

KING COLE TEA

For You

If you enjoy a cup of Tea of a particularly rich mellow flavor.

KING COLE will produce a lasting glow of satisfaction.

"You'll like the flavor"



"Neu-Tone" for the Walls

It is so easy and so economical to have a beautifully decorated home, with "NEU-TONE" Flat Finish.

The soft, restful "Neu-Tone" tints will delight the woman and man who appreciate refinement and delicacy in the home.

When you "Neu-Tone" the walls, you save all fuss and bother of washing and scraping the plaster to re-decorate. Simply apply another coat of "NEU-TONE" in any shade or tint desired.

"NEU-TONE" is cheaper than wall paper. It is truly economical—absolutely sanitary—can't fade, scold or rub off—AND IS WASHABLE. Soap and water cleans a "NEU-TONE" wall and takes away dust, stains and finger prints.

Marble-ite Floor Finish will withstand all the wear and abuse to which a floor varnish is subjected; it can be used on hard or soft wood floors; every can carries with it a money-back guarantee.

"MADE IN CANADA"

We have for you a copy of each of our two books on home decoration—"Remedy in Neu-Tone" and "Tone and Country Homes". Ask for them when you come in.

A. E. Alexander & Son, Campbellton, N. B.



CHEAP SALE WILL CONTINUE

—AT—

S. A. POIRIER'S

NEXT WEEK.

Share in the Bargains.

Too Much Indigestion Causes HEADACHE

HERBINE BITTER'S

It is the best preparation of "Spring fever" commencing taking this true Blood Purifier. Don't wait for something worse to develop.

HERBINE BITTER'S

Sold at most stores. Family size, five times as large, \$1.00.



MISS EUNICE URQUHART was visiting friends in Chandler Saturday last.

ROLAND TAPP left for Gaspe on business Monday, April 26th.

MISS ANGIE MALONEY spent Sunday with Miss Stella Couture in Gaspe.

MR. MICK and **ALFRED MALONEY** were visiting some of their friends in Douglstown last week.

MISS JENNIE CHICOLE left here to be married in Port Daniel to Mr. Sydney Bission by Rev. Mr. Love. She is very much missed by her friends.

MR. CLEMENT CHICOLE is busy preparing his motor-boat, for there are good prospects of a large salmon catch in the river this summer.

Most of the young men are ready to leave for the river drive at any day, and will be missed by many of the young ladies of Barachois West.

NEW CARLISLE

MISS ROSE CALDWELL visited her sister, Mrs. LeBretton, of Bonaventure, for a few days last week.

HENRY and **MRS. KELLY** returned on Friday, after a short trip to Montreal and Quebec.

SERGEANT DAWSON of the 26th Battalion, St. John, spent a few days here last week.

The Canadian Magazine for May has some unusually attractive features. First there is "Our National Benefaction," by Herbert B. Ames, M.P., which is an account of the National Patriotic Fund; "Eddy's War," a little-known chapter in Canadian history, by R. F. Dixon; "With the Cod Fishermen," by Lacey Amy; "The Case of Ambrose Lepine," in the "Famous Canadian Trials" series, by Britton B. Cooke; "Fransmanism vs. Modern German Philosophy," by R. Gelwin Smith, and a good selection of short stories.

LIVERY STABLE

I have a first class equipment, good horses and prompt attention.

I also drive passengers from Campbellton to Cross Point station every morning. Phone 123 and I will call anywhere in town. Fare—the usual rate.

N. W. LEVESQUE,
O'Leary Street
2nd Stable Opposite St. Louis Hotel, Jan. 4th-6 mos.

W. C. T. U.

This department is conducted by the Local Union, and is under the charge of an editor appointed by them. This Editor assumes the responsibility for the statements and articles which appear in this column.

BOTH SIDES OF LIVE QUESTIONS

Is Prohibition the Remedy for the Liquor Evil? When and Where Prohibition Has Succeeded

By Samuel Dickie, M. S., L.L.D.

"Never," "Nowhere," answer the brewer and the bartender to the two questions implied in the caption of this article. "Always and everywhere," says the temperance enthusiast; meaning, of course, whenever and wherever it has been tried.

Neither answer is found to be true to the facts when the case is examined broadly and with the spirit of an investigator and not of an advocate.

"Prohibition will not prohibit" is the oft-repeated assertion of the license advocate and the sullen defender, and it is a statement hardly worth considering and certainly not worth denying. A gun will not shoot, an axe will not chop, a sewing machine will not sew, and a scythe will not cut grass, are all propositions that nobody cares to dispute, and are all out of the same fountain of wisdom as the assertion that prohibition will not prohibit. To be sure, a soldier can shoot with a gun, a housewife can sew with a machine, and a farmer can cut grass with a scythe—the soldier, the woman and the farmer being quite indispensable to the several operations.

