The amendment was agreed to, and with

out making any further progress with the bill the Senate adjourned.

SULLIVAN'S NEW OPERA.

the Opera.

Sayward Case.

Prohibition Proceedings in an Alaska

Court May be Reviewed at

Washington.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 2.—There was some

thing of a surprise in the United States Supreme Court, to-day, when Chief Justice Fuller announced, in court, a decision in the Behring's Sea matter. The decision was

THE LIBERAL POLICY

LONDON, ENGLAND. LPIN, PP, CER.

been merged in the Company from this ance Agency, tes. easy terms. ved at interest.

MASON,

es Wide.

SURELY CURED

MENT STS.

SEED OATS

AN BANNER OAT TIELDS FROM

Bushels per Acre

WELLS hack, B. C.

ONTRACT.

ts. addressed to the Post-will be received at Otiawa, ay, the SIXTH MARCH reyance of Her Majesty's contract for four years, between CHILLI WHACK RIVER RAILWAY STA-AVER RAILWAY STAtimes per week between
RT HANEY KALLWAY
on the let April next. The
to be in each case at the
tor Printed notices conculars as to the conditions
may be seen and blank
be obtained at the Post
ok, Harrison River, Langand at this office.
E. H. FLETCHER,
P. O. Inspector.

ce, rd January, 1891. j30 St-w

SALE CORNER TOWN LOT house, barn and outbuild-ourishing town of Comey, wak of steamboat landing, is apply J. Beckinsell, in, steamer Isabel. w-jal3-2m

STS EVERYWHERE. LINGAME'S

OUGH MEDICINE.

CHEMICAL D LABORATORY do, 1866. Samples by mail or ompt and careful attention. Refined, Melted and As-sayed, or Purchased awrence St., Denver, Colo.

BRED STOCK.

prove their Herds should be undersigned, who has be thoroughbred and high SON & ADAMS, nnyside Farm, Alexandria P. O.

ICE.

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ion will be made to the anada at its next Session g the Canadian Pacific take and use lands requitate take and use lands require the telegraph business "er, and assimilating its pects to those given to ed under "The klectric Act." w-del2-9t

given that 30 days after o apply to the Chief Com-id Works for permission described tract of land, s, situated in New Westcouth 40 chains; thence north 40 chains; thence north 40 chains; thence place of beginning, and UIRTEAD & MANN

RY ATLANTIC CABLE.

How the Judgment in the Savward Case is Viewed by the London Standard.

gamors of a Satisfactory Settlemen at Last Arrived at by the Irish Factions.

Evraud Must Die by the Guillotine-The Spanish Elections-Claimants to the Stewart Estate.

His Resignation Not Accepted.

ROME, Feb. 2.-The Italian Chamber ted Premier Crispi's bill to tax spirits and Crispi tendered his resignation to King Humbert, who declined to receive it until he had further considered the matter. Rome is much excited.

' Elections in Spain. MADRID, Feb. 2.—Senor Castelar was re

ected member of the Chamber of Deputies the elections held yesterday. In In the elections held yesterday. In Barcelons, the elections were accompanied by rioting at many of the polling places. The rioters attacked the officials guarding the polling stations and succeeded in getting possession of the ballot boxes, which they smashed. The returns from the Provinces still continue to show gains for the government. This is the cause of much congratulation on the part of the Conservatives, as yesterday's elections were the first held under the law establishing universal suffrace.

Work for Thousands.

DUBLIN, Feb. 2.—Balfour's light railways

Ireland have given work to 7,412 un-

The Irish Dispute Settled.

LONDON, Feb. 2. - The Times says that it s reported on good authority that a settle ment has been arrived at between the Irish factions. Parnell and O'Brien will go to America, McCarthy will remain chairman for the present, and Dillon will surrender himself to imprisonment, the understand. for the present, and Dillon will surrender himself to imprisonment, the understand-ing being that he will be nominated as leader next session. O'Brien has written a long letter to the Times, refuting Balfour's speech as to the origin and working of the

Count Bismarck in Rome. ROME, Feb. 2.—At a ministerial dinner to-day, Count Herbert Bismarck was the guest of Signor Crispi. Count Herbert afterward attended a court ball.

