# The Weekly Times

Victoria, Friday, August 25, 1893.

MR. CUTTER'S GREAT SCHEME.

According to the San Francisco Call a gentleman named Cutter has originated a most remarkable scheme, which will surely bring him high distinction. It is nothing less that the purchase of British Columbia by the United States. Mr. Cutter proposes that to this end the following bill shall be introduced and passed in Congress:

Whereas, that portion of the coast of North America bordering on the Pacific Ocean and extending from latitude 49 deg. to 54 deg. 40 min. north, now called British Columbia, should, by its geographical position, naturally belong to the

United States, therefore, Be it enacted, etc., that the President of the United States be and he hereby is authorized and empowered to enter into negotiations with the British government for the purpose of acquiring by parchase for the United States the ownership in entirety of the said now called British Columbia; and that the sum of one hundred millions of dollars or so much thereof as may be necessary be placed at his disposal to effect the said purpose.

The sum agreed upon to be paid either in gold, in ten equal annual payments without interest, or at once in silver bars at the actual average cost of the same as purchased by the United States govern-

One might have supposed that this was meant for a joke, only that Mr. Cutter and the Call gravely discuss the matter to the extent of some three columns. The Call also returned to the subject next day and argued with most admirable wisdom in support of the scheme. The insane freak of these two worthies naturally caused the Examiner to break forth in laughter, and that paper treated its contemporary to the following alose of ridicule, to which nothing need be added in the way of comment:

We are indebted to our morning Silurian contemporary for a piece of news of profound importance. It is that a bill is to be introduced in Congress providing for the purchase of British Columbia for \$100,000,000 in gold on the installment plan, or in silver bullion in bulk. latter method is preferred, and it is suggested that England may turn the metal into coin at our ratio, while we coin an equivalent amount, the pieces struck being allowed to circulate in both countries, in which way the silver question would

be satisfactorily settled. This bill has not yet made its appearance in the House, but that is only because in Washington statesmen do not usually reach the condition of intrepidity that would lead them to assume responsibility for such a measure until late in the evening, while the time for the introduction of bills is shortly after noon. As soon as a member can be caught sufficiently ripe at the right hour of the day the bill will be introduced.

As our contemporary ecstatically remarks, it is a wonder we never thought of this brillian well known that England's supreme ambition is to keep a junk shop for the sale of provinces. She has built up her empire until her drum beats and her red flag follow the sun around the world, calling the attention of all nations to the extraordinary bargains in the colonies to be picked up by the highest bidder. No doubt Queen Victoria keeps tucked under the cushions of her gilded throne in the tower of London a list of her various colonial possessions, with the upset price of each marked in a convenient cipher on the margin. Perhaps Mr. Astor might buy the throne itself, although it might

come a little high.

The idea of combining the purchase of British Columbia with the settlement of the silver question is a peculiarly happy one. Of course England can get all the silver she wants now, and she has persistently resisted all attempts to induce her to make a more extended use of that metal in her coinage. But if we should tempt her with the offer to take one of her most valuable provinces off her hands she would undoubtedly be willing to reverse her traditional financial policy and join in an international coinage of silver, which is something she has hitherto refused to do even for gold.

Our contemporary has thoughtfully provided against the contingency of a possible willingness on the part of Great Britain to sell by showing that British Columbians would be of incalculable value to us. When this fact is once fully impressed upon the Queen's government we shall undoubtedly be asked to help ourselves on our own terms.

The Vancouver organ still dwells upon the magnificent feat of the Davie government in "downing" Deputy Minister Lowe in the census matter. Inasmuch as Mr. Lowe's error was most obvious to even the careless observer, it is hard to understand why the government is to be congratulated. Mr. Lowe simply cast a reflection on the census figures by mixing them up with the Indian department's figures, and the confusion thus cause was seized upon by the governmment as a pretext for postponing redistribution, in order that the process might be made less disagreeable to some of the government's supporters.

Says the Nelson Tribune: "The merchants of Helena and Butte, Montana, have declared a boycott against the merchants of St. Paul and Minneapolis, because of the action taken by their boards of trade on the silver question. The merchants of the Kootenay lake country should take like action against the merchants of Victoria and Vancouver, for, judging by the expressions of the newspapers of these towns, their merchants have as little use for silver as have the merchants of St. Paul and Minneapolis." If the merchants of the Kootenay lake country are as shrewd as they are popularly supposed to be they will strade wherever they can do so most advantageously, letting the silver tub stand on its own bottom. We should be sorry to believe that they are fools enough to take the advice of the Tribune. If the

en by the coast press; nor would it have roposed, if there had been such hostility, to visit the sins of the press on the merchants of the coast towns. The Tribune seems to be suffering from liver derangement and consequent defects of vision.

