

GEOGRAPHY AND NATURAL HISTORY OF NOVA SCOTIA.

Section I.—Geography.

The Province of Nova Scotia is situated—on the eastern side of the continent of North America, between North latitude $43^{\circ} 25'$ and 47° , and between West longitude $59^{\circ} 40'$ and $66^{\circ} 25'$.

It is—one of the Provinces of British North America. It was first colonized by the French, by whom it was called Acadie or Acadia. It was finally ceded by France to Great Britain in 1763.

Its principal natural divisions—are Nova Scotia Proper and Cape Breton.

NOVA SCOTIA PROPER.

NOVA SCOTIA PROPER—is a peninsula of a somewhat triangular form, connected with the mainland of North America by an isthmus sixteen miles in breadth.

It is bounded—on the north-east and east by Northumberland Straits, St. George's Bay and the Gut of Canseau; on the south and south-east