Eyraud Must Die.

efused to commute the sentence of Eyraud, who, with the aid of Gabrielle Bompard, mnrdered police agent Gouffe. He will probably be guillotined to-morrow morn-

Justin McCarthy's Opinios.

Lexdon, Feb. 2.— Justin McCarthy, speaking at Liverpool, said that if the minority of the Irish party would not yield, the majority might as well disband. For his own part, he was prepared to accept any settlement towards peace and union, and the signs were hopeful that a settlement would be arrived at. As for the land question, the Imperial parliament must settle that, either before or concurrently with the adoption of a home rule bill. An Irish parliament would be perfectly competent to

parliament would be perfectly competent to reorganize the constabulary as a civil force. Insurgent Regiments Disbanded. LISBON, Feb. 2.—The King has signed a decree ordering that the insurgent regiments at Oporto shall be no longer considered a part of the Portuguese army.

Will Be Settled on Its Merits. LONDON, Feb. 2.—The Standard says tha the judgment in the case of the sealer Say-ward is an assurance that the Behring Sea dispute will be settled on its merits, and

The Spanish Elections.

Mangin Feb. 2.—Official returns from the provinces give the opposition of all shades 120 deputies out of 427. The memsnades 120 deputies out of 427. The members of the ministry and all the chief party leaders are re-elected. Castelar's majority in Huesca is 600. Zorilla is elected in Barcelona; Margill in both Barcelona and Valentia. The Republicans polled 20,000 votes in Madrid.

Claimants for the Stewart Estate. suit is in preparation assailing the present owners of the estate of the late Alexander T. Stewart, the great New York merchant. The relatives of Stewart in the North of Ireland are not satisfied with their treatment, and evidence is now being taken by Sir James Haslett and Consul Ruby, at Belfast, in support of their claims. The examination will last several days.

## AMERICAN NEWS.

One Man's Cure, Another's Poison.

New Haven, Conn., Feb. 2.—George M.
Bradley, who was the first patient in this country to be inoculated with Koch's lymph, died to-day, and the son of Prof.
Blake, another lymph patient, is at the point of death. He has been under treatment for the last two months. Bradley was a man but little over 30, and was not in an advanced stage of consumption when he began treatment. Previously, he was not confined to the house, but during his treatment he has been. During the past few weeks, he suffered intensely, as the treatment had a distressing effect on his throat, making it difficult and painful to take any nourishment. His physicians say that his death was undoubtedly hastened by the condition of his throat, as his strength disappeared very fast, because of his inability to take food. He had been receiving injections since early in December.

June 1. Jeen June 2. Jeen J

A Candidate for the Treasury. FINDLAY, Ohio, Feb. 2.—The Republicans of Ohio are urging on the President the appointment of ex-Governor Foster as Secre-

Damages Against the Western Union. JACKSON. Miss., Feb. 2.—The Supreme ourt to-day affirmed the decision against the Western Union Telegraph Co. in favor the Alexander of this city, whereby he rad ives as damages and interest \$12,500. In 1886, Alexander sent a telegram to some real estate dealers in Chattanooka to purchase control chase certain property for him. The telegram was delayed 36 hours later, and when

delivered, the property had been sold. Alexander then brought suit against the

A Young School Teacher Killed. WINNEBAGO CITY, Minn., Feb. 2.—Miss Lent, the young school teacher who found t necessary to punish a girl named Cruzen a few days ago, and who was brutally as-saulted by the Cruzen family for doing so, has died from the injuries she received. The Cruzens, father and mother and daughter, were arrested and gave bail.

