WHISKARD'S

228, 230, 232 Dundas Street.

ENTRANCE THROUGH OUR NEW STORE.

The New Store==

Without a Doubt the Finest and Best-Lighted Store in the City of London.

THE NEW STORE will be in full working order for London's great fair. OUR REBUILDING AND ALTERATION SALE PRICES will be continued through the fair time. We give a cordial invitation to all visitors to the fair to take a walk through our spacious stores. Take a look at our stock—compare prices. If you are in want of anything you will surely buy. You can easily save the price of your visit to the fair by buying a parcel of goods from us.

We Occupy a Unique Position In Business London

—without a peer or rival. Everyone looks upon this as the store of best values. Investigation never fails to prove that our prices are lowest—but our qualities—our patterns—our assortments are of the highest grade.

It is in such a store that you feel free to buy—free to depend upon what is offered—free to come and go.

This warm weather you need a PARASOL. We can sell you one of many different kinds at half price—

$1 25 Parasol for - - - 59c.
$1 75 Parasol for - - 89c.
$2 50 Parasol for - - $1 25.

Two large cases of our advance guard of Blankets just to hand; in WHITE and GRAY, nice fancy borderings. Cheap at 79c—

Our Price 67c Pair.

10 GROSS of very fine Toilet Soap, 3 cakes in a box, regular 10c goods—

Our Price 5c a Box.

FINE LINE OF GRAY FLANNELS, in light and dark gray, twilled and plain, worth 18c—

Our Price 12½c Yard.

SPECIAL.—Gray Flannel, 27 inches wide, 20c goods—

For 15c Yard.

Just in per special import, 1 case of CHILDREN'S CASHMERE HOSIERY, seamless, fast black—

We Start Them at 12½c Pair.

THESE PRICES MAKE BUSY TIMES AT WHISKARD'S NEW STORE.

Canada Going Ahead.

The Markets Open to Us in Great Britain.

Hon. George W. Ross on Our National Prospects and Opportunities.

At the Labor Day gathering in Toronto fair grounds, Hon. George W. Ross was one of the speakers. He dwelt upon Canada's present attendant and future progress. At the Chicago exhibition a few years ago, he remarked, it was shown that we are equal to producing goods equal to those of any other country, and this opens up other problems. If we produce these goods, how are we to find a market for them? That is a problem which for the Dominion of Canada appears to me easy of solution. In finding a market there are one of two essentials. One is quality, which we have, I think, and the next is the power to produce in large quantities; I think we have natural resources in unlimited quantities. Another thing is the question of transportation. Looking at this question at first it appears easy of solution by looking to the United States for a market for our produce, but unfortunately that market is closed by the Dingley law and other legislative action. The Dominion government is now seeking to find a cheap means of transportation for our goods to the markets of Britain—(applause)—and other markets of the world. It seems to me that the whole force of Canadian energy should be directed toward perfecting the transportation of our goods to the British markets and toward the export of such goods as will find a ready sale in the British market. For instance, England consumes some $600,000,000 of foreign breadstuffs, of which we send but a very small percentage; $26,000,000 of fruit, of which we send but a few hundred thousand dollars. That market for breadstuffs is absolutely unlimited; it is absolutely compelled to rely upon imported food stuffs. If we are to develop the resources of the country, and the British scientists upon the occasion of their recent visit appeared to be overwhelmed with the greatness of our resources, we must go to the greatest market, and we need not fear the United States, Germany or France. I am glad to see that the country is awake to the importance of it. Another advantage is that that market would be so great and of so much importance to us that the result will doubtless be a filling up of our prairies. The remark of Hon. Joseph Chamberlain, when speaking of us a few years ago, was "You want trade and population." Trade we have day by day. We export more produce per head than do the people of the United States, but in order that our country may reach its true national position it is necessary that our population should be increased. How is this to be done? If we could show to the people of England that this country is capable of producing goods that will find a market in England, and if the goods are equal to the requirements of the market, the natural effect of supply and demand will help people to the prairies and develop the country. It is partly for this purpose of developing the country that this exhibition is held, and it is a great national advertisement. We have shown preference to the mother country, and we have done so freely and voluntarily. What may be the quid pro quo for that remains to be seen. We have not asked for anything, but in the development of events, in the carrying out of the greatest idea that ever took possession of the empire, there may be considerations which will result to Canada's gain. I wish to emphasize the idea that we should have the fullest confidence in our own right arm. The men who felled those forests and made this country what it is have surely given to this country men who are not unworthy of their sires. Under the most favorable conditions we surely ought to rise to the dream of empire, shall I call it; the dream of colonial dignity, or rather of national dignity (I like the word national better), and show to the empire that we have received a great heritage, which we are capable of developing.

