



Most recent picture of Gen. Sir Edmund Allenby, who, by his recent victories in Palestine, is putting another red spot on the map of freedom.

HOSPITAL SHIP SUNK BY SUB. EXPORT 20,000,000 BUSHELS OF WHEAT

Wounded From Gibraltar to England.

A despatch from London says: Notwithstanding the pledge given in September, the Germans have sunk another hospital ship. An official statement says: His Majesty's hospital ship Rewa was torpedoed and sunk in the Bristol Channel at about midnight on Jan. 4. She was way home from Gibraltar. All the wounded were safely transferred to patrol vessels. There were only three casualties among the crew, three Lascars being missing. "She was displaying all the lights and markings required by The Hague Convention. She was not and had not been within the so-called barred zone, as delimited in the statement issued by the German Government on Jan. 19, 1917."

Most of the survivors of the Rewa were landed at Swansea. Many of them were without clothing of any kind. The wounded were removed to a hospital. The torpedo which sank the Rewa was directed through the Red Cross zone on her side.

120,000 AUSTRIANS FIGHTING WITH THE FRENCH.

A despatch from London says: Commenting on the formation of a Czech-Slovak army in France, which was authorized by decree printed in the French Official Gazette, December 19, the Vienna Neue Freie Presse says the army already numbers 120,000 men.

"Although it will not have any decisive influence on the military operations," the newspaper adds, "yet, it may do us considerable harm in the event of the transfer of Austrian troops to the western front. The greatest harm, however, is the moral effect this wholesale act of Czech treachery may have on the military power of the Dual monarchy."

300,000 TURK DESERTERS CONDUCTING BRIGANDAGE.

A despatch from Geneva says: A Constantinople report received here says that within the Ottoman Empire there are roving bands of brigands, estimated to number 300,000. They are mostly armed deserters from the army and are bent on pillage. They even venture near towns, and sometimes attack regular troops in order to get arms and food.

Markets of the World

Breadstuffs
Toronto, Jan. 15.—Manitoba wheat—No. 1 Northern, \$2.23; No. 2, do., \$2.20; No. 3, do., \$2.17; No. 4 wheat, \$2.10; in store Fort William, including 2 1/2% tax. Manitoba oats—No. 2 C.W., \$1.74; No. 3 C.W., \$1.71; No. 1 extra feed, \$1.71; No. 1 feed, \$1.68; in store Fort William. American corn—No. 3 yellow, nominal.

Ontario oats—No. 2 white, \$1 to \$2c, nominal; No. 3, do., \$0 to \$1c, nominal, according to freights outside.

Ontario wheat—New, No. 2 Winter, \$2.22; basis in store Montreal. Feed—No. 2, \$3.70 to \$3.80, according to freights outside.

Barley—Malt, \$1.36 to \$1.38, according to freights outside.

Buckwheat—\$1.55 to \$1.58, according to freights outside.

Oats—No. 2, \$1.78, according to freights outside.

Manitoba flour—First patents, in jute bags, \$11.50; 2nd, do., \$11; strong bakers, do., \$16.60, Toronto.

Ontario flour—Winter, according to sample, \$10.10, in bags, Montreal; \$9.95, Toronto; \$6.50, bulk, seaboard, prompt shipment.

Milled—Car lots, delivered Montreal freights, bags included—Bran, per ton, \$35; shorts, do., \$40; middlings, do., \$45 to \$46; good feed flour, per bag, \$3.25.

Hay—No. 1, new, per ton, \$15.50 to \$16.50; mixed, do., \$13 to \$15, track Toronto.

Straw—Car lots, per ton, \$8.50 to \$9.

Country Produce—Wholesale
Butter—Creamery, solids, per lb., 42 1/2 to 43c; prints, per lb., 43 to 43 1/2c; dairy, per lb., 38 to 38c.

Eggs—Fresh gathered eggs, 50 to 52c; dressed poultry—Chickens, 24 to 25c; fowl, 19 to 20c; ducks, 23 to 24c; geese, 21 to 22c; turkeys, 28 to 30c.