Windom's Successor.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 1 .- In pointing out the impossibility of securing any one to succeed the late Secretary Windom within 10 days, the Post, to-day, says: The President opens wide the door for speculation, and to those who read between the lines his determination to place John C. New, of Indiana, now consul-general at London, at the head of the treasury department seems

Less Instead of More.
San Francisco, Feb. 2.—Recent advice

Lisbon, eagerly waiting for news and dis-cussing the situation. Some of the lower class were evidently bent on mischief, but they readily dispersed at the command of the police. The government has instituted a rigid investigation to ascertain the extent of the disaffection, although it is believed that the conspiracy did not extend beyond the troops engaged in the insurrection and did not include any persons high in autho-rity.

support of the government. Oporto has been declared in a state of siege for one month. Twenty persons were killed in Saturday's fight.

Mr. Dolph opposed the amendment, and spoke at much length on the necessity for a gun factory on the Pacific Coast.

Mr. Cockrell favored the amendment.

THE OPERA SEASON.

A contract the second of the s

PARLIAMENT DISSOLVED.

The Nominations to Take Place on Thursday, February 26th, and Polling on March 5th.

Should Negotiations for Closer Trade Relations with the States Result in a Treaty.

It is Deemed Expedient Government Should Deal with a Parliament Fresh from the People.

(From Our Own Correspondent.)

OTTAWA, Ont., Feb. 2 .- The sixth parlianent of Canada has been dissolved. Nomiations take place on Thursday, Feb. 26, and polling on March 5. The writs will be dated Feb. 4 and returnable April 25.

The Toronto Empire, in making the announcement of the dissolution, will say:
"In view of the foregoing important announcement, the question will naturally be from Washington.
Sir John fires the first shot in the can

paign, by a great speech in Toronto, in a few days. THE LAST SPIKE

that the conspiracy did not extend beyond did not include any persons high in authority.

Radical measures are being prepared for the searching and weeding out of dangerous individuals, and all foreigners upon whom me usupicion may rest will be ordered to leave Portugal.

The government of King Carlos finds itself strengthened instead of weakened by the outbreak, which rives a pretext for the irrigorous measures which have been long thought desirable. No suspicion of any collusion with the conspiracy attaches to Serpa Pinto or any of the Official opening of the Westminster Southern Railway takes place on Saturday, 14th inst. A banguet will start from Westminster in the anti-English agitation. It was an outburst of republicanism, fostered by agitators in the rank and file of the army.

King Carlos, who was reported last evening to be inclined to mercy, has, it is now stated, been led to see the necessity of the swerest penalties for the mutineers, besides the execution of the ringleaders. The remainder of the men engaged in the outbreak will be drafted to Angola and Mozambique under a strict guard, and there established as zarrisons in the interior of Portuguese Africa which, for the mestpart, its yery unhealthy and not fit for the residence of Europeans.

Portugal has lately for the need of garrisoning her African climate. As the Oporto rebels have forfeited their lives the will be no squeamishies about exposing them to the hardship.

The Count of Paris was greatly concerned when he heard of the insurrection, and at once wired to his daughter, Queen Amelia, to hashen to England in case of serious trouble. The count was much relieved by the new that the mutiny had been ashdued, of which he received notice from King Carlos direct.

Lisson, Feb. 2.—The foliosity to be Driver and the theory of the government. Oporto has been declared in a state of siege for one and the star of the general content of the government of the province of the government. Oporto has been declared in a state of siege for one of the provinc

dom. The decision was rendered on an appropried to Fairhaven and the American party to Westminster, returning home the same night.

The contract has been let for erecting terminal buildings at Liverpool, and for clearing a mile and a half of water front.

U. S. COAST DEFENCES.

The Question of an Appropriation for Gun and Mortar Batteries for Harbors

Gives Rise to a Discussion in the Senate on the Defenceless Condition of the Nation.

