

ONE HUNDRED POUND RAILS AND STEEL TIES.—Simultaneously with the announcement that the entire equipment of Drawing-Room, Sleeping, Dining and Buffet Cars and Passenger Coaches, at present in use on the New York Central and Hudson River Railroad, is to be replaced by brand new cars of improved construction, comes the notification that the road has adopted as its standard 100 pound steel rails, the heaviest ever made, and steel cross ties. These are now being laid on the section between Grand Central Station and 138th Street, and will in time be extended over the entire line.

EVERY testimonial regarding Hood's Sarsaparilla is an honest, unpurchased statement of what this medicine has actually done.

A MISSISSIPPI inventor has devised a hand support for pen-holders consisting of a spring or yielding arm connected with the holder about one-third from the lower end, and extending downward. The foot of this device has a ball bearing, and it is expected that the apparatus will do away with much of that tired feeling which so frequently attacks knights of the quill.

"TIRED ALL THE TIME," is the complaint of many poor mortals, who know not where to find relief. Hood's Sarsaparilla possesses just those elements of strength which you so earnestly crave; it will build you up, give you an appetite, strengthen your stomach and nerves. Try it.

Hood's Pills act especially upon the liver, rousing it from torpidity to its natural duties, cure constipation and assist digestion.

THE STOMACH OF MAN is subject to a dozen such common but painful affections as cramps, cholera morbus, cholera, diarrhoea, and dysentery, and by neglect any of them may be made chronic and dangerous. All are more or less painful; and the best, handiest, surest and quickest remedy is PERRY DAVIS' PAIN KILLER, a medicine which has been tried in all quarters of the world for more than a quarter of a century and never failed to give relief. It is sold by all reputable druggists. Large bottles new size 25c. each.

THE original patent for the electrical telephone was granted to Alexander Graham Bell, of Salem, Mass., on March 7, 1876, for the term of seventeen years. The patent expires March 7, 1893. On that day it will become free to the public, and thereafter all persons will be at liberty to set up shops, manufacture the instruments described in the patent, and make use of the invention.

"German Syrup"

Here is an incident from the South—Mississippi, written in April, 1890, just after the Grippe had visited that country. "I am a farmer, one of those who have to rise early and work late. At the beginning of last Winter I was on a trip to the City of Vicksburg, Miss., where I got well drenched in a shower of rain. I went home and was soon after seized with a dry, hacking cough. This grew worse every day, until I had to seek relief. I consulted Dr. Dixon who has since died, and he told me to get a bottle of Boschee's German Syrup. Meantime my cough grew worse and worse and then the Grippe came along and I caught that also very severely. My condition then compelled me to do something. I got two bottles of German Syrup. I began using them, and before taking much of the second bottle, I was entirely clear of the Cough that had hung to me so long, the Grippe, and all its bad effects. I felt tip-top and have felt that way ever since." PETER J. BRIALS, Jr., Cayuga, Hines Co., Miss.

Minard's Liniment cures Distemper.

A MIDLAND MIRACLE.

NARRATIVE OF FACTS CONNECTED WITH THE CASE OF MRS. F. A. CHASE.

A Sufferer for Over Ten Years—Treated by the Best Doctors in the Place, Only to Grow Worse—The Particulars of Her Recovery as Investigated by a Reporter of the "News-Letter."

Orillia News-Letter.

What wonderful progress the closing half of the nineteenth century has witnessed! Men still young have witnessed discoveries and inventions, which, while they have fairly revolutionized the methods of human life, are taken almost as a matter of course. New and wonderful discoveries are made almost daily; we quickly adapt ourselves to the changed condition, and even wonder that the inventive genius of man had not long ago penetrated the secrets of nature, almost daily being brought to our aid. While in all directions great advances have been made, perhaps in none have the strides been greater than in the science of medicine. Old methods have entirely disappeared, the days of big nauseous doses, cupping and bleeding, have passed away, and diseases formerly held to be incurable now speedily yield to the treatment of advanced medical science. For more than a year past there have appeared in the columns of the *News-Letter*, from time to time, the particulars of cures that have been the wonder of all who were acquainted with the persons restored. Perhaps the case of Mr. John Marshall, of Hamilton, was more firmly fastened in the public mind, for the reason that he had been paid a total disability claim of \$1,000, only after having been pronounced incurable by a score or more of men, who are leaders in the medical profession. As publisher of the *Canadian Workman* the writer has a knowledge of the proceedings under which a disability claim is paid, and when it is understood that all such claims have to pass the scrutiny of an investigating committee, the Local Medical Examiner, the Grand Medical Examiner, the Finance Committee and the Grand Lodge Officers, it will be seen that in none but a genuine case of disability could a claim be paid. That the claim was paid Mr. Marshall under this stringent scrutiny was unimpeachable evidence of his total disability; that he was afterwards made a well man was due entirely to a treatment of Dr. Williams' Pink Pills—probably the most remarkable medical discovery of the age. This case was but the first of a series of cures equally remarkable, due to the same grand agency, each of which has been verified by the most trustworthy testimony. The *News-Letter*, in common with many others, has taken a deep interest in noting the testimony given in behalf of Dr. Williams' Pink Pills, hence when the cure of Mrs. F. A. Chase was reported from Midland recently, we decided to interview the lady and verify the truth of the report; with this end in view, Midland was visited, and Mrs. Chase found looking well and happy after long years of suffering, before she learned of the efficacy of Dr. Williams' Pink Pills. Mrs. Chase herself admitted the reporter, who found her a lady of superior intelligence, who, while not wishing for notoriety, was willing to give her candid testimony in favour of Pink Pills, for the benefit of other afflicted persons. To the reporter Mrs. Chase said that up to her sixteenth year, she had been a healthy girl, but at that period sickness overtook her, and for the ensuing ten years her life was one of almost constant misery. In January, 1891, she grew worse, and finally had to take to her bed and was reduced by suffering to the point of death. All the time she was under the treatment of leading doctors. After weary months Mrs. Chase longed for some change, and in October asked her doctor if he would consent to her taking a trip to her mother's, who lives near Port Hope. This was finally agreed to and on October 3 last she set out for that place. On the way, a lady, a stranger to her, noticing her weak condition strongly urged her to use Dr. Williams' Pink Pills, and again on her arrival at her destination her friends urged her to try this wonderful remedy. On October 10 she consented to give the Pink Pills a trial, and soon found such beneficial effects that it needed no persuasion to continue the treatment. In less than three months she was fully restored, and on January 15 returned to her home in Midland, where her friends were rejoiced and gratified at the wonderful change which Pink Pills had wrought in her health and appearance. Mrs. Chase has since continued to enjoy good health, and says that she cannot too highly praise Dr. Williams' Pink Pills, which have rescued her from debility after many years of almost hopelessness. Her husband also expresses his thankfulness and appreciation of Pink Pills, and the unlimited pleasure with which he received his wife on her return, looking so well and happy, which was as he truly described it, "like receiving one from the dead." He said that his wife's condition had been such that in going only a few yards she would be obliged to rest, or obtain help, and before her restoration she had been unequal to the slightest exertion.