Potatoes—Wholesalers are paying growers and country shippers, for first class stock, c.o.b. outside points, \$2.25 to \$2.35 for Delaware, and \$2.00 to \$2.10 for Ontario.

Wholesalers are selling to the retail trade at the following prices:
Cheese—New, large, 23 to 24c; twins, 23 1/2 to 23c; early cheese, 25 1/2 to 26c; large twin, 26 to 26 1/2c.

Butter—Fresh dairy, choice, 46 to 47c; creamery prints, 46 to 47c; solids, 45 to 46c.

Margarine—25 to 32c.

Eggs—New laid, in cartons, 65 to 70c; No. 1 storage, 45 to 46c; select storage, 48 to 49c.

Dressed poultry—Spring chickens, 27 to 28c; milk-fed chickens, lb., 30c; fowl, 24 to 26c; turkeys, 35 to 37c; ducks, Spring, 23 to 24c; geese, 23 to 27c.

Live poultry—Turkeys, 28c; Spring chickens, lb., 20 to 21c; hens, 18 to 18c; ducks, Spring, 20 to 22c; geese, 20 to 21c.

Honey—Comb—Extra fine, 16 oz., \$2.50; No. 2, \$2.40 to \$2.50.

Strained—Tins, 2 1/2 and 5 lb., 19 to 19 1/2c per lb.; 10 lb., 18 1/2 to 19c; 60 lb., 18 to 18 1/2c.

Bacon—Canadian, best, 23 to 24c; 40 lb. hams, plain, 4 to 4 1/2c; boneless, 45 to 46c.

Cured meats—Long clear bacon, 28 to 29c; corned beef, 23 to 24c.

Lard—Pure lard, tins, 23 1/2 to 24c; tubs, 23 to 24c; lard, 23 to 24c; corned, 23 1/2 to 24c; tubs, 23 1/2 to 24c; lard, 23 to 24c.

Provisions—Wholesale
Smoked meats—Ham, medium, 31 to 32c; do., heavy, 26 to 27c; cooked, 44 to 46c; rolls, 34 to 35c; breakfast bacon, 40 to 42c; hams, plain, 4 to 4 1/2c; boneless, 45 to 46c.

Cured meats—Long clear bacon, 28 to 29c; corned beef, 23 to 24c.

Lard—Pure lard, tins, 23 1/2 to 24c; tubs, 23 to 24c; lard, 23 to 24c; corned, 23 1/2 to 24c; tubs, 23 1/2 to 24c; lard, 23 to 24c.

Montreal Markets
Montreal, Jan. 15.—Canadian Western, No. 3, 93c; extra No. 1 feed, 95c; No. 2 local white, 91 to 92c; No. 3 local white, 89 to 90c; flour—Manitoba Spring wheat patents, firsts, \$11.60; seconds, \$11.10; strong brands, \$10.80; 30 lb. hams, \$5.25 to \$5.37 1/2.

Rolls—No. 1, \$5.50; No. 2, \$5.25; No. 3, \$5.00.

Shorts—No. 1, \$3.50; No. 2, \$3.25; No. 3, \$3.00.

Staple—No. 1, \$14.50 to \$15.50; No. 2, \$13.50 to \$14.50; No. 3, \$12.50 to \$13.50.

Best westerns, 21c; finest eastern, 21c; Butter—Best creamery, 44 1/2 to 45c; seconds, 43 1/2 to 44c.

Eggs—Fresh, 54 to 55c; selected, 47c; No. 1, 45 to 46c; No. 2, 43 to 44c.

Potatoes—Per bag, car lots, \$1.50 to \$2.25.

Winnipeg Grain
Winnipeg, Jan. 15.—Cash prices: Oats—No. 2 C.W., \$1.74; No. 3 C.W., \$1.71; extra No. 1 feed, \$1.71; No. 1 feed, \$1.68; No. 2 feed, \$1.65; No. 3 feed, \$1.62; No. 4 feed, \$1.59; No. 1 N.W.C., \$3.22; No. 2 C.W., \$3.19; No. 3 C.W., \$3.01.

