## HASYAEN'S GAZETTIE, JULY 26

 following letter from "a Burlingt
(From the Protestaint Churchmen.)
Gentlgaten :-A circumstance bearing and the independence of her clergy, has recently taken place here, which would seem, in some of its ispects, to be importan enough to find a place in your columps. The annual meeting of the Burlington City Bible Society, auxiliary to the American Bible Suciety, was held on the 19th tal in the accomplishment of mueh good in our own eity and vicinity, having supplied with the Word of Gud all the destitute among us who would receive it, besides annually contributing to its dissemination through the parent Society
The Committee charged with providing perg of a Preebyterian and a Methodist min ister, invited a valued clergyman of ou own Church from a neighboring parish to be one of the speakers on the occasion, to which he readily assented. But what wae The surprise of this gentleman, a few days afterwards, may be judged, when the reade told that he received a visit from the Bishpen of New-Jersoy, who resisted the fuilil the ground that he was opposed to the dissemination of the Holy Seriptures, exeep hrough the Church, and partly on the round, that the act contemplated would be ntruding into, his parish ! The Presbyter assured him, that he had no thought of incurring his displeasure, when he aecepter the invitation, that he could not or apposed it possible that he (the Bishop) would object to the distribution the Bible in any way; that he was con cientiously and earnestly favorable to the Society, and urged the Bishop not to inter pose objection or his authority, to
But all was of no avail. The Bishop appealed to the rector as a brolher minister and as a gentleman, not to invade his parish. The gentleman finafly yielded to his demands, so far as to promise not to addres. substitute, but adhered to his purpose to attend i
hat an assumption of ecciesiastica power in a Protestant Church, and ia the Jnited States
God often makes the wrath of man prais him. No circumstances could well have aided the Burlington Chy Bible society more than those arising whe twice large as it usually has been, and
of the most respectable people in Burling ton, a large proportion of whom were Epis copalians, not only those who refuse to S. Mary's, but also some of the leading persons who still continue their attendance
at that church. Distinguished laymen and elergymen of our Church offered their services in advocating a cause so dear to the meart of every Christian ; feeling in coen brethren here, deeply martified and pained at the false position given to our Church in the eyes of hose without, by the assumptions of the Bishop. An elodistinguished member of the bar, a church man from Newark, N. J., and another from Philadelphia

The meeting, and all the circumstance connected with it, have quite stirred up ou quiet town. It was decidedly the most interesting, important and useful anniversary that has been held here for years.

A Bualington Episcopalias.
Tus Fonce of Habir.- - A servant was
 who had been autending ithe courree of the pournig. The servant, on meeting the surgeon, delivered his melancheiey meamegit ments, and he's dead."
 Tre Returas of the Revenue for the quarter ending on thie 'yoth of the tha inonti, aflopd a gratifing indication of ac
inerencing finanacial prosperity eveen under
the dark shadow of war : and afford th promise of a much greater improvemion When that shadow shail have faitly paseed
away. Amidst some fluctuations in the away. Amidgt some Auctuations in the obtains on the ototal results, the aggregate showing a net increase of $\mathcal{1 4 2 2 , 0 5 2}$ ont
quarter,
and
$\mathcal{L}, 101,620$ quarth, as compared with the returus for the similar periods in 1855 . The experience of the Chancellor of the Exchequer,
thus tallies most agreeably with the tenor thus tallies most agreeably with the tene
of successive reports from the Board Trade, as well as with the accounts trans mitted from every centre of industry and production. Every symptom combines to
prove that the well-being of the country rests upon a basis too sound to be ehaken by the oscillations either of war or peace. It has been very justly remarked, that the rial which our national resources and industrial machinery have undergone during he last three months has been, in point ct, as severe as any that occurred daring Or is the proof it has afforded of vigour and substantiality less important. On for ner occasions we have, indeed, found that transition to a state of peace was greught with more peril and diatress-gave greater shoek to padustry, and tended to worse dislocation of employment-that of previous change from peace into a state
hostitities. The reason is obvious. War specially at the : first outbreak, opens more channels for activity that it can close. The Government spends lavishly at home and broad. Multitudes are engaged to fight, to provide stores and supplies for the ghters. Labour is scarce, wages are very side. The memory of "war prices," asioned, linger still in many parts of the country, aecompanied by painful recolleccions of subsequent collapse and ruin, when he stimulus of a vist military expebditure ad incessant loans was once withdrawn hrough a similar ordeal the coundry has without perceptible change. There has been no glut of labour, no disturbance of industry, and no scarcity of capital. The retrenchments necessary upon the conclu-
sion of peace are being effected without causing any disastrous mutations in the re ative position of employer and employed While the payinent of our war liabinities ha be productive energies of the country, of absorbing that circulating medium which i the life-blood of its connmerce. Alike in resuming our peaceful occupations, and in originally arming ourselves for the eonflict we have shown, that the terrible episode of and left an visible exhaustion in the might resources of our empire.
Important to Poets.- " There is place like home, "savs the poet. Right unless it's the home of the young woman
you're after. This is, of course, an excepion. Future poets will please to note it Woman.-The obstinate woman gets to reasts an ox with a burning glass.-The curious woman would like to turn a rainbow over, to see what there was on the other side. The vulgar wounan is a spider attempting to spin silk. - The cautious wo-
man writes promises on a slate. - The envious woman kills herself in endeavouring d
extravagant woman burns a wax candle in
ther ther looking for a lucifer mateh. -The happy womandied in a deaf and dumb asylum years ago.

