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War Eagle Con. M. Stock.
This stock is now listed on the Toronto Stock Exchange, and has declared a dividend of 1½ per cent. per month (equal to 18 per cent. per annum) payable in June. We make this stock a specialty and will be pleased to furnish information and receive orders. WYATT & CO.,
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NINETEENTH YEAR — TEN PAGES—TUESDAY MORNING MAY 31 1898—TEN PAGES — ONE CENT

THE INVASION OF CUBA

The Senate Reading Room 20May98

Will Go Right on Now Unless Some Part of the Plan Miscarries.

TROOPS HAVE BEGUN TO BREAK CAMP.

About Twenty-five of the Largest and Fastest Ships Available Have Been Secured to Transport the Invading Force—Successful Attack by the Insurgents Under Gomez—Havana Well Supplied With Food—U. S. Troops to be Sent at Once to Santiago—War News Generally.

EARL OF JERSEY ON THE WAR.

New York, May 30.—A special from London to The Journal says: The Earl of Jersey, one of the noted Earls of England, a descendant of Henry VIII, and a power in the Liberal party, sends the following letter to The Journal:

"43 Grosvenor-place.

"Dear Sir: My sympathies are entirely with the United States in the war. For years has the Cuban sore been allowed by Spain to fester. It seems doubtful if any genuine efforts have been made to cure it.

"How could a strong, high-minded people permit this crying evil to be indefinitely prolonged at their very door? The United States, I like to think, feel that they have the will to put an end to this state of affairs; that they have the power to do so, and, further, that they are determined, after repeated warning, to exercise their power and bid the oppressor stay his hand. This action, under the circumstances, merits, in my judgment, approval.

"An Anglo-American alliance in the usual sense of the word may or may not be immediately practicable, but I sincerely hope that the English-speaking people on both sides of the Atlantic will be more and more closely allied in sentiment and in all aspirations which tend toward the freedom, happiness and progress of mankind.

"It seems to me that a good understanding between the British Empire and the United States would be the greatest security for peace. There may be some acrid politicians whose aim it is to sow dissensions between these two countries, but I firmly believe that on our side there is a strong desire to work out our destinies in harmonious concert with our American kinsfolk.

"All words and acts which tend to cement friendships, private and national, between the two peoples I shall hail with delight. Believe me, yours faithfully, JERSEY."

AN INSURGENT SUCCESS.

Gomez's Army Attacked and Held the Town of Remedios.

New York, May 30.—(Special to The Toronto World.)—A Key West special says: Part of Gomez's army, consisting of 300 cavalry and 500 infantry, on Saturday morning attacked and held the town of Remedios, in Santa Clara Province, and secured ten thousand rations, three hundred and four Mauser rifles and thirty thousand rounds of ammunition.

A Key West special says: Havana has a very large food supply.

Staple articles of food have been set by proclamation at about the same price as before the blockade was established.

Cervera Can Do as He Likes.

Rear-Admiral Joutt is quoted as saying that Cervera could leave Santiago when he chose.

A Washington special to The Herald says: Orders have been sent to General Shafter to take an army of between fifteen and twenty thousand men and land in the vicinity of Santiago. Transport ships conveying the army will be convoyed by a large fleet under Sampson. After Schely's squadron, and troops co-operating, finish with Cervera and Santiago, the troops will be taken to Porto Rico.

The Sensitive President.

Washington special: Evidently a dread of the accusation that this country was entering upon a career of territorial aggrandizement under cover of waging a moral campaign for Cuban liberty, has been the chief consideration which held the President back from taking Porto Rico. But his original compunctions have given way, and it is said he now believes that rather than see Porto Rico become the diplomatic and political feversore that Cuba has been, possibly involving the later generation of Americans in another war with Spain, the last vestige of Spanish rule in the West Indies ought now to be wiped out.

INVASION HAS BEGUN.

If Something Doesn't Happen and It Doesn't Rain, Uncle Sam's Troops Will Go to Cuba.

By Associated Press.