Coleman's CELEBRATED DAIRY, HOUSEHOLD AND FARM **SALT**

PROMPT SHIPMENT GUARANTEED

CANADA SALT ASSOCIATION

CLINTON, ONT. 6

ROBBERIES IN ELGIN COUNTY.

South Yarmouth Farmers Terrorized by Thieves.

St. Thomas, Sept. 8.—The residents of South Yarmouth are terrorized by the bold depredations committed by the men who have been carrying on their work unmolested for some time past.

The first place visited was Mrs. Stephen Haights', where $5, a watch and jewelry, were taken.

They then visited a farmer near Sparta, but were frightened away without getting any plunder.

J. Secord's, near Yarmouth Center, was the next place visited, and a Mexican watch and Spanish dollar piece taken.

The next place was Mr. Angus McLarty's, where the front door was battered in with a fence rail, but this acted as a warning to Mr. McLarty, and he lost no time in hunting up his revolver and frightening the burglars away.

D. Ferguson was the next called upon, where $6 was taken from a child's toy bank.

Midge Hepburn was next visited, but nothing taken.

This was followed by a deliberate hold-up of a young man named named Johnston, near the Union cemetery.

Again, on Sunday night, as Mr. Pat Sullivan was about to enter the house after returning from visiting a neighbor, about midnight, he saw three men about the premises, and gave the alarm, but while the neighbors were searching for them they were going through the residence of John Fulton. So greatly excited have people become that two of them purchased shotguns to protect themselves and their property. Many of the farmers are confident that the thieves are residents of this city.

Undoubtedly the Best.

GENTLEMEN,—I wish to say that Dr. Fowler's Extract of Wild Strawberry has proved a wonderful remedy in my family. We would not be without it for twice its price. I say it is THE BEST (not merely one of the best—but the best) medicine ever brought before the public for summer complaint or diarrhoea, either in children or adults. JOHN UNDERHILL, License Commissioner, Strathclair, Ont.

Schools Overcrowded.

Ratepayers Want a New School in the South Part of the City.

More Accommodation Required in the North End Also.

The Board of Education Will Ask the City Council for a Special Grant—Winners of Sheriff Cameron's Prizes—Change in Model School Regulations.

The regular meeting of the board of education was held last night, with all the members but Trustees Murphy, Logan and Dr. Teasdall present. The session was brief and revealed the urgent need of additional school accommodation in the city.

Trustee Evans strongly presented the claims of residents in the south part of the city for a new school. The children of many ratepayers near Clark's bridge were not going to school because of the lack of room, these residents paid their taxes and the council should give them school accommodation. "If the council won't," he added, in all seriousness, "they won't pay their taxes." He moved that Dr. Campbell, Dr. Teasdall and the chairman be a committee to wait upon the council and request a grant for a school in this vicinity.

"It will be useless," said Chairman Greenlees.

"Well, it will satisfy the people, anyway," replied Trustee Evans.

The chairman thought of the small balances out of the council's appropriations and shook his head. Then he said, "I suppose it will do no harm to try," and the motion passed.

The chairman—But the council has no funds.

However, Trustee Evans still pressed his motion.

Another motion by Trustee Evans was to the effect, that in event of renting rooms for a school in the south part of the city, all necessary arrangements be completed at once, so that the school may be opened without delay. Christ Church, the Methodist and Presbyterian Churches were suggested as suitable places to get rooms. Trustee Wilkins thought it advisable to relieve Simcoe street school by taking some pupils to Victoria school. "Let 50 of them go there," said Trustee Evans, "and it would be of no use." The motion passed.

Trustee Burdick urged the board to buy the lot on Grey street, which they had under consideration, and moved that an arbitrator be appointed, but action was deferred.

A petition from W. Middleton and 38 other ratepayers of Richmond street north and vicinity was received, calling attention to the urgent necessity that exists for additional school accommodation for junior pupils in their locality.

