

London Gazette
21 January
1842

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Letters Postpaid must be paid.

TO THE OLD AND YOUNG
HO! YE RED HEADS & GREY!
Phenomenon in Chemistry.
EAST INDIA HAIR DYE.

Colors the Hair, and will not stain the skin!
This dye is in the form of a powder which in plain matter of fact may be applied to the hair over night, the first night turning the lightest red or grey hair to a dark brown, and by repeating a second or third night, to a bright jet black. Any person may, therefore, without the least possible trouble, keep his hair any dark shade or a perfect black; with a positive assurance that the powder if applied to the skin, will not color it. There is no trouble in removing it from the hair, as in all powder before made. By an occasional application of persons turning grey will never be known to have a grey hair! Directions complete with the article. There is no coloring in this statement, as the dye can easily test.

These facts are attested by the gentlemen who manufacture the dye in the celebrated chemist, Dr. Comstock, author of Comstock's Chemistry, Philosophy, and many other works well known and widely circulated by the public.

Double the Quantity for the same price!!
Remember the name—
LIVER COMPLAINTS,
AND ALL SICKNESS & DISEASES.
DR. LAM'S
TEMPERANCE LIVER-BITTERS
CHINESE BLOOD-PILLS.
The greatest Secret discovered!

PURGE—Purge—Purge—has been the cry for the last few years. This has been a most extraordinary phenomenon, and why? Not because purging was necessary, but too much has been done—without the tonic to follow, and sustain the system. Purge, you must! The sickly humors of the blood must be carried off—or the accumulation of them prevented. Prevent, then, the growth of such humors.

Why do the Chinese live to such immense ages, and still retain their powers of youth or middle age?—Because they purify the blood. The Chinese Blood Pills—so called because they work upon and cleanse the blood—are the standard remedy. These pills will do it; and the Temperance Bitters, taken as directed, will strengthen the system and prevent the accumulation of the bas humors which first the blood, and which may increase by purges, unless the bitters are taken after. Buy, then, these pills and bitters. Take weekly the Pills and daily the Bitters, and if you are or have been overdone by purges, months, or years, you will find the sickly humors draw off, and prevented from a return, and the yellow yellow hue of sickness change rapidly to the full blooming glow of health and youthful buoyancy.

There are cases so numerous of the brilliant effects, that time and space forbid an attempt to put them down. Buy and use the medicine, and use no other, and health and strength shall be yours. See wrapper and directions that come with them.

Fraudulent Counterfeits
will be attempted. Buy no remedy of the kind unless it have my name—O. C. LAM, M. D.—on the wrapper end, and also the notice as follows:—
Entered according to Act of Congress, A. D. 1841, by Thos. Comstock, in the Clerk's Office of the District Court of the United States for the Southern District of New York.
Warranted the only genuine.
DOUGLAS O. C. LAM.
Inquire of every Apothecary and every country store-keeper if they have my name on the wrapper end, and have them send to New York, or call when there for them.

TO THE BALD HEADED AND OTHERS.
DOES any know a neighbor or a friend who has been bald, and whose head is now covered with thin hair? One whose coat collar was covered with dandruff, who brushed every hour—which has now vanished entirely? Or one whose hairs at an early age were turning grey, who now has not a grey hair? Children whose heads were covered with scurf, whose hair would not grow, that are now growing the fullest crops of hair? Some cases must be known to most persons. Ask them the cause, and you will be told, these things have been done by the use of the BALM OF COLUMBIA. Of 20 years growth in this article, its demand increasing annually some hundred per cent.—though when discovered not opposed by any thing for the same purpose, now assailed by almost numberless mushroom preparations that will run the hair off used to any extent. Can more than these facts be believed? Refer to the room-conditions by a respectable and unimpeachable unqualified by any other article. Look to these things—buy this article. Stay and preserve your hair by its use, or if bald restore it. Ladies attend to this—hundreds in fashionable life are using it as the only article really fit for the toilet. Long hair is very apt to fall out. Ladies use the Balm of Columbia in time to save yourself the disgrace of baldness by neglect of your persons.

