now compelled to remain unproductive for years in consequence the tonnage required to carry it on, is less than that engaged in of the almost utter impossibility of procuring the requisite the lake commerce with Canada. Thus,—

In every part of Upper Canada there are settlers, possessing skill, industry, and character, who, with the aid of compar tively small sums of money could improve their properties, so that they would yield several times as much as the capital expended in their improvement. From the same want of funds, many local public improvements, which the municipal bodies now established in Upper Canada, would gladly undertake, and for which they would provide the most ample security, are neglected, to the great injury, not only of the Province, but of Great Britain: for such improvements, whilst they would facilitate would provide employment for a large amount of emigrant labour, and would create new and constantly extending markets for the consumption of British manufactures, and the employment of British shipping. In a word, it may be said, that the want of connexion and co-operation now existing between the capitalists of Great Britain, and the industry and enterprize of Canada, is on the one hand fatal to the rapid improvement of which the Province is susceptible, and on the other hand, deprives the mother country of the chiefest advantage which she ought to derive from the continued possession of this most im-portant section of her principal North American Province.

Great Britain to be brought into connexion with the industry and enterprize of Canada? How, on the one hand, is the capitalist of England, who is now unable to obtain any adequate profit on his capital at home, to obtain it with safety in Canada? - and how, on the other band, is the British settler in Canada, whose improvements and advancement are arrested or defeated from the want of connexion with the capitalists of his parent State to be made to participate in the advantage in this respect which the American emigrant enjoys, in consequence of his contiguity to the cities of America?

that there are few individuals whose capitals, taken singly are sufficiently large to make it worth while to employ such an

To accomplish the object, then, of establishing the connexon between the capitalists of the parent State and the industry of the Colony, there is, for a country circumstanced as Great Britain, no mode so efficient and safe as that of the association of a number of individuals disposed, either to embark capital in colonial investments for the sake of the colonial rate of interest, or to lend their credit upon terms which shall be mutually advantageous to themselves and to the colony, in which the

Large amounts of capital have thus been supplied to the Australian and the other British Colonies in the Southern Hemisphere, by means of Companies; and while the prosperity of these Colonies has been promoted to an extent rivalling that of the North Western States of America, the benefit has been participated in both by the Britsh merchant and ship-owner, and by the manufacturers and the capitalists of England.

It is difficult to conceive, then, why a principle, which has been applied with so much advantage to other Briish Colonies.

and which has so long, and with such great benefit to all par ties, been acted on in the United States, should not be applied to Canada. Hitherto, however, its application has not been

taining an adequate supply of capital for the due advance of improvement, without resort to the principle of supplying it ersons possessing property in Canada, either to negotiate the security of their property, or, in some instances even to offer it for sale at prices involving great sacrifices. a ground for refusal to invest capital in the manner proposed but the ground most usually urged was, the extreme difficulty of obtaining satisfactory evidence as to the sufficiency of the title, and of the money value of the property, and the great trouble, risk, and expense of collecting the interest, and remitting it, or the avails of purchased property, to England."

The objections to investments of British capital on real or personal security in Upper Canada, entertained by individual capitalists in England, having thus formally been brought up-

capitalists in England having thus formally been brought un-der the consideration of the Legislature of Canada, it became Jections,—to provide in short, the means of co-operation and connexion between British capitalists and Canadian industry connexion between British capitalists and Canadian industry and enterprize,—to remove, as much as possible, the disadvantage under which the settler in Canada is placed from his want of contiguity to the capital of the mother country;—and, by giving him increased facilities in obtaining the aid of occasion—increased al loans, to secure for him some portion of the immensely superior advantages in that respect, now enjoyed by the Amer-

The Legislature of Canada, in discharge of that duty, adopted the means successfully followed with reference to the Australian Colonies, and by the Provincial Act 7th Vic. Chap. 63, incorporated the Upper Canada Trust and Loan Company, and invested it with all the powers necessary to the accomplishment of the proposed object. It empowered the Company to raise a capital of £500,000, in 25.000 shares of £20 each share, and if necessary, a further capital of £500,000; and it authorized and directed the Company to employ the capital so raised, in loans to individuals, on real or personal security; or in advances of money to the municipal bodies established in Upper Canada, for the completion of local works of public utility, in ity, on the security of the tolls or such other security as might agreed upon between the Company and the Municipal au-

for General on the 9th of December last. The effect of this Act is, to enable a number of capitalists

The effect of this Act is, to enable a number of capitalists associated together to employ their capital in a manner, in which singly, from peculiar circumstances, they could not, with thus provided the provided that the provided that the provided the provided that the p

Act of the Imperial Parliament, which had not only been subed to the searching scrutiny and revision of the Chairman the Committee of the House of Lords upon private Bills, at which had been framed in strict accordance, as it was unstood, with the views and requirements of the British Go-As a further security for the due fulfilment of the designs of

Legislature, and for the protection of the interests both of Province and of the capitalists of Great Britain who might avail themselves of the provisions of the Act, the nomination confided to the Crown, to be exercised by Royal Charter or to the Imperial Parliament. In the same way, provision was made, for the regulation of the elections of future officers,—for the times times, place, and mode of calling and holding general or extraordinary meetings of the Company,—for the proceedings at such meetings,—and for the privileges and powers to be exercised by the officers or by the share-holders at such meetings.

