THE WATCHMAN.

VOL. I. SAINT JOHN, N. B., SATURDAY, JANUARY 22, 1876. NO. 39.

New Advertisements.

ROBERT MARSHALL,
FIRE & MARINE INSURANCE AGENT,
Attorney and Broker for New Brunswick,
Lloyd Association of Marine Underwriters,
NOTARY PUBLIC, &c.

Imperial Fire Insurance Company, of London.
Established 1803. Capital and Cash Assets exceed £2,000,000 Stg. One Hundred Pounds paid up Stock sells for £830 in the London Stock Exchange.

The Ætna Insurance Company.
Incorporated 1819. Cash Capital and Assets over $6,000,000

The Hartford Fire Insurance Company.
Incorporated 1810. Cash Capital and Assets over $2,500,000

British America Assurance Company.
Established 1833. Capital and Assets $600,000. Deposited at Ottawa $50,000. Its funds are invested in undoubted securities.

Phœnix Insurance Company, of New York.
Established 1833. Cash Capital and Accumulated Fund $2,000,000.

New Brunswick Lloyd's Association of Marine Underwriters.
Aggregate of Losses paid by the above leading Insurance Companies in Seventy years, (combined) reaches the enormous sum of nearly NINETY MILLIONS OF DOLLARS.

Dwelling Houses, whether built or in course of construction, as well as Furniture contained therein, Insured for terms of one or three years, at lowest rates.

Steam Saw Mills, Vessels on the Stocks or in Port, Warehouses, Merchandize and Insurable Property of every description covered on the lowest possible terms.

Policies, whether for Fire, Marine or Life Insurance issued at once, and Losses promptly paid in cash.

ROBERT MARSHALL,
may 1 Gen. Agent, Notary Public and Broker.

KING'S SQUARE LIVERY STABLES.

HORSES, Carriages, &c., of every description, to let. Superior Coaches in attendance at all hours. Boarding Horses kept on reasonable terms. Horses bought and sold.

J. B. HAMM,
may 15 Proprietor.

F. S. SHARPE,
Public Accountant and Average Adjuster,
MERRITT'S BUILDING,
Prince Wm. Street, St. John, N. B.

Orders solicited for Opening, Posting, Balancing, or Auditing Books of Joint Stock Companies, Commission and General Merchants, Manufacturers, Insurance Companies and Agents, Ship Brokers, &c. &c.

Also for Rectifying Deranged Books, Changing from Single to Double Entry, Effecting Partnership Settlements, Settling Estates, Adjusting Interest Accounts, Fire and Marine Claims, &c.

Business strictly confidential. may 1—1y

CITY OF FREDERICTON, SS.

To all whom it may concern:—

KNOW YE—That the Mayor, Alderman and Commonalty of the City of Fredericton did, in the year 1875, purchase from **R. FLAHERTY & CO.**, of Saint John, a double door **Fire-Proof Safe**, handsomely painted and well finished in every respect, which Safe was placed in the City Clerk's Office, City Hall, and in which were stored the principal part of the CITY RECORDS. That the said City Hall was destroyed by FIRE on the 26th January, 1875, and that the Safe above mentioned, fell in the ruins, from the Clerk's Office (on the basement), being a height of seventeen feet, **and remained in the ruins among the hot bricks, at a white heat for Forty-Four Hours**, when it was opened, and the papers and records therein contained, found **undamaged, undefaced, and in good order**, and the cabinet lining of the Safe with **even the varnish perfect.**

We, the Mayor, Aldermen and Commonalty of the City of Fredericton do therefore hereby certify, that the Safe purchased by us from **R. FLAHERTY & CO.**, of St. John, **has fully met every guarantee made to us by the Manufacturers** in regard to superior finish and painting, strength of workmanship, and fire resisting power, and we do most heartily accord to **MESSRS. R. FLAHERTY & CO.** this TESTIMONIAL of our esteem for this wonderful proof of the superiority of provincial manufactures in general, and of **MESSRS. R. FLAHERTY & CO. in particular.**

In testimony whereof the said Mayor, Aldermen and Commonalty of the City of Fredericton have caused their Seal to be affixed thereto, and signed by the Clerk, the proper hand of the Mayor, of the said City, this Sixteenth day of February, A. D., 1876.

E. L. WETMORE, Mayor.
CHAS. W. BECKWITH, City Clerk.

R FLAHERTY & CO.,
No. 98 PRINCE WM. STREET,
June 5 Factory, City Road.

MONT. McDONALD,
BARRISTER-AT-LAW, NOTARY PUBLIC,
CONVEYANCER, &c.
OFFICE:—
No. 13 Princess Street, Saint John, N. B
oct 9

ARCHITECTURAL ROOMS
BAYARD'S BUILDING, 106 PRINCE WM. ST.,
Nearly opposite Bank of New Brunswick.