Hon. Peter Mitchell, in an interview on the Behring Sea award, said that most decidedly Canada and England have been eminently successful in all their contentions. That is all very well, but the Hon. Peter would be in the way of earning more "kudos" if he would only evolve from his great intellect some plan by which Canada could gain some practical benefit from this success. When Canadians are to be kept from taking the seals, of what use to them is the success of the "contentions."

Lord. Ripon, colonial secretary, has taken the trouble to send the following cable to Ottawa: "Administrator, government of Canada-Without waiting the official report of the arbitration award, I will not delay my congratulations to Canada on Hon, Mr. Tupper's success as British agent in securing the freedom of the sea and maintaining the legal right of Canadian ships, while at the same time thanking the Dominion Government for having spared the premier to give his valuable services as arbitrator." sealers will be ready to say Hear! hear! What a glorious thing to have the "freedom of the sea" and the "legal right of Canadian ships" duly established!

### GENERAL DISPATCHES. News in Brief From Various Parts of the

World. Fresno, Cal., Aug. 19.-There is change in the labor situation this morn-Everything is quiet and no further demonstrations against the Chinese

are anticipated. San Francisco, Aug. 19.-Daniel J. Daly has been held to answer before the superior courts for manslaughter in \$5,000 bonds for the killing of John Carroll. He has already been found guilty of manslaughter for causing the

death of John Lawton. Santa Cruz, Cal., Aug. 19.—James Neary, who stabbed and killed his wife last Thursday night, has been held to answer on the charge of murder without bond.

San Diego, Cal., Aug. 19.-Wm. Witman, the absconding agent of the American Express Co. at Springfield, Ill., who recently fled from that place, and who was reported to have gone into Mexico, voluntarily called on Sheriff Hill of this city to-day and paid him more than \$2,-000 of the embezzled funds. It has been represented to him that if he would give up the money and go back to Springfield he would not be prosecuted. A Chicago officer, however, is here incognito and will accompany Witman east

this afternoon. Pittsburg, Pa., Aug. 19.-Dr. D. G. Foster, surgeon of the 14th regiment, N. | It is expected that an action for damages G. P., and one of the best physicians in western Pennsylvania, committed suicide this morning by shooting himself in the head at his home at Crafton. There is no known reason for the deed. He leaves 'a wife and two children. Deceased was

42 years of age. New York, Aug. 18.-It is said the big diamond which is the star of the 'Fiffany exhibit at the World's Fair, has been bought by Mrs. Charles T. Yerkes, wife of the Chicago street railway king. The price paid is quoted at \$100,000. The diamond is about the size of a small walnut.

Newport, R. I., Aug. 18.-Burglars got into John Wellis' house last night and stole watches and jewelry, the property of Mrs. Hoffman, Mr. Ellis and daughter, valued at \$8,000. They committed the robbery while the family were din-

ing. Wichita, Kas., Aug. 18.-Joseph Weirech, a farmer living west of this town, nearly succeeded in killing himself on Wednesday in a curious fashion. He was found sitting on a freshly dug grave with his head and shoulders above the surface, puting the earth in over him-Within his reach was a bottle self. labelled laudanum, which would doubtless have been emptied but for the timely ar-

rival of the searching party. Fresno, Aug. 19.-To-day Judge Harris, in conformity to a rule adopted by the superior court a month ago, transferred from his department to that of Judge Webb the cases of Richard S. Heath, Frederick W. Polley and ' John Doe, under indictment for the murder of Louis B. McWhirter a year ago.

Chicago, Aug. 19.-The Anderson Pressed Brick Company made an assignment to-day. The plant is valued at \$350,000 and there are about \$200,000 worth of completed brick in stock. The liabilities are chiefly to stockholders.