It is your duty, as moralists, to preserve the beauties of nature, with which a bountiful Creator has endowed you—use the Balm, or it will do it.

CAUTION
To be Remembered.
Several flagrant attempts have been made to counterfeit the true Balm of Columbia. Some of the impostors have gone so far as to counterfeit the splendid wrappers, and the Falls of Niagara, and every external mark except the name of Comstock, which they dare not forge.

To avoid impostors, therefore, always look for the name of Comstock & Co., on Comstock, and never buy the article unless it has that name upon it.

HAVE YOU A COUGH?
Do not neglect it. Thousands have met a premature death for want of a little attention to a common cold. Have you a cough—Rev. Dr. Bartholomew's Expecto- rant Syrup, a safe medical prescription, containing no poisonous drugs, and used in an extensive practice, for several years, will most positively afford relief, and save you from that awful disease, pulmonary consumption, which usually sweeps into the grave, hundreds of the young, the old, the fair, the lovely, and the gay! Have you a cough—be persuaded to purchase a bottle of the Expecto- rant Syrup to-day!—Tomorrow may be too late. Have you a cough—Bartholomew's Expecto- rant Syrup is the only remedy you can take to cure you. For this plain reason—That in no one of the thousands of cases where it has been used, has it failed to relieve.

LONDON GAZETTE.

VOL. VI. FRIDAY, JANUARY 21, 1842. NO. 12.

CURE FOR WORMS.
B. A. FARNESTOCK'S VERMIFUGE.
THIS preparation has now stood the test of several years' trial, and is confidently recommended as a safe and effectual medicine for expelling worms from the system. The unexampled success that has attended its administration in every case where it has been used, and the fact that it is perfectly harmless, certainly renders it worthy the attention of Physicians.

ROSS' OINTMENT FOR TETTER.
Ringworms, Pimples on the face, and other cutaneous eruptions.
TETTERS, Ringworms, and Herpetic eruptions generally are among the most tedious and disagreeable affections to which the human frame is liable. Situated as it were, on the verge of vitality, it is almost impossible to reach them by inward remedies. Hence the inefficiency of undergoing courses of medicine or subjecting ourselves to the uncomfortable system of strict diet: such means by reducing the system merely palliate the symptoms while they are in practice, to recur as violently, or more so, when a generous diet is returned to. And the generality of external applications have no other effect than to heal the disease in one place, soon to show itself in the same or another part. When all these means have failed, and in many severe cases, a perseverance for a short time in the use of the Ross Ointment has proved effectual.—There is no trouble in using (apply it every night.)

HUMAN HAIR.
Cleanliness of the Head and Face.
STRANGE as it may seem, persons who attend strictly to personal cleanliness, bathe &c. should neglect the hair—the hair—the most essential—the most exposed—and the most beautiful when properly cared for, of all the gifts of the Creator. Perfectly free may it be kept of dandruff or scurf with a certainty that the hair cannot fall out, the use of the Balm of Columbia. Ladies, will you make your toilet without this article? I answer fearlessly, no. If you have once tried and experienced its purifying effects—its sweet perfume.

A hundred articles have been put forth on the credit of this—the only first—the only real valuable article. A mass of testimony from all classes to these facts.
Read the following.
Robert Wharton, Esq., late Mayor of Philadelphia, has certified, as may be seen below, the high character of the following gentlemen.
The undersigned do hereby certify that we have used the Balm of Columbia discovered by J. O. Bridge, and have found it highly serviceable not only as a preventive against the falling off of hair, but also a certain restorative.
William Thatcher, Esq., Methodist minister in St. George, John P. Inglis, John D. Thomas, M.D., John S. Furey, Hugh M. Curd, John Yarb, Jr., N. Y.
The aged ladies who persist in wearing wigs, may not always experience its restorative qualities, yet it will certainly raise the vitality of the estimation of the hair, when it is known that three of the above signers are more than 50 years of age, and the others not less than 30.
The above Medicines are sold by Comstock & Co., Maiden Lane N. York, Agents for the United States, Canada and Texas. Also, by LAM, MOORE & Co., London, Canada, and throughout the Empire.