United States Markets
Minneapolis, Minn., Jan. 15.—Corn—No. 2 yellow, \$1.05 to \$1.10; No. 3 white, \$1.00 to \$1.05; No. 4 white, \$0.95 to \$1.00; No. 5 white, \$0.90 to \$0.95.

Duluth, Minn., Jan. 15.—Linseed—On track, \$3.50 to \$3.65; active, \$3.50; January, \$3.50 asked; May, \$3.50; July, \$3.43 asked; October, \$3.30, nominal.

Live Stock Markets
Toronto, Jan. 15.—Extra choice heavy steers, \$11.75 to \$12.50; do., good heavy, \$11 to \$11.40; butchers' cattle, choice, \$11 to \$11.60; do., good, \$10 to \$10.75; do., medium, \$9.50 to \$9.75; do., common, \$8.75 to \$9.10; butchers' bulls, choice, \$10 to \$10.50; do., good, \$8.75 to \$9.25; do., medium, \$7.75 to \$8.25; do., rough, \$6.50 to \$7; butchers' cows, choice, \$9.50 to \$10; do., good, \$8.50 to \$9; do., medium, \$7.75 to \$8; lambs, \$18 to \$19; calves, good to choice, \$14 to \$16.50; stockers, \$2.25 to \$2.75; feeders, \$9.25 to \$10; canners and cutters, \$6.25 to \$6.25; milkers, good to choice, \$10 to \$11; do., com. and med., \$5 to \$8; springers, \$90 to \$120; light ewes, \$12.50 to \$14; sheep, heavy, \$8 to \$7; lambs, \$12 to \$15; do., do., \$12 to \$15; hogs, \$18 to \$19; do., do., \$18 to \$19; do., do., \$18 to \$19; do., do., \$18 to \$19.

Will Not Take Over Museum.
A despatch from London says: The strong opposition to the utilization of the British and National History Museums for Government offices has had its effect. Lord Curzon announced in the House of Commons that the Government had not found it necessary to take these buildings over for that purpose.



With the Draftees —British & Colonial Press, Ltd.

WOMAN SUFFRAGE WINS IN U.S.

Obtained Exactly the Required Number of Votes in House.
A despatch from Washington says: Woman suffrage by Federal constitutional amendment won in the House on Thursday night with exactly the required number of affirmative votes. While members in their seats and throngs in the galleries waited with eager interest, the House adopted by a vote of 274 to 136 a resolution providing for submission to the states of the so-called Susan B. Anthony amendment for National Enfranchisement of Women.
But for the promise of Speaker Clark to cast his vote for the Chair for the resolution if it was needed, the change of a single vote to the opposition would have meant defeat. Republican Leader Mann, who came from a hospital where he has been under treatment ever since Congress convened, and Representative Sims, of Tennessee, just out of a sick bed and hardly able to walk to his seat, brought the votes which settled the issue.

RUSSIAN TROOPS MESSAGE ON PEACE

Urges Trotsky to Accept No Dishonorable Peace With Teutons.
A despatch from Petrograd says: As the Russian peace delegates passed along the way to renew the negotiations with the Germans, the Russian troops in the trenches near Brest-Litovsk urged upon Leon Trotsky, the Bolshevik Foreign Minister: "Be firm; don't make a dishonorable peace."
A despatch, detailing this and other important facts, was received at Smolny Institute, the Bolshevik headquarters. Trotsky replied, urging: "We did not overthrow the Czar to bow to German Imperialism."

HOUSE OF LORDS FAVORS WOMAN'S VOTE.

A despatch from London says: The House of Lords on Thursday rejected Lord Loreburn's amendment to the representation of the people bill, by which it was sought to exclude women from the suffrage. The vote against the amendment was 134 to 69.
The new franchise bill before the House of Lords revealed strong opposition to women suffrage. Earl Loreburn moved to omit the clause from the bill giving women the Parliamentary vote. After a two-day's debate the amendment was rejected.
Hughes Cabinet Now Sworn In.
A despatch from Melbourne says: The new Hughes Cabinet has been sworn in with practically no changes. Hon. Frank Tudor has given notice of a motion of no confidence.

