



"IN FREEDOM'S CAUSE."

Evening Telegram

W. J. HERDER, - - - Proprietor
C. T. JAMES, - - - Editor

MONDAY, DECEMBER 2, 1918.

Superficiality.

No student of current events can read the foreign despatches of last week, without coming to the conclusion that there has not been any real change in the spirit of Germany, notwithstanding that the system of Government has been very radically changed, and law and order of sorts preserved. Outwardly, at least, things look well, but beneath the surface, one peers closely, a difference will be observed. Germany, as a whole, has ceased to exist as a political entity. With the passing of the Kaiser, there passed the Empire. Remains then a number of States, each at present being governed or mis-governed by various revolutionary and unstable, as well as unreliable elements, and so far there is not any authority or machinery to bring these together, or to hold together a union of them should they eventually combine. With the military power, which bound the Empire together, gone, there is no single individual with sufficient power of command upon whom to depend for a reconstruction, or a union which will be abiding. The one person who through the army, held the baton of authority over all his people, has fled and with him, the supreme command, for the German army is rapidly breaking up, and in a very short time will have almost, if not altogether, disappeared. What will be the outcome? "After me—the deluge." Had William Hohenzollern this in mind when he fled his country, or was his flight merely for the purpose of creating a false scent? No one can tell. The news from abroad concerning the late Kaiser, is so conflicting and so contradictory, that his future intentions are practically unknown. One day we hear he has abdicated, the next that he has not done so, nor contemplates renunciation, and on the next that he still cherishes hopes of going back to Germany and resuming the Imperial Crown and sceptre. In the meantime there are divers revolutions breaking out. No established form of Government has been set up, that is to say, no permanent constitutional form, because the proposed constituent assembly is not representative of the will of the people, and is more likely to foster than to allay popular strife. We may take Russia as an example of the straits to which a country may come politically, when deprived of the form of Government to which it had been accustomed. A short time ago and the Russians deposed and imprisoned their Czar, and the Government of the country passed into the hands of irresponsible demagogues and political tricksters. For a little while all went well, on the surface, that is. Then suddenly damned forces burst their restraining influences and the storm broke. Those without the least idea of government became possessed of the supreme power, and the result was anarchy and confusion, the internal condition of Russia to-day being a seethe of the wildest disorders, the effect being plainly visible, because it is still within our range of vision. And what has happened in Russia, may occur in Germany. Nations uneducated in democracy, have no comprehension of a democratic form of Government, nor can it be expected that people who have been the slaves of autocracy for centuries, can create in a single night a stable form of popular administration.

But while Germany is in turmoil and chaos, and no man capable of knowing what to-morrow will bring forth, those of its representatives who are discussing the armistice terms, have not shed one jot or tittle of their arrogance. Dr. Solf, who is the spokesman for Germany, complains that the armistice conditions are too severe, and other publicists denounce the Allies, particularly England, for their humiliation. The military high command take things quietly, apparently, but the naval commanders who were too cowardly to come out and fight, doth protest against the order given by Admiral Beatty to haul down the German flag. This protest came from Admiral Von Reuter, the commander of the fleet which surrendered on Nov. 21st, and was to the effect that the "striking order" was contrary to international law, and unjustifiable, and "not in keeping with the ideas of chivalry

between two honorable opponents." Chivalry and honor, in the mouth of a Hun! What chivalry have they shown during the conduct of the war? Their wanton destruction of human life by air raids and submarine attacks, their shelling of lifeboats, their wholesale murders of women and children. That was their chivalry. And honor? Honor has no part in the moral make-up of a German. And it is such as these that prate of chivalry and honor between opponents. Isn't it sickening? No nation in the world was ever more devoid of the principles which this German Admiral arrogantly invokes, than his own country, and its Kaiser, its statesmen, its soldiers and its sailors. The meaning of the word is unknown to them, but wherever an opportunity occurs they are ever the first to appeal to those things which were but a name to them, if the words themselves formed any part of the German vocabulary. And so taking all these happenings into consideration and studying the discordant and divergent views of the various elements thrown up in Germany, we begin to realize that the end is not yet, and that now more than ever Germany will bear close and careful watching. There is a superficiality about her that is exceedingly deceptive.

Missing.