D. E. DUNHAM,
Architect and Designer
OF ALL CLASSES OF
Public and Private Buildings and Landscape Gardening.
oct 23 1y

SHORTHAND!
PROFESSIONAL INSTRUCTION
IN
"Scovil's Shorthand Reporting

AT THE PROVINCIAL PHONOGRAPHIC INSTITUTE OF NEW BRUNSWICK. Day and Evening Sessions. OFFICE—Corner of Canterbury and Princess streets, opposite Post Office.

DR. A. B. WALKER, Ph. D., etc., etc.,
Principal.
N. B.—Phrenological and Physiological examinations at the above office. nov 27

G. C. CARMAN,
Auctioneer, Commission Merchant, and Manufacturers' Agent.
11 Queen St., Charlottetown, P. E. I.,
Makes a specialty of the Sale of **GOODS BY SAMPLE.**
Correspondence with, and Consignments from Manufacturers Solicited.
REFERENCES:
Messrs. Seaman & Co., Boston, J. R. Calhoun, Esq., Summerside, Messrs. Hyndman Brothers, Charlottetown.
aug 21—4m

ELECTRIC OIL!

RING'S AMBROSIA,
JUDSON'S WORM TEA,
JUDSON'S PILLS,
SOSHONEES REMEDY,
SOSHONEES PILLS,
MRS. ALLEN'S ZYLO BALSAM for the Hair,
MILLAR'S GLYCERINE,
BRYANT'S WAFERS,
KELLOG'S CATARRH SNUFF,
ALLCOCK & MITCHELL'S Porous PLASTER,
TRUSK'S OINTMENT,
MORSE'S PILLS.
A fine assortment of Christmas Goods, Ivory and Pearl Inlaid HAIR BRUSHES, PERFUMERY, SOAP, etc.
J. CHALONER,
dec 25 Corner King and Germain streets.

New Advertisements.

PIANOFORTE AND ORGAN
Warerooms,
64 GERMAIN STREET.
Sheet Music and Musical Instruments of every description.
CIRCULATING LIBRARY,
Terms,—2 cents per day.
LAURILLIARD'S FURNITURE POLISH always on hand.

THE Subscriber respectfully informs the public that he has added to his Business Stock a supply of **Authorised SCHOOL BOOKS**, to which new works will be added as they are prescribed by the Board of Education.

Also,—a full stock of STATIONERY, including LETTER, INITIAL NOTE PAPER, ENVELOPES, &c. &c.

A large supply of SHEET MUSIC SELLING AT HALF PRICE.

Pianofortes Tuned and Repaired.
A. T. BUSTIN,
may 8 **Opposite Trinity Church.**

SAFES! SAFES!
WHEN BUYING, BUY THE BEST!!
ROBERTS' IMPROVED
Fire and Burglar-Proof
SAFE
ARE MANUFACTURED AT THE
PHŒNIX SAFE WORKS,
No. 14 Duke Street,
SAINT JOHN, N. B.
No Safe equal to them has EVER BEEN OFFERED at the same price in this market.
They are FIRE-PROOF & BURGLAR-PROOF at the same time.

THE **Improved Triple-Plange Safe**, made at the PHŒNIX SAFE WORKS, with its bolts shot from the inner flange, and the locks protected against all possible tampering by Burglars, is the best investment, at the price offered, that can well be imagined. These Safes have given every satisfaction. They are secured with Round Steel Bolt Work, and filled in between door and Lock thoroughly, protecting the Lock, as well as the contents of the Safe, from Fire. A Steel Cash Box fitted in each Safe.

The Burglar-Proof Chests are made of Welded Steel and Iron, Solid Corners—varying, in size, from 12 to 26 inches high; 27 to 65 inches wide; depth according to size of Safe.

ROBERTS'
BURGLAR-PROOF BANK SAFES
are designed to prevent Burglars drilling the plates; are made of Welded Steel and Iron, 1½ to 3 inches thick, Solid Corners, and tempered to resist the finest diamond point.

Also Made to Order at short notice:
Bank Vaults,
Steel Chests,
Iron Doors & Shutters,
Messenger Boxes.
JAIL WORK OF ALL DESCRIPTIONS.
ORDERS RESPECTFULLY SOLICITED.
Prices furnished on application.
Satisfaction guaranteed, and Orders filled with despatch.
Apply to
JOHN LIVINGSTON,
Selling Agent for the Works.
july 24—tf

Spencer's Vesuvian Liniment.

I WARRANT this to be the best remedy for RHEUMATISM, PILES, SALT RHEUM, and all eruptions of the skin, BURNS, WOUNDS, SPRAINS, BRUISES, SWELLED JOINTS, LAMENESS, &c., &c. It seldom, if ever, fails to cure SPAVIN, RINGBONE, WINDGALLS, SCRATCHES, SWEENY, SADDLE AND HARNESS GALLS, HORSE DISTEMPER and most diseases to which domestic animals are subject.