Washington, May 30.—The military invasion of Cuba has begun, unless the orders of the War Department miscarry. At an early time this morning the troops that have been gathered at the Gulf ports began to break camp and march aboard transports waiting to carry them to the enemy's territory. About twenty-five of these ships—the biggest and fastest that could be obtained, suitable for the purpose—had been gathered, ready to receive the troops. They will accommodate 30,000 men, for in a short voyage like that from one of the Gulf ports to Cuba it is possible with safety and comfort to carry a much larger number of men aboard ship than would be admissible in the case of a cruise to the Philippines for instance.

War Conference Held.

A war conference was held at the White House at 3 o'clock this afternoon between the President and his two war secretaries, Alger and Long, and Major-General Miles, in command of the army. Vice-President Hobart was present a part of the time, and Secretary Day, who had just returned to Washington, also dropped in during the conference. After the entire situation, naval and military, had been gone over, Secretary Long retired, and Secretary Alger and General Miles remained to discuss more in detail the military operations now about to be put into execution as a result of the definite official information that the Spanish squadron is securely held within Santiago harbor. Naturally those who participated in the conference observed strict silence regarding it.

Miles on the Move.

General Miles and his staff, making a party of 34 persons, left Tampa to-night on a special train over the Southern Railway.

The Harvard Sailed.

Kingston, Jamaica, May 30.—(4 p.m.)—The Harvard has sailed to find and join Commodore Schley's squadron. She took a pilot familiar with the south coast of Cuba.

WHY CERVERA WENT TO SANTIAGO

He Expected to Get to San Juan, But His Plans Were Upset.

Key West, Fla., May 30.—An interesting story remains to be told of the reasons which led Admiral Cervera to Santiago and of the way in which he was hemmed in. It is now known that when the Spanish admiral sailed for the West Indies, he expected to enter San Juan de Porto Rico for coal and supplies. On touching at Curacao for news, his plans were upset by the receipt of despatches telling him that Rear Admiral Sampson had bombarded the San Juan fortifications and was still in the neighborhood of Porto Rico. Thereupon Cervera sailed for the south coast of Cuba. Why he entered Santiago Harbor instead of the Harbor of Cienfuegos is not known, but the American commanders were inclined to think the Spaniards would go to the latter port.

It is certain that Cervera could not have escaped from Santiago without being discovered, for the American scouts had been prowling about the port for 10 days, and other scouts had been not far away. Practically Santiago has been blockaded for that length of time. Cervera's coal ship, which followed him from Curacao to Santiago, was captured last Wednesday, and at the very moment when the Queen Regent was cabling her congratulations the coils were tightening about him.

Interesting light is thrown on Admiral Cervera's plans by the log of the British ship Restormel, coal laden, recently brought here as a prize. She sailed for San Juan de Porto Rico, where the Spaniards expected to coal. San Juan being deemed unsafe, Curacao was selected, but the collier failed to connect with the fleet there and was ordered to Santiago. Owing to her springing a leak she did not reach Santiago in time. The Spaniards remained in port short of coal and so were caught.

The Prize Commissioners have been busy all day taking testimony in the Restormel case, and as a result of the hearing the ship and cargo have been libelled, and will go before the court in the same form as the other prize cases.

A DARING BLOCKADE RUNNER.

British Ship Restormel Captured at Santiago de Cuba.

Key West, May 30.—The British steamer Restormel was brought in here this morning under her own steam, manned by a prize crew of American seamen. The Restormel was captured by the St. Paul, under the guns of Morro Castle, at Santiago de Cuba. She was loaded with 2400 tons of the best Welsh coal, evidently intended for Admiral Cervera. Not a line was found in the ship's papers relative to the ship's destination or owners of her cargo. When brought into port here the Restormel was leaking badly.

The British steamer Restormel was built at Newcastle in 1882. She has a gross tonnage of 2020, is 286 feet long, has 36 feet 3 inch beam and is 23 feet 7 inches deep. She is owned by the Restormel Steamship Company, Limited (J. Corry & Sons) of Cardiff.

