

# RUSSIANS RAPIDLY REPEL GERMANS TO VIENNA AND BERLIN

Amiens is the capital of the French Department of Somme, and is 70 miles north of Paris.

### BOTH SIDES REINFORCED.

In the northern part of eastern Prussia, both Russians and Germans have been reinforced. In a clash the Germans lost ten large siege guns. According to despatches from Antwerp, the situation remains unchanged. There has been some skirmishing, and Germans have burned farm buildings along their path.

The destruction of Cassel, Bischofstein and Landsberg by the czar's cavalry is confirmed by an attache of the Russian embassy at Antwerp.

The Russians declare that they have broken the front of the enemy between Heilsberg and Koenigsberg.

### FEAR SERVIAN INVASION.

A despatch to The Star from Athens says: "The Servians are sending as many troops as possible to reinforce those already at the River Drina. There is no truth in the report that the Austrians are withdrawing troops from the Servian frontier and sending them to meet the Russians. On the contrary, Austria is sending more men against Servia to prevent the Servians entering Bosnia."

### RUSSIANS TO ENTER SERBIA.

A despatch to the Central News from Copenhagen says that a message received at Berlin reports the receipt of advices from Austrian army headquarters, stating that Russia is transporting ammunition continuously by way of the Danube to Servia.

At the mouth of the Danube extensive measures are being taken preparatory to the despatch of Russian troops to Servia.

### MORE FIGHTING NEAR MALINES.

A despatch to the Central News from Amsterdam says that fresh fighting is taking place near Malines, Belgium.

### VALLEY OF SOMME ABANDONED.

An undated French despatch to The Times says: "The Valley of the Somme has been abandoned. La Fere has been taken after a bloody combat. We were obliged to retire Saturday evening."

### TURKEY TO FIGHT BRITAIN.

A declaration of war by Turkey on Great Britain is expected hourly.

Germany is reported to have ordered an investigation of a story from Belgian sources, that German soldiers have been guilty of cruelty.

### AUSTRIANS UNREPELLED EVERYWHERE.

ROME, Sept. 3.—The Russian ambassador here has received a message from Petrograd (St. Petersburg), telling of the hope of the Russian officials that the roads to Vienna and Berlin shortly will be opened to the Russian armies.

In the march on Lemberg, Galicia, the czar's troops are repulsing the Austrians everywhere. One million four hundred thousand men have been engaged in the great fighting, 800,000 on the Russian side and 600,000 on the Austrian.

### ALBANIAN RULER QUIT.

A despatch from Durazzo, the capital of Albania, says that Prince William of Wied, the Albanian ruler, quit the country this morning. He went aboard the Italian steamer Misurali, which later sailed bound for Venice.

### LEMBERG OCCUPATION IMMINENT.

The occupation of Lemberg, the capital of Galicia, Austria, is imminent, according to advices to the Russian embassy. Advices from Nish, Servia, say that in a battle between 180,000 Servians and 200,000 Austrians, at Jedar, the casualties of the Austrians were 140,000. An earlier report gave the Austrian casualties as 40,000.

### GERMANS ATTACK ANTWERP?

AMSTERDAM, Sept. 3.—Belgium is again the scene of fighting. A telegram received here from The Central News correspondent on the Dutch-Belgian frontier says that the fighting has been renewed, and that the thunder from field guns has been heard since this morning at 8 o'clock.

This may mean that the Germans are assaulting Antwerp. A big movement of German troops in the direction of Antwerp has been noted during the past few days.

### BRUSSELS STRANGELY ALTERED.

A Central News correspondent who returned to Brussels gives the following account of the position of the city under the German invaders:

"The town is strangely altered, the Germans have posted machine guns at different points, there being two on each side of the Colonne du Chress. All are directed upon the town, and serve as warning against making trouble.

"As the people go about the streets they are perpetually challenged by armed German guards. The sale of alcohol has been prohibited by the German military commanders.

"In the meanwhile Burgomaster Max of Brussels is firm, and has lost none of his dignity. He advises the populace, for their own good, to remain calm.

"The Germans appear very comfortable in their new quarters."