George Hume, Fredericton, N. B.,
Proprietor of Long's Hotel, says:—
"I have used all the various Liniments in the market, all that are advertised, all that have been generally recommended, but I have found none so good for sprains, bruises, harness galls, cuts and lameness, as **SPENCER'S VESUVIAN LINIMENT.**"
Mr. Hume has been engaged in Staging for many years, and he knows whereof he speaks.

W. H. Adams, St. John, N. B.,
Has no hesitation in saying that Spencer's Vesuvian Liniment is all it professes to be. One 30 cent bottle has accomplished in his family what the Doctors could not effect. Pain time and money are saved by its use.

John Sprout, Sussex, N. B.,
Proprietor of that popular Hotel, the Olive House, writes that after being disabled for many months by RHEUMATISM he finds himself totally cured by the use of one bottle of Spencer's Vesuvian Liniment.

Anthony Harding, St. John, N. B.,
Certifies that after years of suffering with RHEUMATISM he has been radically cured by a few applications of Spencer's Vesuvian Liniment.
He also certifies that it is a positive cure for PILES, and the best remedy for cuts, bruises, etc., that has ever come under his observation.

Duncan McIsaac, Little Judique, C. B.,
TESTIFIES that Spencer's Vesuvian Liniment is the best remedy for Rheumatic complaints that can be had. He writes for a supply, in order that his neighbors may be benefited, as he has been, by its use.

William Lambert, St. John, N. B.,
advises me under date Nov. 24th, 1875, that for some four years he has been tormented with RHEUMATISM in the region of the heart. He has applied to physicians for relief, has used many patent medicines, but in no instance obained relief, until he procured a bottle of SPENCER'S VESUVIAN LINIMENT, the use of which according to directions resulted in an immediate and perfect cure.

Thomas Guest & Co., Yarmouth, N. S.,
advises us this day (Nov. 30, 1875,) that at their instance, a neighbor, whose hands had been raw with SALT RHEUM for many years, procured a bottle of SPENCER'S VESUVIAN LINIMENT, by which he was totally cured in thirty days. Thus, 30 cents, judiciously spent, have effected what hundreds of dollars, injudiciously used, were powerless to perform.

SPENCER'S VESUVIAN LINIMENT
is put up in bottles at 20 cts., 30 cts. and 40 cts. each; also large bottles at $1.00 and $2.00 each.
H. L. SPENCER, Medical Warehouse,
nov 29 20 Nelson street, St. John.

22nd December, 1875!
Lately Received:
28 CASKS Scotch Refined Sugar;
3 cases extra quality Elemé Figs, 2lb., boxes;
50 bbls. White Beans; 3 cases Spiced Roll Bacon;
24 doz. Burratt's Extract of Lemon, Rose, Peach, Celery, Ginger, Cinnamon;
10 cases extra Oranges; 4 do. do. Lemons;
2 casks Buckwheat Flour—10 lb. bags;
25 sacks finest Grey Buckwheat Flour;
1 case Guava Jelly; 85 cases canned Pine Apple, Pears and Peaches;
230 boxes halves and quarters extra fine Dehesa Raisins, London Layers and Layer Raisins;
30 cases Lard, 3 caddies and pails; 50 tubs do.
For sale by
dec 25 JARDINE & CO.

New Advertisements.

READ THIS TWICE.—Five to thirty drops of THOMAS' ECLECTRIC OIL will cure common Sore Throat. It never fails in Croup. It will cure a Cold or Cough in twenty-four to forty-eight hours. One bottle has cured Bronchitis of eight years standing; recent cases are cured in three to six days. It has restored the voice where the person had not spoken above a whisper in five years. As an outward application in all cases of pain or lameness, nothing like it has ever been known. One bottle will cure any case of Lame Back or Crick in the Back. For diseases of the Spine and Contraction of the Muscles it is unequaled. In Rheumatic or any other pain the first application does you good. It stops Ear Ache and the pain of a Burn in three minutes, and is altogether the best and cheapest medicine ever offered to the people—the cheapest because it takes so little to do you good. It is composed of six of the best oils known, and nothing but oils. Is worth its weight in gold. Why not buy it to-day?—A. R. Des Rochers, assistant postmaster, Arthabaskaville, P. Q., writes:—"Thirteen years ago I was seized by a severe attack of rheumatism in the head, from which I have ever since constantly suffered. After having used 'Thomas' Eclectric Oil' for nine days, bathing the forehead, I have been completely cured, and have only used half a bottle. This I can certify under oath if you wish."—Rev. J. Mallory, of Wyoming, N. Y., writes:—"Dr. Thomas' Eclectric Oil cured me of Bronchitis in ONE WEEK." Dealers all over the country say, "We have never sold a medicine that has given such complete satisfaction as this."
Sold by all medicine dealers. Price 25 cents.
S. N. THOMAS, Phelps, N. Y.
And NORTHROP & LYMAN, Toronto, Ont.,
Sole Agents for the Dominion.
NOTE—*Electric*—Selected and Electrized. oct 30 2m

For sale Wholesale by T. R. BARKER & SONS and A. CHIPMAN SMITH, St. John; AVERY, BROWN & Co. and FORSYTH & Co., Halifax.

