## How Joe Lost His Arm.

On the Tombigre river so bright I was born, In a but made of husks of the bright yellow corn, And 'twas there that I met my Julia so true, And I rowed her about in my gumtree caroe, Singing, Roe away, row o'er the waters so blue; Like a feather we'll float in my gumtree canoe.

The clerk of the Pretty Jane had a mellow voice, and blended sweetly with it was little Jennie's childien treble.

He sat upon the deck of the little steamboat, gazing around on the bright waters of the Tombigbee as the sun danced on them, gazing intently and smiling absently to bimself.

He was a man about 30. and his right coat sleeve was empty and pinned upon

coat sleeve was empty and pinned upon his beart.

Little Jennic leaned upon his knee, staring him intently in the tace in a way that children have. She pushed her broad brimmed hat back from her eyes so that she might stare the better. The hat was a queerly shaped palmetto structure, for this was in 1863, and clothes were at a premium. She was the child of one of the passengers, and between her and the clerk quite a triendship had sprung up.

'And did you sure enough meet your Julia here on the Tombigbee?' asked the child. stroking the empty sleeve with a

child, stroking the empty sleeve with a

pitying touch.
'Yes,' said the clerk, roused from his reverie and smiling down on the eager little face; 'I have often taken her rowing on the Tombigbee before the war, when I had my other arm.'

'How nice!' said Jennie. 'How nice! And in a gumtree canoe?'
'Well, I wasn't particular as to the kind of canoe, so it was a canoe,' said he, smi!-

'And your Julia aint named Julia, but

Mary Jane, after all, said the child.

'Yes,' said he, 'but she's just as sweet as if her name was Julia, though 'twouldnt fit in the song so well.'
'No, you couldn't say, 'I rowed my
Mary Jane so true.' Twould make the

many Jane so true. I would make the song two long legged.

'True,' said he, laughing, 'but that makes no d.fference. I think of her while I sing it, so that it seems as if it was her

'Well, Mr. Perkins,' said Jennie, 'tell 'Well, Mr. Perkins,' said Jennie, 'tell me why haven't you married your Julia, if you've been rowing her around in your gumtree cance these ever so many years?

'You see,' said the mate smiling, 'my' Julia couldn't make up her mind that she loved me till the war broke out and I volunteered; then she said directly she'd marry me, but it was too late then; I had to go off to fight.

'You had both of your arms then!' in-terrupted Jennie; you was born with 'em?

'Of course, child. Did you ever hear of any one born with one arm? Nature don't ever make no such cobbled, lop-sided work as that.'

Well if you had both of your arms then, I don't see why she would not have you.'
Bless you child, everybody had plenty
of arms then; that was no inducement to take a fellow then. But as I was saying, when she found that I was going to the war and might get killed, then she found

'She'd rather marry you than that you should get killed,' said Jennie. 'Yes, I think she ought, after you rowed her around in the canne.'

around in the canoe.'
You are right,' said Perkins, laughing; but it was too late then. We agreed that if ever I got back safely when the war was

over, we'd marry.'
'Tell me now, how you came to lose

The enemy was bound to get the bill on which we stood, and we were holding on officers tollowed him, and they ran up and

down the lines cheering up the men

'Steady, my boys,' said the old colonel: keep pouring it into them. Steady! Re-enforcements will soon be here! Never et it be said that the line broke where the

Alabamians stood!'
'The whole air seemed black with shot and shell. A piece of one grazed the col-onel's cheek and the blood kept trickling down his face but he didn't seem to feel it. The firing grew so hot that the men seem The firing grew so hot that the men recan ed fairly moved down, and the line began to waver and break. Suddenly, clear on our right, there arose a tremendous yell. It grew louder and louder and ran down the line towards us. Then, at last, we the line towards us. Inch. at last, we saw a courier galloping down the line. I shall never forget how he looked. His black borse was all white with foam, and its flanks were bloody from his spur. He rode bareheaded down the line as if he bore a charmed life, and he kept waving his cap around his head and shouting something to the men, and as they his cap around his head and shouling something to the men, and as they heard him the wavering line rallied and sent up deafening cheers. Then he galloped by where we

cheers. Then be galloped by where we were and yelled:

'Rally, men! Rally! Stonewall Jackson is in their rear and giving them sut!'