These precautions, and the confidence which they indicate in that could be given, that the sole object of the promoters of the undertaking, in applying for, and of the Legislature of Canada in passing the Act in question, was the attainment of an im-Portant benefit, both to Great Britain and to the Province, by affording to the one, new facilities for the employment, and by furnishing to the other, the ready means of obtaining on reasonable to the other, the ready means of obtaining to the other. sonable and equitable terms a more ample command of capital; to encourage the extension of every existing branch of industry, and the development of new sources of wealth; -to the improved cultivation of the fertile soil; and to render more and more accessible and available, the many great natural advantages, of this most favoured portion of the North

Such unquestionably were the objects aimed at by the Legislature of Canada in passing the act of the 7th Victoria, cap. 53. In proportion to their greatness, has been, and is the interest in the measure felt in the province. That interest is augmented in the measure felt in the province. augmented of course by the large personal stake, which persons in every part of Western Canada have in its success; and in proportion must be the disappointment and discontent engendered by failure, whether that failure result from technical or official.

Of the field for the employment of capital in Upper Canada, some conception may be formed from the statistical statements contained in the con contained in the Appendix. It will there be seen that the property like the property Property liable to taxation, increased in less than 20 years, from £997,096, the amount in 1825, to £5,996,609, the amount in officing in officing in 1841, though no change in the principle or rate of valuation took place during that period; and that the uncultivated lands paying the period; and that the uncultivated lands paying the period is and that the uncultivated lands and the period is a paying the period is a paying the period in the period is a paying the period is a paying the period in the period is a paying the period is a paying the period in the period is a paying the period is a pa paying taxes, and in the possession of private individuals, increased from less than a million and a half to nearly five millions and a half

steady and unvarying; nor can it be questioned, that its pro- sums collected for tolls on the macadamized roads, rose from gress would be greatly accelerated by the extension to it of the advantage resulting from an increased command of capital; for property possessing abundant intrinsic resources of wealth is great as is the commerce of the United States with England,

> Tonnage entered from England, COUNTY OF MIDDLESEX.—Edward Ermatinger, Esq., has

> RAILROAD BETWEEN MONTREAL AND BOSTON. - We no ticed a short time ago, a meeting held at Sherbrooke, for the purpose of taking steps for the establishment of a rail-road communication between Montreal and Boston, by the route of the Eastern Townships. The meeting at Haverhill, New Hampshire, to which we then referred, and at which delegates from the Townships were to attend, has since been held.—
> About pive hundred gentlemen were present, and resolutions were passed in favour of the project, and expressing the determination of the project, and expressing the determination of the project of the pro mination of the resolutionists to use every proper means for its ompletion. We select the following as bearing more particular larly on our Provincial interests :-

2. Resolved .- That the citizens of the northern and middl parts of this State and of Vermont and Canada, including the farmer, manufacturer, merchant, mechanic, and labourer, ar deeply concerned in the successful prosecution of the rail-roa enterprise; that by it the value of land, water-power, labour The question then is, how is the unemployed capital of cat Britain to be brought into connexion with the industry ed, new channels of business will be opened and the general

prosperity of the people promoted. . Resolved .- That we regard it as essential to the welfa of this State, that we should have advantages similar to those enjoyed elsewhere, and that the system of railroads which have been commenced should be extended through the interior portions of New Hampshire to Connecticut river, with a view to its further extension to the Canada line, thereby forming this The capitalist resident in England who desires to employ his pital in Reisib. inland waters of the United States and of the British Provin-

9. Resolved .- That while this meeting entertains the unanimous opinion that a communication of this nature would be best located on the line leading from Concord via Haverhill and the Pasumpsic Valley to Canada, they nevertheless do not deem it expedient to recommend that this or any other par-Legislature, but that the action of that body be simply directed to the urgency of a charter being granted on such line, and provisions as to them shall seem meet.

There will be no difficulty in raising the necessary funds in the United States to complete the contemplated Rail-road to the Provincial line; but the great difficulty is the uncertainty of its being continued to the terminus of Montreal; and we uspect our neighbours have but little confidence in our exerting ourselves in the matter. There is no doubt, however, that the time is arrived for action; and that it would not only be wise, but that it is incumbent upon the people and Government of Canada to stir in the business. We feel, no doubt, that a Rail-road communication with Boston would be found highly beneficial to the interests of this Province; and from the comparitively small outlay (for we would only have to construct the Rail-road to the Provincial line) we feel assured that it would pay even as a commercial speculation. But in a national point of view it must be regarded as of still higher mportance. Should the Americans, as they intend, bring their Rail-roads to the borders of the Eastern Townships, it is evident that that section of the Province will, before long, beome more a portion of the United States than of Canada: Whatever the laws of the two contries may be, the Townships vill be supplied by the United States, whither they will send their produce in return; for, with such a frontier, they will laugh at Revenue laws and Custom-House Officers. We need scarcely say how such a state of things is likely to end; and without wishing to reflect on the loyalty of the Eastern Townships, we are decidedly of opinion that the Government ought not to put their affection to the British Crown to too strong a than to British connexion .- Montreal Gazette.

COST OF THE TRANSPORTATION OF FLOUR TO ENGLAND FROM CANADA .- We give below the items which make up the cost of sending Flour to England, we know that many of our Agricultural friends will be glad to possess the information Wheat in England and in Canada, as to the expediency of either selling or holding the wheat they may have to dispose of. ther selling or holding the wheat they may have to dispose of.

