

MRS. GLADSTONE DEAD.

A despatch from London announces the death of Mrs. Gladstone, widow of the late William E. Gladstone. Mr. P. O'Connor, M.P., a few days ago, in his newspaper, M. A. P., gave the following hitherto unpublished reminiscences of the aged partner of the great statesman.

"Just after their marriage," says Mr. O'Connor, "Mr. Gladstone, who had already been Minister, asked her: 'Shall I tell you nothing and you can say anything, or shall I tell you everything and you say nothing?' She chose the latter, and he told her everything, and she never told anything."

On the fiftieth anniversary of their wedding Mr. and Mrs. Gladstone went to a reception at an old friend's house. "When it began to get late Mr. Gladstone went over to his wife and, with an expression of sweetness and tenderness, took her by the hand as though she were a little child that had to be reminded that it was time to go to bed, and led her out of the room. It was a sight that might well have brought tears."

WITH BUSINESS MEN.

HIS DEBTS OF HONOR.—The good people of eastern Maine, who like to hear and read pretty stories of honor and self-sacrifice, are fully convinced that all the good little boys do not die young, and that all absolutely honest men are not confined to the pages of story books and newspapers, says the Boston "Globe."

To prove their case they refer the doubting ones to the example of Captain Willard Griffin, who as junior partner in the big shipbuilding firm of Mudgett, Libbey & Griffin, did a big business in Stockton, Me., during the civil war and for several years after. The firm built ships and owned ships and stores and factories.

It was one of the most prosperous concerns in Maine. The decline of the house began when American shipping quit struggling for the ocean-carrying trade. The value of vessel property went down and down, and every step was marked with financial ruin to some great firms. After making a gallant struggle the firm of Mudgett, Libbey & Griffin went to the wall, paying a small per cent. on the dollar, and bringing ruin to many families.

Mr. Mudgett, the senior member of the firm, retired to his birthplace and died. Mr. Libbey made a futile effort to build up a new concern to replace the old one, and failed. Capt. Griffin collected a few hundred dollars from the wreck and went to California. This was away back when Grant was president. Nobody heard from him for years. He was in Alameda doing something in the real estate and fruit line. Nobody knew just what it was. A few cared. The bills of the firm had been outlawed for years, and there was no use in crying over spilled milk. One of the most prosperous towns in Waldo county had been reduced to abject poverty, and aged shipmasters, who had retired with plenty of money, were forced to go to sea again in order to live. The people tried every expedient to restore confidence and bring back the lost industries. Some claimed the name of Stockton was a hoodoo, and had the official title changed from Stockton to Stockton Springs. It did no good. The population, which was 2,089 in 1870, went down to 1,149 in 1880; the valuation shrank from \$890,220 to \$318,445 in the same time.

Less than 10 years ago some of the needy creditors of the old shipbuilding firm began to receive letters from California. In these letters were checks that were signed by a name that used to be good all over New England, but which was not known at that time in eastern banking circles. When the checks were presented at banks and forwarded to California for verification word came back that they were as "good as wheat." The checks kept coming and the firm's debt grew less. When Capt. Griffin had paid up his own debts with interest, he began to make settlements for his partners. He paid big sums every year, and in March, 1900, the last creditor was satisfied, and the last bill was redeemed in full.

Capt. Griffin is getting old now. He is not a rich man, the way the world counts wealth. As he has paid more than \$50,000 on a debt of honor for which no court could hold him responsible the people believe he is an honest man.

THE ST. LOUIS STRIKE.

Day after day passes without the restoration of order in St. Louis. The situation is becoming more serious, as may be inferred from the following proclamation issued by the Mayor.

