



Fleischmann's fresh yeast helps digestion and cleans a coated tongue

The familiar tin-foil
package with the yellow
label is the only
form in which Fleischmann's
Yeast is sold

THOUSANDS of men and women have found relief from various digestive disturbances by eating Fleischmann's Yeast.

It is human nature to want to find out "why." So far as science can tell us this is the reason:

Fleischmann's Yeast is a food abundant in certain elements which are necessary to health and life itself. It promotes the flow of bile and of pancreatic juice. It has a remarkably beneficial effect on the whole digestive system. It cleans a coated tongue.

Try Fleischmann's fresh yeast in orange juice or, if you prefer, in milk. Men like it in milk shakes and malted milks. Women like it spread on bread or crackers.

Keep your digestion in the pink of condition and your tongue clean and healthy by eating 2 or 3 cakes of Fleischmann's Yeast fresh every day before or between meals. Get Fleischmann's Yeast fresh daily from your grocer.

Indian Mutiny Began.

On the 10th May, 1858, began the great Indian Mutiny, which was in reality a military revolt, following on general unrest all over India, and a feeling of uneasiness with regard to the future policy of the government. Our setback in the Afghan and Crimean wars had damaged our reputation, and the adoption of greased cartridges in India, which the Hindus regarded as an outrage on their religious sentiments, furnished an opportunity for the outbreak. The native mutineers at once seized Delhi, and set up as their leader the old king of Delhi, Sir George Gray the governor of the Cape, realising the gravity of the situation, sent to India troops, which were on their way to China, while Outram and Havelock opportunely arrived from Persia. The British besieged Delhi, and held the Ganges between Calcutta and Benares. At Cawnpur the English garrison with women and children were massacred, but the defence of Lucknow was relieved by Havelock, and again in November by Colin Campbell. Delhi was captured in December, and the sons of the old king (who was spared) were shot. Early in 1859 Lucknow and the other chief strategic points having been recovered by the British troops, the rebellion came to an end. The result of the mutiny was the transference of the powers of the East India Company, which had before then been paramount to the British Crown.

A Bad Climate For Blondes.

American men with blonde wives or sweethearts are advised to compel them, if they become too temperamental, to wear dark glasses. The author of the advice is Dr. R. C. Augustine, president of the American Optometric Association, which at its annual convention in Chicago, indulged in a scientific discussion on the rival attractions of blondes and brunettes. The conclusion arrived at was that the American climate is not suitable for blondes. "The glaring sunlight," said Dr. Augustine, "irritates their nerves."

Wedding Bells.

JAMES DOBBIN.

On Monday evening at 8 o'clock the Ven. Archbishop Armitage officiated at his residence, 30 Spring Garden Road, at the marriage of Jack James, of Halifax, and Julia Dobbin, daughter of the late Richard Dobbin, of St. John's, Nfld. The bride wore a costume of sand colored cloth, with spring hat of blue, and corsage of roses. The groom was supported by Bert Redmond, of Halifax, and the bridesmaid was Miss Mary E. Woods, of Cornwall St. The bride was given in marriage by Mrs. Woods. Mr. and Mrs. James will reside on Duke street.

To Clean Venetian Blinds.

Let down the blinds, secure the cord to its hook, and untie the knots at the end of the blind, all out the laths one by one, and get that the two cords are hanging straight. This thick lath at the bottom of the blind can be washed without removing it. Wipe the webbing and cords with a damp cloth; wash the laths singly with soapy water, using a soft brush, and dry them thoroughly. Put them back in their places, one by one, rethread the cord, and knot firmly. If you are putting in a new cord, sew the end of it to the old end, and by this means pull the new piece over the rollers. That done, cut off the old cord, and fasten the new in its place. Then thread the laths.

Ancient's Wisdom.

A great civilization flourished in the valley of the Nile some 3000 B.C. These Egyptians worshipped the dung beetle, the scarabaeus, possibly recognizing its scavenging powers. The well of Joseph, near the great pyramid, is excavated through nearly 300 feet of solid rock. The ancient Hebrews were the founders of real public health. The laws of Moses, who was born about 1600 B.C., the first hygienic code known, apply about as well to-day as when first promulgated.

TO-DAY'S MESSAGES.