'Then we cheered, too, until we were hoarse. The courier galloped on, and presently our efficer shouted:

'Forward, men! Charge!'

'And away we went, Zown the hill and across a field, right toward the Yankee lines, yelling like Indians.

'I held the colors in [my hand and I ran a little ahead. I didn't seem to have any feet; I seemed to fly, and the men followed me. Right toward the blazing line we ran.

me. Right toward the blazing line we ran"All at once I saw the colonel, who was riding by me, grasp the colors, for they were falling. I looked and saw that my har, my whell arm, was gone, and I had not telt it I rook a be fl g in my left hard.

said. 'I don't feel any pain.'

I ran on some 50 steps, when the blood began spouting from my shoulder. I dropped. Joe Asbe, one of the color guards snatched the flag and they all rush-

guards snatched the mag and they are red on.

'I fell senseless. I never knew another thing till weeks after, when I woke up one day in Chimborazo hospital and found some funny looking ladies in black bonnets that the boys called the 'sisters' bending over me, It it hadn't been for their good nursing, I should have died.'

Perkins ceased. He had been so carried away by the interest he felt in his own narrative that he had gone quite beyond his auditor.

'But tell me, Joe,' Jennie esgerly ask ed—she had been impatiently waiting for an opportunity for some minutes—'tell me, did you ever find your arm that you drop-

ped?'
No; to be sure not. I never went to look for it.'
'You couldn't fasten it on again, then?'
'Of course not, child. I am not a joint-

of course not, child. I am not a jointed doll.'
What a pity you couldn't!' said the
child. 'What a pity! And how do you
manage to dress yourself and tie your
cravat and shoes?' she asked, for she had

"Twas awkward at first, but I learned at lest to do it with the help of my teeth'
'But how when you got old and lose 'em'
said Jennie, who was of an investigating

been burning to make these inquiries ever since she had seen the one armed confed-

'Providence will raise me up some other

way,' he said, with a pathetic smile. 'l'll have my wite to wait on me.'

'To be sure, I lorgot; Miss Msry Jane will. What did she say?'

'I got one of the sisters to write her for

me, and I set her free. I said I wouldn't bind her to a poor cripple like me.'
'And she said no, sir ree! I s'pose,' cried Jennie tull of fiery zeal for her new

'Something to that effect,' said Joe

'She wrote me that she loved me more with one arm than she ever had done with two; that whenever I could get home she was ready.' Here's Joe's eyes filled, and

was ready.' Here's Joe's eyes filled, and he gazed steadily in the water.

'Well. now. Joe,' said Jennie, who was suddenly struck with a bright idea, 'maybe if you would lose both arms she'd love you betterer and betterer.'

'I believe I'm satisfied with what she feels now,' said Joe, laughing.

'But why bain't you married?' con tinued Jannie, pursuing her investigations.

'But why hain't you married?' continued Jennie, pursuing her investigations.

'Because I first had to get well, and then I had to get semething to do. I had been a mechanic, and I couldn't work at my trade with my left hand. So Captain Ramsey gave me a place on his boat, and I've been trying to learn how to write, so that I can keep his books. I think I'm doing pretty well. See?'

He drew from his pocket a little blank book in which were scrawled divers hiero glyphics, at which he gazed complacently. 'Why, yes,' said Jennie approvingly. 'There, sa 't' with his broken back, and that's an 'i.' I know him by his eyebrow. You see, I can read a little,' she said proudly. 'So I see,' said he, laughing and putting up his book. 'Now, I must go. The sun has set. It is time for me to see after things for the night.'

things for the night.'

He stroked Jennie's curly head with his left hand and walked away, softly singing in his mellow voice, 'My Own Mary Ann.'

## PAN-AMERICAN EXPOSITION.

[CONTINUED FROM PAGE !NINE ]

your arm, said Jennie.

'Twas in one of the great battles around Richmond that year. I had been in many fights before, but his was about the hottest.