Pueblo, Col., Aug. 18.-Bank Examiner J. Sam Brown to-day gave permission to the Central National bank, which suspended July 15, to resume business Monday morning. The American and Western National banks, which suspended the same day, have received permission from Comptroller Eckels to resume, and are rapidly complying with the conditions re-

Kansas City, Aug. 19.-Warrants for the arrest of J. C. Darragh, president of of the suspended Kansas City Safe Deposit and Savings bank, and Elmer C. Sattley, his cashier, were issued to-day. They are each charged with grand larceny, and the specific accusation is receiving deposits four days before the bank's failure, well knowing the bank was then in a failing condition. Both men are out of town. Darragh will arrive in the city to-morrow from Washington city and will then be arrested. A dispatch from Sedalia states that Cashier Sattley was arrested there this afternoon and started for Kansas City on the evening train in charge of offi-

cers. New York, Aug. 19.—The City Bank of Buffalo has devised a new scheme for temporary relief of the financial strin-Briefly stated, the plan is for the City bank to issue New York drafts in uniform sums of \$1, \$2, \$5 and \$10, payable to bearer, and let them be passed from hand to hand as eash until it becomes convenient to redeem them in government currency. Being drawn bearer no indorsement will be needed to pass title, and being drawn on New latter were not a little "daft" on the York they save both the collaterals desilver question it would not have seen posited with the local bankers' association and the money on deposit in New any hostility to silver in the position tak- York to secure the holder against loss.

NANAIMO. Nanaimo, Aug. 18 .- The sculling match

ast evening for the Crescent Pharmacy trophy attracted a large crowd. There were only five entries: R. Eastman, J. and R. Dignan, A. Thatcher and H. Martin. The trophy had already been won the first named, but it was essential that he should win it twice in possession before it became his property. Eastman took the water first and went off at a good pace closely followed by J. Dignan and Martin. He kept the lead all the way to the buoy and made the turn first

The race was very excit-

the rowers and everyone appeared pleased to see Eastman win. The secretary of the Tailors' Union claims that it is not a ten per cent. reduction that is asked for by their employers, but that it ranges in some instances up to 55 per cent. So far the breach between employer and employee is as wide as ever.

and kept the lead for the remainder of

ing owing to the small distance between

the distance.

James Snowden, the miner who was injured a few days ago in No. 5 shaft, has succumbed to his injuries. The deceased vill be buried under the auspices of the O. O. F. and the M. & M. L. P. A. Nearly all the residents who have been occupying a portion of Newcastle Island, under canvas, have returned to their respective homes well satisfied with the enjoyment the novelty of their temporary abode afforded them.

## NEW WESTMINSTER.

New Westminster, Aug. 18.-Two Chinamen were sentenced months at Ladner's Landing yesterday for selling whiskey to Indians. The city is now free from diphtheria, and the schools will re-open on the 21st.

A kennel club is being organized and will hold a show during the exhibition. The canners have petitioned the authorities at Ottawa to extend the time of the sockeye salmon season. G. E. Corbould, M.P., is expecting a favorable re-

ply daily. Godfrey Schmidt of this city was bitten yesterday in Oppenheimer's store rooms by a scorpion or centipede in several places on the left arm. He was handling a bunch of bananas when the beast got up his sleeve. His arm is now twice its natural size, and very painful. New Westminster, Aug. 19.—The sockeye season has been extended to August

The Chilliwack people yesterday tried obtain an injunction restraining Ashwell from blocking up a road in that municipality, but failed on both applications through technical points.

The C. P. R. is playing the dog in the manger game with fresh salmon shipments. It has raised prices for transportation to such figures that shippers could not fill orders at a profit. Yesterday on order from retail customers the Port & Winch Company decided to ship a car at the railway's rates. To-day, when the car load of fish was ready to be shipped the railway company sent word that the car was required to convey C battery's effects east. after some trouble, were sold to the canneries on being taken from the ice boxes. will result.

## VANCOUVER.

Vancouver, Aug. 18.—A sailor on the ship Sirene dropped dead last night of enlargement of the heart.

The following is the lacrosse team for the Victoria match on Saturday:-F. Quann, Miller, Suckling, T. Spain, Peard. W. Quann, D. Smith, S. Myers, K. Campbell, R. Ralph, E. A. Quigley, Swift, Capt. J. Smith.

Rev. H. Edwards, formerly curate of S. James's, Vancouver, has returned from laboring in the Zanzibar mission, East Africa. He and Fred Ford, a printer from Vancouver, were invalided home to England, but H. Lister of New Westminster is proving himself a most successful missionary in the native industrial school connected with the Zanzibar mission. Mr. Edwards will take the church at Lytton.