Washington, D.C., Feb. 2.—In the Senate, to-day, the report of the committee to reduce the appropriation for gun and mortar batteries for the defence of the harbors of Boston, New York, San Francisco, Hampton Roads and Washington, from \$1,000,000 to \$750,000, gave rise to some discussion.

Mr. Dolph opposed the amendment, and spoke at much length on the necessity for a gun factory on the Pacific Coast.

Mr. Cockrell favored the amendment, and only regretted that the proposed re
dom. The decision was rendered on an application filed by the Canadian Government, through Sir John Thompson, its attorney general, for leave to file a suggestion for a writ of prohibition in the case of the Canadian Government, through Sir John Thompson, its attorney general, for leave to file a suggestion for a writ of prohibition in the case of the conversal for a writ of prohibition in the case of the conversal for a writ of prohibition in the case of the conversal for a writ of prohibition in the case of the conversal for a writ of prohibition in the case of the conversal for a writ of prohibition in the case of the conversal for a writ of prohibition in the case of the conversal for a writ of prohibition in the case of the conversal for a writ of prohibition in the case of the conversal for a writ of prohibition in the case of the conversal for a writ of prohibition in the case of the conversal for a writ of prohibition in the case of the conversal for a writ of prohibition in the case of the conversal for a writ of prohibition proceedings in the Alaska court. The Chief Justice Also outgested that

and only regretted that the proposed reduction was not greater. He re-

EUROPEAN GOSSIP.

ing to do, when you find the British war vessels in the harbor of New York? They could levy a tribute of fifty or one hundred million dollars on the city of New York. and New York would be compelled to pay it. In the meantime, these "gallant sons of liberty," by the 100,000 or 500,000, are arming, but they would not be worth a single last year's bird's nest. Yet you cannot defend those and other harbors because you have no modern guns.

Blair criticised with some sarcasm the speeches of Dolph and Hawley, and ridiculed their fears of war with any nation. Funeral of the Late Charles Bradlaugh-The Mourners Wear Ribbons Instead of Crape.

Visit of the Czarewitch to India-The Young Prince Creating a Favorable Impression.

Progress of the Liverpool and Manchester Ship Canal-The Destitution in Paris.

THE IRISH HOME RULE QUESTION.

D'Oyley Carte's Handsome Opera House Where "tvauhoe" was Produced —The Critic's Delighted with London, Feb. 2.-It appears that the nain point of difference which prolonged the Boulogne conferences and almost defeated the efforts at reconciling the Irish Less Instead of Nore.

M Francisco, Feb. 2.—Recent advices of Guatemala state that this year's cotrop would be the largest ever known the steamer City of Sydney, which the largest steamer City of Sydney, which the Sydney City of Sydney, which the Sydney City of Sydney, which LONDON, Feb. 1.-The critics of the Lonfactions, was in regard to the constabulary,

The Tories and dissenting Liberals are

The Tories and dissenting Liberals are preparing for a desperate struggle now that the home rule programme is revealed, and the indications are that the religious issue will be made a prominent feature of the anti-Irish agitation, and the cry of priestly influence will be reised on every platform. The Liberals are satisfied, however, that this argument will have but little effect, and they propose, as in the Hartlepool election, to keep British, reforms to the front and not to permit Irish home rule to stand as the sole issue before the voters. THE PORTUGUESE REVOLT.

THE FORTGUESE REVOLT.

Latest advices from Portugal state that entire quiet prevails, and that the Government is searching out the few remaining insurgents who have, so far, escaped arrest. Among the messages of congrabulation received by King Carlos on the quick suppression of the revolt, was one from his relative, the deposed Emperor of Brazil, Dom Pedro, and another from Pope Leo.