"Whereas, during the pendency of the present railway strike and the crisis through which the city is now passing, it is of the utmost public importance that all excitement be suppressed and that no acts of any kind be done which may tend to produce or create excitement in public places, such as the assembling of crowds or groups of persons upon the streets, the discussion of the situation in boisterous language or the discharge of firearms or fireworks; "Therefore, I, the Mayor of St. Louis, proclaim and direct that all persons in the city of St. Louis refrain from gathering in numbers on the public streets or in public, that all persons refrain from loud and noisy disputes or arguments in public, that all persons, especially women and children, remain indoors as much as possible until the present situation is relieved; that jeering or abusive language, or language calculated to provoke a breach of the peace be all indulged in.

"And all persons are especially warned against the discharge within the city limits of firearms of any kind or description, and against the

firing and exploding of bombs, torpedoes, fire-crackers, or any species of fireworks.

"All minors are warned to keep within doors during the next three days, and parents are notified that all minors found out of doors between one hour after sunset and one hour before rise, are subject to arrest and imprisonment under the provisions of section 2,189 of the Revised Statutes of Missouri of 1899."

AN HONEST JUDGE.

Sir Matthew Hale was known as the Honest Baron of the Exchequer. The cause of the poorest and most obscure man was safe in his hands. Once one of the greatest peers of England called at his rooms.

"I have a suit which is to be tried before you," said the nobleman; "and should like to acquaint you before discussing the matter in court."

"My dear sir," answered Sir Matthew, "you have wasted your time in calling upon me. I never listen to one side of a question unless the other is ready to be presented. You can tell me your grievances in the court-room."

At that the nobleman was affronted and complained to the king. "Ah!" said the monarch, "you can thank your stars that you got off as well as you did. I believe that if I had gone to Sir Matthew on a similar errand I should have been used in the same fashion."

Once when he was going about the circuit trying disputes at law, a gentleman who had a case on the docket sent him a fine deer as a present.

"Who sent it?" inquired Sir Matthew of his cook.

The servant told him the name of the donor.

"Pay him for it without delay," said Sir Matthew.

But the gentleman refused to accept payment, and sent word that he was not a dealer in venison, and that he had only followed his usual practice of sending a fine deer to every judge who travelled that way.

"And I follow my usual practice in refusing to accept bribes," returned Sir Matthew.

At Salisbury the dean and chapter sent him six sugar loaves, saying they had a case in court, and that the present was no bribe, but that they simply observed an ancient custom.

"It is an ancient custom with me," replied the judge, "to pay for my sugar." And pay for it he did. — Ave Maria.

YEARS OF AGONY.

RESULTING FROM SCIATICA, IN AN AGGRAVATED FORM.

Many Nights the Sufferer Could Not Lie in Bed, and His Leg was Frequently Swollen to Twice Its Natural Size.

From the Journal, St. Catharines.

Mr. John T. Benson, stationary engineer at the Ridley College, St. Catharines, is known by most of the residents of the city. For years Mr. Benson suffered acute agony from sciatica, and notwithstanding numerous forms of treatment, found little or no relief, until he began the use of Dr. Williams' Pink Pills. These pills speedily restored his health, as they have done that of thousands of others who have given them a fair trial. To the reporter who interviewed him, Mr. Benson said:—"I certainly owe a debt of gratitude to Dr. Williams' Pink Pills, for they have released me from a form of torture that had afflicted me almost continuously for twenty years. The pain began first in my back, then shifted to my hip, and thence down my leg. It became so severe that it seemed as though the very marrow in my bones was being scalded, and at times I could scarcely repress crying aloud from the agony I endured. I tried all sorts of liniments and lotions, but got no relief. I doctored with several physicians, even going to Buffalo for treatment by a specialist there, but in no case did I ever receive more than temporary relief. It may be easily imagined that the pain I endured told upon me in other ways, and I became almost a physical wreck. At times my right leg would swell to nearly twice its normal size. Then the pain and swelling would shift to my left leg, and the agony was something awful. I suppose that during the period I was afflicted I have hundreds of times laid on my back on the floor with my foot and leg elevated on a chair in order to obtain slight ease from the pain I endured. The muscles and sinews in my legs looked as though they had twisted and tied in knots. The trouble went on in this way until finally nothing but opiates would deaden the pain. A few years ago I read of a cure in a similar case through the use of Dr. Williams' Pink Pills and decided to try them. For some time after I began their use, I could not see that they were helping me, but I decided that I would give them a fair trial. By the time I had used a half dozen boxes, there was a decided improvement in my case, and I continued the use of the pills until I had taken twelve boxes, when I felt my cure was complete. Several years have since passed and I have had no return of the trouble, so that I feel safe in saying that the cure has been permanent."