NOTICE.
JOHN JENNINGS' Office is at his residence, on Ridout Street. Persons having business to transact with him, call there.
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REMOVED.
THE Subscribers beg to announce to their Friends and Customers that they have Removed from their Old Stand, to the Store lately occupied by J. Johnston, where they are receiving a further addition to their Stock of
DRY GOODS,
GROCERIES,
which will be sold at London prices for Cash, Easy and Prompt.
MURRAY & CLENCH.
Delaware, March 9th, 1841

\$100 Reward.
ONE hundred dollars reward has been offered for months, to any one who will use a bottle of Hay's Liniment for the Piles without being cured. Of thousands sold, in no one instance has it failed of a cure. Proof overwhelming to be had where it is sold. It is also a certain cure in nearly every case. (Externally) in the following complaints:
For the Piles, for all Dropsy, Tender Feet, sore Throat by cankers or ulcers, Croup, scald Head, tightness of the Chest especially in children, foul Ulcers of the legs, or other fungous sores, however obstinate or long standing, Fresh wounds, Cuts, &c.
LOOK OUT! Some swindlers have counterfeited this article and put it up with various devices. Do not be imposed upon.—One thing only will protect you—it is the name of COMSTOCK & Co.; that name must be always on the wrapper, or you are cheated. Do not forget this in this direction with you, and text by that, or never lay it for it is impossible for any other to be true or genuine.

Worthy Attention.
JOSEPH SHEIRIN, Master Tailor of the Royal Regiment would respectfully inform the inhabitants of London and vicinity, that he has opened an Establishment as Merchant Tailor on Dundas Street, next door to Mr. Clarke's Store, where he intends keeping constantly on hand a general assortment of Cloths, Trimmings, Gold and Silver Laces, &c. &c. &c. such as have not heretofore been opened in this part of the country, and will be happy to attend to all orders he may be favored with, in his line of business.
N. B. A number of Uniform Swords on hand.
London, July 1st, 1840

THOMAS KEIR,
Solicitor at Law,
Solicitor in CHANCERY,
Conveyancer, &c.
OFFICE IN DUNDAS STREET,
Next door to Mr. Givins' Office.
London, Dec. 11th, 1840.

GEORGE MALTON,
LAW AGENT.
AND
CONVEYANCER.
OFFICE—DUNDAS STREET.
London, May 14, 1841.

FREDERICK CLEVERLY,
BARRISTER.
Attorney, Solicitor in Chancery, &c.
OFFICE OPPOSITE THE MARSH HOUSE,
DUNDAS STREET.
London, April 25, 1840.

BRITISH AND AMERICAN
DRY GOODS,
Simple and Fancy
HARDWARE, GROCERIES, &c. &c.
COURT HOUSE SQUARE, LONDON.

HOAF SUGAR.
BEST English Refined, on sale at One York Shilling per pound.
JAMES BLACKWOOD,
Dundee, Sept. 7, 1841.

SUGAR KETTLES AND CAULDRONS.
L. LAWSON.
Feb. 20, 1841.

JUST RECEIVED,
PATENT PAIRS,
CORN BROOMS,
SUMMER STRAW HATS and BONNETS.
L. LAWSON.
28 June, 1841.

LEVITES CAST STEEL AXES, AND BROADAXES,
Warranted by
L. LAWSON.
London, Feb. 20, 1841.

GROCERY AND LIQUOR STORE.
FRESH ARRIVALS.
JOHN CLARIS Grateful for past favors, takes this opportunity to inform his Friends and the Public, that he has just received a Fresh supply of the following articles:
GROCERIES, &c.
Souchez, Young Hyson, and Gunpowder Teas.
Refined, Muscovado, and East India Sugars.
Prime Coffee, Fresh Ground every morning.
Prepared Barley and Groats, Oatmeal, Cinnamon, Cloves, Nutmegs.
Candied Citron, Sperm, Wax and Tallow Candles, Soap, Starch, Blue, Putty, Glue, Rice, Nuts, and Almonds, Powder, Shott, &c.
Cavendish, Plug, Ladies Twist and Papered Tobacco, and Snuff.