### OFFICIAL RUSSIAN REPORT.

NEW YORK, Sept. 3.—Col. Covaletskij, attache of the Russian consulate here, gave out today the following report made to the consulate as a report of the victory of the Russians at Lwow:

"I am happy to congratulate your majesty on the victory achieved by the army of General Ruzski at Lwow after an uninterrupted seven-day battle. The Austrians are retreating in complete disorder. In many places they fly panic-stricken, abandoning light and heavy guns, ammunition and supply columns. The enemy suffered tremendous losses, and many prisoners have been taken.

"Preceding this decisive battle, the army of General Ruzski in seven days took 44 guns and quantities of machine guns and small arms.—General Nikolai, aide de camp."

### HOME RULE HATCHET BURIED.

BELFAST, Sept. 3.—The Ulster Unionist Council has unanimously approved the arrangements for the enlistment of the Ulster division for service abroad in the European war.

This is regarded as important, since it is the strongest possible proof of the unanimity of purpose of the Irish factions to "bury the hatchet" and unite to serve the best interests of Great Britain since the outbreak of the war.

### CHINESE NEUTRALITY OBSERVED.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 3.—Japan in landing troops for land operations against the Germans on the territory of Kiaochau has not violated Chinese neutrality, according to a statement made by the Japanese embassy today. It was declared at the embassy that instead of the Japanese army operations offering a menace to China they actually were being undertaken for the conservation of China's safety and the advancement of the commerce of the Orient.

### CHINA MAKES FORMAL PROTEST.

PEKIN, Sept. 3.—The Chinese Foreign Office today made a formal protest to the British and Japanese ministers against the violation of China's neutrality by the landing of Japanese troops at Lungkow. At the same time China asked that Japan's operations against the Germans in Kiaochau be confined to a set area. Japan, however, is not disposed to accede to the request.

Chinese officials do not know just how many Japanese troops have landed at Lungkow, but believe that 6000 arrived, with 24,000

## HOW NATIONAL CURRENCY IS MOVING IN ENGLAND!

### RAPID PRINTING.

Newcastle Chronicle: Most people have by this time had in their possession one of the new treasury 42 notes, of which upwards of 25,000,000 have been printed and put into circulation. The printing of these in the short time allowed constitutes a record in the output of the printing press. Waterloo Brothers and Layton, of London, were entrusted with the order. The artist who designed the notes received draft instructions on the afternoon of Sunday preceding bank holiday, and two designs were submitted on the Monday morning. The best points of each were adopted, and a proof of the finished plate submitted to the treasury and accepted at midnight on Monday.

Electric reproductions of the plate had to be made in sufficient numbers so that forty notes could be printed on one sheet, and between 500 and 600 sheets per hour were turned out by each machine, each one accurately numbered, and all in perfect uniformity. They had to be printed on ordinary stamp paper as that was the only paper in stock bearing the water mark, and 3,000,000 notes were promulgated by the Friday morning when the banks opened, while the daily output during the succeeding week was 5,000,000.

Perhaps Great Britain hasn't seen in a national note currency with a vengeance. One hundred millions of dollars at the first crack. No talk of gold reserve; the promise of the British treasury that the note is good for a pound. We must come to the same system in Canada. The Canadian bank system has been absolutely dislocated by reason of the war, and is no longer equal to the requirements of the country. Here are the contents of a postcard received by The World yesterday, and it proves what we say:

Editor World: "The banks and the money stringency" hits the nail on the head. Go to it! You have many silent supporters of the great banking system of Canada—great for the banks. We don't hear much about the channel of the exchange credit, as the people think a bit. I have been hoping for the agitation which you have so forcefully started. It has come, but I am afraid of the present occupant of treasury post (White). The bank influence is too great. Reader."

