# Constantly Diminishing! DAMAGING EV

Hope for the Envoys Grows Fainter and Fainter.

Advance on Pekin the Only Way to Remove All Doubt-Negotiations Are Useless-Eighteen Missionaries Murdored at Tung Chau-28,000 Allies at Tien Tsin-Reported Killing of Bloody Prince Tuan.

A GENERAL MASSACRE.

London, July 28 .- The Daily Express

July 27: Four more British mission-

aries have been murdered in the prov-

ince of Shan Si. News from native Christian sources say that for eight days a general massacre of foreigners

PRINCE TUAN KILLED (?)

28,000 ALLIES AT TIEN TSIN.

THE AMERICAN CIPHER.

WHAT UNCLE SAM CAN DO.

the ability of the treasury to stand

large additional drafts in case of war with China, Secretary Gage said he

WASHINGTON WAVERS.

state department is still receptive,

ness upon the numerous edicts and

telegrams which are coming from

China, all without bringing any news. It is the earnest desire of this gov-

on Pekin be made at the earliest pos-

ON TO PEKIN!

London, July 27 .- The only informa-

was able to impart to the House of

tions for the advance on Pekin seemed

The Envoys

Commons today was that

alive Tuesday, July 24.

14 kilometers from Tien Tsin.

survivors are leaving Pekin.

formation which reached me today

(Friday) convinces me that all the ministers except Baron Von Ketteler are still alive. Some of the European

TEST FAILED.

test the Chinese assurances regarding the safety of the legations, the Italian

acting viceroy of Canton to communi-

BITS OF CHINA.

Washington that 100 additional medi-

An order has been received at the

United States quartermaster's depot at

From Honolulu it is reported that there are 1,000,000 young Chinese who

have had a taste of western civiliza-

tion, who will aid the foreign powers

in referming China.

Reports from Seoul say the Corean

Government has protested against the presence of Russian refugees at Wiju

and that the Russian authorities have

The Canton, China, correspondent of

the London Telegraph says that many

boxers and smugglers are caught loaded with arms and ammunition and

Jeffersonville, Ind., for 110,000 garments

to be sent to troops in the Orient.

to be approaching completion.

Washington, D. C., July 27. - Unless

the state department cipher.

without feeling the strain.

sible moment.

of Honan and Shan Si.

defeated and killed.

in Tien Tsin is 28,000.

London, July 28-4 a.m.-Mr. Lyman | believed that only two foreigners were in the interior, both French. J. Gage's statement that there is still hope, but it is constantly diminishing, has the following from Che Foo, dated is held here to define accurately the situation. The Chinese minister in London, Sir Chih Chen Lo Fong Luh, yesterday received a telegram from Sheng, director of railways and telegraphs, to the effect that an imperial decree, in the following terms, was issued on July 24: "It is fortunate that all the foreign representatives except Baron Von Ketteler are found ers has revolted against Prince Tuan, in safety and unharmed. Provisions in the shape of foodstuffs, vegetables and fruits will be supplied to the legations in order to show our courtesy.'

SAYS THEY ARE SAFE. The Morning Post goes so far as to assert that there is now direct communication between the Chinese authorities in Pekin and London, and that the ministers are safe. However this may be, it is quite certain that the attempts of the French, Italian and other consuls to get direct replies from Pekin have utterly failed, and it is pointed out that the ability to supply the legations with fruit and vegetables involves the conclusion that communication is not impeded by the Boxers.

ONLY WAY TO REMOVE DOUBT. Thus, despite the daily alteration of hopes and fears, the reiterated Chinese assertions of the safety of the ministers fail to carry conviction, and the decision of the United States not to delay military measures is approved as the only possible course to pursue.

