## Mictoria Meekly Times.

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VICTORIA, B. C., FRIDAY, APRIL 28, 1893.

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purred last evening in the church of Torre Annunziata. During the services he drapery about the altar was blown against the lighted candles. The flames spread rapidly and the congregation rushed for the doors. Women and children were thrown to the floor and trampled upon. When the fire was extinguished it was found that eight women and five children had been crushed to death, while hundreds of others had en seriously injured.

The Italian Jubilee.

Rome, April 24.—King Humbert and Emperor William, with their wives and suites, attended the Italian Jockey Club meeting on Saturday afternoon. More than 70,000 persons were present at the track. Both going and returning the royal party, was cheered constantly by the crowds that lined the route. Emperor William was welcomed with great continuous many when he appeared at the enthusiasm when he appeared at the performance of Falstaff Saturday evening. The orchestra played "Die Wacht am Rhein" as he entered the

Valparaiso, April 24.—The changes in the cabinet which were predicted would be made have been announced. Under the change Erazurius becomes foreign minister, Rojas minister of justice and public instruction, and Pedro Montt minister of the interior. The post of minister of the hacienda is left vacant.

Has Them Wholesale. Athens, April 22.—Details of the calamity that has befallen the island of Zante show that since the beginning of March there have been a total of 300 earthquake shocks, averaging five every day. There are not in the city five houses that are safe for the people to live in. It is now known that 150 persons lost their lives, and this list is likely to be added to when the ruins are

April 24.—The newspapers in Santiago and Valaiso publish statements denying Egan's assertions that he did not Valpar-ng Mr. nive at the escape of Blandlot Holley, the fugitive who sought an asylum in the United States legation. El Par-veno declares it can prove the assertion by statements of officials in the foreign office. It was rumored here yesterday that Secretary Gresham had ordered Minister Egan to turn over the archives in the legation to Secretary Mc Such an order would please all ilians. There are emphatic as-Chilians. sertions that the recent outbreak was encouraged by Minister Egan and Juan McKenna, one of the leading Balma-

Humbert and Margherita. Rome, April 24.—The festivities in onnection with the silver wedding of

connection with the silver westing of King Humbert and Queen Margherita were continued to-day. This morning there was a grand military and civic parade over three miles in length, and which was reviewed from the main bal-cony of the Quirinal by the King and Queen, the Emperor William, the Prin-cess of Wales and her daughter, and the ther royal and distinguished This afternoon there was another state dinner at the palace, while to-night there will be out-door fetes and concerts without number, and the Eternal City will be alive with merrymakers. When, over two months ago, the King was informed that committees were raising funds with which to properly observe the event, he notified the press that the project was not to his liking, and re-quested that the money already collectbe devoted to charitable purposes The committee, however, did not see the matter in the same light, as the King is very popular, and accordingly it secured permission to go ahead with its plans. The day is being observed as a general holiday throughout the couned by the royal couple from the other sovereigns of Europe wishing them long life and happiness, and on the heels of these came a number of delegations bearing gifts and addresses of congratulation. This afternoon there was a royal pienic on the Tiber, and in the evening the Emperor and Empress gave a gala dinner. To-night there will be a gala performance of Verdi's last opera, "Fal-staff," the orchestra being led by the brilliant old composer in person. At the dinner this evening a representative of every royal house in Europe was