Bearings Sea matter. The decision was not expected at this term, but Calderon Carlisle, who represented the British Government, was in Washington and was on hand. Attorney-General Miller was absent at the funeral of the late Secretary Windom. The decision was rendered on an application filed by the Canadian Government through Ed. L. Tippoo Tib, the famous Arab chief of Central Africa, has arrived at Zanzibar. He was met there by the widgw of Mr. Jameson, who is most anxious to clear her husband's memory from the horrible cannibal story, and who was introduced to Tippoo Tib by the British resident. The great chief received Mrs. Jameson with evidence of cordial good will and declared himself willing to do all he could to make the facts plain to the world. He answered Mrs. Jameson's questions through an interpreter, frankly and promptly. His account of the tragedy and the death of the slave girl was similar to that given by Jameson himself. Mrs. Jameson expressed an earnest desire to see where her husband was buried and Tippoo Tib gave her safe conduct that would assure her security on the journey to her husband's grave from the Congo side.

ONE POUND AND TEN SHILLING NOTES. TIPPOO TIB ARRIVES AT ZANZIBAR.

ONE POUND AND TEN SHILLING NOTES. In the House of Commons, to-day, Mr. Goschen stated, in reply to an inquiry, that the government had not the power, without legislation authorizing it, to issue one pound and ten shilling notes in place of silver.

THE LATE CHAS, BRADLAUGH. London, Feb. 3.—The late Charles Bradlaugh was to-day placed to rest in the pemetery at Woking, Surrey. Special trains from this city conveyed fifteen hundred admirers of the great free thinker to the Surrey town. In accordance with the ar-

is estimated at 75,000. Nearly all the aplicants for relief are men, the women ap arently preferring to starve in secret.

UNDERGROUND ELECTRIC LIGHT WORKS. The Mayor of London to-day laid the foundation of underground works intended to supply electric light to the city. It is estimated that fifteen lamps will cost \$20,000 yearly.

THE LIVERPOOL-MANCHESTER SHIP CANAL

The Chairman of the Liverpool and Man-The Chairman of the Liverpool and Manchester ship canal states that the canal will be opened in the summer of 1892, provided that no dearth of funds will prevent the work from naking due progress. The compnny has, so far, spared no expense in pushing forward the great undertaking, which is expected to convert Manchester into a port having direct communication with the rest of the world. Unless Manchester, however, comes to the aid of the scheme with more liberality than it has heretofore shown, the work may be seriously delayed.

THE GREAT RADICAL'S COLORS.

In accordance with Bradlaugh's well-known principles, there was no display of mourning at his funeral to-day. Instead, many of his old constituents turned out wearing the fighting colors under which he had been carried through to victory at the polls, time after time, until the House of Commons acknowledged itself vanquished by the Radicals of Northampton. THE EX-OUREN OF SERVIA Queen Natalie proposes to spend next summer at Sindia, the residence of Roumanian royalty. It is said that the misfortunes of the ex-queen of Servia have attracted the sympathy of Queen Elizabeth, of Roumania, who has extended to her an invitation to accept her hospitality. The ex-queen is also represented as being at last aroused to the sense of danger in which her stubborn course is involving her son, King Alexander.

IMPERIAL PARLIAMENT.

Sharp Debate Over the Adoption by the War Office of the New Magazine Rifle.

Legislation Restricting the Hours of Labor of Railway Servants—The Irish Relief Bill.

LONDON, Feb. 3.—There was a sharp de bate in the House of Commons, to-day, on the subject of the new magazine rifle, and allegations were made amounting almost to a charge of corruption in the War Office. The debate was not of a partisan character Right Hon. E. Majoribanks, Liberal, from the Scotch side of Berwick, began the attack with a motion that a committee be appointed to examine the new magazine rifle. and report upon the reasons for its adop-

and report upon the reasons for its adoption.