I may also add that my wife has used the pills for indigestion, headaches and dizziness, and has found great benefit from them. Words cannot express the great benefit Dr. Williams' Pink Pills have been to me, and I hope similar sufferers will profit by my experience."

Dr. Williams' Pink Pills cure by going to the root of the disease. They renew and build up the blood, and strengthen the nerves, thus driving disease from the system. If your dealer does not keep them, they will be sent postpaid at 50 cents a box, or six boxes for \$2.50, by addressing the Dr. Williams' Medicine Co., Brockville, Ont.

SPECIALS IN TAN BOOTS.

Ladies' Fine Chocolate Laced Boots and Shoes, special \$1.50
Ladies' White Canvas Shoes \$1.50
Men's White Canvas Boots..... \$1.50
Men's Fine American Calf, Goodyear Watert, light or heavy sole, choice of six shapes; regular price \$4.00; special.. \$3.00

E. MANSFIELD, 124 St. Lawrence st., Corner LaSalle and St. Lawrence
Phone Main 849.

LATEST NEWS OF THE WAR.

London, June 14. — 3.30 a.m. — The latest despatches from Pretoria show that Roberts was fighting a severe battle, and that General Botha was holding him in check.

The Boer general occupied a strong position about fifteen miles east of Pretoria, and Roberts moved out and attacked him. The Boers, however, were so strongly entrenched, with a front which was practically unassailable, that after several hours of severe fighting the British were unable to dislodge them.

Roberts reports that Methuen and Kitchener have defeated the Boer general, Dewett, and that the broken communications will soon be restored.

The despatch from Lord Roberts clearing up the situation at Pretoria and along the communications, stands alone.

Military observers, noting that no mention is made of prisoners, assume that General Dewett got away with his forces practically intact.

General Buller entered Volksrust Wednesday, passed through Charlestown and encamped near Laing's Nek. The tunnel was not much damaged. Both ends were blown up, but the engineers think that repairs can be effected in about four days.

The advance troops of General Buller saw the Boer rear guard four miles distant yesterday. It was estimated that 8,000 Boers were withdrawing. The towns' people at Ermelo counted fifteen guns.

Three hundred Free Staters, released from guarding Lan Reenen's pass, have gone to join President Steyn's commando in the eastern part of Orange River Colony. General Buller has sent notice to the Free Staters that, unless they surrender by June 15, their farms and other possessions will be confiscated.

President Kruger, according to a despatch from Lorenzo Marques, keeps a locomotive, with steam up, attached to the car in which he concentrates the executive offices of the government, and he intends leaving Machadodorp soon and to establish the Transvaal capital at Nol Spruit, in the mountains, a fine defensive position.

MARKET REPORT.

FLOUR AND FEED. — The flour market is firm and active at present values, but the demand for feed is rather light, and prices are rather easy. Quotations are as follows:—Manitoba patents, \$4 to \$4.10; strong bakers, \$3.70; Ontario patents, \$3.60 to \$3.90; straight rollers, \$3.25 to \$3.35, and \$1.57 to \$1.62 in bags. Manitoba bran, \$14.50 to \$15 in bags; shorts, \$16; Ontario bran, \$15 to \$15.50 in bulk, and shorts, \$16.50 in bags.

PROVISIONS. — There is a good strong market with prices fully maintained. Quotations are as follows:—Dressed hogs, \$8.25 to \$8.50; Compound lard, 7c to 7½c; pure lard, 8½c to 9c; kettled rendered, 9½c to 10c; hams, 11c to 12½c; bacon, 11½c to 12c; Wiltshire bacon, 12½c to 13c; Canada short cut mess pork, \$17 to \$18.