The item is cut out of the Pilot, and we presume it may be relied on, as it has been the subject of controversy between the trouvered and another, and its accuracy seems now to be the trouvered and another, and its accuracy seems now to be

		Sterl	ing.
	Freight per barrel,	4	6
	Primage, 5 per cent		$2\frac{3}{4}$
	Insurance, say 13 per cent	0	5
	Duty,		71
	Cartage, porterage, and cooperage,		74
	Town and dock dues,		23
9	Storage say 3 months,		2
5	Insurance from fire, say		1
,	Commission, 4 per cent		2
		_	-
t,	Sterling	8	0
-		-	-
	Halifax currency at par	9	9
	-Kingston Chronicle.		

INDIAN DEPARTMENT .- The inhabitants of Upper Canada, in general, and of the Home District, and Toronto in particular will be glad to hear that the Indian Department (under its worthy Superintendent, Samuel P. Jarvis, Esq.) and the Court

to 6s. 3d. per foot frontage per annum; and those in the Park, from £2 to £3 each per annum; altogether realising a yearly income of about £130-Toronto Herald .. A FRIEND IN NEED .- The editor of the Toronto Globe says

that the Honourable Æmilius Irving's peculiar orthography "may easily be accounted for from illegible writing" !!! We suppose that the learned gentleman's purity of style and corectness of expression are to be ascribed to the same cause. such a poscript as the following which would have at once ex-Grammer, as I am riting with a shocking bad pen."-Montreal

MELANCHOLY ACCIDENT .- On Saturday the Steamer Sovereign, Capt. Elmsley, crossed over to Niagara from Toronto, with goods and passengers, and, we understand, several persons availed themselves of the opportunity to enjoy a pleasure trip. Some of Capt. Elmsley's family were of the party; and we regret To the Act thus passed the Royal Assent was given by the to say that one of his sons, a fine boy, five years of age, was accidentally drowned in the Niagara Dock .- British Colonist,

to death whilst its father and mother were out in The Act was drafted with great care on the model of an burning logs. Our correspondent very properly heads his comalone in their houses when they have business at any part of their improvements in newly-settled situations.

[The same Correspondent has also favoured us with a com-munication on the subject of some obstructions which have een made by an individual on the High Falls of the Petit Nation River, a tributary of the Ottawa. These obstructions he complains are of great injury to the lumber-men, and on a late occasion led to the loss of two valuable lives. We have not inserted our correspondent's letter, because we are afraid e first Directors and other officers of the Company, was it might throw our columns open to a controversy unsuitable unauthorized obstruction of rivers is a high offence against the laws, and whenever it occurs in the Province ought to be brought under the cognizance of Her Majestv's Attorney

WELLAND CANAL .- By the giving way of the acqueduct, about the middle of last week, the navigation was unfortunately impeded for a day or two. The accident was repaired with as little delay as possible, and on Saturday vessels were passing backwards and forwards as usual. It is confidently expected that the tolls this year will exceed the amount collected in any

one year since the Canal was constructed .- Niagara Chronicle. PORT BURWELL .- There will be shipped from this place during the season, nearly five hundred thousand West India staves, besides several thousand pipe staves—principally for the Quebec market. Between a million and a half and two mil-lion feet of pine lumber will be sent off this season. The greatest part of it is to be sent to Buffalo and Cleveland, at which places it finds a ready sale. Very seldom any thing but clear stuff is sent.—St. Thomas Standard.

COMMERCIAL. Montreal, Friday Evening 11th June, 1844. Since the dates of our Circular of the 11th inst., we have no

change to notice in our Flour market further than an increased dulness in the article, and a growing indisposition on the part

known good character are firm at 25s 4d to 25s 6d, and holders and interests of Canada.

Of the field for the state of t WHEAT is very saleable at 5s 3d to 5s 6d, but the quantity

Por Ashes remain without alteration in price, and a go

during the week ending this date :-

4,311 6,722 To the same period last year ........... 360 Government Emigration Office, Quebec, 9th June, 1844

THE WEATHER. Extract from Meteorological Register. HER MAJESTY'S MAGNETICAL OBSERVATORY, TORONTO, CANADA

Days.			Self Registering Thermometer.			
			Max.	Min.	24 Obser'vs	
Monday,	June	01,	596	345	5099	
Tuesday,	46	11,	680	417	5135	
Wednesday,	46	12,	663	462	5465	
Thursday,	"	13,	708	442	5821	
Friday,	46	14,	743	500	5992	
Saturday,	46	15,	723	492	6116	

C. W. YOUNGHUSBAND, Lieut, R. A. on the pr NOTICE.

The Quarterly Meeting of the Managing Committee of the London, Brock, Talbot, and Huron Branch of the Church Society of the Diocese of Toronto, will be HEADACHE. held at London, on Tuesday, the 2d July, at 2 o'clock, P. M. BENJ'N. CRONYN, Secretary.

MIDLAND DISTRICT BRANCH OF THE CHURCH SOCIETY. The Quarterly Meeting of the Committee of the Midland District Branch of the Church Society, will be held in the School-room of St. George's Church, Kingston, on Tuesday July 2nd, at 3 o'clock, P. M.

T. H. M. BARTLETT, Secretary.

Kingston, June 14, 1844.

WESTERN CANADA Church of England Diocesan Press.

THE Subscribers to this Association are requested to pay spective shares, on or before the Tenth day of July next. A DIVIDEND for the past year, at the rate of Eight & Cent.

By order of the Managing Committee. H. J. GRASETT, Secretary & Treasurer.

