

puncture. When suppuration resulted, he incised the abscess cavity and drained. In cystic cases he inserted an insulated canula, evacuated the contents and then filled up the cyst with saline solution. He then passed in a current of electricity sufficiently strong to destroy the lining membrane, trusting to the resulting inflammation to obliterate the cavity. Removal is only indicated in malignant growths.

Dr. MUIR (Truro) in discussion pointed out that exophthalmic goitre was very common in Nova Scotia particularly in young girls of blonde complexion. He thought the overstrain of schooling had something to do with it. He advocated intestinal antiseptics.

Dr. F. X. DEMARTIGNY read an interesting paper on "Genital Prolapse and its Treatment" contributed by Prof. Delaunay, of Paris.

Dr. W. J. GIBSON (Belleville) detailed a case in which a bicornate uterus had been mistaken for ectopic gestation.

Dr. D. CAMPBELL MYERS (Toronto) read a paper on "Neurasthenia." He confined his remarks to spinal irritation and the relation of neurasthenia to insanity. Spinal irritation was not due to local disease but was psychic. In neurasthenia early treatment was important. He advocated seclusion and a modified Weir Mitchell course.

The Committee on Interprovincial Registration, consisting of representatives of all the provinces excepting British Columbia, reported that they had come to a unanimous decision, and presented the following report, being a basis for a uniform rule for the whole Dominion.

I. There shall be accepted for matriculation: B.A. From any recognised university, or in lieu thereof, first-class or grade A, Provincial certificate in any of the Provinces for teachers' licenses, or an examination of the following branches, which shall be compulsory and conducted by the various councils of the educational departments of each province, viz.:

1. English grammar, composition, literature and rhetoric.
2. Arithmetic, including vulgar and decimal fractions, and extractions of the square and cube root and mensuration.
3. Algebra to the end of quadratic equations.
4. Geometry. First three books of Euclid.
5. Latin. First two books of Virgil's *Æneid* or three books of Caesar's Commentaries, translation and grammar.
6. Elementary mechanics of solids and fluids, composing the elements of statics, of dynamics, hydrostatics and elementary chemistry.
7. Canadian and British history, with questions in modern geography.
8. Translation and grammar of any two of the following subjects: Greek, French and German.
9. In lieu of the above we also recommend that any student pre-