John Hall, an elderly fisherman living alone at Freshwater, Bay Bulls, is missing since Wednesday last. Freshwater is a "Deserted Village," three miles this side of Bay Bulls, in whose bay the fishermen of the surrounding harbors sometimes set their traps. This is how the absence of the aged fisherman was discovered. Mr. Gregory Maloney, who was trapping there this summer, went down to remove his fishing gear, and going to Hall's residence to ask his assistance, found the place deserted. The alarm was given, and a search was made by Mr. Maloney and his crew, but without avail. The house which was examined in the hope of finding some clue that might aid in the man's discovery, was found well ordered, and clean; \$200 in gold was found tied up in an old vest—the fisherman's provision for the "rainy day." The missing man is 70 years of age, and was last reported going up to Bay Bulls to purchase a stove. It is assumed that he may have fallen over the cliff or strayed into the woods. The search still continues.

Employees Meet.

The employees of the Ropewalk held a meeting Saturday night to discuss the resumption of work. It was shown at the meeting that the young girl over whom the trouble arose expressed her willingness to join the Union. As soon as a few other minor matters are arranged work will be resumed.

The Epidemic.

One patient died at Grenfell Hospital yesterday, viz., Annie Harrison, of Colinet, P.E. She was buried to-day. Messages from Springfield report a few cases at that place, while Dr. Anderson of Heart's Content reports most of the cases there recovered.

Casualty List.

RECEIVED DEC. 2ND, 1918.
Arrived at Ripon Camp—England, Repatriated Prisoners of War from Germany, Nov. 29th.
2872—Pte. Joseph Harris, Grand Bank.
2969—Pte. Samuel King, Victoria Cove, Gander Bay.
J. R. BENNETT,
Minister of Militia.

Knowling's Stationery!

Just arrived:
1919 ANNUALS.
Boys' Own Annual...\$3.40 each
Girls' Own Annual...\$3.40 each
Sunday At Home...\$3.40 each
Chums...\$3.40 each
Wonder Book of Empire...\$1.75 each
Nursery Rhymes, asstd., \$1.75 each
The Empire Annual for Girls, \$1.60 each
The Empire Annual for Boys, \$1.60 each
Chummy Book...\$1.50 each
Jolly Book...\$1.50 each
Bo-Peep...\$1.30 each
Child's Companions...80c each
Our Little Tots...80c each
Tiny Tots...80c each

We have on sale several lines of Books by popular authors; they are worth your inspection.

G. KNOWLING, Ltd.

Stationery Dept.

Nov 26, 31, 1918.

Thanksgiving Services.

Cochrane Street Centennial Church. The Thanksgiving services at Cochrane Street Centennial Church yesterday were attended by overflowing congregations, the preacher both of morning and evening prayer being

Correspondence

OFFICE OF FOOD CONTROL BOARD
Editor Evening Telegram.
Dear Sir:—Please find copy of correspondence forwarded to the Daily Star this evening, which we shall be obliged if you will publish in your first issue.

Yours truly,
P. T. McGRATH,
Chairman.

Office of the Food Control Board,
November 30, 1918.

Dear Sir:—In your issue of yesterday you imply that the Food Control Board and others have been grossly partisan in their administration of food regulations, that "while law abiding and loyal people stood by the food regulation law, a number of others, chiefly among the working class, were bent on defying the law," and that "if the substitute law is carried out at the present time in the way it has been carried out in the past, the people will have to go to certain Government associates who defy the law, to get flour without substitutes, feeling absolutely sure that, as in the past so in the future, no legal proceedings will be taken against either the seller or the purchaser."

The Board will therefore, be glad if you will kindly publish the published copies of correspondence, which will suffice to prove to the public that there is no truth whatever in your statements.

Investigations regarding other charges to the same effect are in progress, and when completed, this evidence will be furnished the press in the same way.

Yours truly,
P. T. McGRATH,
Chairman.

Office of Food Control Board,
St. John's, Nfld.,
16th November, 1918.

C. H. Hutchings, Esq., K.C., J.P.,
Inspector General Constabulary.

Dear Sir:—We have a complaint from Botwood to the effect that the F. P. U. place at that place, has received 150 barrels of white flour, in lots of 25 at a time, without any substitutes, and that no substitutes have been provided there.

Will you kindly have your office at that place undertake an investigation and advise us with regard to this and also if, assuming the facts to be as stated, any purchased same from given to why substitutes were not sent to the store or why the manager made no effort to obtain same?

Thanking you in anticipation,
I remain,
Yours truly,
P. T. McGRATH,
Chairman.

Memo From Constabulary Office.

November 27, 1918.
Sir Patrick McGrath, K.B.E.,
Chairman Food Control Board.