NEGOTIATIONS OF NO AVAIL. The Daily News says that negotia- some authentic assurance as to the tions with the Chinese authorities, if condition of the Americans in Pekin there be any authority in China, are reaches the state department within useless. It turns out that as early as July 12 an appeal from the Emperor likely to abandon whatever faith it of China to Queen Victoria for mediators. ation, dated July 3, was handed to the fulness of Chine information. Marquis of Salisbury; and it is understood that the other powers were not though looking with growing coolcommunicated with until July 20. The Shanghai correspondent of the Daily Express asserts that three versions of Sir Claude Macdonald's letter of July 6 are current there, and that it is believed all three originated from Chinese sources. He adds, however, that Li Hung Chang says the legation party ought to reach Tien Tsin on Sunday. The Morning Post correspondent at tion regarding China that the parlia-Che Foo, wiring Wednesday, says mentary secretary of the foreign of-there is a rumor that Prince Ching fice, Mr. William St. John Broderick,

them to a place of safety. MORE MISSIONARIES KILLED. Eighteen missionaries have been massacred at Tung Chau, where the churches have been burned.

rescued the legationers and conveyed

Washington, D.C., July 27 .- The following dispatch has been received from Consul-General Goodnow, dated July 27: An official telegram received here on the 18th says that all foreigners and many native Christians had been killed at Taoting, the missions burned. Americans, Simcox family; Taylor, Pekin; Misses Gould, Morrill. The customs officer reports disturbances at Yunan yesterday. The cablegram is somewhat confus-

ed, but is given out exactly as received by the state department. It probably means that the Americans who were killed comprised the Simcox family, either a man or woman named Taylor, and Perkins, and the Misses Gould and Morrill. Taoting is about 75 miles southwest of Pekin. The name Pekin in this dispatch is believed at the state department to be Pitkin, as inquiries for an American of that name have been made at the depart-

Consul Fowler, at Che Foo, in reply to a cable asking information of missionaries in China, says that only one missionary, presumably French, is known to be in the interior of Honan. At Shan Tung only Americans are situated. Those not rescued are the persons who went to Pekin belonging to the American board of foreign missions, and believed to be Arthur Smith and water Wickoff sisters, Chapin, wife and two children. names were given in a previous cable actin dispatch, in which Mr. Fowler said he cate

#### From the Camp Outside Bioemfontein.

Comes a letter from a member of C Company, Royal Canadian Regiment, telling how "FOOT ELM" helped the Canadian boys on their marches. There is no section of the British army now in South Africa so well equipped to undertake long, tiresome marches as the Canadians. The secret is that they have "FOOT ELM" in their shoes, and this harmless and wonderful discovery prevents scalding, blistering and chafing, and robs marching of the footsoreness which is its invariable accompaniment. Mr. T. Buckart, C Company, R. C. R., sends the following letter from the camp outside Bioemfontein to Messrs. Stott & Jury,

Bowmanville, Ont.:
"The regiment was supplied with FOOT ELM en route to Cape Town. Most of the boys have used it continuously, and all express themselves as highly delighted with the results, as it prevents scalding and chafing. A friend of mine still has a portion of his box left, and he says it is one of the most

treasured things his knapsack contains. (Signed) T. Buckart." "FOOT ELM" is 25c a box at all druggists, or by mail. Stott & Judy,

League, of New York, proposes raising a regiment for service in China. The league has a membership in New York of 3,000, and sent 60 men to fight Spain during the recent war.

Another Witness Swears That Sifton Planned to Kill His Father.

Says the Accused Wanted a Trap Set for the Purpose.

A Vial Containing Poison-Sifton Said to Have Attempted to Bribe Witness Into Keeping Quiet-Examination Adjourned Until Monday.

It was nearly a quarter to three yesterday afternoon when the preliminary examination of Gerald Sifton and Walter Herbert was resumed. The most damaging testimony of the afternoon all. Sifton said, "I believe you're look-was that of James Morden, who swore ing for money, too," but witness said damaging testimony of the afternoon that Gerald Sifton came to him on the night before the elder Sifton's death and first offered him \$1,000 to meet the by him. If anyone came to witness, old man and club him as he came home. Morden refused to do anything of the sort. Sifton then proposed that has been in progress in the provinces Morden should go to the house, choke up in the barn, so that it would seem London, July 28.—The Shanghai cora case of suicide. This also Morden respondent of the Daily Express, wir-ing yesterday, says: "It is reported here that a large section of the Boxrefused to do, whereupon Gerald left, ofter asking where Martin Morden olleging that he is making tools of (witness' brother) lived in the city. Martin Morden's name was called, but them for his own ends. A desperate conflict took place outside of Pekin on Sunday. Prince Tuan personally led he was not present to give his evi-The evidence of Police Conhis followers, two of the generals hav-ing deserted him. The battle lasted several hours, and Prince Tuan was the chain of evidence, as he swears midnight and 1 a.m. on Saturday morning. Sifton was looking for a Washington, July 28 .- At yesterday's certain man ir a boarding house. He cabinet meeting Secretary Hay laid before the members his latest informafound the house, entered, and was in it about half an hour. The balance of tion, including a dispatch from Conthe testimony brought out little or nothing unfavorable to the prisoners. sul-General Goodnow, at Shanghai. The government has received informa-The crown claims to have a quantity tion that the number of allied troops

