



## rience the helpful-

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war.

uties from all parts of the chamber called for the posting of M. Ribot's speech thruout France, but M. Ribot requested the chamber not to consider the question in view of the division sentiment.

joined in the applause.

No. Peace Without Victory.

Drowned in Applause M. Ribot syoke with usey reeling ex-temporaneously. His voice, the Cear,

Some of the parases of his speech were drowned in applause, while others were

extreme Socialists. The more moderat memoers of the Socialist party, such as

Jules Guesue, a former minister of state, and the veneracle M. Groussier,

often picened so low that) memoers

No Peace Without Victory. All the deputies, except the Social-ists stood up and cheered when Pre-mier Ribot added: "Peace can come from victory alone." Continuing, the premier said: "It is certain that in peace negotiations no party can take the place of the government. The peace of tomorrow cannot be a peace of any party, nei-ther of the Socialist party, nor of the Catholic party. As it concerns France, it should be a French peace. When the hour comes, the government will ask the advice of your commit-tee and it will tell everything. The government has a complete know-ledge of its responsibility. "It would be laughable if one sought to make the country and army be-

to make the country and army be-lieve that peace could come from such conferences. Victory alone can bring peace. What would they think of us in the United States if we allowed Americans to believe there was weari-ness among us after three years of Our energy must continue inwar? domitable.

Infamous Falsehoods. Premier Ribot then referred to what he termed an "audacious and impudent campaign" to spread reports that secret agreements had been signed with Russia, adding:

"We shall ask the Russian Government to publish all the documents in question at an early date. It is even said that a secret convention with Rus-sia, which is offensive and non-defensia, which is offensive and non-deten-sive, exists, and that it was executed by the president of the republic him-self. Gentlemen, that is an infamy." The premier closed with the an-nouncement that the government was ready to arrest certain elements and that the government also would see

that the government also would see that the foreign residents in France did not escape responsibility to their own government, should they become

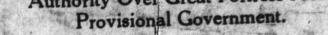
entangled in such activities. s of our regular Marcel Cachin, the Socialist deputy arose after the premier had concluded good assortment and said that the country could not be sale to- 7.95 told the whole truth now. Deputy Cachin, who recently returned from Russia, said he brought documents from Russia which he desired to lay before a secret session of the chamber

ique, with flare ilted middy, finand patch pockms. Sizes 2.95 cial, at. .

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cleared. hats just out of the cases. Heath, Hillgate and Christy hats from

Dineen's, weddings. 140 Yonge street.



Petrograd, via London, June 1.—The fateful decision of the work-men's and soldiers' delegates the assume control of Kronstadt, the great fortress which defends Petrograd, was carried by 210 votes lost in the loud interruptions from the

against 40, with eight of the delegates abstaining from voting. It is announced by the workmen's and soldiers' delegates that hence-forth the relations of Kronstadt with Petrograd and the remainder of Russia will be only thru the intermediary of the Petrograd branch of the delegates. The local workmen's and soldiers' council at Kronstadt announces that it has taken in its hands the effective power of Kronstadt, that it does not recognize the provisional government and that it has re-

The gal.ectes were crowded to their imit. In the diplomatic box were M. moved all the government's representatives. The minister of justice has notified his colleagues of this develop-Izowisky, the Russian ambassador, and ment, and on their instructions has communicated with the Kronstadt council thru the Petrograd council, with a view to inducing the Kronstadt M. Vesnitch, the Serbian minister.

council to revoke its orders.

**Resigns Owing to Difference With** Labor Minister. London, June 1 .--- A despatch to Reuter's Telegram Com-MANY PRISONERS FALL pany from Petrograd says A. I. Konovaloff, minister of com-merce and trade, has resigned, owing to a complete divergence TO BRITISH OFFENSIVE

SERIOUS ECONOMIC CRISIS

DISRUPTS RUSSIAN CABINET

Konovaloff, Minister of Trade and Commerce,

Thirty-Four Hundred Germans Are Captured During May-Artillery Activity Increases CANADIANS SPLENDID, Before Arras and Ypres.

London, June 1.—During May the British forces in France captured 3412 from British headquarters issued to-night. There has been increased artii-from British headquarters issued to-night. There has been increased artii-banks of the Scarpe and in the Ypres Scarpe, on the Arras front, and in the Scarpe, on the Arras front, and in the Ypres sector. The statement follows: "During the month of May we cap-tured in operations in the battle area and in rakis and minor operations on other portions of the front 3412 Ger-man prisoners, including 68 officers. We Boursies, on the Bapaume-Cambrai the enemy's positions south of Ypres and successfully bombed a number of the enemy's positions south of Ypres mad in successfully bombed a number of the enemy's positions south of Ypres mad in successfully bombed a number of the enemy's positions south of Ypres machine guits. The successfully bombed a number of cocupied dugouts. The successfully bombed a number of cocupied dugouts. The successfully bombed a number of the enemy's positions south of Ypres the successfully bombed a number of cocupied dugouts. The captured 19,343 German prisoners, including 282 officers; 257 guits and the enemy's positions south of Ypres the successfully bombed a number of cocupied dugouts. The captured in successfully bombed a number of dead Germans the case, as is evidenced by the enormous number of dead Germans the case and the successfully bombed a number of the successfully bombed a number of dead Germans the case, as is evidenced by the enormous number of dead Germans the case and the successfully bombed a number of the day the prise successfully bombed a number of the day the prise successfully bombed a number of the day the prise successfully bombed a number of the day the prise successfully bombed a number of the day the prise successfully bombed a number of the day the prise successfully bombed a number of the day the prise successfully bombed a number of the day the prise successfully bombed a number of the day the prise successfully bom

ENEMY'S RATIONS CUT

Resistance at Vimy Ridge Not

SAYS LIEUT.-GEN. BYNG

not have imagined that the attack could possibly go as smoothly and up to the time as it did. I see a good deal has been written that the re-sistance was feeble. This is by no means the case, as is evidenced by the enormous number of dead Germans and our heavy casualties. The two flank divisions had heavy fighting (the list and 4th) in the centre of the fourth division, where we were checked for Ist and 4(h) in the centre of the fourth division, where we were checked for some hours, but otherwise nothing dis-turbed the accuracy of the timetable. Naturally one's pride in the corps can hardly be described by words, and it would be impossible for me to do so." TO EXISTENCE'S POINT

Best Fed German Troops Have to Subsist on Food

## AUSTRIANS ENGAGE IN HEAVIER FIGHTING

Use of Strong Forces by Italians Reported by Enemy.

