IN CONNECTION WITH J. M. WILKINSON & CO., BUFFALO, N.Y.

STORE CLOSES AT 6 P. M. || The Wilkinson-Johnson Co., Inc. || NIAGARA FALLS, N. Y.

Most Extraordinary Values For This Week End

In Women's, Misses' Children's Apparel

Extra Special Coat Sale

$29.95

Values to $55.00

A wonderful sale of new authentic models. Short and full length coats, fashioned, in Wool Velour, Camel's Hair Clcth, Tweeds, Tricotines and Poplins. These values are not duplicated elsewhere. Profit by this sale and save from $10 to $25.

Extra Special Sale of Coats

$50.00

Actual Values to $95.00

Charming models fashioned in Bolivia, Crystal Cord, Chamleon Cord, Corded Bolivia and Camel's Hair Cloth, in the new colorings. Come early and take advantage of this most wonderful sale.

EXTRA SPECIAL **Dress Sale**

$19.95

Values to $45.00

Delightful New Dresses at a saving of $10 to $25 in this remarkable sale. Fashionable styles in Taffeta, Crepe-de-chenes, Jerseys, Serges and Tricotines. All sizes for women and misses, 16 to 46. The selling will be very fast.

EXTRA SPECIAL **Suit Sale**

$35.00

Values to $59.95

A wonderful collection offered in this Week-end Sale, Poiret Twills, Tricotines, Serges, Velour checks and Velvetones. You can secure a rare bargain so come early.

EXTRA SPECIAL **Blouse Sale**

$3.98

Values to $8.95

About 150 Georgette Crepe-de-chene, Silk, and Voile Blouses in attractive styles and colorings. Many women will buy two and save $2 to $5.

EXTRA SPECIAL **Skirt Sale**

$12.95

Values to $22.50

Another rare bargain is presented in these most attractive skirts Plaids, Checks, Stripes, in woolens and black and navy in silks, serges and poplins. This is a wonderful opportunity to save.

CANADIAN MONEY TAKEN AT PAR VALUE

98c

Blouses of Voile, Lace Trimmed, actual $1.69 values today.

$1.39

Windsor Crepe Bloomers— lace trimmed—elastic at waist and knee, values $1.98.

79c

Wash Satin Camisoles that are $1.39 values.

$1.49

Bungalow Aprons of Percale, Gingham and Chambray—values to $2.25.

$1.98

House Dresses of Gingham, Percale and Chambray, values to $3.25.

59c

Brassiers that are 98c. values.

IN CONNECTION WITH J. M. WILKINSON & CO., BUFFALO, N.Y.

PAINT LENGTHENS LIFE OF BUILDINGS AND MACHINES

Many an old ship has stood the racket of ocean travel for years mainly on the strength of the tar or paint applied to her sides, but sailors do not wait for the ship's hull to become weather beaten before applying the first coat of paint. Farmers, on the other hand, seem much inclined to let their buildings reach a state of partial decay before making any special effort to safeguard them against the play of wind and water. As a matter of fact, nothing apys better than paint applied immtdiately after the building is constructed, in lengthening the life of the structure. The same applies to farm machinery parts especially the wooden parts and it will always pay to paint such repairs to machinery wagons, etc., as have to be made before the work season for these articles commences.

Good paint applied to farm buildings and machinery, not only prethe good management employed in serves them, but calls attention to running the farm, a fact that helps greatly in case the owner wishes to sell tither the farm or some of its products. Many farmers have paid so much attention to the economic value of th efarm that they have neglected an important side of farm life. There is no reason why the farmer and his family should not have as attractive a home as attractive as the city dweller has. The farmer's neighbors as well as the passing oberver, will judge him largely by the care he takes of his stock, his machinery, and his buildings.

Painting is the easiest and least expensive way of making sure of neat clean surroundings, and is the best way of preserving the lumber in buildings, implements or machinery With sprig approaching, the time has arrived for going the rounds of the machine shed to ick out these articles that can be moved to a warm building for retuching with paint in addition to their annual overhaulig and repair.