of testimony still to come. EPHRAIM BATHURST. The first witness called was Ephraim New York, July 28.-The Sun's Bathurst, father of the third witness, in the morning. He deposed to hav-Washington corespondent says the government has information that the ing heard the hammering at Sifton's Chinese officials are in possession of barn when he was leaving his house to come to the city. Witness did not Washington, July 28 .- In speaking of

see Herbert, or either of the Siftons around the place. JOHN McFARLANE.

John McFarlane, brother of the girl, had no doubt that the treasury could Mary McFarlane, was next called. He maintain in the field an army of 75,- said he lived about three miles from 000 additional men for at least a year Joseph Sifton's house. He saw Gerald Sifton on the night before old Sifton's death. Witness went to Gerald's house to see his sister Mary. He was talking to Gerald only about two minutes. He was there twice that night, and only saw Gerald Sifton on the second occasion. Witness saw Mrs. Gerald Sifton and his sister on his first visit. He had previously seen John Sinker. and heard from him that his sister was to be married that night to Joseph Sifton, and so he went to see her. He spoke to his sister about the marriage, but she laughed it off, and Mrs. Gerald Sifton declared there was no truth in He then left and met Sinker again, ernment that the forward movement and the latter convinced him there was some truth in the report. Witness went back, met Gerald Sifton, and told him. Sifton said, "If there's anything wrong, and the girl is in trouble, the old man must pay for it." and witness agreed that this would be right. Witness said his sister had told him she was in trouble. Witness objected to the proposed marriage, and wanted to take his sister away that night. Witness could not say how the old man could be made to pay for anything if he was going to marry the girl. About ten o'clock the same night Joseph Sifton and Mary McFarlane came to witness house, and stayed till 11:30. They said, when they left, that they London, July 27 .- In the course of were going to their respective homes. debate, Mr. William Pribchard Mor-On the following Sunday witness saw Gerald Sifton at the latter's own house. gan, member for Merthyr Tydvel, who Sifton said he was very sorry that the has extensive business interests in thing had happened, and expressed a China, asserted that he had most redesire that Mary McFarlane would stay liable information that all the foreign at his house and be treated as his own ministers, except Baron Von Ketteler, sister. Witness had not seen Gerald Sifton since. He saw Herbert on the the German minister, in Pekin, were Saturday afternoon of the death, and Herbert said that the old man was The Belgian vice-consul at Tien Tsin, very low. Witness had heard in the in a dispatch dated at Che Foo, July 26, morning the old man was hurt. Hersays: It is persistently reported here bert stayed about half an hour, but did not talk much; he seemed very that the legations are safe and sound, quiet. Herbert told of Mr. Sifton beand under the protection of the Chining in the gable end of the barn, ese Government. About 10,000 Chinese knocking out boards, and when he raised the axe it struck him on the back of the head, and he fell soldiers are entrenched at Pec Tsang, out and struck his head against some The Shanghai correspondent of the Daily Telegraph says: Trustworthy in-

Cross-examined by Mr. Hellmuth-Witness said he was rather excited after hearing of the accident, and Herbert was also excited when he came to the house. Witness would not say whether Herbert spoke of bricks or stones, when talking of Mr. Sifton's

JAMES MORDEN.

