

HEROISM DISPLAYED BY THE CANADIANS IN THE BIG BATTLE

Sir Robert Borden Reads to House Three Cables From War Correspondents.

SAVING THE GUNS Officers Acting as Town Majors Had to See That Stores Were Destroyed.

Ottawa, April 2.—Sir Robert Borden read to the house this afternoon three cables from war correspondents' headquarters in France, dealing with the part taken by Canadian troops in the last great battle. The first, which told of the work of the Canadian railway troops, stated that a majority of the battalions were in the battle area and close to the British line. One railway battalion, the cable said, rescued three heavy howitzers and loaded the big guns on trucks while the British infantry was holding back the Germans only a few hundred yards away. In the second another battalion after getting all its equipment and rolling stock away, organized ambulance trains on what tracks were left and carried out wounded. A great fight to save a big railway howitzer was carried on by a company of Canadian railway troops who, after hauling it for a hundred and fifty yards towards safety, were forced to destroy it.

The cable states that in no place were Canadian railway troops held to retire before lines and bridges fell intact. At the first day from Arras to Ham, the battalion was running back rolling stock and blowing up the line. In many places they were working with American engineers.

Another cable stated that Canadian officers who are acting as town majors in places like Ypres, Royalcourt and this had exciting experiences before they retired. Their duty was to see that all stores which could not be removed were destroyed and they spent their last evening in their respective centres blowing up what little ammunition was left and burning up and obliterating caissons that might yield supplies to the enemy.

The third cable dealing with the work of the Canadian Medical Service described the situation at one of the largest Canadian hospitals behind the lines. The cable stated that the whole front between Arras and Peronne contributed to fill the wards. Wounded German prisoners were treated just as allies. In the first days of the battle not a single ambulance convoy was turned away. From the hospital at Victoria was represented in the ward by doctors and nurses who fought to rescue the wounded.

WAR SUMMARY THE DAY'S EVENTS REVIEWED

The battle in France has gone into a lull, and both sides are straining their sinews with preparations to renew the struggle. It will proceed with periods of intense activity and with periods of quietness until either winter suspends the fighting or a military decision is attained. The British spent a comparatively inactive day; the French had slightly more liveliness to announce, and their batteries engaged in a duel with only a couple of batteries between Mondidier and Lesagny. The Germans are shifting the bulk of their fresh troops and also some of the less battered divisions to the section between Mondidier and Moreuil, and so threaten to renew their assaults against the point of touch between the British and the French, and also against the Paris-Amiens railway. Where the British in local attacks rectified their lines, they found that the Germans were exceedingly heavily armed with machine guns.

The allied intelligence departments are busy computing the German losses. They are employing such evidence as is furnished by captured documents and the interrogation of prisoners, and are striving at mathematical exactitude. They find that some German divisions have suffered casualties of 70 per cent. Other German divisions sustained heavier losses even than those, even to 80 per cent. Still others got off with 50 per cent, and a few with 25 per cent. The British losses are heavy, as seen from the move of the government to begin had only one company of tanks as to where it would break, for the Germans might threaten one point and hurl themselves against another. In consequence the allies had to fall back on the policy of guarding their front comparatively lightly and of massing their reserves far in the rear, probably behind Paris to be available for proceeding anywhere. Since the enemy has declared the front of his attack, to watch him reduces the task of the allies considerably, for they are having to scrutinize closely up the line, to see if they have not 500 miles of front to watch only 70 miles of front, and moreover, they have strategic reserves close at hand. Since the enemy has recaptured the line of the Somme, the allies when they choose can also probably hold the bulk of his reserves in defending these positions.

The enemy at the present moment occupies a position which is not so strong for him, for at this stage of the war the holding of the Somme lines is not enough, for it would let him down to a defensive position. He is compelled to continue the offensive from his present position. Secrecy and surprise are more abundant in the hands of the general staff before they have become matters of fact, such as the need from the necessity of guarding up the line of the Somme, the concentration, the enemy capacity of work more in the light of the making of their new preparations. While the enemy also is finding difficulty in the replenishing of his losses, the allies have still good drafts to draw upon and also fresh American forces.