It need scarcely be said that a prohibitory law placed on the statute books of a State will not destroy the liquor traffic, but it does provide a weapon whereby public officials are able, if they are so disposed, to reduce the traffic to a minimum, and to suppress the open and public sale altogether.

The disposition of officials of party leaders, the political influence of liquor men, the state of the public conscience, the activity of temperance organizations and the presence or absence of other issues of absorbing interest all enter into the problem we are considering. Nobody who is honest will contend that prohibition is always a failure, and nobody with courage enough to admit the truth will insist that it is always successful.

Illustrations of success and of failure are neither few nor difficult to find. Michigan, the State in which the writer resides, furnishes a conspicuous example of a prohibitory law which, in many parts of the State, was permitted to be a dead letter during most of the twenty years it was upon our statute books. From 1855 to 1876 the law forbade the traffic, and yet saloons abounded, with only now and then a spasmodic effort to enforce the law. But what a period for the experiment! What was going on from 1855 to 1876? It was a time when other matters absorbed public attention. It was the time of "Bully" Brooks, and John Brown, and Harper's Ferry, and Bull Run, and Gettysburg, and Appomattox, and assassination, and carpet-baggers, and reconstruction. Nobody, save the liquor men themselves, was giving much attention to the liquor traffic. Patriotic citizens were absorbed with other and tremendous anxieties.

"Prohibition is a Demonstrated Success"

But this paper is to deal with success and not with failures, and the writer is willing to assert, as susceptible of proof, that prohibition throughout the entire country, whether State-wide or by county option, is at the present time a demonstrated success, feared, and hated, and misrepresented by the men engaged in the liquor traffic, and efficient in reducing the evils of a ruinous trade far beyond the restraining power of any license system.

The reader's attention is directed to two curious and important facts, as connected with the oft-repeated statement that prohibition is not successful. The first of these is that it is the friend of the saloon and not its foe who insists that prohibition is a failure, while the active opponents of the traffic are ready to testify that prohibition, though not a perfect remedy, is, fairly successful and constitutes the most efficient means yet devised for curtailing the evils of the traffic.

Has anybody heard of a Methodist Conference, or a Presbyterian Synod, or a Baptist Convocation, or a Congregational Assembly, or a W. C. T. U. Convention, or an Anti-Saloon League that has gone on record against prohibition because it is a failure? Does anybody know of a temperance organization that is opposed to prohibition and in favor of the license policy? Is it not a curious fact that those who want prohibition to prohibit, who generously give time, and money, and effort to secure its adoption, who have no selfish end to serve in obtaining it, are unanimous in saying that it yields satisfactory results, while those at whose business it is aimed rise up, and, with one voice, pronounce it a dismal failure?

Practically every Protestant denomination in America is on record for prohibition, and every liquor organization has declared it a failure. All our religious papers are asking for it as a wholesome and practical cure for a national evil, and all the trade journals of the liquor traffic denounce it as a failure. Whenever a prohibition contest is on, be it in State or county, the ministers, the white-ribbon women, the Christian workers and the best people are found solidly arrayed in behalf of the reform, because they believe it both right and workable; while the worst people, both male and female,

SUN SNOW

It's false economy to starve the shingles by neglecting to give them a timely coat of some reliable preservative. The best way to make them last is to treat them thoroughly with

Anchor Shingle Stain

It is made from coal tar creosote oil, famous as a preventative of decay in wood, combined with permanent colors. There is another important ingredient; the creosote and colors are held firmly to the surface of the wood by our Special China-Seed Binding Oil; thus Anchor Shingle Stains have a permanency unknown to average stains.

In them you get a rare combination - thorough protection of the shingles and lasting colors, hence greater and more enduring satisfaction.

Ask your dealer or write to us for colors and details.

BRANDRAM-HENDERSON LIMITED



unite in opposing it and denounce it as a failure. Those who are trying to ruin the liquor business are all in favor of prohibition, and those who defend and protect the traffic are all against it. And all this looks much like furnishing two groups of witnesses to testify that prohibition does prohibit.

The second peculiar thing about this charge of failure is that anti-prohibitionists insist upon testing a prohibitory law by standards that nobody thinks of applying to any other statute. Are prohibitory laws successful in preventing altogether the evils at which they are aimed? Do they go before, in a sort of John-the-Baptist fashion, anticipate criminal intent, and stop crime before it occurs? They certainly do nothing of the kind—but what law does? We prohibit murder, but kill one another at the rate of ten thousand per annum; we pass laws to prohibit larceny, and forgery, and fraud, and house our thieves and swindlers in penitentiaries that are crowded to suffocation; we forbid petty crimes and misdemeanors, and our police courts are clogged by considering the cases of those who break the laws. Why shall this particular legislation be required to do what no other law is expected to accomplish?