FINANCE AND CONFIDENCE. Motor, London: We regret to say that since the war broke out there has been some rather deplorable panic in certain sections of the motor trade. We have every reason to believe that things will soon return to the normal, we remain confident that the exchange of credit will be restored to some of the factors which we refer to. Credit must not (without due reason) be refused in the motor trade. There are many firms of the exchange of credit and sound financial status in the industry who simply could not continue business if credit was stopped. The unrepented and quite irrespective of whether it proves successful or not—masterly stroke of the chancellor of the exchequer in causing the government to guarantee the Bank of England against any loss it may incur discounting home or foreign bills of exchange, bank or trade, accepted prior to Aug. 4, will go a long way, we think, towards improving the financial position. The step taken is a bold one, and shows the masterly courage of Mr. Lloyd George and his confidence in the wealth of the country and its strength.

Our advice to "Reader" is to wait and give Hon. Mr. White a chance. He's turning it over in his mind. It took Lloyd George a while to find himself. But he got going in grand style. Read this as evidence:

Our advice to "Reader" is to wait and give Hon. Mr. White a chance. He's turning it over in his mind. It took Lloyd George a while to find himself. But he got going in grand style. Read this as evidence: think, towards improving the financial position. The step taken is a bold one, and shows the masterly courage of Mr. Lloyd George and his confidence in the wealth of the country and its strength. A colossal amount of credit is by this one stroke brought into being, and the first step towards financial stabilization taken. With an example of such trust in the nation as that shown by Mr. Lloyd George, it is to be hoped that the traders of the country, especially motor firms where credit is essential, will prove equally as courageous and continue to trade in the ordinary way, unless there are some grounds for doing otherwise. If this action of the government has the good effect on the foreign exchange which one would anticipate, a decided recovery in the money market should occur.

A great many people are awakening to the financial situation, and we are asked daily for back numbers in order to read the articles on this page dealing therewith. What is more or less a substantial and accurate summary of what we have been saying, and what Mr. Maclean advocated in parliament, as printed in this issue. It is by a member of The World staff, who has followed the discussion from the start. It will give you an idea of what we've been advocating in this column from day to day. It may be worth keeping for further reference and for discussion and education. Our people have, like those of the United States, to begin to read and talk about banking. It is a good question to discuss with editors and members of parliament, and university teachers.

In the United States they are satisfied with their new national banking system that will be in active operation as soon as the organization of the reserve banks is completed. The new board appointed by President Wilson to manage them is meeting daily and hopes to have the first bank in operation in a short time. The bylaws, methods of organization are ready. The member banks are signing up as fast as they can.

Here is what the paper of Hon. Mr. Oliver, minister of the interior in the Laurier government, says on the situation:

Edmonton Bulletin: The present situation is that we have a fair crop and the promise of as keen a demand and as high prices as could in reason be expected or desired. Whether viewed in the light of what occurred during the Boer war and the American civil war and the Crimean war, or from the standpoint of existing conditions in Europe, the conditions in Canada are restorable, that the Canadian farmers—and hence the Canadian people generally—are in line to benefit from the present and the future. We should as a nation be on the tip-toe of expectation and ready to grasp as large a share as possible of the material results which must accrue to other portions of the world because of the blight that has fallen upon one continent. To achieve that result there must be co-operation on the part of all. The financiers, the manufacturers, the merchants, and the direct producers, have each a part to play in the final outcome of the war. In Canada in each other, and in ourselves. We have in our own hands at this time the making of our own conditions. If panic or undue conservatism prevails in Canada, the United States will reap our harvest, while we bear our proportion of the cost of the war with no commensurate betterment of conditions. If, in occasion, there is no limit to the share which we may secure of the benefits which are bound to go somewhere. The banks are the main-spring of the whole national commercial machinery. They supply the funds and carry on business until the proceeds from the crops come in. They are the main-spring of the working public policy which has given them a monopoly in the handling of the working money of the country. If they refuse, in face of existing conditions, to recognize credit at its normal face value and to supply the means without which the farmers—and the country at large—cannot realize on the opportunities, they will thereby condemn themselves as impotent and unreliable agencies for the governance of the national money supply and will invite their own replacement by some banking system not inessential to its own obligations and to the legitimate requirements of business.

more coming. The British regiments reported assigned to participate in the investment of Kiaochau are still in Tientsin.