The great was about the hottest. It is a stockade of the Six Nations of Indiana. ment building, and a few rods to the east is a stockade of the Six Nations of Indians whose ancestors dominated the control which we stood, and we were holding on desperately. But at last the boys began ade contains all the various forms of build ade contains all the various forms of build to waver and give way. Then our colonel came out to the front, and the rest of our lings to be seen in an Indian villiage prior Building is to be seen in all its grandeur Scon. May 11, to the wife of Fred Germaine, a scon. to the settlement of New York. One of the pleasure trips within the Exposition by Nernst lamps. This lamp is the latest grounds is the circumnavigation of the building upon a broad canal by means of launches which stop at convenient points This canal, over a mile long, surrounds the main group of Exposition buildings. There are also wheeled chairs in abundance having noiseless rubber tires and easy springs, so that one may be as lazy and comfortable as he desires. A miniature railway also skirts the exposition fence and will be found convenient by many.

Press Headquarters.

For the accomodation of the press at the Pan American Exposition the director general has arranged to set apart a buildng now being constructed on the South Midway, near Venice in America and between the Pergola of the Horticulture building and the restaurant, for the use of newspaper men. The building is a two story structure, and will be completed by May 20.

ILLUMINATIONS AT THE FAIR. Wonderful Displays Now Witnessed Every

Night after night as the Pan-American Exposition grounds are illuminated, the admiration of the wondrous beauty of the effects obtained becomes more intense. 1t is recognized that a remarkable feat has been accomplished, and the public is free to admit that such glorious lighting effects have never been witnessed in any part of hearse drivers grew old and died in the

the world. When one looks upon this venerable and final disaster. when one looks upon this venerable and final disaster.

When one looks upon this venerable and final disaster.

Late in the fall of 1896 he was called the colors ye', colonel,' I chance leaving of a Japanese fan in the upon to take a body from Bangor to Kent Co, May 12, Alex Comeau to Tilly Blanchard.

perfection of the incandescent lamp, with which the Exposition grounds are lighted,

a possibility.

Edison had tried everything as a material for filament making. Just when he was seeking for new materials with which to continue his experiments, he ran across the old fan and taking a strip from one of the ribs, he carbonized it. The result was the long burning light that gives such

peanty to the Pan-American Exposition.

This discovery of the material was followed by a search throughout the world for exactly the same kind of bamboo. Into the fever-stricken swamps of the Amazen men pushed their way and have never since been heard from. Through the wild jungles of Sumatra, the rare material, which was to give the world this perfect light, was sought. Deep into the interior of Japan one man worked his way, and there the peculiar fibre was found.

Such facts as these are of great interest magnificent lighting effects as are now nightly witnessed at the Pan-American Ex position. Before incandescent lighting was discovered, it was impossible to make the evening opening of great expositions a success, and the thought arises, would there have been a great spectacular, electrical Pan-American Exposition if that old fan had not then left in Edison's workshop ?

One of the most effecting pieces of illumation to be seen upon the grounds of the Exposition-always excepting the Electric Tower-is the Tomple of Music. This building is situated in the southwest of the Court of Fountains, having this great court with its surrounding buildings on the one side, and the west wing of the Esplandade with the Graphic Arts, Horticulture, and Mines Building on the other.

All these structures are brillantly illumnated at night, and the Temple of Music. with its octagonal form and its dome and with other elaborate architectural features, constitutes a most effective part of the illuminations at this point, for all its picturesque and graceful outlines are traced in rows upon rows of these incan-

descent lamps.

So powerful is the illumination thes roduced, that the brilliant coloring of he various archectural features of the building can be seen as plainly as under the light of the sun, and the effect is more entrancing than it could be by day, inasmuch as a fairy land aspect is imparted by the lighting at night.

One of the prettiest pieces of decoration in connection with the interior of the Exposition structures is that in the grand dome of the Electricity Building. The colors of the decorations in this magnificent and beautiful structure are cream, light green and heliotrope. Tarlton drapery is the material used, and high up in the dome, right over the Westinghouse exhibit, a canopy top is formed, the beautiful drapery stretching out in graceful torm to all sides rom a common center.

Midway between the floor and the top of the dome, four great signs of the Westinghouse Company are placed, one on each side of the square occupied by their exhibit In these signs there are a total of nearly 1,000 incandescent lamps, the effect being attractive and beautiful in the extreme.