The Methodists are organizing an oldfashioned camp-meeting, the first in these parts, to be held outside the city limits next week.

The assertion is made that the multitude of nets at the mouth of the Fraser is driving the salmon away in search of new streams. - Yesterday the fishermen at the mouth of the Narrows here caught 190 at one haul of the net. The catch

in the river continues low. Chief Huston of the New Westminster police force is going to Ottawa on the ri-

fle team. Wancouver, Aug. 19.—The report the condition of labor, prepared by the committee of the Trades and Labor Council, states that a number of the members of various trades in the city The plumbers are the only are idle. trade all employed. Stone cutters, printers and tailors have the least work The prevailing wages are lower than in the Sound cities.

The surveys on the Burrard Inlet , & Fraser Valley railway are finished. Prince Komatsu left to-day for Banff, Winnipeg and Chicago. A scheme is on foot to put on a steamer from Vancouver to Honolulu.

How to Get "Sunlight" Picture Send 25 "Sunlight" soap wrappers (wrapper bearing the words "Why Does a Woman Look Old Sooner Than a Man?") to Lever Brothers, Limited, 43 Scott street, Toronto, Ont., and you will receive by post a pretty picture, free from advertising and well worth framing. This is an easy way to decorate your home. The soap is the best in the market, and will only cost 1c. postage to send in the wrappers, if you leave the ends open. Write your

True Philanthropy.

To the Editor:—Please Inform your readers that I will mail free to all sufferers the means by which I was restored to health and manly vigor after years of suffering from Nervous Weakness. I was robbed and swindled by the quacks until I nearly lost faith in mankind, but thanks to heaven, I am now well, vigorous and strong. I have nothing to sell and no scheme to extert money from anyone whomsoever, but being desirous to make this certain cure known to all, I will send free and confidential to arryone full particulars of just how I was cured. Address with stamps:—

MR. EDWARD MARTIN (Teacher).

\* P.O. Box 143, Detroit, Mich.

Relief in Six Hours.—Distressing kidney and bladder diseases relieved in six hours by the "New Great South American Kidney Cure." This new remedy is a great surprise and a delight to physicians on account of its exceeding promptness in relieving pain in the bladder, kidneys, back and every part of the urinary passages in male or female. It relieves retention of water and pain in passing it almost immediately. Sold by Langley & Co.

# WOMEN'S WORK AT THE FAIR

Miss Cameron Writes About the Women's tical and will "supply a long-felt want."

A. D. CAMERON. Building.

MOST MAGNIFICENT STRUCTURE

Contributions From Women in Every Clime-The Artistic and the Practical-The Handicraft of Queen Victoria the Centre of an Interesting Crowd

(From our Own Correspondent.) Chicago, Aug. 11.-Next afternoon we went through the Women's building, which faces the north end of the lagoon. The style of architecture of this building is Italian, and it is entirely given up to woman and her work. This magnificent structure is really not a feature of the World's Exposition, but rather is it within itself an international exhibition, perfect in every detail and unlimited in scope; all the unassisted work of woman. Contributions have been made and exhibits forwarded from women in every clime under the sun. On the first floor are a model hospital, a model kindergarten, a library and the bureau of information. On the second floor are committee-rooms, assembly-room, club-rooms, and a model kitchen. The library contains many valuable original manuscripts. Here may be found original pages written by Harriet Martineau, Mary Somerville, Hannah More, and facsimiles of the writings of George Eliot, Charlotte Bronte, Lady Jane Grey and Mrs. Austen. The Women's building is profuse in painting and sculpture, in mosaics, inlaid work and panels, all the work of women. As a part of the decoration there are a hundred and fifty portraits of eminent women, displayed in groups, by Miss Helen Blackburn. The pediments, forty feet over the east and west entrances, represent the various works in which womankind is interested. Two great paintings, representing "Primitive Woman" and "Modern Woman," are shown in arched space over the north and south galleries. Within the building Queen Victoria is represented by six water-color drawings, her own work. Princess Louise also contributes a watercolor, and Princess Beatrice an oil-painting. It would be a large-sized volume that could hold descriptions of all the interesting exhibits. I must content myself with the mere mention of a few of the most noticeable. I saw a portable weaving machine, the invention of a wo- Chinese wages. There are no nonman. I saw also and admired a marble fountain made by Anne Whitney and a paid is \$4.50 per eight hours and Saturbust of Lucy Stone by the same artist. saw gold and steel embroidered work done in Denmark as long ago as 1794. I saw a shawl made by a woman when she was a hundred years old, and thought that she should have earned a rest at that age. I admired hugely a statuette