Our contention is that prohibition succeeds because it is effective in reducing to a minimum the evil at which it is aimed. To prevent crime is something no law can accomplish. To reduce an evil, to limit its power, to drive it into the dark, to compel its perpetrators to operate in secret, doing the least amount of harm, with a fear of detection and punishment; that is what prohibition can do, and does do wherever it has had a fair trial.

The conclusion of the whole matter is:

That prohibitory laws are not more difficult of enforcement than other laws; that they are likely to be enforced wherever officials find a strong public sentiment in their favor; that such sentiment is on the increase and is likely to continue; and that, taking the country as a whole, prohibition is prohibiting as never before in all our history.

NOTICE OF SALE

To Henry A. Chandler of the City of Saint John in the County of St. John and Province of New Brunswick, formerly of the Town of Campbellton in the County of Restigouche in the said Province, and all others whom it may concern:

Notice is hereby given that under and by virtue of a Power of Sale contained in a certain Indenture of Mortgage bearing date the twenty-third day of December, in the year of our Lord one thousand nine hundred and ten, and made between Henry A. Chandler of the Town of Campbellton in the County of Restigouche and Province of New Brunswick, Land Surveyor, of the one part; and R. Bruce McBeath of the same place, Lumber Scaler, Mortgagee of the other part, and registered in the office of the Registrar of Deeds in and for the County of Restigouche the seventh day of January, A. D. 1911 as No. 12878 on pages 159, 160, 161, 162 and 163 in Book "D2" of the records of the County of Restigouche, there will for the purpose of satisfying the money secured by the said Indenture of Mortgage, default having been made in payment of principal and interest thereof be sold at Public Auction in front of the Post Office, Campbellton in the County of Restigouche on Friday the fourth day of June, A. D. 1915 at the hour of ten o'clock in the forenoon all the lands and premises described in the said Indenture of Mortgage, and described as follows:—All that certain lot, piece or parcel of land and premises, situate, lying and being in the Town of Campbellton aforesaid, bounded and described in the said Indenture of Lease as follows: Commencing at a point where the dividing line between the properties owned by the within named lessors and John B. Christopher intersects the northern boundary line of Gerrard street, thence running northerly along the said dividing line one hundred feet, thence running westerly parallel with the said Gerrard street ninety-nine feet, thence running southerly parallel with the east line one hundred feet to the north side of the said Gerrard Street, thence running easterly along the northern boundary of the said street ninety-nine feet to the said dividing line or place of beginning."

Together with all improvements and buildings thereon and rights and members privileges and appurtenances to the said lands and premises belonging or in any manner appertaining.

Dated at Campbellton in the County of Restigouche this fourth day of March, A. D. 1915.

R. BRUCE McBEATH,
H. A. CARR, Mortgagee.
Mar. 4th, 1915-3 mos.

"SHOO THE KAISER"

Have you learned to play the new set game. Its a corker. Wherever it has appeared in a district the sale has been very large. Sent upon receipt of 40 cents. See adv. and coupon on another page.

Constipation

is not to be cured by harsh purgatives; they rather aggravate the trouble. For a gentle but sure laxative, use Chamberlain's Stomach and Liver Tablets. They stir up the liver, tone the nerves and bowels just like an internal bath.

CHAMBERLAIN'S TABLETS

Woman's best friend. From childhood to old age these little red health restorers are an unfailing guide to an active liver and clear, healthy, normal stomach. Take a Chamberlain's Stomach and Liver Tablet at night and the sour stomach and fermentation, and the headache, have all gone by morning.

All drug stores, or by mail from Chamberlain Medicine Company, Lowell, Mass.



ESTATE NOTICE

Notice is hereby given that the undersigned has been appointed Executor of the Estate of late John Dawson. All persons indebted to the said Estate are required to make payment forthwith, and all creditors of the Estate are requested to file their claims duly proven, within thirty days from this date.

Campbellton, N. B., April 20th, 1915.

GEO. H. DAWSON,
Executor.

H. A. CARR,
Proctor.
Apr. 22-4 ins.

LIVERY STABLE

I have recently added new equipment to my livery stable and am ready for the summer's business.

Commercial travellers and others driven to any section of the surrounding country.

H. P. BOYLE,
Livery Stable.
Opposite St. Louis Hotel.