A CHURCH ORGAN FOR SALE, SCALE, from double G to F in Alt, containing to stops, 413 pipes, the largest 10 ft. 6 in. long, 9 in. square to composition pedals and one octave of pedals for the feet. In black walnut case, with gilt front pipes, 13 ft. high, 9 ft. wide Open Diapason from double G to F in alt. 58 pipes, 49

Stop Diapason from double G to F in alt. 58 pipes, wood: Flute from double F to F in alt. 49 pipes, 31 met. 12 wood

Violanta from tenor F to F in alt. 37 pipes, metal.

Trumpet do 37 do do Trumpet do 37 do do The Violanta, Trumpet, and Dulciana, from tenor F to F

H. & W. ROWSELL, BOOKSELLERS, STATIONERS, AND PRINTERS, 163, King Street, Toronto;

A RE now receiving their SPRING IMPORTATIONS England, comprising a large and varied assortment of Account-books and Stationery OF EVERY DESCRIPTION, Which, for quality and cheapness cannot be surpassed; and also, a their great variety of Works, by late and Standard Authors, including all hose in use at the University of King's College.

Their stock of SCHOOL-BOOKS is very extensive, and imprises all such as are in use in *Upper Canada College*, and the prious *District Schools* in the Province. H. & W. R. respectfully invite the attention of Bankers, Merchants Forwarders, and others, to their large and varied stock of Ledgers, Journals, Day-books, Bill-books,

ACCOUNT BOOKS. Letter-papers, Foolscap, Pott, and all sizes of Writing-papers, plain and ruled, of the best and cheapest qualities. Sealing-wax, Wafers, Office-tape and Ribbon; Quills, Steel Pens, in great variety; Pencils, Envelopes, Drawing-papers, of all sizes and qualities; Drawing-pencils, Bristol-boards, Colour-boxes; Tinted, Gold, and Silver Papers; Embossed Drawing boards, &c. &c. &c.; and every variety of Plain and Fancy Stationery.

BOOK AND JOB PRINTING BOOK-BINDING, IN ALL ITS BRANCHES. Copper-plate Printing & Engraving, &c. Orders for Account-Books, Ruled and Bound to any desired pattern,
promptly and carefully attended to:
N. B.—A liberal Discount allowed to Schools and Teachers.

plained everything:—"P.S. Pleas excuse errors of spellin and as A few Mahogany Writing-Desks, (London made very superior description, and of better isually imported, have just been received. Toronto, June 17, 1844.

ORDERS FOR ENGLAND. THE Subscribers will, during the Season of Navigation, be constantly receiving Shipments from England. Orders for Books, &c., forwarded to them, will be included in the lists they send home from time to time, and be executed without whole of the Shipping Season, the orders sent will be executed under his personal superintendence.

To ensure their receipt during the present year, orders for books should be furnished on or before the 23rd of July next. French H. & W. ROWSELL, 163, King Street. Toronto, May 29, 1844. DENTISTRY.

DR. COWLES has removed his Office to his intended residence, on King Street, the house formerly occupied by Mr. Sisson, nearly opposite Messrs. Gravely and Jackson's

Cobourg, June, 19, 1844. General Agency Office.

WILLIAM HEPBURN (late Registrar of the Court of Chancery, Canada West) has opened an Office at No. 7, Rue St. Laurent, Montreal, where every description siness connected with the Public Offices, Land Age and otherwise, and also Commercial Agency of every kind, will promptly attended to. Opinions on Chancery Cases given, Petitions, Acts of Par-ement, Conveyances, Leases, Wills, Contracts, Copartner-

ship Deeds, Charter Parties, and every description of Legal N. B .- All letters must be post-paid. Montreal, 1st June, 1844. New and Splendid Assortment of Summer Goods. J. HOLMAN,

MERCHANT TAILOR. BEGS leave to call the attention of his Customers, and the public in general, to his stock of the newest and most ortment of Summer Goods, consisting of Superfine Black, Blue, Brown, Olive, and Coloured Broad Cloths Black and Fancy Cassimeres; Plaid and Striped Doeskins Plain and Figured Tweeds, Military Drills, &c. &c.—all of which he will make up in his usual good style, and at very

A beautiful assortment of VESTINGS. Cobourg, June 17, 1844. NOTICE.

VILLIAM HITCHINS having removed, intends con-Soap-boiler and Tallow Chandler,

next South of Mr. George Stephens's Furniture Ware-rooms, Division Street, and trusts to merit support. WANTED—a Man perfectly acquainted with the usiness, and who can command a character for general good to required, with French and Music. Cobourg, June 18, 1844.

FOR SALE,

and Paper-Hangings; Boots and Shoes, Solc Leather, and Calf Skins; Grass and Cradle Scythes; Iron, Steel, Nails, Glass, we. &c.: with many other articles which it is needless to insert

PILES, &c.

HORSES that have Ring-bone, Spavin, Wind-Galls, &c. are the description of the spaving of the sp

MAGICAL PAIN EXTRACTOR SALVE BURNS AND SCALDS, and sorés and SORE EYES. It has delighted thousands. It will take out all pain in ten minutes, and no failure. It will cure the PILES. LIN'S SPREAD PLASTERS. A better and more nice and useful article was never made. should wear them regularly.

LIN'S TEMPERANCE BITTERS e principle of substituting the tonic in place of the stimulant iple, which has reformed so many drupkards. To be used with LIN'S BLOOD PILLS.