LIQUORS, &c.
Prime Old Port, in wood and bottles, and other Ports and Wines, Choice Brandy, Madeira, Lewis & Co. And Blackberry Brandy, Sherry, Port, &c. &c.
Also Lafayette & Key Brand Cham pagne, Brandy, Otard de Peusis, Scotch Whisky, Scheidein Gin, Wood and bottles, English do do Jamaica Spirits, do do Stoughtons Bitters, Lemon Syrup, Leith Ale and London Porter bottled London, October, 1840.

TO BE SOLD.
A TOWN PARK, situated between Regent and Hulton Streets, of the Town of London, on the East Bank of the North Branch of the River Thames, containing Fifteen Acres of excellent land, with a very desirable site for building, and is the new site of Road about to be opened from the new Bridge to the Town. Application to be made to **FREDERICK CLEVERLY,** Esq. Solicitor Dundas St., London, U. C. February 4th, 1841.

Champion's Celebrated Axe
Warranted by
L. LAWSON.
Feb. 20, 1841.

Building Lots,
ON Ridout Street, for sale by
L. LAWSON.
April 20, 1841.

AUCTIONEER, UPHOLSTER, SEATER, HOUSE,
AND
Commission Agent.
AUCTION SALES.
The subscriber would be happy to attend to business in the above line, and intends after the first September to open the store known as McLeod & Paterson's, as a general Auction and Commission Room, likewise with an assortment of Upholstery Goods; he has now on hand a quantity of double and single hair, wool and straw mattresses, beds, pillows, sofas, cushions, &c. Persons finding their own materials have carpers, curtains, mattresses &c. made up with neatness. Old mattresses remade. Patent hanging, &c.
THOS. W. SHEPHERD.
Dundas Street, August 3, 1841.

NOTICE.
HERBERT forbids any person or persons giving credit to any person on persons on my account, without my written order.
FELIX McLAUGHLIN.
London, Oct. 8, 1841.

From the Kingston Chronicle.
THE ARRIVAL.
His Excellency Sir Charles Bagot, Governor General of British North America and Suite, arrived at the seat of government on Monday last, about two o'clock, P. M.

Doubts having been entertained for a few days previous, of the practicability of Sir Charles Bagot being able, in safety to cross the ice on our bay, on account of the late high winds, it was rumored that it would be necessary for his Excellency to proceed farther down the river before crossing, but happily this has been accomplished without the slightest accident, through the praiseworthy exertions of Angus Cameron, Esq. of Garden Island, and about thirty adventurous yeomen of Long Island, (who have this season carried off every Regatta Prize on both sides of Lake Ontario,) with their superb racing gig, bearing a broom at the mast head, and tastefully rigged out in a 24, decorated with the Royal standard, several Union Jacks, and various other appropriate flags. The handsome silverservice, won at Toronto, was conspicuously displayed on a cushion near the mainmast. The boat being securely placed on two sleighs at a convenient distance apart, to divide the weight, and ensure the safety of the expedition, the party went to meet his Excellency and suite, and paraded their novel vehicle in the town, when the mobocracy gazed they were pretty considerably astonished to see British flags waving in their streets; the respectable citizens, however, were extremely kind and hospitable.

At about 11 o'clock, his Excellency Sir Charles Bagot and suite arrived at Cape Vincent and embarked on board the 'Ship,' whence they proceeded across the lines, and immediately on reaching British ground, the Islanders presented the following address to the Governor General, to which his Excellency made the annexed reply.

ADDRESS.
To his Excellency Sir Charles Bagot, G. C. B. Governor General of British North America, &c. &c.
MAY IT PLEASE YOUR EXCELLENCY.

