It would appear that the cost of these manufactured foods is from 40s. to 50s. sterling per cwt. Taking the ordinary stock foods at the current market prices in England, such as hay, linseed, and the different kinds of grain, it appears that, weight for weight, they are only a fourth or afth of the cost of these manufactured compositions. Very undeniable evidence of their superiority when given in much smaller quantities should be required to induce the farmer extensively to employ them. The following is the result of an analysis of one of these foods, as performed in Mr. Lawes's laboratory at Rothamsted: -

Water	
Nitrogenous substances	6.22
Starch, sugar, &c	55.97
Woody fibre	5.50
Alineral matter	3.34
	100.00

Now, independently of coloring matter and flavoring with cumin, anise, or other stimulating seeds used in cattle medicine, which these foods frequently exhibit, the constituents stated in the above table could be readily supplied by a mixture of barley-meal, with peas, beans, and linseed, at a cost of about one-fourth of the price of the manufactured cattle food.

We subjoin, in a tabulated form, the results of a practical trial of the food, the proximate analysis of which is above recorded. The plan of the experiment is stated to have been as follows:—six pigs were selected and divided into two lots of three each, the collective weights of the respective lots differing from one another by only 2 lbs. To lot No. 1 a mixture was given, composed of nine parts barley-meal and one part bran. To lot No. 2 the same mixture of barley meal and bran was given, with the addition of two parts of the manufactured food to every ten parts of the barley and bran mixture. The food was in each ease stirred up with hot water, and both lots were allowed as much of their respective foods as they choose to eat. The results of this comparative experiment were as follows:—

The formal and the control of the co									
Description of Food.	No of Pigs.	Duration of Experm't (Days).	Original Weight.	Final Weight.		Total food	Food con- sumed to produce 100 of In- crease.		
* · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·			lbs.	lbs.	lbs.	lbs.	•		
Lot 1. Nine parts Barley meal, one part Bran	3	28	357	496	139	547	393		
Lot 2. Nine parts Barley meal, one part Barn, two parts manufactured food	3	28	355	494	139	556	400		

The amount of increase for a given quantity of food consumed was in both cases good. It is obvious, however, that so far from there being less total food consumed when the manufactured meal was employed, there were 9 lbs. more of the mixture eaten when one-sixth of it consisted of the expensive manufactured