CARD.

THE undersigned, thankful to their numerous patrons for the favors conferred during so many years in the past beg to state that they have resumed the

Retail Business,

(carried on during the last two years by A. Wilson & Co.,) and have constantly on hand, at their old established stand

No. 17 WATER STREET,

A complete assortment of **Stoves, Grates and Mantle Pieces, Ship Castings and Agricultural Implements**, together with all other articles in the Iron Founder Line.

Intending purchases would do will to examine our Stock before giving their orders elsewhere, as we are determined to sell very low for cash, and at prices defying competition.

Orders for Ship Castings, Iron Knees, or Foundry Work of any description, left at above address will receive immediate attention and despatch.

J. HARRIS & CO.,
New Brunswick Foundry.
aug 28—3m Portland, St. John, N. B.

STAR COURSE,
1875-6.
ACADEMY OF MUSIC,
Consisting of Eight Popular and Recherche Entertainments.

FULLY appreciating the improved taste in St. John for superior talent, the Managing Committee have engaged the following, to appear during the months of November, December and January.

The list comprises ability and genius seldom afforded outside the great Metropolitan centres, combines music of the highest order, and Lectures Historical, Biographical, Geographical, Astronomical and Literary.

The course will be opened on **Friday Evening**, Nov. 12th, with a GRAND CONCERT by the **Swedish Quartette Club**, Nordstrom, Modoc, Schmeiler, Engstrom, assisted by Mrs. KNOWLES and A. C. TAYLOR.

TUESDAY, 23rd November.—Lecture, "Undecated Poets of Scotland," by **Dr. Lorimer**, of Boston.

THURSDAY, Dec. 2.—Opera of "Martha," by the **Redpath English Opera Company**, Miss CLARA NICKLES Soprano.

FRIDAY, Dec. 3.—Opera, "The Spectre," (L'Ombre) by the same.

FRIDAY, Dec. 10.—Lecture, "The Infinities Around Us," by **Prof. Proctor**, Astronomer, of London.

WEDNESDAY, Dec. 15.—Lecture, "Holland and its People," by **Prof. Mikl**, Boston Institute Technology.

THURSDAY, Dec. 30.—Lecture, "George Canning," by **Dr. Carpenter**, Professor Beaumont College, Oxford, England.

THURSDAY, Jan. 6, 1876.—The Course will close with a Concert by a superior musical company, of which due notice will be given.

TICKETS FOR THE ENTIRE COURSE.
First Reserved Seats, - - - - - - - - $4.00
Second Reserved Seats, - - - - - - - - 3.00

A subscription list will be open at the Bookstore of J. & A. McMillan, on WEDNESDAY, the 17th inst., that the members will select their Seats in the order of their subscribing.

A. CHIPMAN SMITH,
JOHN McMILLAN, } Managers.
JAS. I. FELLOWS,
oct 20

MECHANICS' INSTITUTE.
LECTURE SEASON, 1875-76.
38th ANNUAL COURSE.

THE President and Directors of the SAINT JOHN MECHANICS' INSTITUTE have much pleasure in presenting the Programme for their

38th ANNUAL COURSE OF LECTURES.

In arranging this Lecture Course the Directorate, having confined themselves exclusively to Provincial talent, believe that the gentlemen whose services they have have secured will give entire satisfaction. The following is a list of the Lectures with the subjects so far as yet given. The opening will take place on

Nov. 22—Rev. G. W. M. CAREY, A. M.—Subject, "Westminster Abbey."
" 29—Prof. G. E. FOSTER, A. B.—"Poetry."
Dec. 6—Rev. D. MACRAE.—"The Antiquity of Man."
" 13—Rev. G. M. GRANT, A. M.—Subject, "Nineteenth Century Morality in Pulpit and Press, in Politics and Trade."
" 20—Prof. DAVID ALLISON, A. M.; D. C. L.—"John Stuart Mill."
Jan. 3—Grand Concert by Music Union.
" 19—G. R. PARKIN, A. M.—"Social Problems in England and Canada."
" 17—Prof. H. Y. HIND, A. M.—"A Forecast of the Future of the Maritime Provinces."
" 24—Rev. G. W. HILL, A. M.—"Colonies and Colonists of B. N. America."
" 31—WILLIAM ELDER, Esq., A. M., M. P. P.—Subject not yet given.
Feb. 7—Prof. E. V. JONES, A. M.—Subject not yet given.
" 14—I. ALLEN JACK, A. B.—"The Individual in Canada and his Relations and powers."

Members' yearly Tickets, with coupons for Lectures during the Season, $5.00. Single Tickets for the Course will be issued to apprentices and persons under eighteen years of age for 2.00.