The petition stated that about 100 small children have to tramp to Waterloo street school in all weathers, and during the winter months it is impossible for them to attend at all.

It was requested that a school be opened at once, on a small scale, and suggested that the Richmond street north mission might be secured for this purpose. The petition was referred to No. 1 committee, a motion by Dr. Wilson to grant the request being lost.

Inspector Carson, in his report, recommended that city young ladies wishing to take a post graduate course in the model school be allowed to attend without paying fees, and the recommendation was adopted.

Mr. Carson also reported that the pupils that had been attending Waterloo street south school have been sent to Aberdeen and Simcoe street schools. In the primary grade at Simcoe street there are about 80 pupils. In the primary grade at Aberdeen school there are 74 pupils, and in part II. grade there are 84 pupils. In part II. Miss Cooper has been placed to assist Miss Colquhoun. "If it is at all possible," said the inspector," to get accommodation in any convenient place it would be a great relief to these schools."

Principal Merchant reported that the prizes for essays on the "Achievements of the Victorian Era," donated by Sheriff Cameron, have been won as follows: 1. Senior leaving and honor matriculation, first prize, Miss C McDonald; second, Miss M. McMahen. 2. Junior leaving and pass matriculation, first prize, Miss M. Maybank; second prize, Mr. C. Sale. Mr. Merchant reminded the board of the recommendation of Inspector Seath in his last report. "The forms of the lower school are now even more crowded," he said, "than when Mr. Seath inspected the Institute, there being 60 pupils in the lowest of the commercial forms," referring to the possible introduction of typewriting in connection with stenography into the commercial course. Mr. Merchant said if it was to be done arrangements should be made at once.

Mr. Leggatt wrote stating that his son William was unable to attend the recent third-class examination owing to a sprained leg, and asked that the examination fee be returned. As is customary in cases like this, where the candidate can show a good reason for not writing, the board agreed to refund their portion of the fee, $2. The balance, $3, will be returned by the minister of education.

The request of R. G. Darby, that his two daughters be allowed to attend Princess avenue school, as the girls were delicate, and the distance from William street, south of Pall Mall, to St. George's school was too great for them to walk, was granted.

Mrs. Trebilcock wrote asking for transfer of her grandchild from Colborne street school to Princess avenue and Messrs. G. W. Sanborn, John Jones and George Trace made similar requests for their children. All the petitions were granted, excepting that of Mr. Trace, whose child would attend one of the lower grades at the Princess avenue school which are now greatly crowded. The other children will enter the principal's class, which is not overcrowded.

The chairman protested against the granting of the petitions. "If you continue to remove children in this way," said he, "you will have lots of it to do."

A clause in the report of No. 2 committee stated that a piano had been bought for the King street kindergarten for $183. Trustee Johnston found fault with the committee for not accepting the lowest tender which, he said, was $13 less than that accepted. Chairman Burdick claimed that the committee made the best bargain possible.

A communication from the London Chemical Fire Extinguisher Company drawing attention to the necessity of having fire extinguishers in the schools was referred to No. 2 committee.

Trustee Stephenson's motion to increase the salary of Drill Inspector McCrimmon at the Collegiate Institute $100 per year was lost.

Trustee W. T. Strong gave notice that he would move at the next meeting that the salary of Miss McMordie, of Rectory street, be $525 a year.

Several applications were received for positions on the teaching and substitute staff.

Toronto's Show.

Germania Day Characterized by a Big Turnout.

But Monday Was the Record-Breaker When 90,000 Passed the Gates—Some of the Fair's Notable Features.

Toronto, Sept. 8.—The attendance at the Industrial Exhibition Monday was the largest on record, and is placed by the directors as nearly 90,000, thus surpassing the crowd of last year attracted by the visit of Li Hung Chang, the Chinese viceroy.

Yesterday was Germania Day. The crowds were largely augmented by the Germans as a class, and a large crowd poured in through the gates.

At the directors' luncheon Mr. Samuel Nordheimer, the German counsel in Toronto, was one of the guests. The judges and the dog show committee, the dairy and creamery men, Mr. E. C. Churchill, editor of the Weedsport, Pa., Republican, and Mr. E. McMahon, superintendent of the Ottawa Fair, were also present. All the railways brought in large crowds. The G. T. R. ran a special from Lindsay, one from Stratford and another from the north, which came in two sections. Two more specials from Palmerston and Georgetown arrived shortly after noon. The C. P. R. brought in a special from Montreal, the Grand Trunk regular also coming in in two sections, from the east.