Squire Baird's Will. New York, April 24.—It is now ab-olutely certain that the late Geo. Alexsolutely certain that the late Geo. Alexander Baird, known to the sporting world as "Squire" Abingdon, did not bequeath any money to Mrs. Langtry. He was said to have sent a letter to the fair Lily on Jan. 7th, saying, "I have made my will and have left everything to you." The latest codicit to the will is dated Feb. 7th, and Mr. Lumley, the "Squire's" solicitor, in a recent inter-Squire's' solicitor, in a recent inter-riew, said: "I know nothing whatever of the letter which Mr. Baird is stated have written to Mrs. Langtry. Codi-ls are only legal documents which arry out the general idea of a will. The odicils to Mr. Baird's will deal only th details and do not interfere with e general scheme of the testamentpositions." The will of the is dated Nov. 14th, 1889. There two codicils, dated respectively Nov. h, 1892, and Feb. 7th, 1893. Under dese testamentary dispositions Mr. aird devises and bequeaths all his real personal property, both in England Scotland, to trustees to pay the infter her death the property is to be vided between the children of his first Searching inquiry on the part Mrs. Langtry's lawyers among the cers of the Majestic has just been

MANY WOMEN AND CHILDREN KILLED

Squire Abington's Wealth All Goes to His Mother.

Zante Visited by Many Earthquakes—Great Times at King Humbert's Jubilee—Patrick Egan does not seem to be Popular — President Carnot makes a Spread for the Commissioners.

Naples, April 24.—A fatal panic occurred last evening in the church of Town Annualists Durket the court of the country with Charley Mitchen.

The Home of Hapsburg.

Vienna, April 24.—To-day is the 39th anniversary of the marriage of the Emperor Francis Joseph and the Princess Elizabeth, but it is not a very happy day for the royal couple, owing to the mental troubles of the Empress and the complications in the political situation. Rumors are again current that the Emperor contemplates abdicating the active control of affairs in order that he may give his entire time to the care of his wife. The Empress since the tragic death of the Crown Prince Rudolph in the Myerling forest, four years ago, has lapsed into a condition of acute melancholy, and is constantly broading over that terrible tragedy. The Emperor is very popular with his subjects, largely owing to the fact that one of his first acts upon ascending the throne was to establish a free and constitutional government, and his abdication would be deeply deplored.

Rome, April 24.—The solemn mass in B minor, composed by Frank C. Dossert, the organist, of New York, and dedicated to the Pope, was performed yesterday in the chapel of St. Peter's. It created a very favorable impression. This is the first instance on record of an American composition being thus

May Day Gaiety Forbidden. Paris, April 22.—At a cabinet council held in the Elysee it was decided to give notice to all workingmen in the employ of the French Government that they are forbidden to take any part in the com-ing celebration of May day by the work-

Drouth in Europe. London, April 22.—The dryness of the weather in western Europe during the last eight weeks is causing exceptional anxiety among the grain growers. England has suffered much, although less than has France.

Depends on Caprivi. Berlin, April 22.—Despite official confidence in the successful conclusion of the Russo-German commercial treaty, negotiations lag. It is certain that if Caprivi should retire nothing more will

Lunched by Carnot. Paris, April 22.-President Carnot gave a luncheon to-day to the members of the Behring Sea tribunal of arbitration, the counsel in the case and the members of the French cabinet.

Chandler Exploring Africa. Zanzibar, April 22.—A letter bearing date up to March 6th, has been received from William Astor Chandler, who is leading an exploring expedition in East Africa. He says all the members of his party were well and he gives details of their recent explorations in the region around Mount Kenia.

Americans in Paris. Paris, April 22.—There was a meeting of the American colony to-day to pay a tribute of esteem to the retiring American minister, Hon. Thomas Jef-ferson Coolidge. After felicitous speech-es by Hon. E. J. Phelps, Hon. John W. Foster and others, the meeting resolved to give Coolidge a farewell din ner and address.

Belgian Rioters Sentenced. Brussels, April 22.—Many men who articipated in the recent suffrage riots in Mons were sentenced to-day to short terms in prison. The socialist leader, Brenez, was sentenced to prison for five years. In Bernissart a thousand strikers went through the streets, pillaging the shops and damaging private houses. In an encounter with the police they fought stubbornly with stones and clu Eventually they were put to flight by the police charging them with drawn swords. Several policemen and a dozen rioters were injured. Ten rioters were arrested.