Filled With British Coal.

Kingston, Jamaica, May 30.—The Harvard has finished coaling. Owing to the friendly feeling for Americans here, and because the coaling began before the British naval engineers had fixed the amount she could take at 750 tons, it is believed by the townspeople that she filled her bunkers.

But such is not the case. She has enough now, with what she had, to last six days at half speed.

She sails this morning for a destination not disclosed. The strange vessel, seemingly a warship, sighted off Port Royal last night, is declared by the gossips to be a Spanish cruiser waiting for the Harvard.

Will Embark Shortly.

Washington, May 30.—It was officially admitted at the War Department that the embarkation of the regulars from Tampa wouldtake place promptly, but no information was given as to their destination.

A Stolen Square.

John Wilson, no home, was arrested yesterday by P. C. Clark on a charge of stealing a framing square from Henry Bacon, 60 Rebecca-street. The square was stolen when Bacon was working at 25 Terausay-street. It was sold in a Queen-street second-hand shop.

THE HELPFUL CUBAN.

CUBA (up a tree) to Uncle Sam: Go for the Spaniard, mister, and when you've licked him I'll come down and help you.

THE YANKEE FARMER AS A FIGHTER

From The New York World, May 29.

Commenting on the rejection of volunteers for physical imperfections The Medical Record says:

"It has long been admitted that the best blood comes to us from the rural districts, where healthful surroundings, outdoor life and moderate living make the sum and substance of that vital resistance to degenerative influences which is capable of meeting all the ordinary strains of modern civilization. This is one reason why the country lad makes his mark and succeeds where the city-bred youngster fails."

Nothing could be more preposterous than this. As everyone knows who knows anything about the matter, the life of the average countryman is about as unwholesome in its conditions as life well can be.

The countryman has open air, and that is about all he has of wholesome conditions. It is to be credited with enabling him to survive his other surroundings. On the average farm the countryman subsists for three-fourths of the year on fried pork, badly cooked bread and soggy potatoes, if he has any vegetables at all. He has almost no fresh meats, and when he has any he does not know how to cook them. He has no access to markets from which to draw wholesome green things, and even during the brief season when his own garden is in bearing he usually sells all of its products that are in good condition and lives himself upon what he cannot sell.

He has no drainage to his house, no convenience for a bath, and in the rigorous winter weather he usually has no ventilation to offset the poisonous exhalations of an air-tight stove. He drinks his water from a well that is often contaminated and the water of which is never at any time properly aerated before use.

Worse than these physical conditions are his isolation, his loneliness, his utter lack of intellectual interests and of recreative amusements. These things are quite as essential as proper nutrition itself to the development of a sane mind in a sound body.

Not every countryman is subjected to these surroundings. There are farm-houses, of course, in which the conditions of country life are very much ameliorated and in which there are quiet intellectual pursuits sufficient to relax the mind and encourage health. But the conditions described above are those that prevail in a great majority of American farm-houses, as everybody knows who has had occasion to test the matter by personal observation.

The average countryman is certainly not the best material out of which to make a soldier, as the experience of many armies has clearly demonstrated, and in view of the conditions there is no reason why he should be.

BERRYMAN REPORTED DEAD.

Sequel to the Alleged Brutal Attack by the Pratt Brothers in York Township.

It was reported late last night that George Berryman of York Township, the man who was kicked in the stomach during a row with the three Pratt brothers, had died from the effects of his injuries. In conversation with The World early this morning Crown Attorney W. E. Raney stated that he had not received any notice of Berryman's death, but the fact was altogether likely, as the doctor in attendance on the injured man had notified him yesterday that the injuries were likely to prove fatal at any moment, as peritonitis had set in. In this case the charge against the three defendants will become a very serious one, and as a matter of course an inquest will be held before any further magisterial proceedings are held. The accused were bound over to appear to-morrow.

SCAFFOLD COLLAPSED.