J. A. S. MOTT, SILAS ALWARD,
Rec. Sec'y. President.
nov 20

C. E. VAUGHAN & CO.,
No. 51 PRINCESS STREET,
ST. JOHN, N. B.,
MANUFACTURERS OF
BOOTS & SHOES
of every description.
The Best of Material Used.

THE active partners having had long experience in this branch of manufacture, are in a position to meet the requirements of the Trade.

Orders solicited and promptly filled.

Satisfaction guaranteed. dec 11—3m

THE COLDBROOK
ROLLING MILLS COMP'Y
MOOSEPATH, N. B.,
Have in store and are manufacturing all the time
MERCHANT BAR IRON,
both Common and Refined, comprising all sizes in
ROUNDS, FLATS AND SQUARES,
RAILS FOR MINES,
CUT NAILS, CLINCH RINGS,
CUT SPIKES, WROUGHT SHIP SPIKES, RAILWAY SPIKES
Galvanized Nails and Spikes.
They also manufacture to order
Patent Tampered and Parallel Bars,
for Ship's Knees, with promptness and despatch.
All the above will be sold at lowest market rates, and quality guaranteed. For terms apply to
JAMES DOMVILLE & CO., Agents
may 15 No. 9 North Wharf, St. John

ANNOUNCEMENT.

THE "WATCHMAN" FOR 1876.

A few words with our Readers.

From this date THE WATCHMAN will be furnished to single subscribers in the city at $2 per annum, delivered by carriers at their residences or offices; or $1.50 to single subscribers receiving it through the Post Office, postage paid. To Clubs of 30 to 50, *sent to one address by mail*, it will cost $1 per year, postage paid. In all cases the money must accompany the order. We are able to make this reduction in price through a reduction in the cost of producing and managing the paper, and we give our subscribers the benefit of the saving. Parties who subscribe before the 1st January will receive THE WATCHMAN up to Dec. 31, 1876. We are disposed to believe that this is the most liberal offer made by any St. John newspaper of equal merit, this season, and we have little doubt that it will be acceptable to a very large body of newspaper readers who wish to see the THE WATCHMAN attain a universal circulation throughout the Maritime Provinces.

As regards Advertisements, we propose, in future, in arranging a scale of prices to consider the circumstances of all who wish to use our advertising columns. Thus, persons of limited means who are seeking situations, or persons who wish to secure employes, and others who desire to occupy but a small amount of space, will find our charges remarkably moderate. Thus:—

An adv't of 20 words or under will be	- -	12 cts.
do. 20 to 40 words " "	- -	20 "
do. 40 to 60 words " "	- -	30 "

each insertion. Where parties looking for situations are really without the means of paying for an advertisement, we will give one insertion free of charge. The above scale does not apply to Legal, Government, Parliamentary, Corporation or ordinary Commercial Advertising. Parties in business whose capital is limited, and who can not face the high charges of the Daily papers, will find their cases met on application at this office, it being our desire to supply to all who are now virtually denied access to the expensive journals a means of reaching the public eye and ear and of making known the merits of their respective enterprises.

There are a number of reasons why THE WATCHMAN should meet with a hearty popular support.

1. It deals in an independent manner with all public matters. While other journals are prevented, by the political relations of their Editors, from always dealing as frankly and fearlessly with political and commercial topics as their importance demands and as the Editors would probably themselves prefer, THE WATCHMAN, having no manager in the Local or Dominion Parliament, or in training therefor, is perfectly free to do it, according to its merits, with every question that arises, whether political, commercial or social.

2. THE WATCHMAN is the only St. John journal that has the courage to arraign the administration of public affairs by a so called "Reform" Government. Other city journals are so far committed to the Government by support of their Party in opposition, or affected by office bestowed or promised, or a fear of losing Government patronage, or by other causes, that they can see only the one Party in the country, and that Party the acme of perfection; whereas the people at large are aware of sad corruption of the constituencies, mismanagement of public affairs, enormous expenditures made without sanction of Parliament, jobbery prevalent on all sides,—all the acts of the Government and the County Press open in order the better to bag the whole smuggling tribe on the Border at one fell swoop, at some distant date not yet fixed. This is merely surmise, however, THE WATCHMAN not enjoying the confidence of the Administration. As the raids of the Department on smuggling districts appear to be purely accidental—thus, the search in Woodstock was due to the fact that an insolvent informed on himself, in order to prevent his creditors from realizing the amount of their claims on his estate—so it may happen that the communication of our McAdam correspondent may lead to official activity in the quarters indicated.

A PROMINENT NOVA SCOTIA POLITICIAN, in a set oration, delivered a few days ago, said of an opponent: "I have heard a good many descriptions of mean men, but I have never heard anything that came up to a description of our representative. * * * He went down there to Guysboro' to tell his little lie. * * That the County of Hants should be degraded, debased and brought so low as to be represented by such a man as that, is a matter for profound mortification, * * Why, respectable men said, again and again to me, 'Good gracious, do they breed such animals as that in Hants?' * * You ought to have seen him there. He was the most perfect picture of God-help-us that you ever saw. He would shrug his shoulders and sigh, and then get up and slander. You never heard anything like it. * * And the fellow blanched as a coward and scamp will sometimes blanch, when he is caught in his treachery. * * * Look where he is, the vain idiot that sought by evasion and circumlocution to rid himself of the charge brought home to him."