If the enemy fails in his coming effort he will probably decide to stand firm on the defensive, in the expectation of outlasting the allies' campaign and of recuperating his depleted resources during the lull of the winter months. The allies will probably proceed to give him another tremendous hammering. Field Marshal Haig, if he still retains his command, shrewdly will have to seek to wind up his reason it is essential that the allies should receive as many fresh units as possible right away.

HAMILTON NEWS HYDRO DEPARTMENT GETS CALLED DOWN

Ald. McQueen Says They Bill City for All Their Expenses.

Newark, N.J., April 2.—The story of a band of German spies operating in the airplane plant of the Curtiss Manufacturing Company at Hempstead, N. Y., which was told by Mrs. Lydia White when she was arrested here Saturday on an espionage charge, was reported by her today, according to Charles F. Lynch, United States district attorney. She admitted, Mr. Lynch said, that she has not told the truth when she accused her husband of having threatened her with death if she did not join in a conspiracy against Frederick O. Arnold, an employe of the Curtiss Company, who was arrested with her. Arnold, who had blueprints of airplanes and their parts in his possession, was examined today, but his statements were not made public. Both prisoners are being held for further investigation.

NORTHWEST POLICE ARE LESS IN NUMBER Report Shows Decrease of Four Officers and Thirty-Seven Men.

Ottawa, April 2.—A considerable decrease in the strength of the Royal Northwest Mounted Police, owing to enlistments for overseas service, is shown in the annual report tabled in commons today by Hon. N. W. Rowell, president of the royal council, Commissioner Perry. The report states that at the end of September 603 non-commissioned officers and constables and 675 horses. As compared with the same date a year earlier this represents a decrease of 40 officers, 127 non-commissioned officers and constables and 123 horses. He observed that owing to the shortage of labor and high wages paid it will be difficult to replace these men. Commenting on the release of the Mounted Police from civil duties, the report draws attention to the fact that the military duties assumed included the maintenance of a patrol along the coast of the province and the supervision of general bounties. Testimony in support of the claim that beneficial results followed the introduction of prohibition is given in the report.

American Officials Begin Investigation of Spy Story

Pittsburg, Pa., April 2.—Federal officials here today began an investigation of the activities of Leonard Albert Fischer, 33, said to be a former lieutenant in the Tenth Delaware Cavalry, and alleged to be a member of the German Imperial intelligence bureau in the United States. It is said, wired the United States secret service, Washington that he had received information from the German Government to blow up the munitions plants at Eddystone, Pa., and assist German agents in destroying the plant of the Bethlehem Steel Company at South Bethlehem, Pa. The report also mentioned a factory at Wilmington, Del., and a tannery at Westover, Pa.

BERLIN REPORTS ATTACKS REPULSED

General Headquarters Says They Broke Down Between Luce and the Avre.

PROFESSORS DISMISSED University of California Finds Their Actions Inimical to United States.

American Aviation Mechanics Co-operate With British

Guelph Minister Accepts Call to Nova Scotia Church

CANADIAN PROMOTIONS

ITALIAN PATROLS ACTIVE Enemy Parties Driven Back by Rifle Fire, With Artillery Active.

ALLIES NEED MEN TO DO THE WAR

Britain Faces Serious Crisis as Result of German Offensive.

New York, April 2.—The allies are so terribly in need of men that the military age in Great Britain probably will be advanced after the present German offensive, according to a statement made here today by Sir George Adam Smith, principal and vice-chairman of the University of Aberdeen, who has just arrived here from England. He said that the British government of public information of the British foreign office to deliver a series of lectures.

DEUTSCHLAND'S CARGO BROUGHT HUGE PROFIT Owners Exact Sufficient Gains to Pay Three Times Cost of Boat.

New York, April 2.—Not only did American dollars pay for the dyestuffs brought to America by the German submarine merchantman Deutschland on her sensational voyage, but the owners got dyestuffs from Germany, and said that finally he paid directly to the Deutschland. He said his firm took the dyestuffs brought to America on the undersea liner. "We paid three times the value of the dyestuffs shipped," Col. Metz said, "which paid for the ship and cargo."

IS MAJOR BRUTINEL? Montreal Believes That Unnamed Gallant Soldier Belongs to That City.