Vienna, via London, June 1 .- The repulse of Italian attacks on the Is- while submerged, rammed a British onzo front is announced in the official statement of the war office to-

of the German fighting units subsist upon a ration which equals only three-fifths in weight and value that which is issued to the British troops. The best nourished German troops are those in reserve just back of the fighting lines. They receive the maximum ra-tion. Since the spring of 1916 hore.

ines. They receive the maximum ra-tion. Since the spring of 1916, how-ever, their bread allowance has been sut down one-third. The greater part

organized workers are about "sick and tired" of petitioning the federal government to make a move for bettering the conditions of the workers, and that it may be found necessary to adopt stringent measures to force a recogniin views with M. Skobeloff, minister of labor, concerning the tion of their rights, was given at the economic and financial measures necessary in the present crisis. big labor conference today. The following is the statement of the proceedings given out to the press tonight by the press committee, composed of Fred Bancroft, J. C. Watters, and John LIEUT. ROBINSON, V.C., T. Foster: TAKEN TO FREIBURG "Bitter criticism of the Imperia Munitions Board, was made by inter-Germans Resort to Step Because national labor representatives at the of Allies' Air Raid on City. labor conference which continued its

sessions in Victoria Hall this afternoon. London, June, 1.-Lieut. William "The sessions are being held behind Leefe Robinson, of the Royal Flying closed doors. Representatives of the Corps, who is a prisoner in Germany machinists, carpenters, plumbers and recently was transferred to Freiburg steamfitters, sheet metal workers, and as a reprisal for air aids against that many other organizations declared that city by entente aviators, according to the wages and conditions of labor on the Central News. the work under the control of the board

Lieut. Wm. Leefe Robinson was awarded the Victoria Cross for bring-ing down a zeppelin during a raid on London. He was captured by the was a scandal and a disgrace. J. W. Flavelle and C. S. Gordon were declared to be absolutely unfair and antagonistic to the workers. Their pub-lic attitude was described by many as London. He was captured by the Germans in April of this year. A de-spatch from Berlin on May 12 said that British and French army offi-cers held prisoner by the Germans, had been sent to Freiburg as a re-prisal for air raids on that city.

from Berlin on May 12 said writish and French army offi-eid prisoner by the Germans, for air raids on that city. ATS IN COLLISION WHILE UNDER WATER WHILE UNDER WATER

## U-BOATS IN COLLISION

German Paper Reports Encounter Without Precedent. in Channel.

man Flavelle and a reorganization of the munition board. There was a general feeling at the afternoon sea-sion that steps should be immediately taken to force action on the part of the government by making arrange-ments for a general tie-up of indus-try thruout the Dominion. Delegates declared that Mr. Flavelle's attitude, was one of definese to the workers in Amsterdam, via London, June 1 .---A submarine collision of a British submarine and a German U-boat is reported by The Rheinische Westfalische Zeitung, of Essen, which describes the incident as unprecedented. The declared that Mr. Flavelie's attitude ; was one of defiance to the workers in their efforts to obtain redress, trying to make it appear that he was fair, and actuated by patriotic motives. His attitude, declared many speak-ers, was destroying national union. Committees Appointed. "The whole question was referred to concel committee to bring in a repaper states that the collision took place "in the channel," on April 19, and declares that a German U-boat,

submarine, that the British boat emergod, bringing up the German sub-

erged, bringing up the German sub-marine lying across the bow of the British vessel. The German slid off taken immediately. The committee is British vessel, The German shat the taken immediately. The committee is composed of the executive council of the congress, President J. C. Watters, Secretary P. M. Draper, and Vice-Presidents J. Simpson, R. Rigg, and Messre, T. Moore, J. H. Kennedy and J. McClelland.

The paper asserts that both sub-marines were anxious to fight, but that it was impossible under the cir-(Concluded on Page 2, Column 3.)

Labor Unions in Session at Ottawa Declare Imperial Munition Board is Gross-ly Unfair to Labor and Call for Dismissal of J. W. Flavelle. Ottawa, June 1.—Intimation that the organized workers are about "sick and



Hired Detectives to Wrest Little Daughter From Him in Toronto.

LIKE MAGAZINE STORY

Western Newspaperman and His Wife Trailing Each Other in Autos.

<text><text><text> workers. "Many of the international repre-sentatives favored demanding of the government the dismissal of Chair-man blavelle and a reorganization of

Sir Richard McBride Will **Return to British Columbia** 

London, June 1 .- Sir Richard Mc-Bride, who resigned as agent-general

via London, June 1.—The conditions as to food supplies in Germany may be encientized from the foot that it to

day. It reads:

conjectured from the fact that it is quarter ounces daily. Rice has been now definitely settled that the best fed eliminated entirely, being replaced by



The secret session was voted by a

and Christy hats from London, and Dunlap, the American hat. Lightweight soft felts for summer wear, and silk hats for June weddings. Dineen's.