A new kind of fraud," says the Journal Elbenf," has just been originated Ladics Mushin collars, to all appearance sale, and when the purchaser proceeds handle the new article a little roughly, th else than little lumps of paper cleveriy past ed on the muslin. A man has been arrested in thístown for selling such arlicies.
gisogrtal
Balarlata a Pleasure vidence of the new order of things in he East has been the organtation of a egular steam-boat excurtionist system vetween Constantinople and Balaklava at very moderate rates, and with all the ispual Western appliances of accommodaion and enjoyment. The British authorities in botit places are warmly sup-
porting it, and affording every facility o its projector and manager, Mr. W. Hadfield, agent of the Liverpool Under viter for the transport Service at Contantinople, whose exertions for the pronotion of a Sailor's Home in the Bosphorus have met with a success not less reditable to him than beneficial to the object of that meriiorious and mnch-needed undertakeing.
The Beard in Sichly.-A letter from ienoa, dated June 5, and published in been a collision between the police and the people at Catania. A mative of Mes sina, who was seen in the streets with that proscribed eusign of a reivolutionist a beard, was ordered by some poliece agents to come with him to a barber to be shaved. Upon his refusal and resistance, a row ensued, the mob taking par ice. Thessina man against the posides. Whe were broken heapolitan govern ment heard of the occurrence, it sent telegraphic despatches to all the princi pal towns in Sicily, ordering thè authorihis hair and beadd as might please himself, withou molestation.

A Rayr Inobed.-A modern travelle Gietmany, gives a description of one of the inmense rafts which occasionally descend the Rline. He says, it was nine bundred feet long and two hundred
wide, on which was built a village for the accommodation of the boatmen and the passengers, cousisting of about one hogs, and persons. There weré cattie ogs, and pther anipals on board-and
also a shop where the passenters could be suppticd with every article.
ye A good anecdote is told of Ali
Pasha, the Saltan's Grand Vizier, now ${ }_{i}$ Paris. A few evenngs ago, a lady o whom this gentleman was introducen Is the Sultau married ${ }^{2}$ ' "A great eal, madam," was the Turk's reply.
213 A man, named Stoue, exclaimed st name aom, "he het have "Uoue, said one of the company: " what's your name? "Stone, cried the first. "Her," my name is Harder

## known pet has prepetra

ed the tollowing:- Franklin Pierce must
Since he has turued out so well. or he call leave ofli war, and soon
In peace and Concord dwell."

## ITS An eminent artist is abont getting up a "panorama of a la wsuit." It opens

 day.ifs The largest angel we ever read of was seen by Mahomet in the third heaven, whech the Koran says had two eyes近 No ote pretends to have an injury more than: he who offers it
motr Man
humaty
ho offers it

E Williams of Amberst, United States has a tiog, which, seeinga shovel fall unob cerved from his master's wagon, on the
public road, watched over it til his owner missing him made search and recovered both dog and shovel.

Among the pastepgers of the stearphip
Asia, which atiled yeaterday for England Asia, which sailed yeaterday for England
we noticed the name of $\mathbf{D}$ : Ten. Broek, the Napoleon of the Ame of D. Ten. Broen, the decease of Col. Joherican of Virginia. The afect of Mr. Ten Broek's visit to Europe
to test the powers of the Euglish race horse on English ground by aetual experiment of those bred in America. For that puirpose horses in the country. - [Neno York Hereld, 10th.]

King Otho, of Greece, held a grand reception at Vienna, on the 20th June, at which he great dignitaries of the Court and the
It appears that mesmerism is to be applied to the cure of insanity. Dr. Parker, a surgeon in Exeter, England
having claimed to have relieved-some and cured other cases of iusanity, in that city and neighbourhood, by means of mesmeric influence, a proposition was made to the corporation, in behalf of the poor, that it might be tried in the case of nsane persons who are paupers. A committee was accordingly appointed by the authorities, to investigate the facts, being they reported in favour of a tria at a meeting of the corporation and to appropriation was voted toward the ex-pense-with what result we have not yet pearned.

A vain man's motto is, "win gold and wear it ;" a generous man's, " win gold and share it ;" a miser's, "win gold and spend it ;" a broker's, " win gold and lend grambler's, "win gold and lose it;" a wise

When Dobbs was dying, his wife, who ad led him a terrible life, was afraid, tha would either cut her off with a shilling or revent her marrying again; she was young
ad handsome, if she was a Tartar. But Dobbs left her all his money, on conditio 1 shall be as wretched as I've been
A Suppicient Excuse.-A gentleman course of lectures, declined, "Because," aid he, "my wife, gives me a lecture every aight for nothing.'

Mettos and Mouth.-Leg of Muttonstrbet, Devizes, is to be called in future Sidmouth $A$, in compliment to Lord eg of mutton into a "mouth" of any kind is perfectly right

Advantage of Tobacco.-The following Exploring Expedition, by a savage of the eejee islands. He stated that a vessel, he hull of which was still lying on the beach, had come ashore in a storm, and at we crew had fallen into the hands of the islanders. "What did you do with all," answered the savage. "What did ou do with them after you had killed them? Eat 'em-good," returned the cannibal.
Did you eat them all ?' asked the halfsick commodore. "Yes; we eat all but one." "And why did you spare one'?"
Because he taste too much like tobe Couldn't eat hiun no how !

Why are jokes like nuts?-Becinuse the drier they are, the better they crack.
An Anerican editor undertakes to discuss what he calls a "knotty question."

Some men are like cats. You may stroke the fur the right, way for years, and hear nothing but purring; but accidentally tread
on the tail, and all memory of former kind ness is obliterated.
if A lie though it be killed and dead can sting sometimes like a dead wasp