EGGS. — Trade is quiet, but receipts are not excessive, and prices are being maintained. Best eggs are quoted at 11½c to 12c; seconds, 10½c to 11c; culls, 9c to 10c.

BUTTER. — Contrary to general expectations there was another advance to the price paid for Townships creamery yesterday, the range being 20c to 20½c. On spot finest to western creamery is worth 19½c to 19½c, while there is much business passing at lower figures on account of high standard required to pass as "finest."

GRAIN. — The value of Manitoba wheat is being maintained at 74½c for No. 1 hard about Port William. Prices of coarse grains are steady. The following are quotations alfalfa Montreal: Oats, 31½c to 31½c; peas, 67½c; rye, 62c to 62½c; barley, 49c to 50c; spring wheat, 74c. The Liverpool cables are steady at recent advance, but as yet there is too wide a difference between prices in England and in America to allow of much business.

CHEESE. — The market was active, and prices are advancing. Best westerns are quoted on spot at 10c to 10½c, and eastern, at 9½c to 9½c.

MISCELLANEOUS. — Ashes, quiet at \$4.55 for first, \$4.20 for seconds, and \$5.25 for pearls. Beans unchanged at \$1.70 for hand picked, and \$1.60 for ordinary. Honey quiet at 14c to 15c for combs, 9c to 9½c for large tins of white, and 7c to 8c for dark. Hay, good demand, at \$9.50 to \$10 for No. 1; \$8 for No. 2, and \$7 for clover, in bales by car lot. Maple products dull; syrup in small gallon tins, 65c to 75c; sugar, none in market. Potatoes steady at 30c to 35c per bag in car lots.

LIVE STOCK. — There were about 275 head of butchers' cattle, 200 calves and 300 sheep and lambs offered for sale at the East End Abattoir to-day. The butchers were out in large numbers, but the wet, muggy weather, together with the high prices at which good cattle were held by the drovers, caused a slow trade. Besides this, a good many of the butchers bought cattle yesterday, there being over 100 cattle and 200 calves sold there and at the stock

yards to the butchers yesterday afternoon. Prime beefs sold at from 5c to 5½c per lb.; pretty good stock sold at from 4½c to 5c, and the rough half fatted beasts at from 3½c to 4c per lb., while some of the lean grasshopper cattle would not bring over 3c per lb. Bulls sold at from 3½c to 4½c per lb., the latter price having been paid for a very good bull for shipment to Great Britain. There were a large number of milkmen's strippers on the market, and they sold at from 3½c to 4½c per lb. Calves sold at from \$1.50 to \$8 each. Shippers paid 4c per lb. for good, large sheep. Lambs sold at from \$2.25 to \$4.50 each. Fat hogs sold at from 5½c to 6c per lb. for straight lots weighed off the cars. There is a slight decline in the prices paid for thick fat and large hogs.

MANITOBA CROPS. — Winnipeg, Man., June 13. —The government crop report for May will be made public to-morrow. Reports sent from every section of the province show that the hay crop in almost every township is a total failure, owing to lack of rain, and if the present dry weather continues the wheat crop will be very indifferent. At best not more than half a crop is anticipated, as the damage done already has been incalculable.

The Hon. Mr. Davidson gave it as his opinion to-day that there would not be over half a crop with the most favorable conditions during next month. This view is taken by everyone of the rural members who have been spoken to on the matter. All unite in saying that the crop cannot be over half its normal quantity, even under the best possible conditions for the future. Northern Pacific Railway reports from Minnesota and the Dakotas completely reverse preceding reports and place a gloomy outlook on the crop situation. The yield will not be more than 75, perhaps 50 per cent. of a crop.