Forwarded to Sir Patrick McGrath, K.B.E., Chairman of Food Control Board for his information.

CHAS. H. HUTCHINGS,
Inspector General Constabulary.

Report From Constable Churchill.

Botwood Station,
November 22, 1918.
Chas. H. Hutchings, Esq.,
K.C., J.P., Inspector
General Constabulary.

Sir:—I respectfully beg to state that I received your communication of the 19th inst. with letter from the Food Control Board attached. On receipt of same I went and saw the manager of the F. P. U. store. I found he only received fifty barrels of flour up to the 19th inst. (for the year 1918) viz. 30 from Port Union store, with substitutes, consisting of 5 sacks rolled oats and 5 sacks of corn meal, and 20 barrels trans-ship-ment from the F. P. U. store at Ex-plotta but no substitutes. Then he ordered some from Port Union store, but didn't receive any. In the meantime, two of his customers came for flour and he having no substitutes on hand, sold one man 2 barrels of flour, and the other one, with the assurance that they buy substitutes from him when they came. The following day they came to the store again and he supplied them the substitutes, having purchased same from another merchant here. This is the

Cochrane Street Centennial Methodist Church.

Rev. Dr. Bond who delivered eloquent and impressive sermon. The choir's good work was evidenced in the splendid rendition of an appropriate anthem at each service. Mrs. Farn-dale's solo at evening prayer was well rendered and was highly appreciated. The Thanksgiving offering of the congregation, including the contribution of the Sunday School, reached the magnificent sum of \$11,800, perhaps one of the largest of

Prohibition.

Editor Evening Telegram.
Dear Sir:—Two weeks ago I made use of your columns to comment upon the intolerable hardships under which many free citizens rest with regard to the Prohibition Law. To-day I ask your further indulgence, to enable me to refer yet another aspect of the present situation.

One of the notable abuses of the Prohibition Law is the way in which an honest, worthy and deserving—impecunious—class of this community is by it subjected to police persecution. In the cases to which I refer, the "criminal" is often a respectable widow who, to keep the spectre of starvation from her door and educate her family, strives to eke out a meagre existence by the sale of hop beer, spruce beer, and other refreshing and harmless domestic beverages. These people are subjected to a constant and humiliating police supervision, as if they were members of the criminal classes. Samples are frequently taken of their wares, and if these samples, on analysis, contain over 2 per cent. of alcohol, the vendor is subjected to a minimum fine of \$50.00. (If the charge is "manufacture," the minimum fine is \$100.00.) In a great many cases, the vendors have only less than one where the percentage was 2.5 or even less.

It is unnecessary to enlarge upon the hardship indicated by this harsh and absurd persecution. Any percentage of alcohol under 5 per cent. serves merely to keep the beer from going sour, and is wholly incapable of causing intoxication. It is, moreover, almost impossible to keep the proportion of alcohol in these beers below 2 per cent., as a larger proportion is formed naturally with the ageing of the beer. In fact, the only practicable way of adhering to the provisions of the law in this respect would be to throw away all beer more than a week or ten days old—a procedure only less ruinous to the vendors than the brutally heavy fine.

This is not, of course, the most important aspect of the Prohibition question, but it is worth touching upon, if only to show how very harsh the workings of the Act are; and to the persons interested—an honest and deserving class, as I have pointed out—their only recourse is to the courts.

I shall have some more observations to make on the subject, and I hope to make them after a much brief interval than that which has elapsed since my last letter.

Thanking you for space, etc.,
Yours truly,
P.L.C.

Dec. 1, 1918.

AT LAST.—Stafford's Essence of Ginger Wine, 20c. btl. Postage 5c. extra.—nov26,18.

BORN.

On Nov. 29th, a daughter to Mrs. and Mr. C. B. Stevenson, 6 Young Street.

MARRIED.

At Albert Cottage, Prestwick, Ayrshire, on 6th November, 1918, by the Rev. Jas. Crawford, Norman A. MacLeod, Registrar, eldest son of the late J. N. and Mrs. MacLeod, Buffalo, N.Y., and nephew of Mr. and Mrs. M. Peckham, St. John's, to Lily, third daughter of the late Jas. Andrew, Prestwick.

DIED.

Passed peacefully away at Trinity, South Side, Maria Elizabeth Hiscok, aged 56 years, leaving one son, one daughter, mother, two brothers and two sisters to mourn their sad loss. Interment at Trinity.

At Pipestone, Minnesota, on Nov. 20th, ex-Pte. Edward Joseph Oldridge, Royal Canadian Engineers, native of this city.

