to its exchanges by the "Cath- number of vocations for the relolic World" speaks of the paper we have just been criticizing as "the leading article" in the May number The only sense in which Dr. Seton's notes deserve that designation is the sense of
local precedence; in other words, that article occupies the firs pages of the magazine. In point of excellence several other articles are far superior to it. One of the most interesting is Louise Imogene Guiney's "Aubrey Beardsley : a Reconstruction. The interesting part of her article is, not her defence of the young artist as "devilry of the boy, who, boylike, loved to giv solemnity a shock," but her ouching account of his sincere Church about twelve months before his death. Miss Guiney's defence of one who was, at the zenith of his talent, almost satan ically nasty, is not ouly frequent y unintelligible verbiage but flatly contradicted by her own assertion that, after he turned to God, "the thought of some of From his bed of incurable consumption he telegraphed to his publishers to destroy at any cost ertain specified designs. Beautiful and thorough indeed was his couversion. He passed away "after days of terrible suffering which he rejoiced in, offering it in union with the Passion of Christ." We don't think he would now approve of that ing girl's profile, entitled "Hail Mary" - which the Catholic World uses as a cover illustration for this issue.
It is characteristic of the presolic management of the "Cathpedi World that the Encyclo anti-Catholic pubiications of our time, is quoted with approval as calling Clement XIV., who suppressed the Society of Jesus, "the best and most calumniated of the popes," and this in by way of introduction to a fresh instalment of what the editor erro neously styles " Letters of Ganinternal and external evidence, that these letters were not writ ten by Ganganelli, and certainly several of the sentiments ex-
pressed in this collection are, as the American Messenger of the Sacred Heart brands them, "censurable, rash, dangerous and suspicious.

## NOTES BY THE WAY

Speaking one day this weet to a young Englishman just ar rived from the old country we were especially pleased with
some interesting particulars he gave, regarding the progress of the Faith in the mother land. He described it as something wonderful, and speaking of the London District, from which he came, he referred, as an evidence of the truth of what he said, to the extraordinary proportions of the out-of-door demonstrations and processions which are per iodically held in rarious parts of
the metropolis and which were the metropolis and which were
unheard of ten years ago. And not alone in London is great headway being made but the same condition prevails more or less all over the country-in the rural districts as well as in the cities-and one of the most satis-
igious life amongst both men and women. As a proof of this we would quote from an address ecently delivered by the Bishop of Liverpool, who declared that during the last two years, besides opening a large number churches and schools, he had planted in his diocese no less han forty young priests from college, had opened eight religous houses, and introduced to the diocese between eighty and ninety nuns. He added that in the diccese of Liverpool alone he number of religious women was half what it was in the whole of Catholic England be fore the "Reformation." These itality of the Faith in the old country and at least prove that if the day is still long distan when England will be once more Catholic, the present generation are witnessing and as sisting in a wonderful reviva which would have appeared im possible to the Catholic remnant of comparatively a few years ago

We would like to enter a ple on behalf of the lay nurses engaged at St. Boniface Hospital Most of these young ladies hav relations and friends in Winni peg, and many of them have gone from homes in this city to attend the sick and suffering in the noble institution across the iver. For their services the receive but scant remuneration
in fact we believe that for the first year they are given no pec uniary recompense, and the sec- lines. ond year they receive only nominal sum. It is natural that when off duty they should wish as much as possible to visit their relatives and friends in Winnipeg, and we think it is an intolerable hardship, in riew of all circumstances of their case he toll at the bridge every time they cross it. We understand hat the doctors and medica tudents who attend the hosp tal have passes for the bridge and we cannot conceive why the ame privilege is not granted the nurses. The explanation may be that the matter has not been resented to the officials of the poration which controls th ridge, and we would sugges put it before them. In other arge cities all privileges of thi kind are granted to hospita nurses freely and as a matter o course and we shall be ver
happy to hear that the nurses a St. Boniface Hospital have been relieved of this tax to which hey certanly should not b subjected.