All the foreign diplomats here have been notified by the Chinese Foreign Office that Germany, Japan and England are violating Chinese neutrality in Shantung. Regret was expressed that China was unable to prevent such violation.

### HE TALKS TOO MUCH.

Special to The Toronto World.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 3.—Comment in administration circles, that the German ambassador has been talking indiscreetly, came to a climax today when it had been learned that the diplomat had been quoted as persistently charging the United States with conniving at violation of the neutrality laws by allowing the shipment of arms and ammunition to England. It is understood that an enquiry is being made by administration agents of the ambassador's activity, which many of the officials believe to be not in accord with strict neutrality. It is pointed out here that the proclamation recently issued by the president does not prohibit any American firm from shipping arms to the belligerent nations, but merely warns them that the shipments run the risk of capture on the high seas.

### RUSSIA'S WAR TAXATION.

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PETROGRAD (St. Petersburg), Sept. 3.—(Via London, 5.42 p.m.)—A short session of the duma is expected to convene at an early date to deal with taxation. The government has already raised the inland telegraph rates from 5 kopeks to 7 kopeks, and the town rates from 1 kopek to 2 kopeks.

### AUSTRIANS LOST 43,000 MEN.

Special to The Toronto World.

PETROGRAD (St. Petersburg), Sept. 3.—It is now estimated by the czar's general staff that in their defeats east of Lemberg, Galicia, the Austrians suffered a loss of 43,000 men. Fighting, it is added, continues to progress in the immediate vicinity of Lemberg. A sortie by the German garrison at Koenigsberg failed with heavy losses.

It is officially announced that the Russian troops continue to make progress in the north region of East Prussia. In the south the Germans have been reinforced by troops from the French frontier. Powerful artillery has also been brought up.

The Russian troops, it is stated, have been reinforced on the Vistula and Dniester Rivers, and a fierce battle continues.

## ALLOWANCES FOR SOLDIERS' WIVES

Government Will Make Grant of Twenty Dollars Per Month.

### Canadian Press Despatch.

OTTAWA, Sept. 3.—The government has approved a separation allowance of \$20 a month being paid to wives and families of married men serving with the Canadian expeditionary forces. This will be paid direct to the wives and families by the postmaster-general's office, department of militia and defence, Ottawa. Both of the married men are now being prepared at Valcartier, and as soon as they are received by the work of issuing cheques will begin. This allowance will also be paid to the wives and families of those left at Valcartier after the countermarch. The government reserves the right, however, of withholding this allowance from any who are in receipt of pay from two sources. In addition men may assign portions of their pay to their wives and families, and rolls of this assigned pay are now being prepared, and as soon as received, the assignments made by men to their wives and families will also be issued direct from Ottawa. This special separation allowance of \$20 per month to married men is in addition to the pay of \$1.10 per day for a private.

## JAPANESE TROOPS HAVE BEEN LANDED

Official Announcement Made at Tokio, But Details Are Withheld.

### Canadian Press Despatch.

TOKIO, Sept. 3.—According to official announcement made public here today the commander of the Japanese expeditionary force that on Sept. 2 he landed troops at 6 o'clock in the morning. No enemy was sighted, he declares, on land or sea. The place where this landing took place is not announced, but the commander says that there are many military transports there and that the scene was inspiring. The war office also announced that a landing of troops (to operate against the German holding of Kiaochau) also has been successfully accomplished. Notwithstanding the bad weather, officers and men are in high spirits.

## SULZER AGAIN OUT FOR N.Y. GOVERNOR

Presents Petition Containing Four Thousand Signatures For Progressive Candidate.

### Special to The Toronto World.

ALBANY, N.Y., Sept. 2.—William Sulzer, incumbent governor of this state, judged a package of petitions containing 4000 signatures designating him as the candidate for the progressive for gubernatorial nomination in the secretary of state's office today. The former governor declared he would be elected this autumn. Fred H. Wilson, chairman of the progressives, says that the former governor will beat Frederick Davenport, the choice of the progressive conference at Utica last week, by three to one in the primaries. "We can win with Sulzer," said Wilson, "and we cannot win with any other man."