At the show of horses on the exhibition track, Mr. John Ross Robertson's pair, "Sir Wilfrid" and "Sir Charles," captured the Queen's Hotel prize for the best team over 16 hands. There were sixteen competitors.

AN EXHIBIT WORTH SEEING.

In the center of machinery hall is an exhibit which at once attracts the attention for its beauty and interest. Reference is made to the more than ordinary exhibit of the Toronto Electric Motor Company. They show two direct connected generators of 250 and 600 light capacity. The larger machine of the two is sold to the Methodist Book rooms. These machines require no bolts at the armature, and need only a space of 6x8 feet for the whole electric plant of 600 lights. These are the only machines of the kind ever exhibited in Canada. They are running arc light, incandescent light and motor all from the same generator. These are specially adapted for breweries, foundries, large stores or large institutions of any kind requiring electric light. This exhibition is certainly one of the most interesting on the grounds, and should be seen to be fully appreciated. 19u

COMFORT SOAP AND QUEEN VICTORIA

Is a rather strange name to give to any exhibit. But the visitor who is curious to know the connection will no doubt be greatly interested to find her Majesty's image there in all its queenly dignity, in pure Comfort Soap. The work has been so well done, and looks so perfect, it is quite sure her Majesty would not object to the use that one of her loyal subjects has made of her features, it looks so pure and good when seen in contrast with a bar of the best soap procurable in '97. This enterprising firm, who have shown their love of art and utility in such a striking manner are determined to carry out the two-fold idea all through their business, and have on exhibition really fine pictures of home scenes that are given away with their soap wrappers, thus creating a love for art and the beautiful as pure as the soap, that makes home more happy because it makes the work lighter. Still carrying out the idea of art and utility, this firm have decided to spend a large amount of money in giving their customers many beautiful and useful presents, considering it a good advertisement. A visit to their art rooms at their magnificent warehouse, No. 52 Wellington street west, where Dingman & Co. have fitted up a large apartment in which they exhibit all the beautiful things they offer as premiums will well repay one for the effort. Just look over them—bicycles, watches, music books, etc.—all these may be had by users of the Comfort Soap at a nominal price. "The soap is just perfect," was a remark often overheard by the eager throng of ladies who surrounded the exhibit, and was much appreciated by the genial gentleman in charge. **

CHRISTIE, BROWN & CO.

Entering the main building through the west entrance the eye is immediately attracted to the exhibit of Christie's fancy biscuits. Their stand is enameled in blue, picked out in gold, handsome oval panels with raised carvings of wheat are set in each side of the base, at the four corners are pillars supporting the trellis work that depends from the top of the stand, brass poles serve to keep the goods from being interfered with; pretty urns containing palms are interspersed with decorated boxes of the firm's famous pound, fruit and sultana cakes, all rich and fruity. The diamond shape center is composed of small glass cases, containing 450 varieties of the Christie's famous biscuits and cakes, and on every box is printed a tempting appellation. The firm makes over 600 varieties, but do not have room to show them all. Mothers and invalids will be especially interested in the exhibit of Christie's Infant Food, which is put up in air-tight boxes, and is excellent for convalescents. It has always given the best results wherever used. The firm name of Christie, Brown & Co. is known in every household in Canada. Children begin their education by trying to spell the name—which is stamped on every biscuit—between bites. Some of the makes are Jubilee, a very tempting little biscuit, marshmallow and icing, with a nut on top; Mexican, a combination of marshmallow and chocolate on top; fruit ginger bread, an old favorite revived; Raspberry bar and fig bar, a flattened tube of biscuit with a filling of either raspberry or fig jams; Ginger Wafers, round, very thin biscuits, nicely flavored and put up in 1-pound tins, neatly labeled; Oswego and Social Teas, old favorites, still as good as ever; Princess, a small, tasty biscuit, and Rusks, in 1-pound tins, excellent to eat with a glass of milk.