On November 30th after a long and painful illness, William, beloved husband of Elizabeth Tavernor, aged 35 years, leaving a wife, 2 children, step-mother, step-brother, step-sister and a large circle of friends to mourn their sad loss; funeral to-morrow, Tuesday, at 2.30 p.m. from his late residence, 206 LeMarchant Road; friends and acquaintances please accept this, the only, intimation.

McMurdo's Store News.

MONDAY, Dec. 2, 1918.
As a general purpose Liniment, a household remedy that should be in every home, Acme Camphor and Hartshorn Liniment occupies a foremost place. It is more potent than most liniments of this kind, and has a wide range of action, being useful for many kinds of pains, and very effective for stiffness of the joints and limbs. Price 15c. a bottle.

Formold Throat Ease is a useful lozenge in slight throat troubles, hoarseness, irritation of the throat, etc. These Lozenges are good for speakers and singers, and their use will often prevent a cold. Price 15c. a box.

Anniversary of Mount Allison.

Sackville, N.B., Nov. 27.—The Fall meeting of the Board of Regents of Mount Allison, was held Tuesday afternoon and evening, the sessions concluding Wednesday morning.

On Tuesday afternoon financial reports from Dr. Borden, president of the University, Dr. Wigle, principal of the Ladies' College; Dr. Palmer, principal of the Academy, and Dr. Wood, treasurer of the Endowment Fund, were heard. In view of war conditions which have been exceptionally difficult and harassing, the reports were considered very satisfactory.

Among the matters which received the approval of the Board was the erection of a Memorial Library Building in memory of the fifty-four Mount Allison men who fell in the great war. An effort will be made immediately to secure the necessary subscriptions to make possible the erection of a fire-proof library building which will be used jointly by the students of the three institutions. The proposed building will cost about \$50,000.

A petition was read from the Mount Allison Athletic Society praying that the Board should erect an institutional skating rink for the use of the Mount Allison institutions. The project was warmly supported and the matter was referred to the executive with power to act. It is quite possible that the rink will be built next summer. It will be located near the college campus and will thus be convenient of access.

Dr. Borden reported that he had been making an effort to increase the Endowment of the University by \$50,000. Towards this end four subscriptions of five thousand dollars each had been obtained. A member of the Board had agreed to give five thousand dollars provided nine others would give a similar amount. In response to that challenge subscriptions of five thousand each had been offered by Sir J. W. Flavell and Sir John Eaton of Toronto and Joseph Allison, of St. John. In view of the necessity of paying large salaries to professors, it is to be hoped that six more men thousand each in order that the objective of \$50,000 may be obtained.

The Board decided to ask for legislation at the next session of the Provincial Legislature increasing the Alumni Society representatives on the Board by four, and the Alumnae Society representatives by two.

Those present the Board meeting were as follows: Rev. C. Jos. Bridgeman, N.S.; N. T. Ayward, E. E. Hewson, Amherst; James Burchell and H. F. S. Paisley, Sydney, N.S.; Dr. D. Allison and Rev. A. S. Rogers, Halifax; Rev. Thomas Marshall, Fredericton; Rev. R. G. Fulton, Charlottetown; H. A. Powell, K.C., St. John; Hon. Dr. Wood, Rev. H. E. Thomas, Rev. Dr. Borden, Rev. H. Wigle, Dr. J. M. Palmer, C. C. Ayard, Rev. Dr. Morton, Frank B. Black, Mrs. J. Wood and Mrs. C. W. Fawcett, Sackville.

NOTE OF THANKS.—Mr. and Mrs. Levi Sharpe and family, of Blaketown, T.B., wish to thank sincerely Mr. and Mrs. A. W. Piccott for kindness to their daughter Alice, while in Grenfell Hall Hospital with Spanish influenza.

Mr. L. G. Chafe for information supplied during her illness, the Doctor in attendance at the hospital for services rendered, Mrs. Ross and her staff of assistants at the Poor Asylum for all their kind acts, and all others in connection with the work at the hospital—adv.

Another Loss.

The Marine and Fisheries Department received the following wireless message from the a.s. "British Empire," via Cape Race:

"Schooner Mildren, of St. John's, Nfld., abandoned, leaking; all canvas gone; Lat. 44 north, Long. 48 west. Crew picked up by a.s. 'British Empire,' bound to London. Schr. sunk by gun fire."

Personal.

Mr. Matthew Doyle, of St. Bride's, is at present in the city on business.