From Erin's Green Isle

NEWS BY MAIL FROM IRELAND'S SHORES.
Happenings in the Emerald Isle of Interest to Irishmen.
The passengers on steamers recently arriving in Dublin, from across the channel, were nearly all female harvesters returning from England.
Major G. F. Wilson, R.F.A., recently killed in action, was the youngest son of W. H. Wilson, Carrickmines House, County Dublin.
Thomas Falkiner Wilkinson, for many years in the service of the National Bank of Ireland, died recently at Cape Town, South Africa.
Owing to the amount of hay being held up, the Army Council announce that they will put in force their powers to compel the sale of hay.
P. J. Shaw, clerk of Enniscomorthy, reports that not a single case of drunkenness or bad behavior had come before the Court for the last six months.
The Dublin Master Carriers' Association have offered their men an increase of three shillings and sixpence in addition to their previous war bonus.
Lance-Corporal Albert was presented with a hand-propelled chair by Sir James Gallagher on behalf of the Dublin War Pensioners Committee.
Constable O'Boyle, of the R.I.C., has been awarded a certificate from the Society for the Prevention of Cruelty to Animals at Carlow.
The property known as the Castle Clyde Estate, near the town of Fermoy, has been sold to the Cork Timber and Iron Co. for £36,000.
At an inquiry held at Wexford, it was stated that last year £10,000 worth of salmon had been caught in the Slaney River.
The North Tipperary County Committee of Agriculture, have formulated a scheme for the re-forestation of the county.
The Urban Council of Newry have passed a vote of thanks to Mr. and Mrs. Robert Kerr for defraying the expense of planting trees to beautify the town.
The Central wages Board of Ireland has decided to establish district wages committees throughout the country.
The death has been announced of Major Frederic E. Nixon-Eckersall, of the Royal Garrison Artillery, at the front.

GERMANY DEPORTING FRENCHMEN TO RUSSIA.

A despatch from London says: A German official statement, according to an Amsterdam despatch to the Central News, says: "As a reprisal for the retention of inhabitants of Alsace-Lorraine, against the law of nations, 600 French will be conveyed to Russia from January 6, and within a few days 400 French women will be sent to the camp at Holzminden (Duchy of Brunswick)."

GERMAN DYE RECIPES CAPTURED

Group in British Textile Trade Make Most Important Discoveries.
A despatch from London says: A group of men in the British textile trade has captured the secret recipes of the greater German dye industry, according to The London Daily Mail, which displays the item under large heads. The recipes, numbering 257, belonged to the great Badische works, and are now in the keeping of a London bank. The Mail says: "The capture is of first importance in economic war against Germany, and will free the British textile industry and scores of other important industries from the bonds of Germany. It means that when the war is over Great Britain will be in a position to compete equally with German dyed goods in every market in the world."
In the course of a long story describing how the recipes were obtained in Switzerland, The Mail says that the merchants who captured them have refused tempting offers from capitalists and speculative elements have been barred carefully from the enterprise. The merchants intend to offer and sell the recipes to the British Government for the use of the Government dye works, permitting the bulk of the profit to go to the nation on the understanding that the dyes will be sold freely to all British manufacturers needing them.

90,000,000 BUSHELS OF WHEAT

States Decides Exportations Are Necessary to Relieve European Food Shortage.
A despatch from Washington says: The food situation in Europe is regarded here as so critical that the food administration is planning to release an additional 90,000,000 bushels of wheat, despite the fact that the normal export surplus had been shipped by the middle of December. The American people will be asked to save to make up the deficiency.
The demand from the allies is so insistent that the food administration has decided to take a chance on a shortage in the Spring to meet in part their needs. If consumption is not reduced officials see a possible shortage of flour in the United States in May before the new wheat crop comes in in June.
INDIA CONTRIBUTES \$2,500,000 TO RED CROSS.
A despatch from Delhi, India, says: Estimates indicate that well over half a million pounds sterling was raised as a result of "tau day" collections in aid of the Red Cross.

The Doings of the Duffs.