"Zephyr Cream Soda," put up in three-pound tins, is one of their new favorites; it is put up in light boxes, and is an excellent keeper. The old saying, "Too many cooks spoil the broth," is not true in the biscuit line, as sometimes as many as nine men are employed on one machine in use at their immense factory, corner of Duke and Frederick streets, Toronto; 240 employes are kept busy in the manufacture of these biscuits, and it may be interesting to note the process. First, every ounce of flour is sifted, then mixed in troughs, which is all done by machinery, the dough is then put through a brake made into a form that can be handled, then passed through a cutter which keeps going up and down, making as many as 120 revolutions a minute, the biscuits fall on pans, which are placed in the ovens, after baking they are sent upstairs to be sorted and packed in various shaped boxes suitable to the trade. The number of diplomas and medals are legion which this firm has taken, such as diplomas and medals at World's Fair, Chicago; Philadelphia Centennial, 1876, and the Indian and Colonial Exposition at London, England, and other awards too numerous to note.

THE WILKINSON PLOW COMPANY (LIMITED),

With headquarters in Toronto, is one of those enterprising concerns which has solved the problem of increased room to make a satisfactory exhibit of their output by erecting a new and convenient addition to the space allotted in Implement Hall. When a firm makes an expenditure of hundreds of dollars for such a purpose evidence is afforded of their push and energy worthy of all praise. The Wilkinson exhibit and output comprises all kinds of walking, gang, Manitoba and Northwest drill, potato digger, rooter, pick and railroad contractors' plows, and each is specially adapted to do its assigned work perfectly. They also make steel-wheeled and drag scrapers; barrows, scufflers, steel rollers, turnip seeders (double and single), ensilage and straw cutters, root pulpers, etc. The list is so extensive as to forbid detailed description; and now such cosy and ample quarters have been provided, the pleasure of a visit to this department is greatly enhanced. And it need hardly be added that all who call will be made to feel that they are among friends. **

DIED IN A TROUGH.

Fatally Mangled by the Mixing Machinery at a Cracker Factory.

New York, Sept. 8.—Peter Doggett, aged 33, who lived with his aunt at 41 Spring street, went to work about two months ago for the New York Biscuit Company, in West Fifteenth street. There is a great deal of complicated machinery in the building, and Doggett became much interested in studying the combination of wheels, cogs and belts.

Yesterday morning fellow-workmen saw Doggett leaning on the dough-mixer, a propeller-like machine, having two big bronze blades revolving in a trough, which at the time was empty.

Suddenly the workmen heard a shriek, and rushing to the trough found Doggett's mutilated body at the bottom, being pounded again and again by the revolving blades. The machinery was stopped and the body removed.

ONCE HEN, NOW ROOSTER

The Remarkable Transformation of a Leghorn Chicken.

Wilmington, Del., Sept. 8.—Frank P. File, of No. 111 West Twenty-fifth street, has a hen which is a curiosity. Three years ago last June she was hatched with several others from a setting of Leghorn hen's eggs. Soon afterward her feathers began to change, and in the last month she assumed all the appearances of a complete transformation into a rooster, having the strut, plumage, comb and spurs.

She crows like a rooster, but the peculiar feature of her strange metamorphosis is the fact that she hatched a big litter of chicks last week. More than a hundred persons called at Mr. File's barnyard to witness the wonderful chicken during the week.

KILLED WHILE COASTING.

Boston, Sept. 8.—Miss Mabel Morrill, a young belle, of Cambridgeport, was killed while coasting on a wheel down a road recently cut through the R. H. White estate. She was thrown from her wheel by a small stone and struck on her head. She died in a few minutes.

MADOC LOCAL OPTION BYLAW QUASHED.

Toronto, Sept. 8.—Before Judge Meredith, at Osgoode Hall, Tuesday afternoon, James Haverson, representing the Ontario License Holders' Association, moved to quash the local option bylaw in the township of Madoc, pointing out some sixteen or seventeen irregularities in the publication and passage of the bylaw. Mr. Kingston, on behalf of the township, consented to the quashing of the bylaw, with costs.

Away Down East.

From east to west people have heart trouble. This causes violent headaches, neuralgia, nerve trouble and prostration. Says Mrs. Somers, of Moncton, N.B.: "I tried many remedies, but never found anything to give me **such prompt relief as** Milburn's Heart and Nerve Pills have done. I suffered from the above symptoms, but now gladly testify to the cure these wonderful pills have made in my case, and **I hope all sufferers will try them."**

Genuine thankfulness is one of the sweetest, richest, and hollest, though one of the rarest of the Christian graces. Alas! that we take so large a portion of our daily mercies as a matter of course.