End of the Revolution. Panama, April 22.—The government of Honduras says the revolution has been suppressed. In a battle at Los Cedros the rebels were defeated with considerable loss of life and their forces dispersed. A Guatemala paper says Nicaragua is recruiting forces to resist Salvador against Guatemala. The truth of the statement, however, is doubted, as Nicaragua is much disturbed internally, the Government having incurred hostility by the arrest of a number of leading citizens of Leon.

Kingston, Jamaica, April 24.—In response to a protest of President Hippolyte to the San Domingo governme against the action of natives of that republic in extending aid to the revolu-tionists, President Hereaux has expelled from the country Gen. Manigat's agents and all who assisted the latter in his conspiracy to overthrow the gov-ernment of Hayti. Gen. Manigat fail-ed to embrace the opportunity to pro-ceed against Hayti, and his rriends, disgusted over his failure to act, have one by one deserted the revolutionary leader's cause. As amicable relations now exist between the two black republics, and as Presidents Hippolyte and Hereaux have come to an understanding regarding the rights of their respective governments, it is believed that Gen. Manigat's attempts to or-ganize an army to overthrow the exgovernment of Hayti are frustrated beyond revival.

Austro-Hungarian Falling-Out. Vienna, April 22.—An important conference was held at Vienna to-day between Emperor Francis Joseph, Dr. Wekerle, the Hungarian prime minister, and two other members of the Hungarian cabinet. The conference did not result in reconciling the emperor to the prime minister's policy. Dr. Wekerle asked the emperor to assent to certain Austrian generals and leading officials attending the unveiling of the Honved monument, on the anniversary of the storming of Buda in 1848 by the revo-lutionists. The emperor flatly refused lutionists. The emperor flatly refused to give the desired permission. The dif-ference has also widened on Hungarian politico-religious bills with which the fate of the Hungarian movement is

bound up. Rebellous Negroes. Rebellous Negroes.

Raleigh, N.C., April 24.—The State Guard of North Carolina is holding itself in readiness to go to James City, near Newberne, to expel 3000 rebellious negroes from that settlement. The negroes are not the lawful owners of the property, and it has been decided by the court that they must leave, which they refuse to do, and threaten bloodshed if any attempt is made to dislodge them.

TRADE FOR THE MONTH OF MARCH

Sustained.

Assignment of Another Toronto Merchant-The Government Sued for the Value of Unused Revenue Stamps-Still Some Hope for Edwin Booth.

Montreal, April 22.—Bowen & Co.'s wholesale liquor establishment was damaged \$100,000 by fire early this morning. A falling wall killed Fireman Dogenais and severely injured Capt. and Fireman Jeannotte.

Ottawa, Ancil 12.—In the exchequer court on April 29th will come up for hearing the case of the British American Bank Note Co. vs the Queen, a case which enjoys out of the discrete hearing. which arises out of a dispute between the department of inland revenue and the company in regard to revenue stamps. In 1893 a radical change the company in regard to revenue stamps. In 1893 a radical change took place in the system of stamping tobacco and cigars, and the company then had on hand a large number of the old denominations of stamps, which had become worthless. Under the contract of the company they contend that they had a right to keep on hand and be paid for a six months' supply. The department does not concur in this construction of the contract, and disputes the amount sought to be recoverputes the amount sought to be recoverered, which is some \$8,000.

Ottawa, April 22.—Canada's exports last month increased \$2,500,000. For the nine months they are \$40,000,000, showing for that period an increase of \$6,024,000. In the same time the duty increased \$1,318,000.

Assigned. Toronto, April 22.-Mr. E. B. Gough, who is well known in Toronto, having carried on a large clothing business in the city some years ago, has made an assignment for the benefit of his cred-

After he left Toronto he opened large stores in Kingston, Belleville and Brampton. The latter business, however, he sold out and confined his attention entirely to the Kingston and Belleville stores. His principal creditors are Montreal merchants. His liabilities to the respective property of the stores. bilities to them alone amount to between \$35,000 and \$40,000.