EVASIVE REPLY.
GENEVA, May 10.
The Russian reply, says the General News, requests that clause seven of the memorandum be referred to an International Committee of Experts, with Russia represented. With regard to war debts, the Allies asked what exact discount would be made if debts were acknowledged. On the whole the reply is evasive.

EUROPEAN QUESTIONS.
GENEVA, May 10.
The eighteenth session of the council of the League of Nations will open here to-morrow with the prospect of several important questions, now before the Geneva Economic Conference, coming up for discussion. The position, for one thing, of the League going extensively into Russian questions is seen in a request by Norway asking for an independent inquiry into the famine in Russia. The session is expected to last a week. One of the chief features will be the signing of an economic treaty between Germany and Poland, regarding upper Silesia. This treaty, which represents six months work by the League, is more than five hundred pages long. It constitutes in effect a final settlement of the vexed upper Silesian problem.

Comets Plentiful.

Seven comets which have been seen on previous occasions are expected to return to the vicinity of the earth this year. If they all keep their appointments, and the average number of new comets turn up, astronomers will have at least a full dozen under observation between now and December 31. But there is reason to fear that some of the seven old comets have met with mishaps while howling along through space, and they have either been shattered into unrecognizable debris, or diverted into quite different orbits. There is, however, little romance now in comet-finding, as was the case when heroic comet-hunters swept the skies all night in hope of dropping on one. Now they set traps for them—combination of telescopes and cameras turning into unison with the rotation of the earth on its axis—and go to bed until morning, when they develop the plates and examine them from the tell-tale marks which betray any comets that may have entered the region of the sky. Thus photographed.

6
Large, Sweet
ORANGES
FOR
20c.
M. J. O'BRIEN,
New Gower Street
Ring 1323.
feb27.m.w.t.12

Win Premium for Compass Substitute.

Heyl and Briggs Devise Instrument to Guide Airplanes.

PHILADELPHIA.—An instrument designed to guide aircraft when the ordinary magnetic compass is unreliable won the Magellan premium, awarded annually by the American Philosophical Society. The award was made to-day at the session of the society here to Paul R. Heyl and Lyman J. Briggs of the United States bureau of standards.

The "earth inductor" compass, developed by the bureau of standards, was exhibited at the meeting of the society and explained in a paper read by Heyl and Briggs. They will hold the gold award jointly and each will receive a bronze copy of it.

William K. Scott of Princeton University was re-elected president. Lafayette B. Mendel of Yale University was elected a councillor.

McMILLAN SAYS HE NOW IS IN BEST OF SHAPE.

Halifax Builder Asserts He Found Full Relief In Tan-lac After Ten Years Of Stubborn Stomach Trouble.

"Tanlac put me in perfect health and I can do as big a day's work as I ever did in my life," said Murdoch D. McMillan, a well-known carpenter living at 61 St. Albans St., Halifax, N.S.

"I have suffered from the worst sort of indigestion for the past ten years. All I could take was liquid food and sometimes even this turned against me. At one time I was in the hospital for over two months. There was a fearful burning in my stomach that would come up to my throat. I also had spells of dizziness and I never sleep any more. In fact Tanlac fixed me up as fine as I could be."

"But Tanlac fixed me up in no time. I eat anything, sleep fine, and never suffer any more pain. In fact Tanlac fixed me up as fine as I could be."

Tanlac is sold by all good druggists.

Electricity Versus Ignorance.

Editor Evening Telegram.