Hong Kong, July 17. - In order to James Morden next took the stand. He lives about three-quarters of a consul here yesterday requested the mile from Gerald Sifton, and has known him for the past five years. Witness had worked for both the Sifcate with the Italian minister, Marquis Salvago Raggi, and to obtain a reply from him concerning a matter tons. He saw Gerald Sifton on the known only to the minister and the night before Joseph Sifton's death.Gerconsul. Today the acting viceroy reald came to witness' house on a wheel, plied that it was impossible for him Sifton came up to witness and Edgar to accede to the request, as all mes-Morden (witness' second cousin), and sages were received from Pekin through the government of Shan Tung secret-ly. For this reason he was compelled seemed out of breath. He said he wished to see witness, and they went over to the barn door, about 50 feet from Edgar. Sifton said: "I'm going to tell you something. I know you won't tell. There's held to pay at our house tonight, and I'll give you \$1,000 if you'll Gen. Sir Alfred Gazelle has started help me out." Sifton said that Mary McFarlane and his father were going Gen. Sternberg has announced in to be married, and wanted witness to cal officers are wanted for duty in the catch his father coming home and

SMASH HIS HEAD WITH A CLUB. Witness said he would do nothing of the kind and started for the house. Gerald said things were going from bad to worse, and would have to be stopped, afterwards saying that his father had been the means of killing his two other wives, and would kill this one, too. Witness started for the house, went in and got his coat. Gerald Sifton went into the house on witness' in-vitation. Witness then went out to find Edgar, but he had gone. Sifton and witness walked toward the road. Half-way to the road, Gerald said: tell you what to do. Go over and jump into the house, and

CHOKE HIM TO DEATH, and hang him over a beam in the barn.

I hanged yourself you'll get some innocent man hanged. Money's no object to me." Sifton then explained where he could find Martin Morden (witness'

HE THOUGHT MARITIN WOULD GO if witness wouldn't. Witness gave his five winters, boarding at Gerald's house the next afternoon of Joseph Sifton's better if it hadn't been for the bloody accident." Sifton said his father had been injured while knocking boards off the barn. Sifton referred to previous injuries received by his father in runaways and once by a harrow. Witness next saw Gerald Sifton at Sifton's home on the next Saturday. The conversation was only about crops and land. Two or three days later witness again saw Gerald, and spoke to him privately, asking him if he had heard that his father's body was to be exhumed. Sifton answered that he was not worrying about that, but that he had heard his father had made

ANOTHER WILL

the night before his death. Witness saw Sifton at the latter's house when Sifton was in bed ill. Sifton asked if he wouldn't take it if offered. Sifton said he didn't care what was done, if the two Morden brothers would stick merely to get Martin Morden's address. Martin Morden and Mary McFarlane were going together more than a year, and Martin told witness they were gothe proposals on Friday night, he said whatever was done.

HAD TO BE DONE THAT NIGHT, as his father would be getting married

next day. Cross-examined by Mr. Hellmuth, witness said he had no other conversations with Gerald Sifton other than those he had detailed. Sifton had never discussed his father's death except to tell how he had fallen out of the barn. Since his father's death Gerald had he saw Sifton in East London between not betrayed to witness any apprehension as to his own connection with his father's death. When Gerald came to derstand that he wished to prevent the marriage, and so he made the proposal TO CLUB THE OLD MAN.

Witness did not take any steps to warn Joseph Sifton of his danger, nor tell anyone of Sifton's proposals till the next afternoon and evening when he told his brother and Edgar Morden. Witness had been told that Sifton had said if witness opened his mouth Sifton would put a hole through him. Ed- not paid to keep quiet. Witness gar Morden told him this.

Mr. Hellmuth subjected the witness to a long and severe cross-examina-tion, but failed to shake his evidence in any material particular.

P. C. ROBERTSON. P. C. Robert Robertson, of the London police force, saw Gerald Sifton in East London at 12:30 a.m. on June 30. Witness was on night duty, and was who boarded there. Witness asked gar wanted. Sifton his name, and was told that it Gerald as was Gerald Sifton. Sifton described the heard Edgar had in his possession, the situation of the boarding house he wanted, and witness assisted him in were. Gerald wished to know if he were. Gerald wished to know if he wanted, and witness assisted him in were. Gerald wished to kind a full supply. The looking for it. Witness could not re- could buy the will from Edgar. The Your dealer has a full supply. The could buy the witness saw Gerald one. member the name of the man whom following morning witness saw Gerald Sifton wanted to find. Sifton went again and they went for a walk. Witaway and came back, saying a lady ness told Gerald that James had said had told him the house he wanted was next the drug store. Witness thought the house was Jeffries' house. Sifton should go to John Sifton, one third to went to the door and rang the bell several times. A man came; Sifton asked for some man, and said: "Tell

later, and Sifton told witness he had Mr. Hellmuth did not cross-examine

him Gerald Sifton wants to see him.'