Fifteen or twenty minutes of this oratory was devoted by the politician to his opponents, amid the applause of representative men from Halifax and Hants Counties, the representative men being the flower of the Reform Party. The speaker was Attorney General Weeks, the new leader of the Reform Party of Nova Scotia. The gentleman whom he thus bespattered was William H. Allison, Esq., M. P. P. for Hants, a gentleman who is noted for his moderation in politics, and who was certainly the last man that deserved to have such terms applied to him. The fact that the *elite* of the Reform Party applauded the epithets and fabrications is suggestive of the low tone prevalent in at least one division of the political parties in Nova Scotia.

A VISIT TO THE SANATORIUM.

A SKETCH IN ST. JOHN.

Having recently felt slightly indisposed we thought we would pass by our family physician for once, and try one of the new lights in medicine, whose flaming advertisements attract us. We repaired to the learned doctor's abode, and depositing one dollar, lawful money of the Dominion, and entered the sanctum. Instantly our ears were assailed with a stentorian cry of "Hold your tongue, —don't say a word." Rather startled at the greeting we looked around and discovered a gentlemanly looking man, seated comfortably in a capacious arm-chair and enjoying the fragrance of a mild Havana. Standing near him was a man, elaborately got up, and bearing on his countenance the look that you would naturally expect to find in the attendant and factotum of a great man. Hardly had we taken in these details when the possessor of the cigar again howled forth, "Cerebro-spinal-meningitis. Long John, give him fifteen drops of the elixir." We took the dose and departed, feeling convinced that we had spent one dollar foolishly, but comforted with the knowledge that scores are daily "doctored" and that we are not alone in our enterprise. As we descended the stairs an old woman toiled past us and entered the room sacred, and in the distance we heard again that powerful voice send forth its tones throughout the hall, "Convulsions from teething. John, give her five drops of the elixir." And still we pay to maintain Hospitals.

* * *

"GINX'S BABY" JENKINS, through his intense self-conceit, is coming to be considered in London as somewhat of a nuisance:—A short time ago, he called on the editor of a prominent daily "on urgent business," and, being shown up, stated that he was about to change his publisher, and wished the fact announced. The editor glared on him speechlessly for a few moments, then replied: "Certainly, certainly, and when you change you bootmaker let me know and I'll announce that too."—*Boston Sunday Times.*

To stimulate Home Rule, Home Industries, Home Institutions.

Finally, in the management of this paper, we shall, we trust, be above the meanness of "kicking a man when he is down," or of allowing the clamor of the crowd to influence the paper's course in dealing with any moral, social or local questions; nor on the other hand, shall we be found guilty of the folly of assuming that but for the existence of THE WATCHMAN the country would be bound to go to perdition. Claiming but a humble position as a laborer in the ranks of the Press, but determined to fill that position to the best of our ability, THE WATCHMAN asks only a fair field and no favor, to be judged solely on its merits, and to be sustained or condemned according as it proves its usefulness or the reverse.

With thanks for past support, and with this direct acknowledgment of the essential aid which the Proprietor and Editor has received from his publishers, Messrs. McKillop & Johnston, in making a presentable sheet, THE WATCHMAN is prepared to welcome 1876 and turn the New Year to a good account as possible.

THE WATCHMAN is issued from the Office, Canterbury Street every Saturday morning.

Subscription, Two Dollars per annum, post-paid. Single copies, four cents.

Advertisements: Twenty Dollars per inch, per annum. Transient Advertising, One Dollar per inch for the first insertion; fifty cents each subsequent insertion.

THE WATCHMAN is for sale at all the City Bookstores, in all the principal Towns in New Brunswick, Nova Scotia and Prince Edward Island, and on all the leading Railways and Steamboats.

JOHN LIVINGSTON,
Proprietor and Editor.

Office:—Canterbury Street, next door South of the Post Office.

Printed by McKILLOP & JOHNSTON, Canterbury St., St. John.

The Watchman.

ST. JOHN, N. B., SATURDAY, JAN. 22, 1876.

SMUGGLING.—A correspondent at McAdam Junction writes THE WATCHMAN:—

"Why are the Customs officials at Ottawa so tardy in appointing a preventive and seizing officer at Forest City, York County, situated on the boundary line, where it is alleged a perfect nest of smugglers have been carrying on their operations for years, with impunity? The matter is understood to have been brought to the notice of Mr. Burpee, Minister of Customs, nearly a year ago, but for some unknown cause he has done nothing. Another absurdity is in the fact of the two officers for this district being located here at McAdam, six miles away from the Border, leaving every opportunity for carrying on a contraband trade, of which numbers are said to be not slow to take advantage, judging from the quantities of kerosene, etc., which are said to come across."