This was not strong enough to suit Mr. Hantury, Conservative from Preston, who, in strong language, condemned the way in which the adoption of the rifle had been secured. Of thirteen patents connected with the arm in question, one official held ten in his own name. What was needed was not an isolated inquiry as to how the rifle came to be adopted, but a thorough reform in the methods of the War Office. It was undesirable, he thought, to go into a mere detail of the military administration, and thereby weaken the full responsibility of the officials who recommended the rifle. Hanbury therefore moved as an amendment that a committee be appointed to investigate the War Office and recommend any reforms that might seem desirable. After a sharp debate, in which the War Office was severely criticized, the amendment was carried by a vote of 108 to 74. Right Hon. James Lowther, Conserva-

Right Hon. James Lowther, Conservative, asked whether the government proposed to take immediate measures to promote the formation of provincial fiscal relations between Great Britain and the British Colonies.

Baron Henry De Worms, of the Colonial Office, replied that the question was receiving careful consideration, and the Government recognized its urgency.

Nolan moved to extend the operations of the Irish relief works act to Galway and Mayo.

Mayo. Madden, the Irish solicitor-general, pro-

NOTES FROM PORT CRESCENT. A Large Colony of Settlers to Locate in the Soleduck Valley—Game Very Plentiful in the Mountains.

(From Our Own Correspondent.) PORT CRESCENT, Feb. 3.—The Port Crescent Leader has moved into the new office which Contractors Walker and Hollister are unit contractors walker and Hollister are just completing. The Leader will appear in handsome new dress this week, and will be all home print and a typographical

As a general renovating tonic and purifying family medicine, useful at all times, but especially so in the spring, Burdock Blood Biters is unequalled.

"It's like a bag of flour in a poor man's family," says Mr. John Maunder, of Yorkville,Ont., "the oftener you take B. B. B. the better you

CAPITAL NOTES.

Basis of Negotiations with the Washington Authorities as Communicated to Downing Street.

Reciprocity-The Fisheries-Coasting Laws-Salvage and Wrecking Arrangements.

The Ministers All on the Warpath-Enthusiastic Response All Along the Line.

(From our own Correspondent)
OTTAWA, Feb. 2—The decision of the upreme Court of Washington allowing the iling of the application for the writ of prohibition, is well received here, and establishes confidence in that tribunal. The effect is that the question of the jurisdiction of the Alaska court will now be tried on its merits in spite of the attempt of the United States government to keep the "dispute open for the purpose of political capital." OTTAWA, Feb. 3.-The following is the offer made to the United States govern-ment by the Dominion authorities, at the request of Secretary Blaine. It is immature its nature. The dispatch was sent by the Governor-General to Lord Knutsford on December 13th last and is as follows:

Government House,
Ottawa, 13th December, 1890.
My Lords I have the honor to send to
Your Lordship to-day a telegraphic message in cipher of which the following is the
substance - "With reference to my telegram of the 10th inst., this government is
desirous to propose a joint commission such
as that of 1871, with authority to deal with
out limitation and to prepare a treaty

as that of 1871, with authority to deal without limitation and to prepare a treaty respecting the following subjects:

(1.) The renewal of the Reciprocity Treaty of 1854 with the modifications required by the altered circumstances of both countries, and with the extensions deemed by the Commission to be in the interests of Carada and the United States.

(2.) The reconsideration of the Treaty of 1898 with respect to the Atlantic fisheries, with the aim of securing the free admission into the United States markets Canadian fishery products in return for facilities to be

into the United States markets Canadian fishery products in return for facilities to be granted to the United States fishermen to buy bait and supplies and to tranship cargoes in Canada. All such privileges to be mutual.

(3.) The protection of the mackerel and other fisheries on the Atlantic ocean and in the inland waters also.

(4.) The relaxation of the seaboard coasting laws of the two countries.

(5.) The relaxation of the coasting laws of the two countries on the inland waters dividing Canada from the United States.

(6.) The mutual salvage and saving of wrecked vessels.

(7.) Arrangements for a sealing boundary between Canada and Alaska.

The treaty would of course be as referendum.

And treaty would of source be as rejerendum.

Ottawa, Ont. Feb. 3.—The members of
the Government unite in stating that there
is no intention to repudiate the National
Policy. It is simply a proposal for reciprocity in natural products and a desire to
wipe out all matters that have lately caused
friction between the two countries.