Dear Sir,—I notice in the columns of your paper that the cause of the \$150,000 conflagration at the Maritime Stores is ascribed to defective electric wiring. As you are probably aware, in the States the Insurance Companies do more than collect premiums, and pay losses. I know of a case where the Insurance Companies clubbed and bought out the entire fire-fighting apparatus in a certain city, and sold it to a smaller city. They then obtained the most modern equipment obtainable and presented it to the city free gratis at a cost to the Insurance Companies in the vicinity of \$150,000.00. Whilst I believe we have as good a fire equipment as any town of its size, yet the fact remains that we have recourse to it all too often. What we require is more prevention. In view of the foregoing, a suggestion would not be out of order, and if but one fire were prevented, it would pay for itself many hundred times over. My idea is this. It is agreed that a great many fires are caused through defective wiring. In many cases this fault is not due to the manner in which the electricity is installed, but rather to the house-keeper, shopkeeper, etc., tampering with the wiring in order to get "leads" for electric irons, percolators, sewing machines, extra light for show purposes and so on. Now then, if the insurance companies were to arrange for an expert on wiring to give a series of lectures on the subject and thus endeavour to educate the public on these lines, it would, in my opinion, go far towards preventing many fires. I feel sure the Inspector General would be only too pleased to place a room in one of the fire stations at the disposal of the public for the purpose, and about the only expense would be the producing of the expert. Electricity, when handled intelligently, is one of the greatest boons mankind can have, but it is dangerous to use it without some knowledge of its characteristics is to court disaster. We would not think of dispensing prussic acid in every little huxter, yet we urge one and all to "get in" electricity, which is capable of more damage than all the acids ever manufactured. Why people go to the expense of purchasing revolvers and knives to commit suicide is more than I can understand. All you have to do is stand in the bath and grab the electric light and you won't be long before you get your little wings (or shovels). Of course, it sometimes happens you don't get it (the juice) when you want it, and that is where a knowledge of electricity is useful. Let Mr. Ash or some of the agents think it over.

Yours "Lightly," FUSE.

Creatures Immune to Poisons.

There are many animals and birds which are quite unharmed by the sting of insects, or even the poison of the most deadly snakes. Ducks love to feed on bees, which they will swallow in dozens without any ill-effects. The same immunity is shared by another bird—the bee-eater, and apparently by the death-head moth. The South American ant-eater makes tasty meals off ants of the most poisonous kind. He goes to a hill and proceeds to scratch a hole in it with his powerful foreclaws, then, lying down, he pushes his long tongue into the breach. The ants swarm on the waiting tongue, and as soon as it is nicely covered its owner draws it in. The badger's fur seems to protect him completely against the attacks of wasps. His fondness for honey often induces him to dig out a wasp's nest. Most curious of all are certain birds which delight in eating deadly snakes. The stork lanches, without any unpleasant after-effects, upon an adder or two, although he has swallowed poison enough to kill a man.

JUST ARRIVED

And Now Being Put on Display.

DRESSES.

Be prepared to find the season's very smartest and newest of new Street and Afternoon Dresses at this Sale, and the color range includes the fashionable Spring shades with materials such as

NEW CANTON CREPES, NEW SOFT SATINS,

NEW CREPE DE CHENES, CRISP TAFFETAS.

All priced to assure quick sales.

SUITS. New Spring Suits.

They are just like those you will see in most stores priced at \$29.50 and \$35.00. Tricotines and the fashionable Tweeds for Women and Misses. All at \$18.00 and up.

SKIRTS.

A splendid range in Plaids, Tweeds, Serge, Tricotine, Velours, pleated and plain; all sizes including the "stout" sizes. Prices from \$2.98 and up.

BLOUSES.

High class Georgettes, Crepe de Chenes and Tricotettes, Silks, Taffetas, and the newest models including every known color; sizes up to 52 inches. Prices range at 88c., \$1.45, \$2.98, \$3.98.

WOOL SMOCKS AND SWEATERS

All the Popular Colors and Best Styles.

PRICES RIGHT.

Extra Special! CORSETS.

Over 200 pairs, and at prices that will be the talk of the town.

S. L. LEVITZ & CO.,

256 Water Street,

Opposite Ayre & Sons' Grocery.

BIG VALUES Men's Boots!

Men's Mahogany
Calf Blucher
\$4.75

MEN'S MAHOGANY CALF—

Pointed last, Goodyear welt,

\$6.50



MEN'S MAHOGANY CALF BLUCHER—Goodyear welt, at

\$8.00 and \$8.50

MEN'S MAHOGANY CALF BLUCHER OXFORD—Goodwear

welt \$7.00

MEN'S BLACK GUNMETAL BLUCHER \$5.00

MEN'S BLACK VICI KID BLUCHER \$6.00

MEN'S BLACK GUNMETAL CALF—Pointed last (welt) \$6.00

MEN'S BLACK CALF BLUCHER—Goodyear welt \$7.00

F. Smallwood,

The Home of Good Shoes, Water Street.