It is worthy of note that the decoration arranged for the dome of the Electricity by night as well as by day, as it is lighted electric-lighting invention, and it offers great promise of revolutionizing the art. By its use a remarkable saving is made in loss of the electric energy, and in the dome there are about 100 of these wonderfu lamps, representing approximately, about 45,000 candle power.

ORRIN E. DUNLAP.

MAINE'S HOODOO HEARSE. An Ancient Vehicle That Made Trouble and

It is hoped now that the evil reputation that has marked the late career of the old Holden hearse has come to an end. The hearse was made in England more than a century ago and was brought over to Mas sachusetts as something unusual in the line of funeral splendor.

Having done its solemn duty in Ipswich, Mass-, for nearly a quarter of a century it was set down to New Wrentham, Me., and for 75 years was in constant demand for funerals in all parts of Hancock and Penobscot counties, often being sent more than fifty miles from home. The body of the carriage wore out four sets of wheels, and the revenues which it earned for its owners mounted up to almost \$1,000 a

It had become the custom for the heaviest stockholder in the vehicle to drive the horse and attend all the funerals. Six service. The seventh brought ill luck and

laboratory of Thomas A. Edison made the Brooksville for interment. The surviving kindred of the deceased were poor, and the driver got a fee much too low for pro-

fit. To recouy bimself he bought 600 pounds of salt codfish to take home in the hearse and sell. This act plunged Holden into a neighborhood row, which is still in progress. His critics said that the vehicle was for the exclusive use of the dead, and that if it was made to carry anything else such conduct was in the nature of sacrilege.

It was the bitterest fight ever seen in eastern Maine. Families became estranged over it, and aged men sent tor lawyers in haste and drew up documents, declaring that their remains must not be carried to the grave in such a vehicle It seemed for a time that the owners of the hearse were sure to win, because they showed old contracts with two cemetry associations in which the owners of lots agreed to employ this particular hearse at all burials in their yards. No sooner were these papers produced than the anti-hearse crowd began to tence off burial lots on their own land.

For the next six months it is declared that no enemy of the old hearse died, fearing the indignity of riding in a hearse which had once held coofish. Finally the courts upset the contracts.

From this time the patronage of the old hearse fell off, and it was dismantled and locked in the hearse house to await its own time of burial. If the en mies of the hearse had been content to let things rest where they were, the war would have ended there, but the grudge was so deep that the boys in the neighborhood amused themselves by stealing the rickety carriage and hauling it about the roads at night, leaving it in the yard of one of its sup-

It was soon noticed that wherever the hearse was left a member of the household died in a short time. As the hearse was generally run into the yard of some one who owned shares in the vehicle, and as most of these owners were aged and would soon die in the course of nature, the deaths were not regarded as remarkable at first. But when the hearse continued to rosm abroad at night, and death continued to to visit the homes where it was left, a

fear took hold of the people. Several meetings were held by those who saw an omen of death in every move ment of the hearse, and the time was drawment of the hearse, and the time was drawing near when the hearse was likely to be burned by an indignant and frighten people, when the constable caught five boys wheeling the hearse through the woods leading to Dedham. They were taken before a magistrate, who threatened to send them away to the reform school unless the hearse ceased to go abroad at night. The hearing took place in March. The hearse has not been out since, and all the people of Holden are enjoying excellent health. So it is hoped that the trouble over the hearse is ended.

WANTED—Brainy people to sell to brainy people Dr. White's Electric Comb. It will make hair grow and preserve growth Dandruff is unknown where it is used, and agents make fortunes selling it. Costs the same as an ordinary comb, yet cures all forms of scalp ailments. Sample cures all forms of scalp ailments. Sample 60c. D. N. Rose, Gen Mgr., Decatur, Ill.

## BORN.

Halifax, May 2, to the wife of E J Ross, a son. Bathurst, to the wife of Richard Sutton, a daughter Yarmouth, May 10, to the wife of Albert Wyman,a son, Fox River, May 4, to the wife of Albert Dow, a

Halifax, May 14, to the wife of Thos J Anderson, Halifax, April 14, to the wife of S R Frame,

Sydney, May 8, to the wife of Rev W R Calder,

Halifax, May 10, to the wife of F W. Killam, daughter. Welsford, May 7, to the wife of Rufus Power, a daughter.