HEADACHE: DR. SPOHN'S HEADACHE REMEDY,

Dr. Spohn's Elixir of Health,

CORNS .- The French Plaster is a sure cure. THE INDIA HAIR DYE, Colours the hair any shade you wish, but will not color the skin. SARSAPARILLA. COMSTOCK'S COMPOUND EXTRACT.

into the hands of the undersigned, or at the office of the Church, at Cobourg, an Installment of Five per Cent (being the eleventh installment) upon the amount of their superior to all others. It does not require puffing. Dr. Lin's Celestial Balm of China.

A DIVIDEND for the past year, at the rate of Eight & Cent. The rannum, upon the amount of the Stock paid in, will be ayable to the Subscribers at the office of The Church, at Cobourg, on and after the 10th of August next.

By order of the Managing Committee.

A post-ive cure for the Piles, and all external allings—all interminations brought to the surface by friction with this Balm;—so it coughs, swelled or sore throat, lightness of the chest, this Balm applied on a fannel will relieve and cure at once. Fresh wounds out old sores are rapidly cured by it. Dr. Bartholomew's Expectorant,

will prevent or cure all incipient CONSUMPTION, COUGHS, and COLDS, taken in time, and is a delightful remedy. Remember the name, and get Comstock's. Kolmstock's Vermifuge

Tooth Drops .- KLINE'S cure effectually.

Entered according to Act of Congress, in the year 184, by Comstock § Co. in the Clerk's office of the Southern District of New-York. from double G to F in alt. 58 pipes, wood:
do do 58 do metal.
do F in alt. 49 pipes, 31 met. 12 wood.
enor F to F in alt. 37 pipes, metal.

y co. in the Clerk's office of the Southern District of New-York.
By applying to our Agents in each town and vilage, papers may be had free, showing the most respectable names in the country for these facts, so that no one can fail to believe them.

\$\mathbb{E}\$ Be sure you call for our articles, and not be put off with any should be your motto—and these never can be true and genuine without our names to them. All these articles to be had wholesale and retail only of us.

COMSTOCK & Co. Wholesale Description.

COMSTOCK & Co., Wholesale Druggists, New-York, and of our Agents. J. M. GROVER, Agent for Colborne, C. W.

The Upper Canada Jurist through the intervention of incorporated Companies was completely established before the Committee of the Legislative Assembly on Private Bills in the last Session of the Parliament of Canada. Mr. Atcheson, who was examined as a witness of Canada. Mr. Atcheson, who was examined as a wi 362-8
£1 10s. on the receipt of the first number, and the same amount half yearly. It is necessary that these terms be strictly Toronto, June 4th, 1844.

ST. PETER'S CHURCH, COBOURG. THE Subscribers to the fund for the enlargement and improvement of St. Peter's Church, in this Town, are requested to pay into the hands of J. V. Boswell Esq. an instal-

J. V. BOSWELL, Churchwardens. Cobourg, May 15th, 1844. MRS. MACKENZIE'S SEMINARY FOR YOUNG LADIES, KEMPTVILLE.

TERMS, PER QUARTER OF 12 WEEKS. UITION comprising the following Branches of Education, Reading, Writing, Arithmetic, English Grammar, History, Geography, and Needle Work, £0 15 Piano Forte, ...... Boarding and Lodging, ..... 6 0 0 Or, Boarding, Lodging, and Tuition, £30 per annum:

FANCY WORK taught on moderate Terms. Each Boarder o pay for her own Washing, and to provide a Table and Tea Bed, Bedding, and Towels. Condon made)
Inufacture than notice previous to leaving School.

Payments to be made Quarterly in advance. Six weeks'
361-4 PORT HOPE SEMINARY,

(PARSONAGE HOUSE,) WILL close for the MIDSUMMER VACATION, on Saturday, 15th June and

Saturday, 15th June, and re-open on TUESDAY, delay. As one of the Firm will be in England during the Board and Tuition, including Writing, Afithmetic, Botany, History and Geography, ..... (per quarter) ... £5 Drawing and Painting ..... Painting upon Velvet..... Ornamental Needlework ....... References-The Rev. J. Shortt, Port Hope; J. T. Williams, Esq'r., M.P.P., Port Hope; D. Smart, Esq'r., Port Hope; C. Hughes, Esq., Port Hope; E. Hill, Esq., Port Hope; Wm. Sisson, Esq., Port Hope; G. S. Daintry, Esq., Cobourg;

E. Clarke, Esq., Bond Head. EDUCATION, BY MIRS. HING, Bishop's Buildings, Newgate Street, Toronto. For Reading, Writing, Arithmetic, Grammar,
Geography, History, Biography, Plain and
Ornamental Needlework, &c. &c. ..........£1 10 0
Drawing, in Pencil and Water Colours........... 1 10 0 Music-Piano and Guitar, each ..... First Rudiments ..... Payable Quarterly in advance.

N. B .- Six Young Ladies can receive Board and Education the above branches, for £40 per annum, — Dancing extra. The following Gentlemen have kindly permitted their names to be used as references:-Rev. Dr. McCAUL, V. P. K. C. U. Rev. H. J. GRASETT, M.A. Hon. Mr. Justice McLEAN.

Messrs. H. & W. Rowsell.

Toronto, March, 1844. Nursery Governess Wanted, OMPETENT to take charge of a family of young Children, and instruct them in the usual branches of an lish Education. One who understands Music, and of the Established Church, would be preferred. Apply to THOS. CHAMPION, post-paid, 'Church' newspaper May 1st, 1844.

WANTED, IN a family resident in the country, a Lady, who has been For particulars apply (if by letter, post-paid) to Mr. Champion, Church Depository, Toronto.

ever offered to the Public in this section of the country consisting in part of the following:-BALDNESS.