At the time of writing this note the carpenters' strike in Winnipeg is still going on. We rust that before this reaches the yes of our readers a settlemen will have been arrived at and that the contractors will have acceding to the rery gracious demands of the men. We are confident that the men have the sympathy of the vast majority of the citizens in their effort to nsure fair pay for good work and for ourselves we may sa ployers should have hesitated a moment about accepting th terms that have been offered our mind ceats an hour is
payment for skilled mechani where the expenses of living a so high, and where carpenters lose so much time on account our climatic conditions, and seems to us that contractors wh cannot agree to pay this wag should go out of business. In a lecture recently delivered on the bject of "What is a livin wage?" the Catholic doctrine i thus defined by the celebrated English Jesuit, Father Rickaby A mandmust live; this man can only live by the wages of hi work; therefore whoerer hire Il his labor and working powe must pay him wages enough to points out that a man has a righ not only to live, but to live be comingly; even in pagan times Aristotle maintained that no man had a moral right to keep more slaves than he was able to eed. "So if an employer can not afford to pay the life-wage he must cease to employ labour Considering all the conditions of existence in this country the car
penters of Winnipeg are demand ng no more than a life-wage and it is simply nonsense for the mployers to resist such a de mand. Either they can pay i or they cannot. If they can they hould do so willingly and with out pressure, if they cannot they no right to be in the busi ess at all. This is true Christian Catholic doctrine, applied to the arpenters strike in Winnipeg, nd we trust that the miserable ffair will be soon settled on these ines.
A SERIOUS TIIME.
A QUEBEC FARMER SUFFERED FOR NEARLY TEN YEARS

Had the Best of Medical Treatment and Tried Hot Springs Without Pink Pills Cured Him

Mr. John Story, of Maryland, Pontiac Co., Que., is well known all the residents of that sec ion, and his cure from an unsually severe attack of an ism, by the use of Dr. Williams Pink fills, after all other remedies had failed, has, if possible added to the popularity of this avorite medicine. Mr. Story givis the following statement of
his suffering and cure. He says:-"Some ten years ago I was engaged in railroading on the Lake Superior section of the C. P.R. I was exposed to all kinds of weather, and as a result atism which al! but crippled me, and from which I suffered much agony. I spent more than hundred dollars on doctors and or medicine, but was gradually quit work. At this juncture the doctor told me that he did not hink medicine could cure me, and advised me to go to some hot prings. I took this advice and went to the Harriston Hot Springs, in British Columbia, where I remained for eight weeks under the care of the house physician, but experienced oo benefit. I then went over to acoma, and took a course at the Wreen River Hot Springs, but with no better result. Completely discouraged I returned to ofarming but the re, and went bothered me so much thatism oothered me so much that Williams' Pink Pills work. Dr Commended to and Iere re ommended to me and I decided taking a few boxes I found they were helping me and I contiued their use until I had taken ixteen boxes, by which time
which had bothered me for years and had cost me so much money, han a year and a half since discontinued the use of the pills and during that time I have not had the slightest symptom of he very best evidence that the Dre willianent.
Dr. Williams' Pink Pilis are pecefic for all diseases arising of the blood or a shattered con. dition of the nervous forces, such as St. Vitus dance, locomotor ciatica, the crippe, the after effects of la rippe, loss of appetite, headphe, dizziness, chronic erysi lso a scrofula, etc. They are peculiar to the for the troubles peculiar to the female system, ions and all forms of fuppres Weakness, building of female blood and restoring anew the health to pale and sallow glow of In the case of men sallow cheeks. radical cure in all they effect a from mental worry, overwork or excesses of any nature.
Protect yourself against imita you purchase bears the full box of Dr. Williams' Pink Pils for Pale People. If your dealer dor not have them they will be sent post paid, at 50 cents a bor six boxes for $\$ 2.50$, by addressCo., Brockville, Ont.

NOW IN STOCK
MARIOLATRY
BY FATHER GANSS
First Steamer roow Fort William
Tuesday 9th May,
Thereafter every Tuesday, Friday and Sunday.

Winuipeg Stationery \& Book Co., Ltd.

364 MAIN ST

FRED. ANsley, Manager WINNIPEG,
Every Monday, Thursday, Sa turday, at 4.00 P. M.


Cheap One Way and One Trip Tickets.

For information and full particulars, apply to nearest C.P.R. agent or address to
$\underset{\substack{\text { Traftic Manager, } \\ \text { wINTiPRo }}}{\text { ROBERT KERT, }}$