Another man came shortly to the door

and Sifton went in. Witness saw Sif-

ton coming away about half an hour

the witness. JOHN SIFTON. John Sifton, brother of the late Jos. Sifton, and uncle of the prisoner Gerald Sifton, was the last witness called be fore adjournment. He heard of his brother's injuries about 9 o'clock. when he was in London. He went immediately to the house, finding there Mr. Sinker, the doctor, Rev. Mr. Cooper, Miss Sifton and Mrs. Gerald Sifton. The first time he saw Gerald after the accident was about noon. Gerald told him his father had gone up to show him how to knock off the boards. Gerald was walking away, to go down to get part of the hay-fork, when he heard his father fall out. Witness had asked Dr. McNeill if he had any objection to another doctor being called in, and the latter said he had not. Witness was coming to London to get another doctor, when he heard of his brother's death. During Gerald's presence in the house, when his father was injured, witness saw him more than once in his father's room, and Gerald appeared to feel natural concern over the affair. Witness did not know of his brother's in-tended marriage until he heard of it in London.

THE OLD WILL. On the night of the funeral Gerald asked witness to give him an order to get the will, meaning the old will. Witness was an executor by this will, which was made over ten years ago. There was no conversation as to how the property had been divided. Witness later came to town with Gerald and got the will. He had no knowledge of any other will. One day in the fore part of this week Gerald told witness about the will. Gerald said he understood the new will left everything to Mary McFarlane, and in the event of her death or marriage, the estate was brother and Gerald.

On the whole this witness' evidence was favorable to the prisoner Gerald. Mr. Hellmuth's cross-examination failed to bring out anything new, except that Joseph Sifton's shoes on the morning of his injury were perfectly new, and slippery on the bottoms.

Saturday Morning. At 10:30 this morning, the prelimin-

ary examination of Gerald Sifton and Walter Herbert, for the murder of Joseph Sifton was resumed. This morning's session was held in the court room instead of the smaller interim sessions room, which was found inadequate yesterday to accommodate the crowd which wished to hear the proceedings. Sifton and Herbert proceedings. chatted together in a friendly manner before the opening of the examination, while yesterday they seemed to hold aloof from each other. J. M. McEvoy appeared for the prisoner, Walter Herbert, and entered a formal protest against the admission as evidence It'll seem a clear case of suicide." Witness said: "Be careful, if you don't get Sifton when Herbert was not present.

Morden, a London East carpenter, and brother of James Morden, who gave such startling evidence yesterday. Morden said he boarded at a house on Dundas street, opposite Rectory street. He worked for Gerald Sifton four or brother's address on Dundas street, about 20 months in all. He last London, as near as he could place the house. Sifton then left. Witness heard last. Witness was engaged to be married to Mary McFarlane. Witness had injury. On Tuesday witness saw Ger- known Joseph Sifton for about sixteen ald Sifton and asked him how he was years. Witness saw Gerald Sifton getting on with his work. Sifton an-swered that he "would have got along Joseph Sifton's death at his own boarding-house. Witness admitted Gerald to the house. Gerald said he wished

to talk confidentially. Mary and the old man were to be married next day, and Sifton wished to know if Martin wouldn't come and dissuade her. He wanted Martin to come and help put up a hay fork track for the old man, and to set a trap for him. If the fall wouldn't kill him. Gerald said a few