are about 10 non-union masons, half of whom, perhaps, are employed. The nineby Edmonia Lewis, the colored artist. hour day is observed. Wages, \$5 · per saw a crayon of the great Napoleon, day. taken from life, by a woman, and near by it I saw a bas-relief in marble of Sara Thirty-five cents per hour for day work, Bernhardt. I saw Margaret Adams, a 40 cents per hour for night work on Welsh woman, operating a loom showregular steamships, and 30 cents per ing the slow process of weaving still in hour on sailing ships and scows; 50 cents vogue in Wales. She was dressed in the national costume and attracted an in- for outside steamboats, day and night; 40 cents per hour, day or night, on regterested crowd, who plied her with quesular steamers, as the Premier, Cutch, tions. She answered them all most goodetc. The state of trade at present is fair, naturedly, but never stopped her work. considering the usual run of things along Th Scotch ladies' exhibit is most comthe water front. The Australian boats prehensive. It is a collection gathered lately started to ply between here and and put on view at the Imperial Insti-Sydney are worked by Mr. Charleson, tute, Glasgow, previous to its coming the stevedore, with 25 or 30 men of his

here. It comprises tartan hose from Argyle; socks, gloves and embroideries from Aberdeen and wood-engravings from the girls of the technical art schools. Lady Aberdeen lent antique portieres and precious old muslin curtains. Everything in this exhibit is extremely neat and carefully prepared. Near by is the Engish women's exhibit. It contains a number of rare and curious things. There is a large frame containing the photographs of children whose mothers have had a university education. They are wiselooking babies, one must confess. There is a pair of brown leather boots made by the Honorable Sybil Amherst, which look quite serviceable; and here also one may see nails, bolts, nuts and anvils, made by a woman blacksmith. The exhibit which created more general interest than anything else was that of the Royal family of Great Britain, found in the section of philanthropic work of British women, which institution has for president the Baroness Burdette-Coutts. Here were seen a cot-cover, a crochet waistcoat and a little blue crochet petticoat, all the work of the Princess Mary of Teck. The Queen's work commanded attention every hour of the day. Crowds of eager women jostled one another to see table napkins made from flax spun by Her Majesty. A queer old-fashioned straw hat is here too. It was plaited by the Queen and given to her granddaughter, Princess Victoria of Schleswig-Holstein. Princess Victoria evidently made no practical use of her grandmother's present, and so we in America are permitted to gaze upon it as a curio. Near by are shown two stools carved and covered with embossed leather by Princesses Victoria and Maud of Wales. In this building, as in every other, has New South Wales come nobly to the front. She has here a grand exhibit presided over by a courteous, well-informed lady who gave us much interesting information about her part of the world. She showed us a cloak made from four hundred and eighty opossum tails, and gave us a specimen of waratah, the national flower of Australia. Men like to say that woman can copy faithfully but that she shows little or no inventive genius. A glance through the patent department was to me a revelation. I saw here a fine invention, a contrivance for use in the case of run-away horses. By pressoff him, a brake is put on the wheels, the run-away steed flies off and everything else stays just where it is. A working model is exhibited by the inventor; it is a practical idea, well carried out. A woman's trunk is another fine

one sub to two regulars. The prices for job work approach eastern Canadian rates too closely to be even fair. The scale for piece-work, hand composition on newspapers is 45 cents per 1,000 ems for day work and 50 cents per 1,000 ing the foot on a spring in the bottom of the vehicle the horse's harness drops 50 per week of eight hours per day. All time work \$21 for a week of 54 hours. The K. of L. report that there are engaged on city corporation work at present the following: Common laborers, 22, at \$2 per day, nine hours; foremen, 3, \$2.25 per day, nine hours; one office man, thing. A weman, Mrs. M. Eaton, has \$2 per day, nine hours; teamsters (not steady), 6, \$6 per day, 10 hours. provided for woman's comfort and convenience a strong, well-made packing trunk, arranged to carry a wardrobe without crushing. Its chief advantages