Edwin Booth's Condition New York, April 22.—The condition of Edwin Booth is much improved this morning. Dr. Smith, the attending physician, says reports circulated last night that Booth was in a sinking condi-tion were false. The physician does not say that Booth may not die from his present illness, although he thinks it is not probable. He says he has had similar cases where the patients entire-New York, April 22.-The latest information obtainable about Booth's condition is that his death is only a question of a few hours.

Juggled With His Accounts. Chicago, April 22.—Frank E. Taylor, extensively engaged in the hide and fertrilizer business, having branch houses in this city, Kansas City and New York, under the firm name of Benj. McLean & Co., was attached this morning by the Metropolitan bank of Kansas City for \$50,000. The attachment was made aid of two assumpsit suits commenced simultaneously in the circuit court, one for \$35,000 and one for \$30,000, a seizure made on the Metropolitan bank of Chicago, where, according to advices, Taylor has \$50,000 on deposit. The Hicks Car Co., in which Taylor is said to own an interest, was also leviled on. The Metropolitan National Bank of Kansas City, which precipitated the rush on Taylor, claims in one count that he fraudulently obtained \$15,000 of the amount attached for from the bank, and in another that the balance of the money which it seeks to recover, \$24,300, being stipulated in the attachment, is an openaccount for moneys loaned and advanced. It is charged that within two years past he fraudulently conveyed part of his effects to the prejudice of his creditors.

Secretary Carlisle Feels Happy. Washington, D. C., April 22.-The gold reserve, depleted yesterday, is intact to-day. Offers aggregating nearly \$4,000,000 have been received and accepted by the secretary this morning. Secretary Carlisle said he did not think, in justice to those disposed to supply the government with gold, that their names should be published, and for that reason alone he did not think it that reason alone he did not think it wise to state the names and places from which the offers came. He was feeling happy over the fact that the offers aggregated a sufficient amount to make the gold reserve intact and leave a little free gold in the treasury. He expressed the hope that it would continue to increase, so that he would be able to meet any demand made on the able to meet any demand made on the treasury for gold for export next Tuesday. He stated that the treasury Tuesday. He stated that the treasury would continue the policy now being pursued, of paying gold for treasury coin and notes, and that at an early hour yesterday, when it seemed that the reserve would be encroached upon, he directed the sub-treasurer at New York to continue paying these notes as heretofore. He was therefore at a loss to understand how any uncertainty prevailed in the public mind as to the action of the treasury department in the

PANIC IN A CHURCH concluded. It was thought the dead sportsman might have made a will in the Lily's favor while coming over to this country with Charley Mitchell. FATAL FIRE IN MONTREAL \$194,000,000; on Jan. 31st, 1891, \$141,000,000; this country with Charley Mitchell.

A Fireman Killed and \$100,000 Damage The Drain of Gold.

New York, April 22.—Heidelbach, Eficketheimer & Co. ordered \$700,000 in gold at the sub-treasury. This gold is intended for shipment on Tuesday's steamer. It was paid for in green-backs and \$200,000 in treasury notes. Another house expects to ship \$500,000 by Tuesday's steamer. which, with the \$500,000 withdrawn yesterday by Ladenburg, Thalman & Co., makes a total agranged for \$1,700,000 up to 11 o'clock this morning.

How They Voted. London, April 22.—The division in the house of commons last night was taken on strict party lines. Every Nationalist voted with the majority. The dissident Liberals to a man went with the opposition. The Prince of Wales remained until the result of the division was announced.

Sydney, N.W.S., April 22.—A heavy run on a savings bank in this city was stopped to-day by the announcement of Sir G. M. Dibbs, premier, that the government would guarantee the deposits and do all within its power to restore an fidure in the financial circles of confidence in the financial circles of Australia. It is believed that the gov-ernment will introduce in parliament a bill legalizing bank notes. The financial panic is subsiding.