Two Carpenters Fell 30 Feet Yesterday and Sustained Injuries of a Serious Nature.

Fred. Goodman, 1 Shanley-avenue, and Hay Russell, 93 Van Horne-street, were working on a scaffold at Bedford-avenue and Bernard-road yesterday, when the scaffolding gave way and both men had a fall of 30 feet. Doctors Small and Kerr were called to attend them, and sent them to their homes in the ambulance. Goodman has four ribs broken and is otherwise injured. Russell is badly cut and bruised.

Pember's Turkish Baths, 127-9 Yonge. 75c Ladies, Gents, day 75c and evening 50c

Charged With Fraud.

John Fleming, 2 Maple-row, was arrested yesterday on a warrant issued from Grand Valley, charging him with fraud.

Butchers and Grocers.

Our lines of pass books and counter books are cheaper than anything offered in the city. We can save you 25 to 50 per cent. Blight Bros., 81 Yonge-street, next to World Office.

Fetherstonhaugh & Co., patent solicitors 815 Commerce Building, Toronto, 815 Exp'ns.

A pony belonging to William Johnston, 8 Rebecca-street, ran away from Yonge and Adelaide-streets yesterday morning, and after many collisions was cleverly caught by an equestrian at Spadina-avenue and Queen-street.

THE QUEEN'S MESSAGE.

Her Majesty Condoles in a Characteristic Way With Mrs. Gladstone.

London, May 30.—On Saturday last the Queen sent the following message to Mrs. Gladstone:

"My thoughts are much with you to-day when your dear husband is laid to rest. To-day's ceremony will be most trying and painful for you, but it will be at the same time gratifying to you to see the respect and regret evinced by the nation for the memory of one whose character and intellectual abilities marked him as one of the most distinguished statesmen of my reign.

"I shall ever gratefully remember his devotion and zeal in all that concerned my personal welfare.

(Signed) "Victoria, R.I."

Arrested in Montreal.

Fred. Williams was yesterday arrested in Montreal on the charge of stealing $9.15 in cash, a revolver and coat from John Holgrave of 160 Richmond-street west. Detective Davis left last night to bring him back.

Send your name and address to Adams & Sons Co., Toronto, Ont., and receive a circular about free Tutti Frutti Camera to bicyclists.

C. J. Townsend & Co.

have some exquisite bronze statuets, black marble clocks and field glasses, a direct consignment from Paris. Very suitable for wedding presents. For sale Wednesday at 11 a.m.

FOR RENT—Fine large newly-furnished rooms by week or month with all modern conveniences. 36 Wellington Street East (Bodega). William G. Phyall, Proprietor ed & 7

Lakeview Hotel, Parliament and Winchester-streets. Terms, $1 and $1.50 per day. Special rates to weekly boarders. Table d'Hote 6 to 8 o'clock. J. H. Ayre, Proprietor. 246

Cook's Turkish Baths, 204 King W. Open all night. Bath and bed $1.

High-Class Pictures.

We carry a large assortment, and frame to your order in the most approved modern style. Prices low. A. H. Young, 498 Yonge-street. 246

Gibbons' Toothache Gum cures toothache instantly—price 10c.

TO CURE A COLD IN ONE DAY.

Take Laxative Bromo Quinine Tablets. All druggists refund the money if it fails to cure. 25 cents. ed

LYON PLAYFAIR IS DEAD.

Distinguished Chemist, Politician and Parliamentarian Passes Away.

London, May 30.—Baron Lyon Playfair, the distinguished chemist, political economist, civil service reformer and Parliamentarian, died in this city yesterday. He was born in 1818, was a son of Dr. G. Playfair, Inspector General of Hospitals, Bengal. Deceased was Postmaster-General in 1873-74, and Lord-in-Waiting to the Queen from 1892 to 1895, and one of the Council to the Prince of Wales. Lieut.-Col. the Hon G. J. Playfair, R.A., succeeds.

Any Hat You Want at Dineens'.