The movements of the Customs authorities are not always to be understood. As they seem to be working to close up smuggling in Mr. Appleby's constituency, they may be leaving those York Party whom those journals support, and acts, none of which are ever referred to in terms of censure in their columns. It is not difficult to understand that the interests of New Brunswick are not served by the side of the St. John Press being arrayed on the side of the Government of the day, especially when that Government has done little to merit public confidence, but much to prove its unfitness to bear rule; and the public is beginning to see it to be its duty to extend support to journals which are bold enough to "think differently" even from my Lord Mackenzie, Premier of Canada. Besides, the ground of representing in some measure the Opposition sentiment which prevails so largely in St. John and the Province generally, THE WATCHMAN claims, and will, we doubt not, receive, the moral and material support which is usually extended to similar journals in similar circumstances.

3. Convinced of the necessity of securing "reform" of some sort in the management of the local affairs of the City of St. John, complaining that the burthen of Taxation is very unequally borne and is, consequently, a serious grievance in a majority of cases; and having regard to the wasteful expenditures of the past, and the necessity for protecting the sources of the City's revenues, THE WATCHMAN has not been slow to criticise the acts of the City Fathers, to direct attention to the wrongs committed on tax-payers in the name of City Fathers, to arraign the annual farce which has passed for a Yearly Audit, and otherwise to keep prominent before the rate-payers the more serious defects of the present civic system. This course it hopes to maintain throughout 1876, or until an improved system is forthcoming. At the same time, we don't intend to be the groom of a good minded civil-law, who denounces everything in the shape of an expenditure for civic purposes and who perceive in every act of a Common Councillor some new attempt at swindling. We shall hold ourselves ready to support any well matured scheme of Civic Improvement that is really called for and that does not carry with it undue taxation. We recognize in the members of our Common Council and in the gentlemen who fill the Civic offices persons who, in the great majority of cases, desire to do what is right; persons who are capable of doing the City credit, although at times they may blunder; persons who, we believe, are in many instances the unwilling instruments of a pernicious system, which is not of their making, but which, we regret to say, they are doing little to reform. While thus recognizing the merits of those in the Civic Service who receive their seats from the people or who hold appointments to salaried offices from the Council or the Local Government, we shall continue to maintain towards them a perfectly independent attitude, having no favors to ask, no motives for unjust accusation, and no interests to serve save to make this journal an aid to them in the intelligent and impartial administration of Civic affairs. During 1876 this subject will receive our closest attention and be pressed more vigorously than ever on the notice of the citizens of St. John, will, we trust, the attention and endorsement of all who are interested in the good name and good government of the Commercial Metropolis of the Province.

And, 4. We propose to lend our assistance, in whatever way that assistance can be made most useful to the promotion of the interests of Native Industry, the protection of Home Products, the recognition of Home Talent. We don't believe in buying our Cloths, our Furniture, our Nails, our Railroad Cars, our Stoves or other goods, abroad, when they can be produced at home. We don't believe in importing Railway Managers when we have as good talent among ourselves. We are getting tired of the policy which expends tens of thousands of dollars in "encouraging" emigrants to leave some other country and come to New Brunswick, when the same money expended in making roads, subsidizing railways, and otherwise aiding existing settlements would tend to prevent our young men from leaving the country and thus prove the best "emigration scheme" that can be devised. Above all, we shall labor for the permanence of the Manufacturing Interests of our Province, believing that in fostering and promoting these interests, in helping to make our City and Province the centre of large industrial operations, we are aiding in retaining our population, preventing the outflow of money to distant countries, providing a home market for the farmer, increasing the customers of the merchant, and solving the great problem of *winter employment for the people.* To give stability to our Manufacturing Interests and ensure the employment of sufficient Capital in their development it is absolutely necessary that a certain measure of protection should be extended to them under the Tariff, against the persistent and unprincipled efforts of foreign establishments, which if successful in crushing the enterprises of our mechanics, would at the same time succeed in depriving thousands of our people of employment, thousands of farmers of purchasers their products, and thousands of homes of their sons and daughters who would be forced to seek a livelihood in some other country.

Briefly stated, THE WATCHMAN proposes to abide by the following programme:—

To provide a Cheap Paper and Cheap Advertising for the masses.

To handle all questions independently, in the public interests.

To supply a tongue to those who, politically, are unrepresented in the Press of St. John at the present moment.

To promote Civic Reform, especially a re-adjustment of the burthens of Taxation.

A SCENE AT MONACO.

A SKETCH FROM LIFE:—BY FRANK LEE BENEDICT.

The Monaco gaming tables are not in the town itself, but established on a hill beyond, distant five or six minutes by rail, and having a separate station called Monte Carlo.

