

self-denyingly devoted themselves to Christ's poor, and are engaged in such extensive practical works. After the sermon the sum of £101 was collected at the Offertory. The institution, containing about ninety inmates, depends entirely on voluntary gifts and offerings, and at this moment is in debt to the amount of £1000. The Sisters are glad to call at the houses of the rich for their broken victuals whenever they have permission to do so; and execute orders for any and every kind of needlework, &c., at the customary charges.

IRELAND.—Two important Benefices have become vacant by the death of the incumbents. The rectory of Enniskillen, which has been for many years held by the Hon. and Rev. J. C. Maude, M.A., is in the gift of the Provost and Fellows of Trinity College, Dublin. The parish includes the borough of Enniskillen and a large out-lying district called Tempo. The church of Enniskillen contains 800 sittings, and that of Tempo 500. The net annual income of the parish, including the rent of lands belonging to the rector as precentor of Clogher Cathedral, is under £400. The rectory of Tullow, in the county of Carlow, is vacant by the death of the Rev. J. B. Johnson, M.A., who also held the office of Dean's Vicar in St. Patrick's Cathedral. The rectory is in the gift of the Marquis of Ormonde, and it is likely that the Cathedral office will be suppressed in accordance with the provisions of a late Act, which enables the Dean and Chapter of St. Patrick's to apply the income of sinecure offices connected with the cathedral to the increase of the economy fund. Mr. Johnson was known as an able and eloquent preacher.

UNITED STATES.

The Right Rev. Dr. Brownell, Bishop of Connecticut, and the Presiding Bishop of the P. E. Church, has placed on the list of Clergy, the names of the Rev. W. O. Lanson, Rector of Trinity Church, in the city of Paris, and the Rev. Wm. C. Langdon, Rector of Grace Church, in the city of Rome. This has been done after careful consultation as to the force and bearing of the Canon under which his jurisdiction is acquired. That jurisdiction is *personal* to the Presiding Bishop. On the demise of the Presiding Bishop, Clergymen thus ministering to congregations in a foreign country pass directly to the jurisdiction of the Presiding Bishop; the Canon itself working that change of jurisdiction, ordinarily brought about by Letters Demissory; while in case a Clergyman resigns the charge of any such congregation, he returns, *ipso facto*, to the jurisdiction from which he passed to that of the Presiding Bishop.

The annual convention of the Diocese of Vermont was held on the 11th and 12th July, at St. Luke's Church, Portland. The Lord Bishop of Montreal, who was on a visit to Bishop Burgess, preached the opening sermon from 2 Timothy i. 13, 14. The *Church Journal* says:—"It was a practical and instructive discourse, having a special reference to the ordination that was to follow; setting forth the duty of holding and declaring the truth as received and witnessed by the Church from the earliest day of her history. The truth to be presented was that which exists independently of human opinions, and which is to be accepted because it is the revelation of God. In the reception of this truth, both in the ministry and doctrine, the Church had marched on, as if with a charmed life, through all conflicts, all afflictions; sometimes appearing to be almost destroyed, and again rising to life and vigorous action. This influence for the good of mankind was never more needed than at the present hour, when the social system is everywhere corrupted, and thus tending to its own ruin.

FOREIGN AND COLONIAL.

An eminent French writer, M. Alphonse Karr, has written a forcible pamphlet on the proposed revival of Peter's pence to assist the Pope against his Italian subjects, he says: "The sword of St. Peter was fit for cutting off the right ear of Malchus, the question then being to oppose the crucifixion of Christ; but now that the question is of the temporalities, that is, of the treasures and the revenue of the Pope, Peter's sword would be altogether insufficient. At this day the sword of St. Peter is made up of cannon, Paixhans, Armstrongs, and rifles. Instead of shabbily cutting off an ear, which Christ cured by nothing in the world more than a touch, the sword of Peter in our time can chop into mincemeat thousands of human beings in a quarter of an hour, and make their blood flow in torrents. Of course, St. Peter could do no better; the art of destruction was then in its infancy. But Peter's successors can take advantage of the most murderous inventions, and, above all, now they are laid under no constraint by the presence of Christ, who has altogether left them."

A miracle has been wrought upon Cardinal Wiseman, if we are to believe the correspondent of the *Monde* (*né Univers*). The story is connected with the absurdly pompous ceremonies connected with a vagrant named Joseph Labre, who has just been made a saint. This man would in this country have been prosecuted as a rogue and vagabond, so great was his misery and dirt, and such the wandering nomad life he led: Rome has made him a Saint. The *Monde* recording the miracles connected with the celebration of the event says: "Friday last, the second day before the *fête*, the Cardinal Wiseman, suffering from disease of the heart, was ready to die. . . Some one suggested that he should have recourse to the Blessed one, and the next day, Saturday, he officiated pontifically in the Church of St. Pudentiana!" Thus we have the learned and glorious Car-

dinal sanctioning the monstrous veneration to be rendered to Joseph Labre, the greatest ragamuffin (*délabré*) in France during his lifetime. But this is not the first saint of the loathsome kind which he has patronised.—*Clerical Journal*.