Journalists on a Junket. London, April 21.—The following British journalists were passengers for New York on the Hamburg-American steamer Furst Bismarck, which sailed from Southampton to-day for New York: James Gordon, of the London Morning Post; J. S. Cowen, of the Yorkshire Herald; Norman Smith, of the National Press Agency; and W. Hiller, of the Marine Engineer. They are on their way to the Chicago World's Fair.

European Cholera Mortality. St. Petersburg, April 21.—Official cholera statistics issued show that from March 13 to March 27 there were 460 new cases and 120 deaths in the government of Podolia, and from March 27 to April 13, 113 new cases and 350 deaths in the department of Coffa. Elsewhere in the empire fifteen new cases and seven deaths are reported. Vienna, April 21.—Two cases of cholerations. and seven deaths are reported.

Vienna, April 21.—Two cases of cholera and one death are reported from Oluth, in Bukowina, Austria. Four cases occurred at Novemmannapove.

Disciples of Mme. Blavatsky. New York, April 24.—The sophists in large numbers have been arriving in the city during the last 24 hours piel min-\$35,000 and \$40,000.

Burglars in a Postoffice.

Lakewood, N. J., April 22.—The postoffice at this place was entered by thleves early this morning. They blew open the safe and took \$2,500 worth of stamps and about \$300 in cash. They also took a postal notebook. It is supposed they were professional postoffice thieves and knew the value of this book. convention wall consider various suggestions looking to an active propaganda in this country for the strengthening of the faith.

Another Hawaiian Row. San Francisco, Cal., April 24.—According to the latest steamship advices there is likely to be a lively time in Honolulu to-day. The executive committee of the Annexation Club has been occupying quarters in the Jampbell block on Merchant street, adjoining the block on Merchant street, adjoining the American consulate. This block is owned by James Campbell, a vicient anti-annexationist, and a month ago he notified the club that he would compel it to give up possession of its quarters to-day. It happened, however, that to-day. It happened, however, that the organization has a year's lease, and it not only returned a reply to the effect that the notice would be ignored, but also proceeded to fill its quarters with arms and ammunition. At the time of the leaving of the last steamer the land-lord had given out that he would exthem to-day at any cost. As the quarters are in close proxim ty to those of the American consulate the latter

of the American consulate the may be dragged into the difficulty. HOME RULE AFFAIRS. The Opposition Determined to Oppos the Bill in Committee.

The Opposition Determined to Oppose the BiH in Committee.

London, April 22.—In the division on the second reading of the Home Rule bill on Friday night, every party polled almost its full strength. The Parnellites polled their vote to the last man. It was the first time that the two factions of the Nationalists have acted in harmony since the formal disruption of the old party. Lord Salisbury will call a conference of the Opposition leaders early in May, to decide upon the details of the campaign against the measure in committee. The general line of opposition will be a series of amendments to secure increased representation of the Irish minority. T. W. Russell will move that hefore the bill becomes operative the Imperial Parliament settle the Irish land question.

The anti-Home Rule demonstration at Albert Hall on Saturday was hardly what it semed. There was an abundance of the usual cheering and hat waving. The chief feature of the meeting was its aristocratic features. No democratic elements of Ireland appeared. The speakers were exclusively Irish landlords or dissenters. Even the Unionist press admits that the political importance of the meeting is small, especially in view of the fact that the principle of Home Rule has been adopted by Parliament. Many of the English Unionists would have been better pleased had the Ulster contingent remained at home during the excitement of the last two or three days. Yesterday some sixty of the Ulster loyalists gathered at the entrance of the House to demonstrate their hostility to Mr. Gladstone. As soon as he appeared they began to hiss and groan. Mr. Gladstone looked up in surprise, then quickened his pace and hastened indoors, while the crowd in chorus shouted "Traitor!" after him.