### RECHABITES WILL PAY.

Lodge Undertakes to Keep Books Clear for Soldiers.

The Light of Canada Tent according to Mr. N. Jow, secretary, will keep the books clear of any member of above tent who volunteers for service in the present war.

### OCCUPY SEVEN ISLANDS.

Canadian Press Despatch. LONDON, Sept. 3.—A despatch to the Reuter Telegram Company from Tokio via Petrograd (St. Petersburg) says that the Japanese have occupied seven islands situated near Kiaochau. The Japanese, according to the despatch, have swept up more than 1,000 mines which had been scattered by the Germans in the waters adjoining their Chinese stronghold.

## BUTCHER WAS BURNED IN EXPLOSION OF GAS

Tried to Extinguish Flames Which Threatened Store on Gerrard Street.

Caused by sparks from a pipe dropping into a can of gasoline, a terrific explosion partly wrecked the first floor of a three-story brick building at 801 East Gerrard street at 7.15 last evening. The entire first floor is occupied by Walker and Fitch, butchers, who sustained nearly all the loss entailed. Charles Fitch, one of the partners, in the gas sustained several serious burns about the face, and was conveyed to the General Hospital. The total damage is about \$1000.

## ITALY'S HOSTILITY TO GERMANY IS EVIDENT

Group of Socialists and Republicans Urge Protest Against Kaiser's Tactics.

### Canadian Press Despatch.

ROME, Sept. 3, via Paris.—A group of socialist and republican members of the chamber of deputies has presented an interrogation to the government asking whether it intends to "join in the protest of the United

## Charge By British Lancers Was a Second Balaclava

Under Deadly Hail Men of Ninth Lancers Dashed at German Battery and Silenced Deadly Artillery—Repeated Bayonet Charges Made By British.

### Canadian Press Despatch.

LONDON, Sept. 3.—The Daily Mail's correspondent behind the British lines describes the charge of the Ninth Lancers, which occurred at an unnamed spot during the recent series of tactical retreats, as a second Balaclava. He says: "Terrible havoc had been caused in our ranks by shells from a battery of 11 German guns posted inside a forest near the Belgian frontier. It seemed impossible to silence their fire until the Ninth Lancers made their attempt, riding straight at the guns after debouching into the open, and charging under a hail of melinite and lyddite. "I have not been able to get reliable figures as to the distance they rode, but they reached their goal. Nothing could stop them. They reached the guns, killed the gunners and put the guns out of action. Then, like their prototypes of Balaclava, they rode back. "On the return they fell in greater numbers still from the attack of other German batteries posted at various points around the valley. "Notable bayonet charges were made at (name deleted) on Wednesday last. Several British infantry regiments occupied an exposed position around which the Germans gradually closed, drawing the nose closer and closer. "The Britishers decided to cut their way thru the cordons. So the men went at it, yelling and shouting, and got thru, although the German artillery moved them down frightfully. "The German machine guns have been tremendously effective in all engagements thus far. Men who saw the South African war say the hottest fighting there was childish compared with what the British troops have undergone since their arrival in France. So far as I can learn thus far, the Germans lost 28 of their guns."

## Allies Slowly Retire Blow Up Oise Bridges

Germans Bring up Machine Guns in Fog and French Suffer Severely in Six Hours' Engagement—British Force Unexpectedly Arrive and Allow Weary French to Retire.

### Canadian Press Despatch.

LONDON, Sept. 3.—3.15 a.m.—(Delayed)—The Paris correspondent of The Mail sends the following despatch: "I have just returned from Compiègne. The English have left town. The bridges over the Oise were blown up this (Monday) morning. The Germans were expected hourly. "One important section of the battle which drove back the allies' left was fought at Bapaume on Thursday and Friday. On Friday morning the Germans brought up many machine guns in a dense fog, and in a six-hour engagement the French suffered severely. A British force unexpectedly arrived and occupied the French position and allowed the weary French to retire. Then, the hard pressed, the British continued to fight a magnificent rear guard action."

## Native Africans Offer To Serve Great Britain

Magistrates of Division of Cape Colony Explain War Situation and Blacks Enthusiastically Volunteer—Striking Unanimity Prevails Among Every Degree of Civilization.