F. W. Thompson, general manager of the Ogilvie Milling Company, in an interview regarding the crop prospects, stated that according to reports from the company's agents, the conditions as a whole were not satisfactory. The whole country required rain badly. From Sydney West, on the main line to Moosomin, the frost last Thursday night appeared to have cut down a considerable portion of the wheat. As to the extent of any permanent injury, it was very difficult to determine, as the experience of frost at this time of the year was new to the country. In any case, a moderate yield only could be looked for this season.

DOMESTIC SERVICE.

According to a Washington dispatch Miss Gail Laughlin, a member of the New York bar, has been appointed as an expert to investigate the servant problem.

It is said that the proposed investigation will take place principally in New York. The largest employment agencies will be examined, and the numerous associations of women who have made a specialty of the servant problem will be asked to assist.

JOHN MURPHY & CO.

Boys' Clothing.

The boys must not be neglected. They enjoy the Summer days, and to help them we have laid in a stock of Boys' Summer Clothing that is first-class in make, style and material — just what will suit the romping, rollicking boy.

Boys' Print and Gingham Blouses, prices from 55c.

Boys' Summer Suits, in Galatea Stripes, White Duck, and the new KHAKE, price from \$1.30.

Boys' Washing Trousers — All colors and sizes, our stock complete, price from 25c.

Boys' Odd Pants—Navy Blue and Tweed Mixtures, prices from 60c.

Boys' Soiled Sailor Collars, worth 45c to 85c; choice 25c.

Men's Cool Clothing.

Men's Holland Office Coats, 90c.
Men's Black Alpaca Coats, \$1.50.
\$1.65, \$1.90 and \$3.25.
Men's Gray Alpaca Coats, \$1.25 to \$2.95 each.

Men's Black Serge Coats, D.B., \$3.25 and \$4.00.

Men's Crash Vests, \$1.00.

Men's Fancy Vests, \$1.00 to \$3.25 each.

Men's White Linen Vests, \$1.00 and \$1.75 each.

Men's White Duck Pants, \$1.00 and \$1.25 pair.

Men's Flannel Blazers, \$3.25.

Men's Bicycle Suits, \$4.25 to \$8.75 suit.

Men's Bicycle Pants, \$3.25 pair.

Mail orders receive prompt and careful attention.

JOHN MURPHY & CO.

2243 St. Catherine Street, corner of Metcalfe Street.
TERMS: CASH ON DELIVERY.

THE S. CARSLY CO. LIMITED.

Notre Dame Street. Montreal's Greatest Store. St. James Street.

SATURDAY, June 16.

Crowds After Shirt Waists

Ladies' Shirt Waists.

Fine White Lawn Shirt Waists, with clusters of tucks across front, pointed yokes, pleated backs, laundried collar and cuffs,.....

88c.

Ladies' Shirt Waists.

Ladies' Stylish Light Weight Blue and Black Pique Waists with white spot designs, white pleated yoke, self collars and pointed cuffs,.....

94c.

ZEPHYR UNDERWEAR.

In suitable weaves, weights and textures, for the hot weather.

Ladies' Ribbed Cotton Undervests, colored crocheted edge, each 10c.

Ladies' Ribbed White Cotton Vests, low neck no sleeves, fancy lace and crocheted yoke, each 22c.

Ladies' White and Cream Silkette Vests, fine elastic ribbed, low neck, no sleeves, 27c.

Ladies' Fully shaped Lisle Thread Vests, lace and ribbon trimmed, 44c.

CHILDREN'S HEADWEAR.

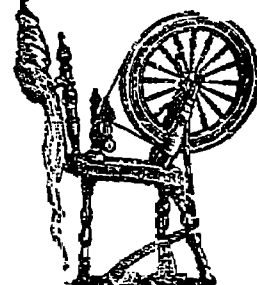
Novel styles and shapes in Children's Light Weight Summer Headwear.

Children's White Lawn Tams, trimmed embroidery, each 20c.

Children's All Over Embroidery, trimmed featherstitch and lawn ruffles, 24c.

Children's White Sun-bonnets, trimmed deep embroidery, pleated and long strings, each 53c.