Dublin, April 22.—The news of the decision of the House to Goumens last night

crowd in chorus shouted "Traitor!" after him.

Dublin, April 22.—The news of the decision of the House of Commons last night on the second reading of the Irish Home Rule bill was received in Armagh early this morning. The Nationalists at once proceeded to hold a demonstration in honor of the triumph and paraded the streets with cheers for Home Rule. The Unionists made a counter demonstration and the two parties came into collision. Shots were exchanged between the advocates and the antagonists of Home Rule and several persons were injured in the encounter, one of the injured being a constable. It is expected there will be more rioting.

That such uncertainty still prevailed, however, is evident from the numerous telegrams being received by the President and Secretaries Carlisle and Lamont, and from the further fact that several prominent New York bankers are here to-day for the purpose, if possible, of getting a better and clearer knowledge of the financial situation with cabinet officers and treasury officials. It is interesting to note in connection with the gold situation during the past few years that the treasury has gradually lost gold. On Jan. 31st, 1889, the net gold in the treasury was Convention of Journalists.

the Crime.

CIRCUMSTANTIAL EVIDENCE STRONG

Collapse of a Building With Fatal Effect.

A Celebrated Lawyer Enters the Pulpit-The Governor of New York Considering Harris' Case-Dealing With Chinamen-Death of a Pioneer Miner-An

New Westminster, April 24.-A clue has at last been obtained to the perpetrator of the Huntington murder by Governor Moresby. That official is reticent, but the following facts have been elicited. Yesterday he arrested an American named Arthur Strobel on suspicion of being the murderer of John Marshall. Strobel lives on the American side of the line close to where Marshall lived. It was known that he had a revolver, and on the evening be-fore Marshall was found dead, he was seen going in the direction of deceased's house. He returned home about 10 o'clock and seemed excited. When he was arrested and the house searched a revolver was found in his room, and from the appearance of the chambers two shots had been recently fired from it. It is of 38-calibre and the two bullets found in Marshall's brain are the same size. No money was found beyond a few dollars, but the theory is that Strobel after murdering Marshall, was afraid to touch the money, but that somebody coming along afterwards took it. Mr. Moresby goes up to Huntington to-morrow to further investigate and try to make the evidence something

more than circumstantial.

Capt. White was liberated from jail this morning, after "doing" 23 months for the embezzlement of the Canadian.

Decide whereten Company's money. Pacific Navigation Company's money. It is said he will now make it lively for those who caused his sojourn in the "red house on the hill."

REV. MAXWELL'S DEFENCE.

The Divine Gives Blow for Blow-Smuggling Japs Punished. Vancouver, April 24.—Three Japanese were arrested on Sunday for smuggling tobacco and silk off the Empress

of Japan. Two were fined \$50 each.

A Chinaman brought in on Saturday from a North Arm cannery, where he met with an accident, died yesterday. The baseball club has been organized for the season. Agitation for separation is going on nerrily and the manifesto adopted at

the public meeting is being circulated Sunday evening Maxwell defended the stand they had taken in speaking on politics. The latter in the course of his remarks said that the local paper that had attacked them had done only what it was paid to do. To-day's train is eight hours late, and

the Empress will not leave till morn-

The Hawaiian Situation. Honolulu, Hawaii, April 12.-The flutter of excitement caused by the return of Paul Newman and Prince David, enof Paul Newman and Prince Bavid, en-voys of Liliuokalani, from Washington, has passed away and left nothing, ap-parently, as the substantial result of their mission. Three times in as many days the report has been circulated that the day and hour has been fixed for the the day and hour has been fixed for the restoration of the Queen, but up to the present writing the throne lacks an occupant. The Queen's party does not appear more hopeful with the continued delay, but still insists that the only thing which the United States can do is to restore the status quo ante. Several prominent Hawaiians acknowledge once the Queen is restored as an evidence of ustness and fairness on the part of the United States, in treating with Hawaii, they would willingly see her abdicate favor of annexation. Others hold that a commercial treaty, with the gift of Pearl Harbor for naval rendezvous, is all that the United States can justly expect. A letter of Commissioner Thurston to ex-minister Colburn urging the latter to do all in his power to forward the annexation cause, is being quoted by them as evidence. Thurston, it is now expected, will remain in Washing-