"I consider it my duty," says Mr. F. Z. Dias, of San Diego, Texas, "to certify that Ayer's Pills have completely relieved my wife of neuralgia, from which complaint she was, for a long time, a great sufferer." They are easy to take and always effective.

Teach self-denial and make its practice pleasurable, and you create for the world a destiny more sublime than ever issued from the brain of the wildest dreamer.

THERE is not a more dangerous class of disorders than those which affect the breathing organs. Nullify this danger with Dr. Thomas' Eclectric Oil—a pulmonic of acknowledged efficacy. It cures soreness and lameness when applied externally, as well as swelled neck and crick in the back; and, as an inward specific, possesses most substantial claim to public confidence.

Happiness consists in activity. Such is the constitution of our nature; it is a running stream, and not a stagnant pool.

FAGGED OUT.—None but those who have become fagged out know what a depressed, miserable feeling it is. All strength is gone, and despondency has taken hold of the sufferers. They feel as though there was nothing to live for. There, however, is a cure—one box of Parmelee's Vegetable Pills will do wonders in restoring health and strength. Mandrake and Dandelion are two of the articles entering into the composition of Parmelee's Pills.

Ability involves responsibility. Power to its last particle is duty.

A Prominent Lawyer Says:

"I have eight children, every one in good health, not one of whom but has taken Scott's Emulsion, in which my wife has boundless confidence."

Going to Klondike?

Better stay at home and get

GOLD DUST

from your grocer. Sold everywhere and cleans everything.

MADE ONLY BY
THE N. K. FAIRBANK COMPANY,
Montreal. Chicago. St. Louis.
New York. Boston.

Built

Upon the Granite Rocks of— EXPERIENCE.

For Fifty-four Years our Stoves have been very largely used. Scarcely a hamlet in this broad Dominion but traffics in our wares. Unequaled experience, large facilities, and special opportunities make great results possible. We claim for

SOUVENIR RANGES

That they have reached perfection, that is so far as perfection is known in the science and art of stove-building of today. If you are interested in Aerated Ovens ask us for further information.

THE GURNEY-TILDEN CO., LIMITED, HAMILTON, ONT.

Wholesale Agencies—Toronto, Montreal, Winnipeg.

For Sale in London by Wm. Wyatt & Sons. tf zxv

Dental Cards.

DR. W. S. WESTLAND, DENTIST—Honor graduate Toronto University, post-graduate in crown and bridge work Chicago. Electric catephoresis for painless filling. Edge Block, Richmond street.

DR. HARRY E. SILK, DENTIST—Honor graduate of Toronto University. 185½ Dundas street, over Gurd's gun store.

J. ELLIOTT HOLMES, L.D.S., ROOM 3, Duffield Block, Dundas and Clarence streets. Phone 807.

DR. L. H. DAWSON, DENTIST, CORNER Dundas and Lyle streets, East London.

DR. JEFFREY N. WOOD—DENTIST—Higgins' Block, over 212 Dundas street.

DR. GEORGE C. DAVIS, DENTIST—Graduate R. C. D. S., Toronto, 1879, graduate Philadelphia Dental College, 1893. Specialties: Preservation of natural teeth; crown, porcelain and bridge work. 170 Dundas street, London, Ont. Telephone 975.

L. McDONALD, DENTIST, Office, 183½ Dundas street, London. Telephone 702.

DR. J. H. SWANN—DENTIST—OFFICE 207½ Dundas street. Telephone 1,131.

WOLVERTON & BENTLEY, DENTISTS—216 Dundas street, next Edy Bros. over Cairncross & Lawrence, druggists. Telephone 822.

Pawnbrokers.

WANTED — GENTS SECOND-HAND clothing; highest cash price paid. A. P. SAINSBURY, 93 King street. Mail orders attended to.

T. FOX, ORIGINAL PAWNBROKER lends money on diamonds, watches and jewelry; business strictly confidential; highest price paid for cast-off clothing. 393 Clarence street

Business Cards.