Staple and Fancy Dry Goods; Groceries; Hardware; Crockery; &c.; Drugs, Patent Medicines; and Perfumery; Paints, Oils, Dye-Woods, and Dye-Stuffs; Books, Stationery, and Paper-Hangings: Boots and Shore Sale Lowers.

Rheumatism and Lameness

Positively cured, and all shrivelled muscles and limbs are restored, in the old or young, by the Indian Vegetable flikie and Nekve and Bone Liniment—but never without the name of Comstock & Co. on it.

All of which have been carefully selected by himself from the very best houses in New York and Montreal, and every pains taken to make his assortment the most complete of any in this part of the country; and as he is determined to sell at are wholly prevented, or governed if the attack has come on, if you use the only true Hay's Lindment, from Comstock & Co. All Sores and every thing relieved by it that admits of an outward application. It acts like a charm. Use it. a very small advance, for Cash or MERCHANTABLE PRODUCE,

SUMMER FASHIONS.

T. HARVEY, DIVISION STREET, HAS this day received, in addition to his former Stock, Twelve Cases

New Summer Goods, Consisting of Dresses, Parasols, Bonnets, Shawls, Handker chiefs, Fringes, Fancy Flowers, Laces, Gloves, Hosiery, &c. &c all of which goods will be sold at unprecedented low prices.

N. B.—T. H. daily expects an additional supply of new Groceries, Crockery and Earthenware. Cobourg, June 1, 1844. 191, KING STREET, TORONTO.

THOMAS WHEELER, CLOCK AND WATCH MAKER, ENGRAVER, &c.

RESPECTFULLY solicits a share of Public Patronage. Duplex, Lever, Horizontal, Vertical, French, and Geneva Watches and Clocks, Cleaned and Repaired with accuracy and dispatch—and warranted:

Arms, Crests; Cyphers, Brass and Silver Scals, Door and
Number Plates, Window Tablets, and Coffin Plates Engraved.

Coats of Arms Emblazoned.

Stencilling and Marking Plates cut at short notice. Jewelry neatly Repaired, Hair inserted in Rings, Broaches,

China and Glass Riveted and Repaired in the most substan-

All favours received from the country shall have imme diate attention, and be returned according to promise. \*\* Reference, for integrity and ability, kindly permitted to the
Lord Bishop of Toronto.

Toronto, May, 1844. CARVING, GILDING, LOOKING-GLASS & PICTURE-FRAME MANUFACTORY

A FEW DOORS WEST OF THE MARKET,

King Street, Cobourg. SIMON MUNRO RESPECTFULLY begs leave to announce; that he has opened, in the TOWN OF COBOURG, an establishment for the above Business,—such as Carving, Gilding, Looking glass and Picture-frame Making; House, Sign, and Ornamental Painting; Glazing, Graining, Marbling, Paper-baselies

Gilt Window Cornices; Rich Ornamental Frames for Oil Paintings; Plain Gold, and Walnut and Gold Frames for Prints,--made to order, and on the shortest notice. Prints, Maps, and Oil Paintings, Cleaned and Varnished in

Gilt Mouldings, for bordering rooms, always on hand: Orders from the Country punctually attended to. Cobourg, 12th June, 1844.

LOOKING GLASSES. THE Subscriber has just opened a new Show Room at his Cabinet Manufactory, in Division Street, Cobourg, for the sale of Looking Glasses of every size and description, with elegantly Gilt, Mahogany, Walnut, and other frames, consisting of Drawing Room, Parlour, Cheval, and Bed-room Glasses which he is enabled to sell as low as any House in the Province

GEO. STEPHENS. All kinds of Cabinet Furniture

361-3 on hand for sale, or manufactured at the shortest notice. Also, in a few weeks, another supply of Piano Fortes.— Pholstery done as usual. Funerals furnished,—Hearse provided for any part of the Province. Cabinet Warerooms up stairs;

ment of Twenty per cent. (or one-fifth), upon the amount of their respective subscriptions, on or before the first day of July FASHIONABLE TAILORING ESTABLISHMENT. No. 6, Waterloo Buildings, NEXT DOOR TO STONE'S HOTEL, TORONTO.

ROBERT HAWKE, in tendering his sincere thanks to his Friends particularly and the Public generally, begs leave to inform them, that he keeps constantly on hand a well-West of England Broad Cloths, Cassimeres,

Doeskins, &c. &c. VESTINGS, IN GREAT VARIETY, Which he is prepared to put up to order in the most fashionable N.B.—Cassocks, Clergymen and Queen's Counsel's Gowns Barristers' Robes, &c., made on the shortest notice and in

superior style.

Toronto, May 30, 1844. MOTICE. THE Subscriber, in retiring from his present business at their hands, and at the same time would solicit a settlemen of their accounts on or before the first day of August next.—

He would also embrace this opportunity of recommending to their favourable notice Mr. THOMAS BILTON, who has taken his establishment, and is in every respect qualified to give general satisfaction. THOMAS J. PRESTON.

Toronto, May 13, 1844. THOMAS BILTON, WOOLLEN DRAPER AND TAILOR; No. 2, Wellington Buildings, King Street, TORONTO,

[LATE T. J. PRESTON,] WOULD inform his friends and the public that he has purchased the entire Stock of Mr. T. J. PRESTON, and will continue to carry on the business of a MERCHANT behalf of the Company. TAILOR, in the same Style, and on the same Terms as his predecessor, and respectfully solicits a continuance of the patronage so favourably extended to him.