ganized a stock company with a paid-up

capital of \$50,000 to manufacture and

sell it. Another woman's invention will

The state of the tailoring trade is dull and the outlook uncertain. The reason advanced for this is that about twothirds of the custom work is done in are that all its contents are accessible eastern Canada. Should this work be without unpacking, it has no tray to lift retained here it would employ about 30 and it occupies very little space. It is, more practical tailors. besides, easily converted into a chiffonier, dressing bureau and bookcase. It is English Spavin Liniment removes all hard, soft or calloused lumps and blemishes from horses, blood spavin, curbs, splints, ring bone, sweeney, stifies, sprains, sore and swoolen throat, coughs, etc. Saye \$50 by use of one bottle. Sold by Langley & Co. bound to be a success, says another woman, Mrs. A. H. Conner, who has or-

commend itself favorably to those Victorians who drive English phaetons. It is a contrivance to prevent the lines being caught by the horse's tail. It is prac-

Report of Trades and Labor Council-

A Great Many Unemployed.

The statistician of the Vancouver

Trades and Labor Council reports as fol-

lows on the condition of the labor mar-

ket in that city and on the coast general-

Trade reports from many cities and

towns along the coast advise workmen of

all classes to keep away, as many men

trade. By the daily increasing large

numbers of workmen here and elsewhere

on the coast, all doubt is removed that

Vancouver, and British Columbia gener-

ally must face the unemployed problem,

the vital concern of organized labor, as it

is being met in other places on the con-

tinent. When you ask, "How's work?"

many workmen around the city will reply

'I haven't done a 'tap' in a month," etc.

The reasons ascribed for the whole

situation, summed up briefly, show that

what affects employment across the bor-

der on the coast (though as a rule skilled

labor is not so well paid here) also affects

this side of the line, by regulating in not a

small way the supply and demand of la-

bor. One principal reason for being out

of work advanced by not a few is the

geographical situation of the place. For

instance, a person unemployed endeavors

to find a situation elsewhere. In the

east, within a day, he can reach one of

a score of as large or larger places where

times may be better. Here it takes

about a week, and close upon \$50 must

be spent to reach a place of any con-

sequence; and idle men looking for work.

The reports from local trades are dis-

couraging, with no better prospects.

Many workmen of the building trades

resident in Vancouver are engaged out-

side the city elsewhere in the province.

The only work of any importance being

done here at present is that of the city

corporation on the streets, and that is

The stone cutters report trade poor,

about the same number unemployed

the city at present. The remainder have

been driven into other lines or up the Canadian Pacific railway to work for

union journeymen in the city. The scale

The bricklayers report that about half

their number are idle, while some of

those working are doing so out of town.

The state of trade is very dull, with

The stevedores are paid as follows:

own choosing, and the rest are left to

to get a livelihood on the San Francisco

and Portland boats, which is also shared

by Mr. Charleson's men when there are

no China boats in. The Stevedores'

Union have a list, thereby distributing

an equal amount of work by rotation

amongst the majority of the men on the

San Francisco, Portland and smaller

The steamship men, who are an incor-

porated body, report about one-third of

their number at work permanently as

steamshipmen. A few work as steve-

tions ashore. There are about 30 non-

number at work. A very considerable

number of non-unionists are in the city.

The standard rate of wages is \$3 per day

of nine hours. Taking into considera-

tion the dull times and the number of

idle carpenters, it is possible there are

those who receive less than that amount.

The trade is dull, and the outlook points

to an exceedingly dull fall and winter.

All the work in hand in the city is well

The plumbers report that nearly all are

at work. The wages paid are 40 cents

per hour or \$3.60 per nine-hour day.

Price and a half is paid for over-time and

double price for Sunday work. The pre-

vailing rates on the coast are: At Taco-

ma, \$4.50 for eight hours; Seattle and

all other coast cities, \$4 for eight hours.

The state of the printing trade was

ever worse in Vancouver. The intro-

duction of type-setting machines has re-

duced the number of situations for print-

ers, though the publishers claim the cost

of producing matter is not cheapened

any. On the newspapers there are about

advanced, and nothing of any conse-

steamers, \$40 per month.

quence is being started.

little promise of improvement.

day afternoon half holiday.

far advanced.

as a rule, have not that sum in reserve.

'Pretty slack," "very dull,"

are out of employment in all lines

VANCOUVER LABOR MARKET.