raps with a hammer would. Witness refused to have anything to square. Part of the inner brick lining do with it. Gerald said it was too big having fallen away from the north wall a job to tackle alone. Gerald then took a small vial from his pocket and asked witness if he knew what it was, and witness replied, "I know only too well." Sifton said: "If one thing won't work, another will." Sifton asked if money would not be an object to him, but witness said no. Witness thought after witness saw Sifton, who said he witness saw Sifton, who said he didn't believe Edgar had any will at all. Sifton said, "I believe vou're look ing for the said morning witness was told that Mr. Sifton had fallen and broken his neck. Witness started out for Sifton's and overtook Walter Herbert on the road. Herbert said Joseph Sifton was knocking boards off the gable end of the barn, and had fallen off and fractured his skull. Herbert said Mary McFarlane has accused himself and Gerald of being responsible, and he added it was the old man to death, and hang him ing to be married. When Sifton made a hard thing to be accused of. There Herbert said he was of the opinion that the affair arose out of the fact that the girl was in trouble. Herbert said he didn't think a girl in her right mind would marry a man of that stamp. Witness went to the house of his brother James and stayed all night. Next morning they went to Joseph Sif-ton's, but the house was locked and the body had been taken to Gerald Sifton's house. In the afternoon witness and Edgar Morden went there. They not betrayed to witness any apprehension as to his own connection with his father's death. When Gerald came to witness' house on the night before his father's death he gave witness to unsaid he had persuaded his father to said he had persuaded his father to said he had persuaded his father to said he had persuaded his father to postpone the marriage. He hoped they would not think any more of what he had said previously, as he had thought it over and decided it was too risky. Witness saw Gerald on the following Saturday night. Gerald spoke of "the boys," meaning Edgar and James Mor-den. Gerald said Edgar told him they considered him at fault. Gerald thought they would squeal on him if they were swered, he would not take a solitary tion. starving. Witness said he thought his brother was of the same opinion. Gerald said he would give \$1,000, to be divided and said the world give \$1,000, to be divided and said the world give \$1,000, to be divided and said the world give \$1,000, to be divided and said the world give \$1,000, to be divided and said the world give \$1,000, to be divided and said the world give \$1,000, to be divided and said the world give \$1,000, to be divided and said the world give \$1,000, to be divided and said the world give \$1,000, to be divided and said the world give \$1,000, to be divided give \$1,0 vided among them, to keep quiet, but Edgar had said to him (Gerald) It would take the price of a 50-acre farm to get them to keep quiet. Gerald wished witness to let him know James Morden's sentiments on the matter. on Dundas street, near Ontario street. Gerald questioned him as to whether

> Gerald asked about the will which Sifton described he heard Edgar had in his possession, ness told Gerald that James had said will provided that in case of ac-Al Sifton, and one-third to the intended wife, Mary McFarlane. If she married or died, her share was to be divided equally between the other two legatees. Witness told Gerald that the witnesses to the will were kicking up the row about it, and Gerald said he would have to buy them off, get the will and destroy it. One one of the witnesses, James said. was Edgar's wife. Witness saw Gerald again on Sunday. July 15, to get \$6 wages due him. Gerald said he could not understand Edgar. Gerald did not know whether to probate the will he had in his possession, or have Edgar up for blackmail. The following Wednesday Gerald saw witness in the city, and gave him \$5 on wages account Gerald wanted witness to go to the country and see the will, but witness said he could not go for some days. Witness saw Gerald again last Sunday, July 22, and Gerald wanted to know what he had best do. Gerald said he would go to Edgar and talk things over quietly. Gerald said the last time he saw Edgar things got so hot he felt like smashing Edgar. he ever got into a scrap with Edgar, Gerald said, he would brain Edgar with the first things he laid his hands on, as he hadn't the strength to fight Mr. Hellmuth then took the witness

in hand, and had commenced the crossexamination as we go to press. To Mr. Hellmuth-Witness said he had never had any medical training or experience in a drug store. Witness told his story to the crown attorney on the Wednesday before he last saw Gerald Sifton. Edgar Morden told witness to see Sifton, as Sifton might make an offer for the will. Edgar and Martin Morden met at James Morden's on Sunday morning, July 22. In making the suggestion about getting the offer from Gerald, Edgar wanted to see what he could draw out of Gerald in the shape of evidence. Witness denied about going to Gerald's, but Edgar said Gerald was determined to see witness, and was even then going to the city to see him. Witness denied he had heard there was another will. that he or the other Mordens rehears-Gerald had not told him before that ed the story they had told the crown. ed the story they had told the crown. Witness asked why the others had given the thing away and they answered that Gerald had threateneither of them gave it to be divided between witness, his away he would make them pay dear for it. James said that if he (James) couldn't live in a civilized country without being threatened by a man who had done what Gerald Sifton had done, it was time he (Gerald) was informed upon. Witness made a statement to High Constable McLoud on Wednesday, July 18, and this week made another to Detective Murray in the presence of Edgar Morden and Stenographer Coo. On Sunday, July 22, witness told Edgar and James Morden that he wished they had left him out of it, as he didn't wish to give evidence against one who had been a friend to him as Gerald had. Edgar said that if Gerald would do what he had done, he would do worse. Mr. Hellmuth had considerable trouble with this witness, he being very slow in answering questions. At 1 o'clock Mr. Helimuth announced that he could not get through with the witness under three or four hours, so an adjournment was made till 10 a.m. Monday.