T. B. will always keep on hand a well selected stock of the

Best West of England Broad Cloths, Cassimeres, Doeskins, &c. &c. ALSO,-A selection of superior VESTINGS, all of which he is prepared to make up to order in the most fashionable

manner, and on moderate terms. P.S.—A variety of styles of Gold and Silver Laces, Cord, &c. suitable for Military Uniforms, Liveries, &c. 133 Ladies' Riding Habits, Cassocks, Clergymen, and Queen's Counsel's Gowns, Barristers' Robes, Naval and Military Uniforms, &c. &c. made on the shortest notice and in

Toronto, May 13, 1844. THOMAS H. EDMUNDS. TAILOR, ROBE MAKER, AND DRAPER, NO. 2, CHURCH STREET, TORONTO,

IN returning his most sincere thanks to his friends and the public generally, for the liberal support hitherto extended to him, would beg most respectfully to inform them that he has just received (per Great Britain from London,) a large assortment of Goods, adapted for the present and coming seasons, which, for quality and elegance, cannot be surpassed in the Province. Also, materials for University, Barrister's, and Clergymen's Robes, from ADAM & EDES, Robe Maker to her Majesty's High Court of Exchequer, Chancery Lane, London. And as the advertiser has had considerable experience in Robe making, as well as all other branches of his business, he hopes, by unremitting attention to business, to merit that patronage which it will ever be his study to deserve. Toronto, May 23, 1844.

ARCHIBALD FRASER, Tailor, Habit and Pelisse Maker, &c. BEGS to intimate to the Inhabitants of Cobourg and the surrounding country, that on the 1st of May next ensuing, he will open a Shop in King Street, opposite the ALBION HOTEL, in which he will carry on the above business, in all

From long experience in the principal cities of Great Britain, particularly in London, Edinburgh, and Glasgow, he doubts not that he will give entire satisfaction to all those who may favor him with their orders. Garments made with despatch, and in the most approved

and fashionable style.

NAVAL AND MILITARY CLOTHING, LIVERIES, and the

P. McCALLUM,

CLOTHIER, COBOURG, HAS just received a large and fashionable assortment of Goods, which he would request his friends and the pub-

Cobourg, 6th June, 1844.

J. H. JONES,

MERCHANT TAILOR, RETURNS his sincere thanks to his friends and the public in general for the liberal patronage he has received since his commencement in business, and begs to inform them that he has just received a FRESH SUPPLY OF GOODS, suitable for the season, which he is prepared to make up in the most fashionable manner, and on moderate terms:

Cobourg, 15th April, 1844. EMPORIUM. UNDER THE PATRONAGE OF THE UNIVERSITY.

W. H. EDWOODS,

HAIR-DRESSER AND PERFUMER. No. 2, St. JAMES'S BUILDINGS, KING-STREET, BEGS respectfully to acquaint his Friends and the Gentry of this City that he has recently fitted up

A PRIVATE DRESSING-ROOM for their convenience, and he hopes they will favour him with their patronage.

Also, a Room for the accommodation of Ladies and Children.

He would mention that he has on hand a quantity of RAZORS, HAIR-BRUSHES, AND PERFUMERY.

A Composition for the certain cure of Ring-worms. RAZORS CAREFULLY SET. Private Entrance to the Dressing-Room; one door west

Toronto, May, 1844. NOTICE TO THE PUBLIC.

THE Sale of the Eleven (say Sixteen, as per hand-bills,)
BUILDING LOTS, on the East hank of the River Don, near the City of Toronto, advertized in the fourth page of this journal, will be sold by AUCTION, on TUESDAY EVEN-11th day of June next, at Ereur o'clock precisely, at Mr. Wakefield's Auction Mart.

TERMS:-Only £2 10s. on each lot required down, the remainder can be paid in four equal annual instalments.

NOTICE: These Lots are larger, (being from one-fourth to three-fourths of an acre each,) cheaper, (see hand-bills,) and upon easier terms than any lots now offered for sale: The soil is well adapted for Pasture, Orchard, or Garden; and those lying at the Margin of the River, are well adapted for the erection of any kind of Machinery propelled by Seam, and would answer well for a Brewery, Distillery, or Tannery.

N.B .- Purchasers wishing to have a Deed at once, can have one, by giving a Mortgage.

It may be well to remark, that such a Deed will entitle the holder to a Vote in the First Riding of the County of York.

Toronto May 1844. 357-tf Toronto, May, 1844.

JOHN MIMIMO, A GENT for the New York Albion, Queen of the Isles, Old Countryman, and Chambers' Edinburgh Journal; at Mr. HALL'S, Richmond Street, three doors east from Church Street; TERMS PER ANNUM!

Albion. Queen of the Isles,..... 0 15 0 Old Countryman, 0 15 0 Chamber's Edinburgh Journal, 0 7 6 Toronto, 23rd May, 1844. JUST PUBLISHED.