JIM LEE, CHINESE LAUNDRY—ALL hand work, first-class; parcels called for and delivered. 637 Dundas street.

JUBILEE HAND LAUNDRY—FANCY work a specialty. Parcels called for and delivered. 290½ Dundas street.

D. DODD & CO., PRACTICAL BUILDERS, carpenters and joiners; jobbing and repairing promptly attended to. Shop 154 Fullarton street.

EYRES' STEAM DYE WORKS, 221 DUNDAS street—Gentlemen's clothing cleaned, dyed and neatly pressed, ostrich feathers cleaned, dyed and curled equal to new.

GEO. ROUGHLEY—FELT AND GRAVEL roofer; repairing a specialty; estimates on application. 276 South street, London. Telephone 883.

Architects.

ALFRED BODLEY, ARCHITECT—Hiscox Building, corner Richmond and King streets, London.

MOORE & HENRY—ARCHITECTS AND civil engineers. Members Ont. Ass'n. Architects; members Ont. L. Surveyors' Ass'n.; members Am. Waterworks Ass'n.

HERBERT MATTHEWS—ARCHITECT—(formerly with C. C. Haight, New York), Carling Block, Richmond street.

MCBRIDE & FARNCOMBE — ARCHITECTS and Surveyors, 213 Dundas street. H. C. McBRIDE, F. W. FARNCOMBE, H.S., C.E

Marriage Licenses.

MARRIAGE LICENSES ISSUED AT Strong's Drug Store, 184 Dundas street. Residence, 289 Dufferin avenue.

LICENSES ISSUED BY THOS. GILLEAN jeweler 402 Richmond street.

MARRIAGE LICENSES AT SHUFF'S drug store, 540 Dundas street east, corner William. Trolley cars pass the door. No witnesses required.

MARRIAGE LICENSES ISSUED BY W H. BARTRAM, 99 Dundas street.

WM. H. WESTON, GROCER, ISSUES licenses at his office, 84 Stanley street. No bonds required.

Money to Loan.

SOME MONEY TO LOAN ON MIDDLESEX farm property at 5 and 5½ per cent. and on city property at 5½ and 6 per cent. T. W. SCANDRETT, solicitor, 98 Dundas street, London, up stairs.

MONEY TO LOAN ON FIRST MORTGAGES, at 5 per cent; on second mortgages and other security at low rates, as G. W. FRANCIS' loan office, 90 Dundas street, (upstairs) London, Ont.

$100,000 TO LEND ON MORTGAGES and notes. TENNENT, McDONAGH & COLERIDGE, barristers, solicitors, notaries 78 Dundas street, London. Branch offices, Glencoe, Bothwell and Alvinston.

Medical Cards.

DR. P. B. WOOD, OFFICE 181½ DUNDAS street. Hours, 10 to 12 a.m., and 3 to 5 p.m.

DR. A. F. WOODWARD—OFFICE AND residence 447 Dundas street.

DR. W. J. WEEKES, 405 DUNDAS street, corner Colborne. Hours 11 to 3 and after 7.

DR. R. M. COOPER L.R.C.P., AND S. ED, L.F.P. and S. Glasg.—Office and residence 537 Richmond street. Telephone 1004.

CL. T. CAMPBELL, M. D., M. C. P. S.—Office and residence, 327 Queen's avenue, London. Office hours, 8 to 9:30 a.m., 1 to 2 p.m. and 6 to 7:30 p.m. Skin diseases a specialty.

DR. PINGEL, THROAT SPECIALIST Office, Wellington street, opposite Public Library.

DR. C. A. CLINE—OFFICE AND RESIDENCE, 466 Dundas street. Phone, 1130.

DR. McCALLUM—OFFICE AND RESIDENCE, 415 Dundas street. Telephone 275.

J. H. GARDINER, M.D., L.R.C.P., LONDON, England—Office and residence, corner William and Dundas streets. Careful attention paid to specific and skin diseases. zxv

DR. ECCLES, QUEEN'S AVENUE—London, Ont., special attention to all diseases peculiar to women. Hours 10 to 2.

DR. GRAHAM—OFFICE, 380 CLARENCE Residence, 616 Richmond. Specialties—Pulmonary affections, cancers, tumors, piles, diseases of women and children.

DR. ENGLISH—OFFICE AND RESIDENCE 688 Dundas street. Telephone.

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