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OF CANADA.

MAY, 1862.

WESLEYAN METHODIST CHURCH IN CANADA.

QUARTERLY TICKET FOR MAY, 1862.

Considerable obscurity rests on the origin of the Wesleyan plan of ring to the membership of the Church a ticket, at each quarterly visition of the classes. About the year 1699, Dr. Woodword published an count of a number of religious societies, which had their origin in 1667, incipally in the ministrations of the pious Dr. Horneek and Mr. Smithies, London. These societies were in the habit of holding weekly meetings, a similar tokens, it is supposed, were given to the members.

Several of these societies Mr. Wesley found existing in London, and in ristol, when he began his carcer. And to them he makes frequent referce in the first part of his journals. They were exceedingly useful for time—but had greatly declined in religious vigour and zeal. About the ne Mr. Wesley commenced his labours in London, one of these societies St. Ive's, in Cornwall, gave proof of renewed religious vitality and ower, and when the Methodist preachers visited St. Ives, they were corally received by its members. In Smith's "History of Wesleyan Methtism," we have a copy of a ticket dated Sept. 4th, 1739, given near Pennee, most likely by this or some similar society, to one of its members, this was before any Methodist minister had visited the west of England. he first Methodist Society was formed in the latter end of the year 39, and consisted of twelve persons. In Mr. Wesley's Sermon "On 64's Vineyard" he says, "Twelve came the first Thursday night, forty esecond, and soon after a hundred."

The year 1742 forms an important period in the history of Methodism; e division of the society into classes shows the wisdom and foresight of founder, as it brought the whole of his rapidly-increasing societies under ad and watchful discipline, and furnished opportunity for that individual ligious instruction so essential to spiritual progress and efficiency, while

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