We, her Majesty's dutiful and loyal subjects the inhabitants of Wolf Island, most humbly beg leave to tender to your Excellency our sincere congratulations on your Excellency's safe arrival in Canada. We pray that the discharge of the great and important duties devolving on your Excellency, as the Representative of our most gracious Sovereign, in this fertile and extensive Province, may be rendered easy and agreeable to you. Your Excellency has the united efforts of all parties of her Majesty's Canadian subjects, to promote the prosperity of the country and the happiness of the people.

In the spirit of these our most fervent desires, we are gratified at having the honor, on the present occasion, to most humbly to offer to your Excellency our best endeavors to bring your Excellency in safety, over the imperfectly formed ice of the St. Lawrence.

ANGUS CAMERON,
On behalf of the Inhabitants of Wolf Island, 10th Jan., 1842

REPLY.
CAPT. CAMERON AND GENTLEMEN,
I return you my sincere thanks for the gratifying manner in which you have welcomed me to these shores, and at the same time, I beg to offer you my best acknowledgments of the pains you have taken, and the arrangements which you have made, to facilitate my arrival upon this Island.

I regret that my journey to these Provinces should have been so long delayed by accidental circumstances, but I am now hastening to take possession of my government, and to endeavor by every means in my power to administer it for the benefit of a free and prosperous people.

After leaving Long Island, the cavalcade proceeded slowly across the ice, his Excellency's conveyance being drawn by one horse, and as it neared Kingston the procession was augmented to several thousands of persons, who, with three British cheers, were received with honor of the 14th Regiment was in attendance, with Lieutenant General Clitherow, staff, and heads of departments, and immediately proceeded in General Clitherow's sleigh to Alvington House. His Worship, the Mayor of Kingston also, had a carriage and six, ready to receive his Excellency, which honor was however declined by Sir Charles, the other three horses were now put to the 'ship' which was then named 'the Illustrious,' and the Mayor and several respectable inhabitants having gone on board of her, she proceeded to Government House followed by the most of the citizens who were in sleighs or on horseback.

A more formal procession would have been formed, but it was his Excellency's wish, communicated by the chief secretary to the Town authorities, that no procession or formal reception should take place.

On the return of the procession to town, and after parading the principal streets, the Mayor with his staff, hospitably entertained the mainly crew to lunch in the British American Hotel, and in a next speech thanked them for their services.

It was the intention of the Wolf Islanders, to have drawn his Excellency and suite across the ice, by hand ropes; but the condition of the ice rendered such a mode of traveling still more dangerous than the one adopted, viz: attaching a small quantity of snow on the ice, and its weakness it was so slippery that the number of men required to equal a horse

power, would be so great as to endanger his Excellency's breaking through. Although occasionally the ice gave very convincing proofs of its instability, his Excellency seemed perfectly unconcerned, and well he might for on this continent, a bolder crew, than the 'Wolf Island Regatta Club,' cannot be found for performance of that or any such hazardous duty.— Their sweeping victories during the last summer at Toronto, Oswego and Kingston Regattas, gave ample testimony of their resolution and skill on the water, and their conduct is always sober and unassuming.

We were much gratified to observe the gallant appearance of the Brig 'Prince of Wales,' fitted up at the Marine Railway, chiefly under the management of Master Overton (Gundersen), Mr. Fowler, and Captain Chrysler, of the Steamer Prince of Wales. The vessel was beautifully rigged, with the national colors prominently displayed. She was placed on two sleighs drawn by four handsome white horses, having Mr. Philip, of Kingston, at the helm, where he acquitted himself with masterly skill in directing the course of the vessel, having the able assistance of Captain R. Pearson and Mr. Gordon Finkle. The utmost order and discipline were observed on board. The crew were dressed in uniform and looked remarkably well—and were taken generally for a party of the jolly tars from her Majesty's Dock Yard, commanded by one of commodore Sandom's most experienced officers, every man standing at his post, prepared to do his duty. After escorting his Excellency to Alvington House, the beautiful craft returned to town, and in passing through the streets, drew forth the warm cheers of the inhabitants. We may add that her appearance excited the admiration of Commodore Sandom who paid her some handsome compliments on the occasion.