Declaring war without being ready for war is like the hat advertising of many hat stores, whose limited hat stock is counter-balanced by the dealer's strategic talent for explaining why the store is just out of the particular size or style of hat you want. At Dineens' new hat store, the largest and finest in America, a man has the choice of all the newest English and American hat styles in a profusion of varieties such as no other hat house on the continent affords. And intelligent buyers appreciate the fact that reliable qualities and styles, and the lowest prices, are naturally associated with the store that aims to do the largest business, and which makes the greatest efforts to suit the tastes of the greatest number of people. Dineens', at 140 Yonge-street, corner Temperance, has no equal in Toronto, in these respects.

We've saved money for people in all parts of Canada by our clever way of dyeing and cleaning clothes. Don't put away good money experimenting in dyeing. Better trust someone who knows how to dye. R. Parker & Co., Head Office and Works, 787-791 Yonge St. Phones: 3037, 3640, 2145, 1004, 5098.

Was Someone Else.

Mr. George F. Oakley, manager of the Victoria Gun Works, 111 Victoria-street, has received information from Winnipeg which convinces him that it was not his son who was injured in a railwayaccident there. Mr. Oakley expects a letter from his son to-day.

A Dainty Little Gift Box.

Mr. Muller's recent large purchases of Havana cigars enable him to offer a dainty little box of 25 "El Ecuador" cigars for $2.75. These are regularly sold at the rate of $12.50 per hundred. Nearly every smoker of Havanas is acquainted with this famous cigar, the standard product of De Pazos y Compania. They make an appropriate gift box.

Telephone 2882, E. Barber & Co., 34 Front street W., for up-to-date printing, quick and neat. Popular prices. 246

Messrs. C. J. Townsend & Co.

Reliable and Expert Auctioneers. Art Objects, Real Estate and General Commercials. Valuations for Probate made. Insurance Losses Adjusted. 246

Pember's Vapor Baths, 127-129 Yonge.

Metropolitan Railway Excursions.

To-morrow afternoon, June 1, the Metropolitan Railway Co. will re-commence their popular Wednesday afternoon excursions to Richmond Hill and intermediate points. Adults' return fare, 25 cents. Care will leave the C.P.R. crossing, Yonge-street, at 2.40, 5.40 and 7.45 p.m., returning, leave Richmond Hill at 4, 7 and 9.30 p.m.

Cook's Turkish Baths, 204 King West. Ladies 75c; gents, day 75c, evening 50c.

DEATHS.

ANDERSON—At the residence of his father, 1451 King-street west, on Monday, May 30, Isaac Sparrow, second son of Isaac Anderson, in his 22nd year.

Funeral on Wednesday, June 1, at 2.30 o'clock. Interment at Mount Pleasant Cemetery.

HERDSMAN—At 59 Isabella-street, on Monday, May 30, Mary, beloved wife of J. W. Herdsman (Joe Popp).

Funeral at 3 o'clock on Wednesday afternoon, to Mount Pleasant Cemetery.

English papers please copy.

A DEFINITE AGREEMENT

For Settlement of Differences Between Canada and the United States.

COMMISSION TO CONSIDER EVERYTHING

Sir Julian Pauncefote and Sir Louis Davies Appear to Have Been Successful In Their Efforts—One Point Only Settled for the Present—First Meeting of the Joint Commission Will Probably Be Held at Quebec—Behring Sea, the Fisheries and Other Matters in Controversy to be Settled.

Washington, D.C., May 30.—The Canadian negotiations which have been in progress here for the last week were concluded to-night, when a definite agreement was reached for the creation of a commission which shall consider all the subjects of controversy between the United States and Canada, and frame a treaty between the Imperial Government and the United States for the complete adjustment of these controversies. The agreement is now to be submitted to the British Government for its approval, and when this is given the organization of the commission will be completed.

For the present the agreement is confined to the one point, that the commission shall be created, the time and place for the commission to begin its work being left for future determination. It is understood, however, that the first meeting will be held at Quebec, probably during the coming summer.