CHOICE BOOKS almost Given Away to Readers of the

The BEST BOOKS by the Best Authors at One-Third of their



Four of the following Coupons (which may be cut from four issues of the same date, or from four issues of different dates), accompanied by Ten Cents in postage stamps, we will send post-paid by mail Any Three Books to be selected by yourself from the list printed below: with no prospect of any improvement. There are about eight employed and



Cut out and send to this office Four of the above Coupons, together with Tea Cents, and we will send you post-paid Any of the following books:—
. THE SCARLET LETTER. By Na. No. 1. THE SOLUTION IN THE SOLUTION IN THE MYSTERY OF COLDS FELL; or, NOT PROVEN. By Charlotte M. Braeme, author of "Dora Thorne."

No. 3. UNDER THE RED FLAG. By E. Braddon. KING SOLOMON'S MINES. By H. Rider Haggard.
No. 5. AROUND THE WORLD IN EIGHNo. 6. THE CORSICAN BROTHERS. By Alexander Dumas.
TY DAYS. By Jules Verne.
No. 7. LADY GRACE. By Mrs. Henry

Wood.
No. 8. AVERIL. By Rosa Nouchette dores who belong to that body. Some Carey. are fishing on the Fraser river, and 9. THE BLACK DWARF. By SE others are engaged in various other voca-Walter Scott. No. 10. A NOBLE LIFE. By Miss Mu-No. 10. A NOBLE LIE. By Miss at No. 11. THE BELLE OF LYNN; or, THE MILLER'S DAUGHTER. By Charlotte M. Braeme, author of "Dora Thorne."
No. 12. THE BLACK TULIP. By Alexander Dumas.
No. 13. THE DUCHESS. By "The Duchess" unionists. The reason for this is that the Canadian Pacific railway import their crews from England. The scale of wages paid is as follows: China steamers, \$20 to \$25 per month; local coasting No. 14. NURSE REVEL'S MISTAKE. By The United Brotherhood of Carpenters report about about two-thirds of their

Florence Warden.
No. 15. MERLE'S CRUSADE. By Ross
Nouchette Carey.
No. 16. A STUDY IN SCARLET. By A onan Doyle. No. 17. ROCK RUIN; or, THE DAUGH-TER OF THE ISLAND. By Mrs. Ann 8. ephens. No. 18. LORD LISLE'S DAUGHTER. By M. Braeme, author of No. 19. THE ARMORER OF TYRE. By No. 20. MR. GILFIL'S LOVE STORY. By George Eliot.
No. 21. A SCARLET SIN. By Florence Marryatt.
No. 22. THE SEA KING. By Captala THE SIEGE OF GRANADA. By

No. 23. THE SIEGE OF GRANADA. By Sir E. Bulwer Lytton. No. 24. MR. MEESON'S WILL. By H. Rider Haggard. No. 25. JENNY BARLOWE. By W. Clarke Russell. No. 26. BEATON'S BARGAIN. By Mrs. No. 27. THE SQUIRE'S DARLING. BY Charlotte M. Braeme, author of "Dora Thorne."
No. 28. THE RUSSIAN GIPSY. By Alexander Dumas.
No. 29. THE WANDERING HEIR. By ander Dunas.

No. 29. THE WANDERING HEIR. By
Charles Reade.
No. 30. FLOWER AND WEED. By Miss
M. E. Braddon.
No. 31. NO THOROUGHFARE. By Chas.
Dickens and Wilkie Collins.
No. 32. THE GREAT HOGGARTY DIAMOND. By W. M. Thackeray.
The above books are well printed and
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THE TIMES. Victoria, B. C. VACANT

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Show Heavy In

From our Own

Ottawa, Aug. 12.

THE COSTIGAN AN Herbert's Militia-Loan

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of Lake Superior are o see that territory when a new judge the place of the la the supreme cour een several meetin Winnipeg, and while ment, so far as I a place on the Pacific has been referred t casually by the people the government she consideration when pointing a new jud There car and it is safe to sag of the first question en up by the pres from Paris. If pu to be greatly delay must take place be when the fall me takes place. It is as this that British tives in parliament make themselves excuse themselves the question is a they will have are always in the learn what are the cal masters. The fact that they mig John Thompson by one out of the nu are falling vacant vince, instead of ways done so far maritime province them from having matter. If it d from them. Lieut.-Col. Prior,

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