Linens and Ducks for Summer Dresses.



100,000 yards of Choice Linen Dress Goods. The assortment includes fabrics of all textures for this season, manufactured for the most exclusive trade. The big Store's price value influence will be shown by prices marked.

Per Yard.
Irish Linen Crash for Ladies' Skirts, 36 inches wide 10c.
Shot Dress Linens, in brown, green and blue, 36 inches wide 10c.
Chambray Linens in several shades, 36 inches wide 10c.
Fancy Basket Pattern Dress Linens, 36 inches wide 10c.
Embroidered Dress Linens, strong and serviceable, 32 inches wide 10c.
Fancy Linen Skirtings, in different stripes, 36 inches wide 10c.
English Linen Dress Jeans, in white or drab, 27 inches wide 10c.

SPECIALS FOR WEDNESDAY. — Useful Prints, 4½c; Ladies' Umbrellas, 89c; Double Width Dress Goods 10c; Large Bed Quilts, 80c; Jute Carpets, 10½c; White Duck Skirts, 30c; Salt and Pepper Casters, 5c; Crystal Berry Bowls, 14c; English Tea Sets, \$1.95; Strong Gas Stoves, 15c; Granite Pitchers, 29c; Preserving Bottles, 19c; Imported Pickles, 15c; Club Worcester Sauce, 7½c; English Sherbet, 10c; Baked Beans, 5½c; Red Salmon, 10c; Soups of all kinds, 12½c.

MAIL ORDERS PROMPTLY FILLED. SEND FOR NEW CATALOGUE.

THE S. CARSLY CO. LIMITED.

1765 to 1783 Notre Dame Street, 184 to 194 St. James Street, Montreal.

COLONIAL HOUSE MONTREAL.

Men's Furnishings Department

Men's White or Colored Shirts, to measure. Best materials used for all special orders, which receive every attention. Perfect fit and general satisfaction guaranteed.

MBY'S WHITE DRESS SHIRTS, made of very superior materials, reinforced fronts, continuous facings, and all button holes hand worked. Price \$1.00 each, less 5 per cent. cash.

A very handsome line of Men's Colored Shirts, in French and English Cambrics and Percales, at from \$1.00 upwards, less 5 per cent. for cash.

OPTICAL DEPARTMENT.

PHOTOGRAPHIC CAMERAS, ALL SIZES, FROM \$2.50 UP, PHOTOGRAPHIC SUPPLIES.

Tripod Stands (universal screws) \$1.50
Ruby Lamps From 20c up
Ruby Lights 3c
Funnels, 20c; Glass Measures, 25c; Squeezers, 25c; Troughs, 25c; Developing Trays, 25c; Printing Frames, 35c; Dry Plates, Dark Boxes (Special) 50c

Extra Dry Plate Holders 50c

Stanley Dry Plates and various others 50c

Toning and Fixing Solutions 25c

Toning and Fixing Powders 25c

Developing Powders, Artistic Paper, Solio Paper, Platino Paper, Page

English Paper, Barnet English Paper, Blue Print Paper.

MO UNTS—Assorted colors and sizes.

Magnesium Ribbon for flash light.

A Large Purchase of Fancy Dress Muslins, Organdies and Swiss

We have placed on the two front counters a few THOUSAND YARDS of CHOICE DRESS MUSLINS, all beautiful designs and dainty colorings.

The PRICES we are offering these Muslins at are about HALF the regular value 16c, 18c, 21c and 30c a yard

HENRY MORGAN & CO., - MONTREAL.

BEAUTIFUL

IS THE PROPER TERM FOR THE NOVELTIES IN Carpets, Drapes, Curtains and Rugs, Art Carpets and Squares, China and Japan Mattings.

And everything to make the Floor comfortable and Windows beautiful. Select promptly and keep the rush on at all of our three warehouses.

THOMAS LIGGET, 1844 Notre Dame Street, 2445 St. Catherine Street, MONTREAL, 1775 to 1795 St. James Street, OTTAWA