The membership of the commission will be determined by the executive branches of the two Governments. The discussions during the last week have proceeded in a manner most satisfactory to all parties concerned, it being stated to-night by those participating that the spirit of good will was marked throughout. The purpose was not to arrive at final conclusions, but rather to pave the way for a commission which could effect the conclusions by complete examination of all the details of the several questions involved. These include the Behring Sea, North Atlantic and lake fisheries, border immigration, reciprocity, mining, regulations in the Klondike and British North America possessions, and also the determination of the Alaska boundary line. While these were gone over in the conference just closed, it was a preliminary discussion, and no final agreement was reached on any of the subjects involved. The expectation is that the commission will now accomplish this general work, offsetting concessions of one question by equal concessions on other subjects involved. Those participating in the conference were Sir Julian Pauncefote, the British Ambassador; Sir Louis Davies, Canadian Minister of Marine; General J. W. Foster, special commissioner in charge of Canadian affairs and reciprocity Commissioner Kasson.

Sir Louis Davies left to-night for Ottawa. The British Ambassador will forward the agreement to the British Foreign Office, and it is expected that it will be receive the approval of the Imperial authorities in about a fortnight. After that the commissioners will be named and the time and place of meeting definitely determined upon.

London Chronicle Comments.

London, May 31.—The Daily Chronicle, commenting upon the despatch of its Washington correspondent as to the Canadian agrement, says:

"The news that the agreement has been signed will be received throughout the country with keen pleasure and entire satisfaction. The foundations have been laid, and we are convinced that the fabric of Anglo-American unity will reach its appropriate crown."

With reference to the probability of a protracted warfare, owing to the weakness of the insurgents in Cuba, the article continues:

"The United States must act as their own high destiny bids them act. If a policy of expansion is forced on America, it cannot be doubted that a period of great trial, perhaps of prolonged warfare, is before us. We have no doubt whatever of her success. No people of tougher grit ever fought for their place in the world, but it will greatly shorten and simplify their task, assisting the work of civilization, if they are assured that British diplomacy and the British navy are acting as their reserve force."

ORANGEMEN ARE AT OTTAWA

Their Monster Convention Commences To-Day.

Ladies' Lodges Also Meet—Important Decision from the Master-in-Chambers—Supreme Court Proceedings—Scotland Yard Detectives Make Enquiries in Ottawa—News from the Capital.

Ottawa, May 30.—Leading Orangemen from all points in Canada are gathering in the capital to-day to attend the meetings of the Grand Orange Lodge of British America, which commence to-morrow. The Ladies' Grand Lodge, of which Miss Mary Cullom of Toronto is chief, will also meet in convention to transact business. The ladies' lodge meets to-night in the Orange Hall on Albert-street.

The Grand Black Chapler of British America will meet to-night preparatory to the Grand Lodge meeting to-morrow. The Grand Lodge will open to-morrow at 2.30 p.m., and receive the reports of the grand officers. The appointment of standing committees will then be proceeded with, and His Worship Mayor Bingham, will read the civic address of welcome at 4 o'clock. In the evening a complimentary trip by electric cars to Queen's Park, Aylmer, will be held, and an informal public meeting will take place.

The Bulletin Not a Paper.

An important judgment was given to-day by Mr. W. L. Scott, Master in Chambers, on a motion for security for costs in the libel suit of Slattery and Lawrence v R. G. Dunn & Co.

The defendant, taking advantage of the law requiring that parties bringing actions against newspapers for libel, be made put up security for costs, moved that Messrs. Slattery and Lawrence be required to have security. Mr. Scott held that the "Daily Bulletin," published by the defendants, in which the alleged libel appeared is not a newspaper, within the meaning of the libel act, and the motion was refused with costs to the plaintiffs in any event.

The libel was the publication of a statement showing that a $5000 mortgage had been negotiated by Slattery and Lawrence whereas it was made by the owners of the property of which they are tenants.

In the Supreme Court.