General Intelligence.

CANADA.

A child was lost about ten days ago in the bush adjoining the Holland Landing, County York, and although every exertion was made by the inhabitants of that town, and others in the vicinity, all search proved for a time unavailing, until, after the lapse of a week, the poor child was discovered, dead, some two or three miles in the interior of the bush, whither he had wandered. The child was about six years of age, and probably died of cold, starvation, and the constant attacks of mosquitoes.

The celebration of the 12th of July at Port Hope seems by all accounts to have been one of the largest and most imposing that has ever been got together. The lodges of three large counties were fully represented, and the Grand Master may well justify his absence from Toronto, in order to be present at such an imposing display.

In London, C. W., twenty-three Lodges, numbering from six to eight hundred persons, united in procession, and afterwards attended Divine Service. They assembled, after service, at the Court House, where several gentlemen addressed them with congratulation. A collection for the Protestant Orphans' Home, Toronto, was made, amounting to \$16 05.

The anniversary of the 12th of July was kept on Thursday last, by the Orangemen of Guelph, in accordance with their usual practice. They attended Divine Service, in St. Andrew's Church, in the morning, where a sermon was preached by the Rev. J. Hogg; after which a collection was taken up for the benefit of the Protestant Orphans' Home of Toronto.

The "Twelfth" was a very quiet day in Ottawa. In the evening a number of Orangemen partook of a dinner in honor of the occasion.

A meeting of the Canada Company was held recently, when a distribution was ordered at £4 per share, free of income tax. Since the last meeting business in Canada has steadily improved in consequence of the abundance of the harvest of the past year. The present crops also wear a promising appearance, notwithstanding the apprehensions at one time entertained owing to the severity of the weather. The transactions of the Company during the current half-year have been satisfactory, an increase being shown under every head. In the land sold and leased the augmentation during the first five months of the year has been 1,783 acres, and in the price 8s. 1d. per acre. 45,029 acres were converted into freehold, to the 31st of May last, at an average of 17s. 6d. per acre, and 27,961 acres in the same period of 1859 at 16s. 9d. The receipts were £57,212 currency, showing an increase of £21,580. The committee of the House of Assembly, appointed last session to consider the construction of a harbor of refuge on the eastern shore of Lake Huron, have reported strongly in favor of Goderich.

The Hon. John Molson, of Montreal, died a few days since, in his 78rd year.

The number of Emigrants arrived at Quebec to the 21st of July of the present year, was 5,879, an increase of 494 over the corresponding period of last year.

The newly discovered copper mines between Richmond and Sherbrooke, are said to promise exceedingly well. It is said that the owner of one of the mines, has, during the last year, made \$85,000 of profit, with only a dozen employées.

The Montreal *Transcript* says, "we are pleased to observe among the many city improvements in progress, that four new jets are to be placed round the fountain in the French Square, to be accompanied by drinking cups for the convenience of the thirsty public.

The Montreal *Gazette*, of 13th July, says the Harbour Commissioners of that city are "making arrangements, in connection with the civic authorities, to erect a splendid triumphal arch on the Bonsecours pier, where the Prince will land." The same paper states that an amalgamation of the Field Battery Band with the Rifle Band (Prince's) is in contemplation. It is likewise the opinion of the *Gazette* that such an arrangement would prove creditable to both companies, and that by it a very excellent band might be established.

EUROPE.

SWITZERLAND.—The Federal Council had received despatch from M. Kern, the Minister of Switzerland at Paris, in which M. Kern gives an account of the conference he had with M. Thouvenel in reference to the accomplished annexation of Savoy to France. The French minister declared that his Government would not object to this question being brought before a European conference at which Switzerland would take part.

THE EAST.—The Christian population of Syria have been suffering wholesale massacre at the hands of the Druses, but the very decided action of the Ottoman government has momentarily deferred the disturbances. On the 13th of June 2,000 soldiers were sent to Beyrout. The garrison of Damascus have committed acts of pillage. The governors of Damascus, Aleppo, and Smyrna have been deprived of office. The troops, which have been sent to restore order, are however, insufficient, and massacres are always feared. The Christian inhabitants of Cyprus are emigrating *en masse* to Greece.

On May 22nd the Malabar, one of the finest vessels of the Peninsular and Oriental Company went ashore in the harbour of Galle in Ceylon. Lord Elgin and Baron Gros lost the most important dispatches and papers of both embassies.