### Canadian Press Despatch.

LONDON, Sept. 3, 7.10 p.m.—The correspondent of Reuter's Telegram Company at Cape Town sends the following: "The magistrates in the Transkei territories (a division on the east coast of Cape Colony), the population of which is 1,000,000, have been traveling among the natives upon instructions from the government, explaining the war situation. "Tens of thousands have been addressed, and the natives everywhere enthusiastically have offered their services to the government. This is typical of the striking unanimity prevailing among every degree of civilization throughout South Africa."

## British Labor Party Assists in Recruiting

Parliamentary Committee of Trades Union Congress Issues Manifesto Endorsing Efforts of Labor Members in This Work—Declare Continuation of Voluntary Enlistment Depends on Its Success.

### Canadian Press Despatch.

LONDON, Sept. 3, 7.20 p.m.—The Parliamentary committee of the Trades Union Congress has issued a manifesto, expressing approval of the efforts which the Labor members in the houses of commons are making in conjunction with the representatives of other parties to stimulate recruiting. The manifesto states that in the event of the voluntary system of military service proving inadequate at the present time, the need would result in greatly strengthening the advocacy of compulsory service. Accordingly, the number of the nation should rally to the defence of the country in such numbers as "will demonstrate to the world that a free people can rise to the supreme heights of great sacrifice without the whip of conscription."

## New Ambulance Corps Calls For Recruits

A new ambulance corps, to be styled "The British Legion of Life Savers," is in process of formation. Membership is confined to men and women who have had life saving medals presented to them, and the recruits held is all Canada. Hundreds of people in this country are fully qualified to join this organization, which proposes to receive government sanction and to go to the front. All persons who wish to become members of this corps and have the necessary qualifications, are requested to communicate at once with Albert S. Dymally, Vernon Apartments, 56 St. Clair avenue West, Toronto.

## BETTER THAN FLANNEL

All women of intelligent women flannel pajamas adequate contrast in the price (thousands) and intolerably at usefulness. Here is one for them. A connection with huge mass of services may be had. This idea of work that all the front is all here and there.

## CANADIAN DEFENCE LEAGUE

Dr. J. G. Shuter has recently been appointed field secretary of the Canadian Defence League, a society formed several years ago with a view to establish universal military training in Canada. Dr. Shuter is now canvassing Toronto. He has successfully practised osteopathy in town and is member of the noted St. Augustine and Mendelssohn Chorus.

## HAMILTON HOTELS

NOTICE—AUTO TOURISTS To accommodate automobile tourists, we are serving Table d'Hotel dinner daily from 12.30 to 3 o'clock. Highest standard of cuisine and service. HOTEL ROYAL, Hamilton

## Written Exp

LONDON, Sept. 3.—The Daily Mail's correspondent behind the British lines describes the charge of the Ninth Lancers, which occurred at an unnamed spot during the recent series of tactical retreats, as a second Balaclava. He says: "Terrible havoc had been caused in our ranks by shells from a battery of 11 German guns posted inside a forest near the Belgian frontier. It seemed impossible to silence their fire until the Ninth Lancers made their attempt, riding straight at the guns after debouching into the open, and charging under a hail of melinite and lyddite. "I have not been able to get reliable figures as to the distance they rode, but they reached their goal. Nothing could stop them. They reached the guns, killed the gunners and put the guns out of action. Then, like their prototypes of Balaclava, they rode back. "On the return they fell in greater numbers still from the attack of other German batteries posted at various points around the valley. "Notable bayonet charges were made at (name deleted) on Wednesday last. Several British infantry regiments occupied an exposed position around which the Germans gradually closed, drawing the nose closer and closer. "The Britishers decided to cut their way thru the cordons. So the men went at it, yelling and shouting, and got thru, although the German artillery moved them down frightfully. "The German machine guns have been tremendously effective in all engagements thus far. Men who saw the South African war say the hottest fighting there was childish compared with what the British troops have undergone since their arrival in France. So far as I can learn thus far, the Germans lost 28 of their guns."

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