CONCESSIONS ON CANNED CORN AND FROZEN COD AND LOBSTER; AND THE EC ARRANGEMENT ON AGED CHEDDAR CHEESE. OVERALL - TAKING INTO ACCOUNT ONLY PURELY AGRICULTURAL PRODUCTS AND LEAVING FISHERIES AND BEVERAGE PRODUCTS ASIDE - MTN CONCESSIONS BY OUR TRADING PARTNERS COVER ABOUT \$I BILLION OF CANADIAN EXPORTS. THIS IS A NOT INCONSIDERABLE ACCOMPLISHMENT IN THIS MOST DIFFICULT OF ALL AREAS OF NEGOTIATION THROUGHOUT ALL ROUNDS IN THE POST-WAR ERA.

ON NON-TARIFF MEASURES, THE NEGOTIATING GIVE-AND-TAKE WAS OF A QUITE DIFFERENT ORDER FROM THAT ON TARIFFS. BROAD TRADE AND INDUSTRIAL POLICY ISSUES GOING WELL BEYOND TARIFF LEVELS WERE AT STAKE. AND NATIONAL LAWS AND REGULATIONS WERE AT ISSUE. CONSIDERATION HAD TO BE GIVEN TO OPENING UP TO A MEASURE OF INTERNATIONAL COMPETITION A NUMBER OF PREVIOUSLY PROTECTED AREAS OF PRODUCTION. ELEMENTS OF THE BASIC GATT TRADING FRAMEWORK ITSELF CAME UNDER REVIEW. AND, AS WITH TARIFFS, WIDELY DIVERGENT INITIAL NEGOTIATING POSITIONS HAD TO BE RECONCILED.

IN THE CASE OF EMERGENCY SAFEGUARD RULES (THAT IS,
THE RIGHT TO RESTRICT IMPORTS CAUSING OR THREATENING TO CAUSE
SERIOUS INJURY TO DOMESTIC PRODUCERS), THIS PROCESS IS STILL
INCOMPLETE. THERE REMAINS A FAIRLY WIDE GAP BETWEEN THOSE
(ESPECIALLY WITHIN THE EC) WHO WISH TO BE ABLE TO ACT SELECTIVELY,
AGAINST ONLY THOSE SOURCES OF HIGHLY COMPETITIVE IMPORTS DEEMED