His Excellency appears to be in robust health and excellent spirits, and seemed well pleased with the very flattering reception given him, and does not appear to have suffered in the least from his long and protracted voyage and tedious journey. His Excellency's personal appearance is very prepossessing, and he is extremely affable in his manners.

To the Editor of the Chatham Journal.
Sir—The rising importance of the country of Kent, and more particularly the town of Chatham, induces me to transmit you the annexed statement compiled from authentic sources.

A statement of the amount of exports from the various Ports in the country of Kent, in the Western District, together with the value of the same shipped on board for the year ending 1841:
Port of Chatham.

	Prov. Curr.	
Wheat, bush. 40,718	£9,616 12 0	
Blue Peas, do. 1,620	219 5 0	
Flour, bls. 143	190 7 6	
Pork, do. 70	216 5 0	
Said Staves, M 220	2,720 0 0	
Furs various kinds,	2,498 10 6	
Total value of exports, £15,521 0 0		
Chenail Furla.		
Said Staves, M 41	461 5 0	
Damen Mills.		
Said Staves, M 50	657 0 0	
Wheat, bush. 1,635	289 2 6	
Tobacco, bls. 400	4 13 4	
Pork, bls. 3	6 15 0	
Walnut hulls, 2,000	6 0 0	
52 Mile Creek, (Talbot Roads)		
Wheat, bush. 8,000		
Clear Creek (do.)		
Wheat, bush. 2,700	3,056 5 0	
Admiral		
Wheat, bush. 6,100		
Pork, bls. 114	882 0 0	
Tobacco, bls. 84	882 0 0	
High Wines, bls. 25	25 0 0	
St Messrs Pavlova and Little's.		
Pork, bls. 30	75 0 0	
Tobacco, bls. 187	1,942 10 0	
From various parts of the shore of Lake Erie, within Kent Co.		
Said Staves, M 301	3,762 10 0	
Port of Sarnia.		
Said Staves, M 65	812 10 0	
Wheat, bush. 3,000	400 0 0	
Fish, bls. 500	300 0 0	
Potash, do. 5	25 0 0	
Lumber, feet, 250	500 0 0	
Total value of exports from Kent County, £29,591 11 8		

From his statement it appears that the exports of the town of Chatham exceed in value the amount of exports from all the remaining places of shipment in the country.

These facts, Sir, are no doubt highly satisfactory, but when we considered the great fertility of the soil in this county, its excellent slave timber, and the number of shipping places on its rivers and lakes, we must consider the country as but yet in its infancy and that its great capabilities are not yet called forth. To further this desirable object I do not know of any measure better calculated to increase the capital & resources of the country of Kent than to obtain the establishment of a branch Bank for discounting of bills as well as for exchange, to be located in the town of Chatham; such a measure judiciously carried out would in a short time increase the capital now employed one half. By such an increased quantity of land would be cleared and cultivated, more wheat raised, an additional quantity of slaves manufactured, and in fact, its influence would be felt in all quarters.

As a further proof of the increase of trade in this town, I annex a statement of duties collected, and when it is considered that in the year 1838 those duties amounted to but £52 any further comment is unnecessary.

Amount of duties on goods imported from the United States to the Port of Chatham in the year 1841:
Tonnage duties to support Light-houses, paid at the Port of Chatham,

for the year 1831. £284 13 1
Vessels built at the Port of Chatham in the year 1841. £25 0 0
The Steamboat Kent, 122 tons, 45 horsepower.
The Schooner Louis, 121 tons
I remain, Sir,
Yours respectfully,
WILLIAM COSGRAVE,
Collector of Duties.

