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The preamble of the Act in question states that "it is "very desirable to promote temperance in the Dominion, and "that there should be uniform legislation in all the provinces "respecting the traffic in intoxicating liquors." The Act is divided into three parts. The first relates to "proceedings "for bringing the second part of this Act into force;" the second to "prohibition of traffic in intoxicating liquors;" and the third to "penalties and prosecutions for offences

"against the second part." The mode of bringing the second part of the Act into force, stating it succinctly, is as follows: On a petition to the Governor in Council, signed by not less than one fourth in number of the electors of any county or city in the Dominion qualified to vote at the election of a member of the House of Commons, praying that the second part of the Act should be in force and take effect in such county or city, and that the votes of all the electors be taken for or against the adoption of the petition, the Governor General, after certain prescribed notices and evidence, may issue a proclamation, embodying such petition, with a view to a poll of the electors being taken for or against its adoption. When any petition has been adopted by the electors of the county or city named in it, the Governor General in Council may, after the expiration of 60 days from the day on which the petition was adopted, by Order in Council published in the Gazette, declare that the second part of the Act shall be in force and take effect in such county or city, and the same is then to become of force and take effect accordingly. Such Order in Council is not to be revoked for three years, and

only on like petition and procedure.

The most important of the prohibitory enactments contained in the second part of the Act is section 99, which enacts that, "from the day on which this part of this Act comes " into force and takes effect in any county or city, and for so "long thereafter as the same continues in force therein, no " person, unless it be for exclusively sacramental or medicinal "purposes, or for bona fide use in some art, trade, or manu-" facture, under the regulation contained in the fourth sub-" section of this section, or as hereinafter authorized by one " of the four next sub-sections of this section, shall, within " such county or city, by himself, his clerk, servant or agent, "expose or keep for sale, or directly or indirectly, on any " pretence or upon any device, sell or barter, or in conside-"ration of the purchase of any other property, give, to any "other person, any spirituous or other intoxicating liquor, " or any mixed liquor, capable of being used as a beverage, "and part of which is spirituous or otherwise intoxicating." Sub section 2 provides that "neither any license issued to "any distiller or brewer" (and after enumerating other licenses), "nor yet any other description of license whatever, "shall in any wise avail to render legal any act done in " violation of this section."