

ful, and lasting only three days (formerly five days). After four weeks, the patient discharged cured.

CASE II.—Anna H., 23 years old, has suffered for three years from chlorosis, with irregular menstruation, palpitation of the heart, a feeling of weakness, and occasional syncope. Physical examination showed the presence of anemic murmurs over the heart, as well as a venous murmur; no fever or edema.

Date.	Red Blood Cells in Cubic Millimetre.	Hemoglobin per cent.	Bodily Weight.	Therapy.
August 4. . . .	3,750,000	35	55.5	Pepto-Mangan (Gude), one table-spoonful three times daily.
August 29. . .	4,010,000	60	57.8	
September 14	4,200,000	70	59.	

Appearance of menses after absence of 12 weeks; subjective disturbances have disappeared.

CASE III.—M. W., 16 years old, has suffered since a year from headaches, dyspnea, tinnitus aurium, vertigo, and gastric disturbances. There was marked pallor of the face and of the mucous membranes; systolic murmurs over the mitral and pulmonary valves, with dilatation of the heart. No fever; spleen not palpable. Diagnosis, severe chlorosis.

Date.	Red Blood Cells in Cubic Millimetre.	Hemoglobin per cent.	Bodily Weight.	Therapy.
August 5. . . .	2,250,000	25	52.5	Pepto-Mangan (Gude), one table-spoonful three times daily.
August 13. . .	3,200,000	30	53.5	
August 16. . .	3,350,000	35	55.5	
August 23. . .	3,530,000	40	56.5	
September 1.	4,250,000	45	58.	

The subjective symptoms rapidly subsided, the appetite improved, and the stools became regular. The menses reappeared in the second week of treatment, after having been absent for a year.

CASE IV.—M. P., 15 years old. Menses absent since one-half year; always scanty. Vicarious hemorrhages from the nose. Since three months the patient has suffered from dyspnea, vomiting, cardiac palpitation, general weakness, headaches, feeling of dulness and sleeplessness. Physical examination reveals anemic murmurs, moderate dilatation of the heart, venous murmur.