The Addresses presented to His Excellency the GOVERNOR GENERAL, N the occasion of the Resignation of his late Advisers;

ON the occasion of the ness with His Excellence's Reprires: For Sale by Armour & Ramsay, Montreal; Ramsay, Armour & Co., Kingston; C. H. Morgan, and Gravely & Jackson; Cobourg; A. H. Armour & Co., Hamilton; A. Davidson; Ningara; J. F. Rogers, Woodstock; W. Green; Dundas;

H: & W. ROWSELL, 163, King Street, Toronto: 357 and by the Publishers,

IN THE PRES AND SPEEDILY WILL BE PUBLISHED! THE PRINCIPLES OF BOOK-KEEPING,

TO A STUDENT OF UPPER CANADA COTALEGE: AN ELEMENTARY COURSE OF BOOK-KEEPING BY DOUBLE ENTRY;

W. SCOTT BURN. H. & W. ROWSELL, Publishers: Toronto, May, 1844. MR. J. D. HUMPHREYS,

FORMERLY OF THE ROYAL ACADEMY OF MUSIC,

PROFESSOR OF SINGING & THE PIANO FORTE, No. 2, Chewett's Buildings, King Street; TORONTO:

R: HUMPHREYS expects to receive from England in the Spring, and to be regularly supplied with an extensive selection of the most fashionable and popular PIANO FORTE AND VOCAL MUSIC; Also, several superior-toned Six, and Six and a half Octave Grand-action Square Piano Fortes, from the Manufactory of Messrs. Stodart & Co, New-York. Toronto, Feb. 14, 1844.

MR. BEAUMONT, Merchant Tailor, would return grateful thanks to his richards and customers for the generous patronage be has received FELLOW OF THE ROYAL MEDICAL AND CHIRURGICAL SOCIETY OF LONDON, &c. &c. REMOVED TO BAY STREET,

NEAR TO FRONT STREET, At home for consultation from 10 a.m. till 12 daily: Toronto, April, 1844. BRITISH AMERICA

FIRE AND LIFE ASSURANCE COMPANY, Authorized by Act of Parliament to gran INLAND MARINE ASSURANCE. A S AGENT for this Institution, the Subscriber gives notice that he is authorised to grant ASSURANCE ither in the Fire or Marine department, in the name and on

Cobourg, 3rd June, 1844. The Spottiswoode Society. MESSRS. H. & W. ROWSELL will receive the Names of Subscribers in Western Canada to The Sportis-

POODE SOCIETY!

The Terms are the same as those of The PARKER SOCIETY, viz., One Pound Sterling, or Twenty-five Shillings Currency, annually, payable at the time of subscribing. BIRTHS.

On the 20th May, the wife of the Rev. W. King, Robinson, C. E., of a son. MARRIED.

At Toronto, on Sunday the 16th inst., the lady of the Hon.

At Amherstburg, on Tuesday the 4th inst., at the residence of Wm. Duff, Sen., Esq., W. G. Duff, Esq., to Miss Ann Richardson, eldest daughter of the late Dr. Richardson, of that At the Trinity Chapel Quebec, on the 5th inst., by the Rev. Edmond W. Sewell, John Ross, Esq., second son of the late David Ross, Esquire, King's Counsel, of Montreal, to Eliza Janet, youngest daughter of the late Honourable Jonathan Sewell, Chief Justice of Lower Canada and Speaker of the

DIED; At St. John's Newfoundland, on the 11th May last, Mars garet, wife of William Green, Esq., Assistant Commissary

At Richibucto, N. B., on the 19th ultimo, Frances Chandler Weldon, wife of John W. Weldon, Esquire, Speaker of the House of Assembly, and youngest daughter of the late Honble.

At Glasserton, near Dunnville, on Sunday the 2nd June, aged 14 years and 14 months, Mary Frederica, eldest daughter of Frederick Hyde, Esq., after a long and painful illnesss, which she endured with christian patience and meekness, calmly resigning her spirit to the keeping of her God and Saviour Jesus Christ, of whom she was permitted to deelere, not an hour before the breached her last, "The Lord's my Shepherd, I shall not want."-Com.

Letters received during the week ending Thursday, June 20: Rev. W. King, rem; C. Forrest, Esq.; Rev. T. H. M. Bartlett; W. Harvey, Esq., rem.; F. Hyde, Esq.; H. Smith, Esq., add. sub. & rem.; T. Champion, Esq., (2.); Rev. H. J. Grasett, (2.); Rev. S. Givins; Rev. W. H. Ripley; Lord NAVAL AND MILITARY CLOTHING, LIVERIES, and the HIGHLAND GARB, warranted to be made with accuracy and Bishop of Toronto; Rev. B. Cronys, add, sub.; B. Bailey, Esq., rem. in full vols. 7 & 8; W. Rowsell, Esq., (2 & 2 parters.)

The same progression is observable in the tolls collected from public works. In eight years, the tolls on the Welland, rose from £4,300 to £20,210; and in three years the

capital in British America, and to obtain the benefit of a colonial rate of interest, has not, it must be admitted, the same easy means of judging of the eligibility of a proffered security as American sides (2) an cities. The latter, in addition probably to a personal knowledge of the locality, finds no difficulty in obtaining with certainty an accurate knowledge of the nature of the pro-posed security, and of the probable chances of success of the undertaking contemplated by the borrower, without withdrawing himself from his usual avocations. The British capitalist, on the contrary, is separated by a long and inconvenient jour-ney from the field in which his capital is to be employed, and he is in a great measure disqualified by his habits and the very nature of his own pursuits from forming an adequate estimate of any of the circumstances which ought to direct his judgment in deciding on the eligibility of the projected investment. He must, therefore, be dependent on the services of an agent, whose business it must be to reside in the colony, and ascertain the money value of the property offered as a security and the legal sufficiency of the title, with such other circumstances as the capitalist may consider necessary. But it must be obvious

The extreme difficulty, not to say utter impossibility, of ob-

His the North Western States.

an