section 9(a) of the Corporations and Labour Unions Returns Act. For this reason, the Department of Labour's survey coverage for January 1, 1971 was extended to include certain additional items of information. This arrangement does not reduce the legislative requirements of the Corporations and