On leaving the train you mount a steep ascent—a sort of staircase built along the side of the cliff—pass through the gardens, or by the miniature theatre, and come out into the open space in front of the Hotel de Paris—behind the Cafe, to the left of the Casino.

Nothing could be prettier or more animated than the scene, though it reminds one so much of some charming stage effect that one almost expects to hear the prompter's whistle sound, and see the whole vanish.

Turning your back on the square, and going out upon the terrace, you find yourself overlooking the sea. On a moonlight evening it is like gazing away into Paradise to stand there and watch the radiant sweep of waters—you forget that Pandemonium lies close behind.

It was not much after eight o'clock when Madelaine Jastram entered the Casino. Bolton Wargrave met her on the steps. He did not attempt to speak, but motioned her to follow, and walked on in advance.

From the concert room, which fronts on the wide corridor, floated the strains of one of Strauss's bewildering waltzes. Dulled and preoccupied as she was, the melody brought back to Madelaine Jastram's mind the recollection of her first ball, when she had been acknowledged the beauty of the stateliest court in Europe, and Maria Theresa's imperial descendant had been the foremost of her admirers on that opening night of her intoxicating triumphs, so absolute and so brief.

At the entrance to the gaming saloons he stopped to exhibit his card of admission to the usher standing there. Madelaine mechanically stopped too.

Once more she saw Wargrave make her a sign to advance. She obeyed. They passed through the first of the rooms, and entered the long apartment beyond, filled with an eager crowd, but where, in spite of the numbers, the stillness was so complete that the plaintive murmur of the sea surging up through the open windows could distinctly be heard, so sad and mournful that one might have fancied it the echo of spirit-voices grieving over the folly and weakness of human kind.

Still mechanically following Wargrave, Madelaine found herself standing at the lower end of the second roulette table. Some man was just leaving his seat at the side of the *croupier.*

Wargrave drew the chair toward her; she sat down. Not a word had been exchanged between them since he met her on the steps of the casino; not a word was exchanged now.

As she seated herself and drew the chair close to the table, Wargrave stepped aside, though keeping his station sufficiently close to watch her movements.

Madelaine was dressed in black; a veil of embroidered lace fell over her face. She pushed it partially back as she took her seat. Her features were still concealed, though perfectly recognisable if one looked closely.

All the tables were full; a strong stood three and four feet deep about each table. Everybody plays at Monaco. I remember that formerly at Homburg people governed by the ordinary rules of conventional life (I mean those belonging to the Anglo Saxon race) were a little shy; but at Monaco they seemed quite ashamed. I have seen a Church of England clergyman play there; I have seen everybody, from a Russian princess to the poorest English or American debutante of the season. Utter reckleness is the order of the day.

Madelaine was still watching. One of the ushers, a Polish Count, removed from Wargrave, placed before her a card, marked with the colours and numbers, and a huge pin sticking in the top. This was to enable her to follow the chances of the game for a while before playing, if she felt so inclined.

But so far as Wargrave could perceive, she paid no attention to what was going on. Her eyes had a wandering far-off look, as if her soul had strayed away from the place, and she were straining her physical vision to catch sight of it.

Presently she took two thousand franc-notes from the pocket-book Wargrave had given her. She laid them by the *croupier*, at whose side she sat. Without a word the man, by means of his long wooden rake, pushed them to the *croupier* who sat at the middle of the table, before whom lay the piles of coin and paper, and whose duty it was to set the little ball in motion which decided success or failure for the players. In another moment she had the pile of napoleons close by her hand, and was conscious of wondering why it was there.

A sudden excitement became perceptible in the room, but no noise. The unfortunate guilty of such indiscretion would have been instantly expelled, had he been the Prince of Monaco himself.

A denser crowd collected about the table where Madelaine sat. An Englishwoman seated next her, after overhearing certain whispers among the people standing near, rose from her chair with one awful glance, which was totally lost upon its recipient. Some eager bystander immediately took possession of the place, and Madame Jastram had not the slightest idea that her neighbor had changed in sex and country.

Quick whispers circled from lip to lip, but she did not observe that either. Her own name was muttered among the lookers-on, but she was unconscious of it.

A party of Englishmen—the famous Prosser among them—were laying bets as to whether it really was Madame Jastram.

One insolent Frenchman pushed his way so close to her chair, that his coat sleeve fairly brushed her dress, but he felt no inclination to keep his stand after a gesture from Wargrave had warned him that, whoever the lady might be, she was some person whom that gentleman did not intend to have annoyed.

The son of Gaul tried to hold his own for an instant, but his eyes speedily fell under the menacing glance which met his; he knew Wargrave too well by reputation to desire any disagreement, and slunk away.

Prosser and Prosser's companions were drawing closer to the table, not meaning to be impertinent, but anxious to decide their wager. In their excitement they spoke more loudly among themselves than they were aware. Several of the players looked round in an annoyed way, and a warning hush was uttered by the nearest usher.

Wargrave stepped back a few paces from the table, and, with a pleasant smile of greeting, laid his hand on the sho