By she end of the week hardly a minister
will be left in town. Hon. Mr. Dewdney
will probably go West on Saturday night.

The call to arms met with an enthusiastic
response in all parts of Eastern Canada,
even the Grits admit that defeat is staring
them in the face. The ungwump Toronto
Mail says the Government will certainly
secure a new lease of power.

EYRAUD GUILLOTINED.

The Strangler of the Parisian Notary Gouffe Put to Death by the Knife.

Brief History of the Remarkable Crime and the Sensational Trial in the French Courts.

Paris, Feb. 3.-Michael Eyrand, who in

July, 1889, murdered Notary Gouffe in Madden, the Irish solicitor-general, promised that Balfour would make a statement on the subject before Easter.

The House agreed to a motion of Mr. Beach to appoint a select committee to inquire and report as to the necessity of legislation restricting the hours of labor of railing July, 1889, with the assistance of his Paris, was executed by the guillotine this in July, 1889, with the assistance of his mistress, Gabrielle Bompard, strangled to death a notary of Paris named Gouffe. After the commission of the crime, the dead body of the victim was conveyed in a trunk to the Milles railway, in the Department of the Rhine, and deposited in a thicket where, on August 13, 1889, it was discovered in a state of decomposition. In January, the following year, Gabrielle Bompard made a confession to the Parisian police which led to her arrest and imprisonment, and finally, after a most exciting chase, to the capture of the strangler Eyraud, in Havana, when he was brought back to Paris for trial. The most remarkable feature in the sensational legal pro-

just completing. The Leader will appear in handsome new dress this week, and will be all home print and a typographical beauty.

Contractors Walker and Hollister have put into their shop machinery for making doors and sashes, and are turning out some excellent work.

The unexplored Upper Soleduck valley is attracting numerous prospectors. Scattle and Tacoma cruisers are travelling through the valley looking for mineral. They are very reticent about their "finds," but say they will soon return for another visit. Messrs. Arnold Pike, H. A. Barton and E. M. Marshall, three young men from England, are now in the Soleduck valley on a hunting trip. They have a fine equipment for the chase. They purchased their previsions at Port Crescent, and had them transported to Lake Crescent by pack train. Elk have been seen in large numbers on the Upper Soleduck, and deer have also been very plentiful on the mountains. Wolves and less welcome game have been sen by the settlers nearest the mountains.

The surveyors of the Victoria, Port Crescent & Chehalis railroad Co. have been selecting some of the best lands along the line to acquire for themselves from the government. Their knowledge of the country is turned to good account.

Charles Jones has a large colony of settlers ready to locate in the Soleduck Valley upon the opening of spring. It is expected that the government will not long delay the survey of that township.

A Sa read with culminate of Eyraud and to twenty years imprisoment at hard labor for Gabrielle, was the unsuccessful attempt of counsel for Bompard, the woman, to prove that in the murder shaded by another the was the unsuccessful attempt of counsel for Bompard, the woman, to prove that in the murder shaded by the chaptang the was the saled by ment when the green shaded by the chaptang the was founded by the chaptang the principle of the French administer religious consolatation was all that stood between Eyraud to good account.

Charles Jones has a large colony of set the ready to locate in the Soleduck Valle lation were declined, and at the last moment, when the grim frame of the guillotine was all that stood between Eyraud and death, the murderer's energy of steel and his iron purpose served him in his final refusal to submit to religious rites. When he had been pinioned to the plank, Abbe Faure bent over him to place upon his foreined the last kies. With so much of a contemptuous movement as his bonds would allow, and with an air of sullen resentment, the strangler repelled the priest, then straightening hinself, Eyraud awaited the knife. A moment later, the great knife dashed down, and the murderer's head fell away from the body, and dropped into the sawdust filled basket beneath the platform. Death came simultaneously with the blow of the knife. The body of Eyraud has been handed over to his relatives.