on as Hawaiian minister. The United Press correspondent called on the commissioner again this morning and asked if there was any truth in the report that he intended leaving for home on the steamship Australia, which leaves here April 26th. Mr. Blount replied that there was no truth in it whatever. "My length of stay here is indefinite. It may be two months, it may be three months." Con two tinuing, he said in reply to a query that had no means of knowing what the senate of the United States was doing and was accordingly not influenced thereby. Asked if he had been surprised at any existing conditions here, or if he could now express an opinion on the Hawaiians, he said his frame of been wholly receptive, he had been re ceiving impressions, but had not yet allowed himself to form any conclusion.

"Of course," he said, "when the time comes, and when that may be I cannot say, I will have some conclusions to make. They may be erroneous, but they will probably be decided."

Asked if he would visit the other

islands, he said: "I have hardly had an opportunity to get out of this house, have been so bothered by callers. have seen no points of interest about Honolulu. Mrs. Blount is doing the isiting, and I have been keeping house. suppose after she has inspected the slands she will be able to impart the information to me or I may be able in

the future to go about more."

Two companies of volunteers called out this morning at one o'clock. They were told to hasten at once to the barracks, for sixty men of the provisional guards had been poisoned and they were needed to take the place of the sick. There was every evidence of truth in the report. The men were lying on the ground groaning with pain.

There were at least 30 men thus poisoned in the barracks and as many more at the government building. At 2 o'clock, just before the arrival of the volunteer relief, a message was received that a number of Kanakas on the outskirts of the town were forming in a body. Lieut. Corine, who was on guard at the time,

caused the long roll to be sounded, and the men who were able to, seized their rifles and were quickly stationed at the different posts and port holes in the building. It was found that there were not more than 20 available men within the structure. For half an hour there was much alarm, and it was feared that an attack would follow. The night passed without a shot being fired. Meanwhile the matter of poisoning was being investigated. Samples of food the men had partaken of for dinner last night were sealed up in bottles. the contents to be examined this afternoon or to-morrow. Then the men were questioned recordings the A Man Arrested Charged With contents to be examined this afternoon or to-morrow. Then the men were questioned regarding this food, and their statements taken down in writing. The investigation was continued after daylight this morning, and it is now known that the poison, whatever it might have been, was in the milk. The belief is general that the milk was doctored by enemies of the provisional governors. tared by enemies of the provisional gov-ernment, but the dose was too light ernment, but the dose was too light to cause any fatality, and the worst that will happen will be a few days in the hospital for the sick men.

By the late mail ex-Queen Liliuokalani received an autograph letter from Queen Victoria. It was as follows:

Victoria, by grace of God queen of Great Britain and Ireland, queen, defender of the faith, and empress of India, to Loliuokalani, queen of Hawaiian islands, sendeth greeting:

We have received and referred to our advisers your letter relating to the

advisers your letter relating to the revolt in your kingdom. We sincerely trust your majesty will arrive at a happy issue out of your present troubles. We take this opportunity of assuring you of our continued good-will and com-

mending your majesty to the protection of the Almighty.

(Signed) VICTORIA, R.

Counter-signed)
ROSEBERY.

Business is going to the dogs in Honolulu. Chief Justice Juda of the Su-preme Court said yesterday: "The uncertainty is worse than any fate that might befall the islands. President Cleveland is doing us a great injustice, and many of us are liable to suffer before it is over." The opinion of the chief justice is universal.