Montreal, April 2.—It is believed in military circles here that the French Canadian officer referred to in the despatches today whose machine gun detachment was the special heroism, valor and heroic audacity near Arras and south of the line, is Major Raymond Brutinel, who went overseas in command of No. 1 auto machine gun brigade. "Major Brutinel is a Frenchman who had resided in Ottawa for a number of years, and who, immediately on the outbreak of hostilities, offered his services, and was put in command of an auto machine gun detachment. He was awarded the D. S.O. by the British military authorities. He was also awarded the Croix de Guerre by the French Government, and also wears an Italian war decoration. The address of his next of kin is given as Mrs. R. Brutinel, care of the Montreal Trust Company, Montreal.

AMERICANS ADMITTED

DEATH OF VETERAN PLAYER

KILLED IN ACTION

AMERICANS BOMBARDED

SOCIALISTS BEATEN

NO PASS FOR U. S. SHIPS

PROHIBITIONIST GAINS

SHIPBUILDERS FALL BEHIND IN OUTPUT

OWEN SOUND BOY KILLED

EMPIRE TYPEWRITER MADE IN CANADA

LARGEST CANADIAN DEALER

CANADIAN CASUALTIES

Killed in action—Edward Hamilton, England; F. Smith, Winnipeg, C. B. S. Ford, England; W. Robertson, C. B. S. Spain Bay, N.S.; P. Barton, England; E. Bellamy, Toledo, Ont.; E. C. Bloom, Cardin, Ont.; J. P. Hugh, Fernie, B. C.; P. G. Chance, England; W. A. Gay, Kenton, Ont.; G. M. Kealy, B. C.; Q. B. Keller, Bridgewater, Ont.; Corp. Wm. Kirton, England; John McCracken, Toronto; Sgt. John W. Moore, Georgetown, Ont. Died of wounds—W. Salick, Montreal; R. Whitford, Fort William. Died—S. H. Black, Windsor, Ont.; Missing—L. Earle M. Grant, Oklahoma; M. L. Edgar, A. Cozman, Rochester, N.Y. Wounded—H. Hill, Yellow Grass, Sask.; C. E. Dale, 27 Esplanade, Toronto; T. Court, England; E. J. Brockhurst, Belleville; G. F. Simpson, Edmonton; Fred Atkinson, Auburn, N.Y.; T. J. G. Macdonnell, Enfield, N.S.; Wm. N. Lovine, Cobourg, Ont.; D. F. Fraser, Strathroy, Ont.; C. H. Perkins, Nokomis, Sask.; Lance-Corp. R. Kelly, Fort Dalhousie, Ont.; J. J. Smith, England; Thos. Alcock, England; H. E. McCord, Belleville, Ont.; Edward L. Cuveller, Amherst, N.S.; A. F. Draycott, Montreal; Thos. F. Craig, Westport, Ont.; E. F. Follard, Petrolia, Ont.; G. P. Singleton, Fort Arthur, Ont.; S. C. Crossley, Little Current, Ont.; H. J. Samford, Macan, N.S.; J. G. Whittington, England; Lieut. Charles A. Chinnell, England. Wounded—John C. Crerar, Vernon, Ont.; L. Sgt. A. Oldham, Kenilworth, Ontario; E. A. Kennedy, Lancaster, Ont.; H. E. Bell, Sackville, N.B.; C. H. Campbell, England; Corp. S. H. Wilkie, St. Mary's, Ont.; W. L. Whiteman, Hamilton; John Henderson, S. A. H. R. Whittman, Ponoka, Alta. Wounded—W. E. Rutherford, Philadelphia, Pa.; W. S. Harrow, Mitchell's Bay, Ont.; H. C. Thomson, Scotland; A. Tremblay, Montreal; Co. Sgt. Major Walker, Scotland; W. G. Hatt, Stirling, Ont.; C. Edward Williams, England; L. Hannant, Hitheringham, England. Wounded—A. Allan, 44 Hunter street, Toronto; Lt. T. Lancelotti, England. SERVICES. Died—H. Johnson, Kleskun Hill, Alta. ENGINEERS. Missing—Lieut. J. McCook, Chicago. Wounded—Lance-Corp. W. Hutchinson, Nansimo, B. C. FORESTRY CORPS. III—F. Wats, Vancouver. MOUNTED RIFLES. Wounded—H. L. Nodwell, Norton, N. B.; Sgt. W. Mann, Keswick, N. B.; E. E. McCarthy, Montreal. ARTILLERY. Killed in action—H. Emlaw, 1453 West Block street, Toronto; R. F. Henderson, 22 Barton avenue, Toronto; C. R. Paine, Rexton road, Toronto. Wounded—Joe C. Brown, ville St. Pierre, St. John's, Nfld.; J. G. B. Edgar, C. Reid, Northfield, Ont.; J. G. Aubin, C. I.; Corp. R. L. Stuy, Fairmead, N. B. III—J. Thompson, Ireland. MEDICAL SERVICES. Died of wounds—J. C. Weatherhead, Vancouver. Wounded—Capt. Jos. W. Hunt, Ridgeway, Ont. II—Edward C. Stobbing, England; R. Brown, Guelph, Ont. MACHINE GUN CO. Died of wounds—Corp. T. Frame, Scotland. Missing—Lt. Geo. A. Marshall, Headingley, Ont.; Lt. Richard Babb, England. Wounded—S. C. Perington, 247 Spadina avenue, Toronto; Capt. Wm. C. Nichols, M.C., Montreal; Lt. Percy Adams, Moyle, B.C.; Lt. Wm. G. Cottle, Riverdale, Cal. III—Sgt. John Paterson, England. RAILWAY TROOPS. Wounded—Thos. C. Hill, Hazelridge, Man.; T. J. Fargrave, Glen Wills, Ont.; J. W. English, Cambridge, B. C.; W. Parker, 222 Evelyn avenue, Toronto; H. H. Robertson, High Bluff, Man.; F. A. 263 Wilton avenue, Toronto; James F. Kelly, St. Joseph, Mo.; Corp. J. Graham, Edmonton. Austro-German Bolsheviki Force Prisoners in Guard