Wood's Phosphodine, *The Great English Remedy.* Tones and invigorates the whole nervous system, makes new Blood in old Veins. *Cures Nervous Debility, Mental and Brain Worry, Despondency, Loss of Energy, Palpitation of the Heart, Failing Memory.* Price $1 per box, six for $5. One will please, six will cure. Sold by all druggists or mailed in plain pkg. on receipt of price. *New pamphlet mailed free.* THE WOOD MEDICINE CO., TORONTO, ONT. Formerly Windsor.

A LOVELY REGION

One hundred and fourty five miles north of Toronto lies the "Lakt-of-Bays Region" one of the most attractive of the summer play grounds in the Highlands of Ontario. It is 1,000 feet above sea level, is immune from Hay Fever, has good boating and fishing, golf, and is supplied with some of the best summer hotels in Canada among which is Bigwin Inn accomlodating 500 guests. For description literature with list of hotels, rates, maps, etc, apply to any Agent of Grand Trunk or writt to C. E. Horning, D.P.A., Toronto, Ont.

PREVENT APPLE SCAB

Much of the Loss Through This Disease Is Needless.

Careful Spraying Will Do the Trick —Three Sprayings Necessary— Either Lime Sulphur or Bordeaux Mixture May Be Used.

(Contributed by Ontario Department of Agriculture, Toronto.)

THIS is the most common and most serious disease of apples in Ontario. It occurs wherever apples are grown, and the scab spots on the fruit and leaves are familiar to almost every fruit grower. In wet seasons it causes a financial loss of many thousands of dollars to the fruit growers of the Province. This is to a large extent a needless loss, for Apple Scab can almost always be prevented no matter how wet the season may be, by thorough, timely and intelligent spraying, in combination with the proper pruning of the trees. The scab only develops and spreads during wet weather. The times of the year therefore when we get our wet weather are the times we have to spray if we are going to prevent scab. One spraying with either lime sulphur or Bordeaux mixture is not sufficient to prevent scab, as the rain gradually washes the spray off, and as the leaves and fruits by growing larger develop more surface to cover. In order to be sure of preventing the disease we must spray from three to six times during the season, the number of sprayings depending upon whether the weather is wept or dry. The first spraying should be done just as or soon after the leaf buds burst. For this application use commercial lime-sulphur, strength 1 gallon commercial to 7 gallons of water. If the grower is certain that there is no San Jose Scale in the orchard and very little Oyster Shell Scale, a weaker solution may be used, 1 gallon to about 20 gallons of water, or Bordeaux mixture 4.4.40 formula may be substituted.

The second spraying should be given just before the blossoms open, that is, just when they are showing pink, using commercial lime-sulphur strength 1 gallon to 35 gallons of water, or Bordeaux mixture 4.4.40 formula.

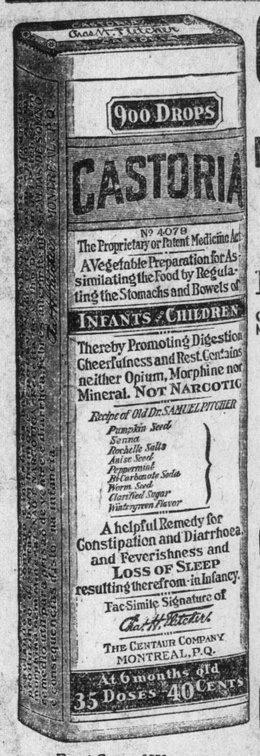
In average seasons the third application should be given immediately after the blossoms have all or nearly all fallen, with lime-sulphur strength, 1 gallon to 40 gallons of water. This is generally the most important spray for the control of Apple Scab and always for Codling Moth, and it must be promptly applied, as a delay of a day or two may make all the difference between success and failure. Bordeau mixture should not be used at this time, as it is almost sure to cause the fruit to be russeted. Arsenate of lead should be added for the second and third sprayings to control Codling Moth and other biting insects.

