MEMORANDUM:

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The Chippewas of Lakes Huron and Sincee, in three bands under Chiefs Yellowhead, Aisance and Snake (Bigwin) were in 1830, settled by the Lieutenant Governor Sir John Colberne, on a tract of land between Coldwater and the Marrows under the supervision of Capt. T. G. Anderson.

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Gerald Alley was appointed by the Government as teacher and farming instructor for the Indians in 1830 and commenced farming on 50 acres of land at the Marrows in 1831.

The Indians moved from Yellowheads Island to the Narrows in the fall of 1830 and during the next two years houses and a school were built for them there. This formed what was known as the Indian Village. In December Mr. Law who was the Methodist teacher on the Island moved to the Narrows and taught school in a bark wigwam.

There seems to have been continued friction between the Methodist Missionary and Mr. Law on the one hand, and Superintendent T. G. Anderson and Mr. Alley on the other. The Methodists at this time seem to have drawn their mission workers from the Society at Rochester and they did not always work in harmony with the local British Officials. There was the same trouble at Coldwater.

applied for a lease or grant of land on which to build a

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