Gay's River. N S May 9, to the wife of D Crouse, a daughter. Great Village, May 14, to the wife of Judson Lay-ton, a son.

Springhill, May 10, to the wife of Clarence Schurman, a son. Clarence. N S May 13, to the wife of Frank Ward a daughter.

New Minas, Kings, May 8, to the wife of Thomas
King, a son. Westport, May 11, to the wife of William McDo Camberley, Eug., May 16, to the wife of Major Duffus, twins.

## Providence, B I April 20, to the wife of J A U:que hart, a daughter. MARRIED.

diarlock, April 17. Jona h Keth to Alice A Mills. Stellartor. May 8, Joseph Hale to Charlotte Hills-Gosher, N B, Ben. B Hayward to Mrs Mercy Hay-

Trure, May 9, Fulten Connolly, to Jessie Ham-Picton, April 24, Duncan McCannel to Beatrice Westport, May 4, Joseph Morehouse to Miss Alice Sydney, May 10, Verner J Howard to Katie Mo-

New Canaan, April 21, Albert Douthright to Nettie
M Ryder. Woodstock, May 16, Herbert Ellis Clarke to Mary Beardaley.

Bale Verte, May 1 Henry W Chapman to Tressa.

Lanchester. Campbell on, May 9, Duncan R Downes to Emily McNaughton. emerville. Mass, April 22, M Essica Haines to Fred E Bain.

Brooklyn, N Y, May 8, Laura A Dudman, to Capt Waiter Davis. Upper Wood's Harber, May 2. Geo Atwood to Lilla M Majone. Tidnish Road, April 27, James A Bradley to Mabel A Goodwin. Petitoodiac, April 21, Joseph C Bannister to Rachael C Steeves. New Glasgow, May 1, Roderick McDonald to Maggie A Cameron.

#### DIED.

Halifax, May 12, Ethel Gage.

Halifax, May 18, Jane Liddell, 85, Lunenburg, May 8, John Alfred Smith' 50, Elliottvale, May 30' Mire Ann Baldwin, 50, Windsor, May 11, Vivian Ross Marshall, 5, New Haven, May 9 Neil H McFadyen, 57, Campbellion, May 14, Absolvm Glover, 67, West Jeddore, April 26, Verna Harpell, 18, Georgetown May 10, Charles Westaway, 21, Cambarland Co. May 13, Simon Cardon, 51, Cumberland Co., May 13. Simon Gordon, 61. Central Chelogne, May 14. Ellinor Brindley. Pope's Harbor, April 30, Leonard Conrod, 94. Cumerrand, may 1s, mrs James Johness, 90, Buc-enche, April 29, Mrs Fusan Archibald, 88, Halifax, May 18, William Francis Flannigan, 1. California, April 10 Elizabeth Vinton Forter, 74, Nicomen Islard, B C. April 19, George Elmsly, 72. Summerville, Kinge, May 10, Rev Geo Wethers, 68, Chipman's Corner, May 4, Mrs Grace R Chipman, 64.

South Farmington, Hants, May 6, Rev Wm Brown 76. Hortonville, Kings, May 6, Adelaide E. Newcombe

# CANADIAN PACIFIC

MAY 24th, 1901.

Canada east of Port Arthur; Tickets on sale May 23 and 24th, good to return May 27th, 1901.

n Special Trains to Suburban n Points, May 24th, Only.

Lv. St. John 1.00 p m; Ar. Welsford 2 00 p, m Lv. Welsford 11.25 a m; Ar. St. John 12.85 p. m Lv. Welsford 5.55 p m; Ar. St. John 7.00 p. m

## Intercolonial Railway

On and after MONDAY Mar. 11th, 1901, trains un daily (Sundays excepted) as follows :-

TRAINS WILL LEAVE ST. JOHN 

## TRAINS WILL ARRIVE AT ST. JOHN

All trains are run by Eastern Stand D.; POTTING: -- Gen. Manager Moncton, N. B., March 5, 1901 CITY TICKET OFFICE, 7 King Street St. John, N. B.

VOL.

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Black was Brown \$45. joke of this pretty soon C at first felt s bandied arou in such an ir been. Still document u business man request for acknowledge man who gav