Mr. Justice Burbidge, at the Supreme Court this morning, gave judgment in the case of the Queen v. Hall. The action was brought by the Government to recover some land along the Rideau Canal as part of the canal reserve. The land was originally laid out by the builders of the canal for Crown purposes, but was sold in 1842 to the Canada Company and was purchased by the defendant Hall. The Crown sought to recover the land in the Exchequer Court, and after the first trial the matter was referred to Mr. Owen Ritchie to take evidence. Mr. Ritchie found in the defendant's favor. This finding was upheld by Judge Burbidge and the action dismissed with costs.

General News.

The Irishmen of Ottawa are taking steps to relieve their famine-stricken countrymen in Ireland. A committee has been appointed for this purpose. Hon. John Costigan is one of the committee.

Scotland Yard detectives are enquiring about Alexander Macdonald, who was in Ottawa some time ago representing himself to be of the United States Survey Staff and who tried to get certain papers and information out of the Interior Department regarding the Yukon, but failed to do so.

CHAMPAGNE DRINKERS MUST PAY.

Trade Treaty Between France and the United States Said to Have Been Agreed Upon.

Washington, May 30.—It is stated on good authority that the trade discussions with France, which begin directly on the appointment of Mr. Kassan to take charge of reciprocity negotiations, have come to a successful conclusion. It is understood that the commercial arrangement was signed last Saturday by M. Cambon, the French Ambassador, on the part of France, and Mr. Kassan, special plenipotentiary, on the part of the United States. The agreement is to take effect Wednesday, June 1, when the French minimum rates upon certain products of the United States exported to France will take effect. The proclamation of the President, announcing this fact, will be issued to-day or to-morow.

The agreement makes the following tariff arrangement: In favor of the United States, manufactured and prepared pork meats are reduced from 100 francs to 50 francs per 100 kilos (approximately 200 pounds); lard and its components are reduced from 40 francs to 25 francs per 100 kilos, table fruit, canned meats, dried or pressed fruits, common wood logs, paving blocks, staves, hops and apples and pears, crushed cured or dried, at the minimum French rate of duty.

The reductions in behalf of France are as follows: Argols shall pay a duty of 5 per cent. ad valorem; brandies or other spirits, $1.75 per gallon; works of art, 15 per cent. ad valorem; still wines and vermuth, 35 cents per gallon. No reduction is made on champagnes, which remain dutiable as fixed in the Dingley tariff law.

For bicyclists nothing equals Adams' Tutti Frutti Gum to allay thirst and prevent fatigue. It keeps the mouth and throat moist.

Owners of Summer Resorts

will find it pay them to advertise in The Toronto World, which goes into more well-to-do homes in the city than any other paper. Write for terms.

Fine and Warmer.

Minimum and maximum temperatures: Esquimalt, 44—58; Kamloops, 42—60; Calgary, 32—54; Qu'Appelle, 38—68; Winnipeg, 42—76; Port Arthur, 40—70; Parry Sound, 46—62; Toronto, 48—68; Ottawa, 50—60; Montreal, 56—64; Quebec, 58—66; Halifax, 46—50.

PROBS: Light to moderate winds; fine and a little warmer.

A glimpse at the windows of Oak Hall, 115 King-street, will show the prevailing styles of boys' and men's clothing. Walk in the store and examine the materials and prices.

Steamship Movements.

May 30.	At	From
Bovic	New York	Liverpool
City of Rome	New York	Glasgow
Spaarndam	New York	Rotterdam
Mobile	New York	London
La Gascogne	Havre	New York
Thingvalla	Stettin	New York
Friesland	Antwerp	New York
Peninsular	Lisbon	New York
Friedrichder Grosse	Bremen	New York
Lake Huron	Moville	Montreal
St. John City	London	St. John, NB
Amaxynthia	Glasgow	Montreal
Barcelona	Liverpool	Halifax
Cephalonia	Liverpool	Boston
Cundall	Dartmouth	Montreal
Parkmore	Manchester	Montreal