From the Friend of Man, Utica.
Thanks be to him for the wonderful deliverance of 135 fellow beings, the victims of the American slave-trade. Our joy is great! God made bare his arm for the deliverance of the crushed. Nineteen true-hearted, brave men compelled these minions of brutality, to navigate the ship to the land of the free and the home of the brave—the British West Indies. Providence on Providence, manifestation on manifestation, will compel the American people to heed, and learn that the American seas are as foully polluted by the slave trade, as even the African seas and rivers were. To be engaged in the African slave-trade is piracy, death at the yard-arm. All concerned are regarded as enemies of the human race—the outlaws of the civilized world! This is the civilization agreed upon by America herself, England and France, as applied to the coasts of Africa, the high seas, until you reach the United States, the American seas. Oh! blush my countrymen, the American coasts and seas are the great thoroughfare where the infamous trade in slaves, already driven by the public law from the coasts of savage Africa, has come and nestled down under republican protection. We are a nation of pirates, a land of bucaniers, we are too mean to rank with Africa. Our morality is correct on the coast of Africa, and we there hang, for what we applaud a regular business at home. These 135 victims, or at least the 19 leaders who devised and consummated the independence of these 135, deserve to have their virtues commemorated on marble. The noblest heroes of the Revolution, the men of Concord, Lexington, and Bunker Hill. The glory of this achievement throws the Amistad case into the shade. But how will those infamous who carry on the slave-trade, do now? They will load each slave with fetters and chains, bolts and bars, to make safe their victims, as they carry them through our oceans from the Chesapeake to that modern Babylon, New Orleans. We hold these truths self-evident, that the slave at all times and all places has a perfect right to assert his independence at whatever cost of blood or treasure. It is a question in which the slave is the judge alone. He must be acquitted by all men of blame and the deed be considered glorious whenever it is successful. If it is not true, the heroes of our Revolution were murderers; if it is not true, Washington is a nothing but the prince of murderers and cut-throats.

The Latest Saw—The latest "saw" run in these dignified waters, was that of which a Western town was made the victim on Tuesday night. He entered Recorder Burtis' office yesterday, with a face as long and lugubrious as if he had owned stock in the U. S. Bank, or had left a card table with empty pockets.
He enquired for the Squire; said he was regularly "sawed in," and that there were some all-fired mean men in New Orleans.
"What is the matter now?" said the Recorder.
"Why, I've been robbed," said the countryman, "added out of every cent I had—\$80—by two counterfeiter watchmen."
He then told the whole story, from which it appeared that two sharpers went up to him as Charles—accused him of being a "suspicious character," and finally arrested him in the name and by the authority of the First Municipality. They next searched his pockets—of course he was too suspicious to be entrusted with the keeping of his own money—so they became jointly his fund-holders, telling him to apply the next morning, yesterday, at the police office for his \$80.
Van alst! was his application, for the assumed Charles will not be seen there until their tether's length is run out, and they are brought there.—N. O. Picayune.

From the Montreal Gazette.
In accordance with our usual practice we proceed to notice the more prominent features of the reports of the several departments of the Federal Government of the United States, to the President, at the commencement of the present session of Congress. We have already alluded to the report of the secretary of the army; and we shall now advert to that of the secretary of the navy. It is there stated that the navy of the United States is composed of—
"Eleven ships of the line; of which one is rated for 120 guns. Fifteen frigates of the first class, of which one is rated for 54 guns, and fourteen for 44 guns. Two frigates of the second class, of 36 guns each. Eighteen sloops of war, of which eleven are rated for 20 guns, two for 18 guns, and five for 16 guns. Two brigs and four schooners, rated for 10 guns each. Four cutters, besides three store ships, three vessels used as receiving vessels, and five small schooners."

The report then proceeds to state the various stations of the ships in commission at the date of the last report. On the subject of the return of the *Hamby*, which in May last, from the Mediterranean, it is observed, that the event was owing to particular causes, not connected with the original purpose of her cruise. On the subject of the exploring squadron, we find the following information:
"Intelligence down to the 6th of April, 1840, has been communicated in previous reports from this department. At that time, the squadron was in New Zealand. In further prosecution of her cruise, Lieutenant Wilkes visited the Feejee islands, and succeeded in establishing useful regulations of trade and