> An Old Boys' Cigar is an ideal moke. Made from choicest stock. smoke. Made from choicest story Your deeler has a full supply. T

### The first witness called was Martin | THE WALL OF PEKIN

Some Facts About the Defenses of the Chinese City.

Speaking of Pekin a writer in Engineer says that the walls of the Tartar city are of an average height of 50 feet, but portions of the north wall reach the height of 61 feet. The average width is about 40 feet, but they have been built so trregularly that in places a width of 57 feet is found, in others a width of only 22 feet. outer face of the wall is perpendicular, while its inner face slopes in some places considerably. Parapets are erected on both inner and outer faces of the wall, that on the latter being loopholed and crenellated. At intervals of about 50 or 60 yards are large buttresses, every sixth being of much larger size than the others; the smaller ones are about 15 feet to 20 feet square. Part of the inner brick lining an opportunity was afforded of observing its construction. Near the gates the walls are occasionally faced with stone, but in other parts by immense bricks which bear a strong resemblance to stone.

The space between the facings is filled up, first by a solid foundation of concrete of some ten feet in depth, then by a layer of well-rammed earth, another layer of concrete, and another of earth succeed, the latter being paved with large blocks of granite, which form the terre-plein. The earth to fill in the wall was taken from the ditch which surrounds the city. The concrete resisted all the efforts of our sappers to form a trench on the terre-plein during the last war. Each of the gates has a buttress on either side connected with a semi-circular wall, which thus forms an enceinte. That of the central south gate is the only one with three entrances—the central gates being for the use of the emperor or his family alone. The arches of the gateways are

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Smoke on Old Boys' Cigar and enjoy yourself. The brand cannot be beat. Your dealer carries it in stock.

Electric Turkish Eaths.

The Electric Vapor Baths and Massage are nature's methods of developthe body and maintaining the He met Gerald Sifton, and the latter the boys wanted to be paid. Witness health during the wear and tear of asked him for a certain boarding house, said his brother did not want to be saying he had a message for a man paid, but he did not know what Edquire to remain over night after taking the bath, at 320 Dundas street.

> An Old Boys' Cigar is an ideal one.

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July 27. At From .Manchester.....Newcastle Liverpool...Chatham, N.B. New York......Hamburg Patricia Grosser Kurfurst. New York ... New York.... Naples..... Queenstown... Aller. Cymric Glasgow Montreal. . Father Point . . Tunisian.....

Old Boys' Cigar 5c and 10c. Best brand in the store. Great demand for them-Delicious smoke.

Viper hunters are wanted at Bozen, Tyrol. The snakes are so abundant as to be a source of danger, and the government offers 15 cents for each

TENDERS.

TENDERS WILL BE RECEIVED BY THE L undersigned, till Wednesday, Aug. 1, at 4 p.m., for privilege of erecting and maintaining a stand for checking bicycles and parcels at Springbank, on Monday and Wednesday, 6th and 8th August, and at Queen's Park, Tuesday, 7th August, during the Old Boys' Celebration.

NEIL COOPER, 241 Dundas street.

## Your Purse

The reason we don't ask you to pay for an expensive lithographed box every time you buy two or three pounds of Rolled Wheat is for no other reason in the world than that you may have the VERY best for the smallest price.

### Molina

has no superior, no matter how expensive. Sold by the pound by high-class grocers, Made

> THE TILLSON CO'Y., LIMITED, Tilsonburg.

executed daily, yet the rowdy element seems to be undismayed.

The Russian-American Democratic

agreed to remove them.

Philippines and China.