AUSTRIAN BELIEVES IN WILSON'S CREED

Vienna Presents Good Ground for Sowing Seeds of Peace.

London, April 2.—A despatch to the Exchange Telegraph from Amsterdam says that Count Czernin, the Austro-Hungarian foreign minister, addressing the Vienna municipal council Tuesday, said that with the signing of peace with Rumania an important part of the war had been ended. He said that Count Czernin said he did not believe the president really desired to separate Vienna from Berlin; that he (Czernin) had too good a notion of President Wilson's statesmanship for that. President Wilson knew, Count Czernin continued, that such a separation was impossible; he probably saw that Vienna was the more favorable ground for sowing the seeds of international peace than Austria was. He was fortunate in the possession of a ruler who was attached to the ideals of peace, and behind him were 55,000,000 sharing the view to which President Wilson also was devoting his activities.

WILL ELIMINATE ALL PATRONAGE

Minister Makes Announcement During Consideration of Fishery Estimates.

Ottawa, April 2.—The number of fisheries guardians is to be reduced. In making announcement to this effect to the house, while in committee of supply tonight, Hon. C. C. Balfour, minister of marine and fisheries, declared also that it was his intention to eliminate political influence, where it existed, in making appointments. The fisheries estimates were under consideration at the time—estimates which show a reduction of \$219,900 as compared with the vote last year. Wm. J. Kay, of Missisquoi, criticized the order-in-council recently passed by the government prohibiting net fishing in Missisquoi Bay, an arm of Lake Champlain which extends into Canadian territory. Hon. C. C. Balfour explained that the United States had not allowed net fishing in the large portion of the lake controlled by it. Missisquoi Bay was the spawning ground for certain kinds of fish, and the purpose of the order-in-council was to protect these fish during the spawning period. Hon. J. D. Reid stated that the department of railways had entered into a contract for the construction of a line from 150 to 200 refrigerator cars to carry fish inland, and that a number of second-hand cars had been purchased. These cars would be utilized for the transport of apples and potatoes.

MASONIC CENTENARY HELD AT ST. THOMAS

St. Thomas, April 2.—St. Thomas Masons will celebrate this week the one-hundredth anniversary of the establishment of Freemasonry in this city. A banquet will be held on Thursday evening in the Masonic Hall, followed by a "home" which will be attended by prominent Masons from all parts of Ontario. In April, 1818, the first Freemason lodge was opened in St. Thomas, with Brother Mahlon Burwell as Master. Mr. Burwell was a surveyor, and laid out the greater part of the western peninsula of the Great Lakes. He was the founder of the Town of St. Thomas. The late David Rapell, pioneer of this district, granted or deeded in August, 1818, a lot on West Talbot street to the St. Thomas Masonic Lodge, No. 30, and its successors. A unique birthday cake, eight stories high and encircled with 100 candles, will grace the table at the banquet. Pieces of the cake will be sold for patriotic purposes during the evening.