In seasons of normal weather conditions these first three sprayings should control the scab completely. In some seasons, however, additional applications are absolutely necessary if the scab is to be prevented. The time of these will depend upon when we get our cold, wet weather. In some seasons there is a long period of cold, wet weather between the date when the blossoms begin to burst and when they fall. Sometimes the length of this period is three or four weeks. In such cases it is necessary to give an intermediate spraying between the second and third. Hence, if the grower finds at the end of twelve days or two weeks after he has applied the second spray that the weather is still cold and wet and development of the blossoms is very slow, another spraying should be given at once to protect the young blossoms and foliage. This should be of the same strength as for the third regular spraying, but poison should be omitted because of the bees. It is very important to observe carefully the weather conditions and apply this spray when necessary.

Spraying early in August is an insurance against late infection of Apple Scab and Sooty Fungus. In wet autumns such spraying is necessary to prevent late attacks of scab, especially with varieties such as McIntosh Red and Snows, which are very susceptible to scab. For this application use a weak lime-sulphur solution, 1 gallon to 40 or 45 gallons of water, or Bordeaux mixture. No poison should be used at this time. Often if the spraying is done later than the first or second week in August there is a chance of the fruit being discolored at picking time. Should the dust method prove satisfactory it could be used at any time in the fall without danger of staining the fruit. If the early sprayings are thoroughly done, and the fall is not extremely wet, usually the crop will remain clean without this last application.

Thoroughness In Spraying.—Very few men spray thoroughly enough to get the best results. The object of spraying is to cover the surfaces of the leaves and fruits with a good fungicide (a substance which destroys the spores of fungi), such as lime-sulphur or Bordeaux mixture, so that when a spore reaches leaf or fruit it is destroyed and cannot grow and cause scab. We see, therefore, that if spraying is to accomplish it's object it must be very thoroughly done; every fruit and leaf must be completely covered with the fungicide so that there is not the least space on which a spore can germinate. Thorough spraying necessitates the liberal use of the spray mixture. A large apple tree will require from six to ten gallons or more to cover it properly. Care must be taken to reach every side of the young forming fruit or (in other words) of the calyces or flower cup which develop into the fruits.—Prof. J. E. Howitt, O. A. College, Guelph.

The Pittsburg Pirates stopped the victorious march of he Cincinnati National League team on Sunday.



Exact Copy of Wrapper.

CASTORIA

For Infants and Children.

Mothers Know That Genuine Castoria Always Bears the Signature of *Chas. H. Fletcher*

In Use For Over Thirty Years

CASTORIA

THE CENTAUR COMPANY, NEW YORK CITY.

HOSPITAL ASSOCIATION MEETING

A special general meeting of the members of the St. Catharines General and Marine Hospital will be held on Monday evening April 26th at eight p.m. in the Council Chamber, City Buildings, for the purpose, if deemed advisable, of amending the by-laws in tht following particulars, namely:—

(1) That By-law Number Three be amended by striking out the word five therein contained and substituting therefore the word 'ten.'

(2) That By-law Number Seven be amended by striking out the word 'two' in the first line therein contained and substituting therefor the word 'four.'

J. G. MOORE, Chairman.
W. C. TURNBULL, Sec'y.

SANTAL CAPSULES MIDY

CATARRH of the BLADDER relieved in 24 HOURS

Each Capsule bears the name MIDY

Beware of counterfeits

These Are The Distinctive Marks

Printed in Red Ink on Every Package of Genuine Original

Kellogg's

TOASTED CORN FLAKES

DEMAND the big package from the original makers in Canada. The Genuine Original Kellogg's Toasted Corn Flakes for twelve years have been the choice of Canadians, the maintained quality winning unbroken favor and increasing appreciation.

Battle Creek Toasted Corn Flake Company, Ltd.

LONDON, ONT.