Mr. F. Somerton, S.M., of Trinity, is in town on a short visit.

Serjt. Burley of the Royal Nfld. Regiment, a returned veteran, who has been employed at the Pay Office, Millis Building, has resigned from that position and has taken a position as book-keeper in Baine Johnstone & Co.'s office.

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As a general purpose Liniment, a household remedy that should be in every home, Acme Camphor and Hartshorn Liniment occupies a foremost place. It is more potent than most liniments of this kind, and has a wide range of action, being useful for many kinds of pains, and very effective for stiffness of the joints and limbs. Price 15c. a bottle.

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G. Knowling's Showrooms

Are now showing some stylish and up-to-the-minute Goods, both from BRITISH and AMERICAN markets. May we suggest—CHRISTMAS is near and Christmas presents are on the thoughts. What about either of the following for your wife or daughter:—

Georgette Crepe Waist, \$7.50 to \$13.50
Creme de Chene Waist, \$6.50 to \$11.75
Black Silk Waist, \$8.50 to \$12.25
Navy Silk Waist, \$8.50 to \$13.00
White Jap Silk Waist, \$3.90 to \$10.90
White Voile Waist, \$1.10 to \$5.70
Muslin Camisoles,
Silk and Crepe de Chene Camisoles.

Silk, Satin, Serge, Georgette & Tricollie

Dresses, \$34.00 to \$79.75.

Tweed Raincoats.
Trench Raincoats.
Rainproof Coats.

Khaki Oil Coats.
Ladies' Umbrellas, \$1.95 to \$5.00
Waterproof Hats.

Tailor Made Costumes, in all shades

from \$8.00 to \$65.75.

Serge Costumes, in Navy and Black.
Tweed Costumes, in all shades.
Sealette Coats, from \$45.00 to \$87.50

Velour Cloth Costumes.
Black Cloth Costumes.
Fur Coats, \$175.00 upwards.

Ladies' Tweed and Velour Cloth Coats, well Tailored and Trimmed.

Scotch Winney Night Dresses.
Muslin Night Dresses.
Scotch Winney Pyjamas.
Flannelette Pyjamas.
Boudoir Caps.

Dressing Gowns.
Slip-on Sweaters.
Fur Stoles, Muffs and Sets.
Stylish Hats in Velour, Velvet, etc.

COME AND EXAMINE OUR VAST STOCKS FOR YOUR XMAS GIVING.

G. Knowling, Ltd.

ARE NOW READY FOR

They sell at the following:

2 1/2 x 4 1/4...14c. each 1 5/8 x 2 1/4...14c. each 2 1/4 x 3 1/4...14c. each 3 1/4 x 5 1/2...14c. each

These Calendars are especially Christmas or New Year Gifts. To slip your Photo or Snapshot into have an artistic and attractive have only a limited number. Call

ALL Mail Orders must be covered by

TOOTON

The Kodak Store

320 Water Street, St.

Price: \$15.50 cash, per ton, Sent Home.

Geo. M. Barr

Here and There

When you want Steaks, Cutlets and Collops, try MRS. SUSE PROBABLY TOTAL.

The Suse remains on the rocks, will likely be a total loss.

When you want Summery why—get ELLIS; they're best.

IN FOG HORNS.—The coast and police officers on the look-out for smuggling, would do well to watch the men from local saloons craft stepping ashore carrying horns with them. A word is wise, etc.

EXPRESS PASSENGERS.—Following first class passengers on to-day's express—Mrs. R. W. Mrs. Geo. Story, Geo. Bouchard, Greenspond; A. S. Huchings, W. Halfyard, Mrs. Geo. Lyons, E. Bragg, C. Decy.

In stock, 30 Cabinet Gramophones at \$55.00 each. RYAN SUPPLY CO.—Nov 28, 1918.

AT THE CROSSBIE.—The following guests are registered at the Crossbie, Jos. D. Lockyer, of Trinity, Col. of Catalonia; L. Huchings, Greenspond; G. W. Huchings, B. J. Biffan, of New York; L. Finger of Boston; R. Kennedy, Howard, of Halifax.

PANTRY SALE.—The Wanderers Sewing Class, held a try Sale at the Presbyterian Hall, Friday afternoon, realising the sum of \$150, which will be donated to the Jeanes Club.

Well done, girls!

ONE FOR THE PRESS.

WASHINGTON, D.C., Nov. 30.

Master General Buller, who has been had with those who the immediate direction of the

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