SHIPBUILDERS FALL BEHIND IN OUTPUT

Washington, April 2.—American shipbuilders were called upon tonight to explain why their output for March fell behind schedule. Chairman Hurley, of the shipping board, and General Manager Pico, of the emergency shipbuilding program, weighed the managements of all the yards in the United States saying they were "keenly disappointed" in the tonnage delivered, and placing the responsibility of turning out ships squarely on the men in control of the actual building operations.

KITCHENER ELECTS OFFICERS FOR BOARD OF TRADE

Kitchener, April 2.—The Kitchener Board of Trade today named the officers and council committee for the ensuing year: President, A. S. Carwell; vice-president, Geo. Debus; secretary, A. J. Cundick; treasurer, E. W. Lambrey; council committee, George S. Ahrens, R. H. Boehmer, W. G. Cleghorn, D. B. DeWeller, E. C. Kazi, E. D. Lane, Irvine Master, J. H. Baez, L. J. C. Hethcote, N. M. Davidson, W. E. Gallagher, A. M. Kerr, W. M. O. Loehnd, Y. S. McIntyre, Dr. A. E. Ruddle.

AMERICANS BOMBARDED

Germans Attack Various Points of Sector North of Toul With Heavy Gunfire.

CHICAGO, APRIL 2.—Every Socialist candidate was defeated in the Aldermanic election here today. There were 15 Socialist candidates running in the city's 33 wards, but in only six were the Socialists conceded to have a chance of election.

NO PASS FOR U. S. SHIPS

CHICAGO, APRIL 2.—Gains for the prohibitionist were registered in today's township elections on the city's largest cities of the state. Of the 11 parties were driven back by rifle fire. "Along the whole front there has been slight artillery activity." Bad weather has hindered aerial activity.

OWEN SOUND BOY KILLED

EMPIRE TYPEWRITER MADE IN CANADA

LARGEST CANADIAN DEALER

Advertisement for a repair car with features like 'The Big Feature of Our Car Service is-- That you don't wait a day to have your leaking pipes repaired. We never forget what material is required, because we bring it with us to your door.'

Advertisement for SHANNON THE PLUMBER, offering services like 'ONE OF OUR REPAIR CARS' and 'The Big Feature of Our Car Service is-- That you don't wait a day to have your leaking pipes repaired.'

Advertisement for LAVERGNE REBUKED FOR QUEBEC FIASCO, mentioning 'New York Times Likens Nationalist to Another Tartarin.'

Advertisement for 'SUPPRESS LE DEVOIR' and 'War Veterans of Quebec Unite in Condemning Bouassars's Utterances.'

Advertisement for 'Prohibition Act Joker Found by Liquor Men of Quebec' and 'Montreal, April 2.—"A Joker" has been discovered in the prohibition act, so leading grocers and liquor dealers here claim, who are protesting against the alleged seditions contained in the law written by Henri Bouassars in Le Devoir. The resolution asked for the suppression of Le Devoir.'

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Advertisement for 'KITCHENER ELECTS OFFICERS FOR BOARD OF TRADE' and 'Kitchener, April 2.—The Kitchener Board of Trade today named the officers and council committee for the ensuing year.'

Advertisement for 'AMERICANS BOMBARDED' and 'Germans Attack Various Points of Sector North of Toul With Heavy Gunfire.'

Advertisement for 'CHICAGO, APRIL 2.—Every Socialist candidate was defeated in the Aldermanic election here today.'

Advertisement for 'NO PASS FOR U. S. SHIPS' and 'CHICAGO, APRIL 2.—Gains for the prohibitionist were registered in today's township elections on the city's largest cities of the state.'

Advertisement for 'OWEN SOUND BOY KILLED' and 'Robert Heyworth is Accidentally Shot by Companion While Firing at Bird.'

Advertisement for 'EMPIRE TYPEWRITER MADE IN CANADA' and 'LARGEST CANADIAN DEALER'.