ar

very successfully against them; all Methods were taken to separate us from our Allies: they would feem to have made us Arbiters of their Fiats; and in 1707, one of the French Ministers took to himself the Title of a Counfellor of Geneva, and under that Name gave these three important Advices. 1. That France was our ancient and best Friend: 2. That the House of Austria watch'd only for a proper Occasion to invade us. 3. That we were raising within ourselves a Power, whose Interest it is to deprive us of our Liberty, and would take all Opportunities to deflioy us; that none but France could deliver us from the Danger, and that it concerned us, as we valued our own Safety, not to put her out of a Condition to affift us against you in Case of These Suggestions, and all the rest which France made use of to break us off from the grand Alliance, were ineffectual; nay, they fill'd us with Indignation against those who, addressing us thus, thought us capable to abandon our Allies, for any particular Advantages that the Enemy could offer us; perceiving then, that the good Sense and Probity of the Dutch render'd them Proof against such Arguments, France turn'd them upon England, where they were better relished than with us, tho' for what Reason I know not.

Are you fully convinc'd of the Force of this Argument, that the true Way to reduce the exorbitant Power of France, is to give her all