St. Louis, Mo., April 24.-R. W. Fauntleroy, one of the ablest lawyers that ever practised at the Missouri bar, preached his first sermon to-night at preached his first sermon to-night at St. James' Frotestant Episcopal church, to the rectorship of which he has been called. Mr. Fauntieroy decided three years ago to abandon law and enter the ministry. The announcement was a great surprise. While studying for the ministry he kept up his law practice, as he is not a man of means. He has accepted the call to St. James' parish he is not a man of means. He has accepted the call to St. James' parish, though it is one of the poorest in the city, paying its pastor less than \$1,000 a year. Mr. Fauntleroy defended Hugh M. Brooks, who murdered Arthur Preler, several years ago. Both the murderer and his victim were English tourists. After killing his companion at the Southern H6tel, Brooks, alias Maxwell, put the body in a trunk and left the country. He was arrested in New the country. He was arrested in New Zealand and brought back. The evidence against him was so plain that he was found guilty and executed, but Mr. raunweroy made a hard light for his life and undoubtedly prolonged it, for the case was in the courts several years. Those who heard Mr. Fauntleroy yester-day do not doubt his success as a min-

Considering Harris' Case.

Albany, N. Y., April 24.—Gov. Flower has denied himself to visitors to-day, and is deeply engrossed in the documents relating to the application for a pardon for Carlyle W. Harris, the convicted wife poisoner. By the morning mail he received several affidavits from the office of the district attorney in New York, rebutting some of those filed in behalf of the convicted man. It is believed that his decision will be rendered to-morrow.

Columbus's Descendant. New York, April 24.—The Duke of Veragua and party, escorted by Com-mander Dickens of the United States navy, left for Washington this afternoon. The aristocratic descendant Columbus is enthusiastic over the The aristocratic descendant pitalities that have been extended him in this city. During the week he has been the guest of honor at no less than thereen breakfasts, dinners and

banquets. Chinese Exclusion Cases. Kalamazoo, Mich., April 24.—The case of the four Chinamen, Lee Yon, Cingi Yon, Lee San and Lee Ok, who were recently arrested by United States deputy marshals under warrants sworn out un-der the exclusion act, charging them with unlawfully remaining in this country, is again before United States commissioner C. H. McGurrin to-day. The unfortunate Mongolians insist that have lived in the country for from thir-teen to fifteen years, and have a host of witnesses on hand to substantiate the

statement.

Pioneer Miner Dead San Francisco, April 24.—Patrick N. Mackay, the well-known mining engineer and pioneer, died suddenly at his residence in this city Saturday evening. Mackay was well and favorably known control of the on the Comstock and other mining centres of the Pacific coast. For a few years past he has been developing the coal mines of the Skagit Coal Company in Skagit county, of which he was a di

Port Angeles on the List.

San Francisco, April 24.—The steamer Walla Walla, which sails for Puget Sound ports to-morrow, will step at Port Angeles, and henceforth every 15 days the City of Puebla will make Port Angeles a regular port of call.

Sacramento, Cal., April 24.-In Judge Catlin's court this morning, the case of the people vs. Geo. B. Jeffreies, charged with the murder of Olga Ayres, the Brighton telegraph operator, tinued to June 19th, to admit of the attendance of an important witness, who will swear that Jeffreies was married to Miss Ayres in July, 1892, at wituse, and that witness signed the certificate.

Speaks Well of Carlisle.

Dubuque, Iowa, April 24.—Senator Allison, who was one of the delegates of the United States to the International Monetary Conference, which met at Brussels, when asked what he thought of Secretary Carlisle's course, replied:—"The secretary is acting wisely. He ought not to issue the bonds until the necessity becomes imperative to maintain the parity in value of gold and silver, or of paper circulation based on either, or both. I see no present danger of gold going to a premium. I don't don't that Mr. Carlisie will exercise his authority with wisdom and prudence, and in such a way as to maintain the public credit."