While in Midland the writer called upon Dr. McCartney, druggist, who reports large sales of Dr. Williams' Pink Pills, with the most decided benefits to those using them. From many of our exchanges we have noticed with interest the reports of the great benefit derived from the use of Dr. Williams' Pink Pills, and the case of Mrs. Chase goes to confirm the claim that they are a wonderful

discovery in the interests of humanity, restoring vitality to the broken down system. Considering that Mrs. Chase had suffered ten years, and last October was looked upon as being at the point of death, there must be something of an almost miraculous virtue in the remedy which has raised her to her present condition of health, after she had spent hundreds of dollars in doctoring, and for other so called remedies, of various kinds. In fact Dr. Williams' Pink Pills are recognized as one of the greatest modern medicines—a perfect blood builder and nerve restorer—curing such diseases as rheumatism, neuralgia, partial paralysis, locomotor ataxia, St. Vitus dance, nervous headache, nervous prostration and the tired feeling resulting therefrom, diseases depending upon humors in the blood, such as scrofula, chronic erysipelas, the after effects of lagrippe, etc. Pink Pills restore pale and sallow complexions to the glow of health, and are a specific for all the troubles peculiar to the female sex, while in the case of men they effect a radical cure in all cases arising from mental worry, overwork or excesses of whatever nature.

These Pills are manufactured by the Dr. Williams' Medicine Company, Brockville, Ont., and Schenectady, N. Y., and are sold only in boxes bearing our trade mark and wrapper, at 50 cents a box, or six boxes for \$2.50. Bear in mind that Dr. Williams' Pink Pills are never sold in bulk, or by the dozen or hundred, and any dealer who offers substitutes in this form is trying to defraud you and should be avoided. Dr. Williams' Pink Pills may be had of all druggists or direct by mail from Dr. Williams' Medicine Company from either address. The price at which these pills are sold make a course of treatment comparatively inexpensive as compared with other remedies or medical treatment.

FROM *Science*, we learn that a cuneiform tablet has been found at Tel Hesi, the ancient Lachish, by Mr. J. F. Bliss, who is excavating for the Palestine Exploration Fund. According to Professor A. H. Sayce, of Oxford, it contains the name of the same officer who is mentioned on tablets from Lachish, found some years since at El Amarna in Egypt.

SOUND travels by waves, radiating from a central point of disturbance, just as waves radiate when a stone is thrown into still water. So far as the hearing of each individual is concerned, these waves move in a direct line from the cause of the disturbance to the ear. This being the case, the impact is greatest in the ear nearest the sound. Now, a person who has totally lost the hearing of one ear cannot locate the direction of a noise to save his life, even when the centre of disturbance is quite near. Blind persons learn to estimate distance in a surprising brief period after losing their sight, but experts on diseases of the ear say that persons wholly deaf in one ear can never learn the direction from which a sound comes.—*Philadelphia Press*.

MESSRS. C. C. RICHARDS & CO.

Gents.—I have used your MINARD'S LINIMENT successfully in a serious case of croup in my family. In fact I consider it a remedy no home should be without. Cape Island. J. F. CUNNINGHAM.

SO SAY ALL.—That MINARD'S LINIMENT is the standard liniment of the day, as it does just what it is represented to do.

WARDEN KING AND SON,

MANUFACTURERS OF THE "DAISY" HEATER AND STABLE FITTINGS.

THE Spence Daisy Hot Water Heater is a world-beater, leading heating experts having conceded that, for rapid and perfect circulation combined with economy of fuel, it has no equal in the market. It is portable, easily set up, has few parts and is of the simplest possible construction. The fire pot is constructed upon principles which after exhaustive experiments have been proved to be the most effective for hot water heating. No fire-brick or other non-conductor is used as a lining, and the fire-pot being constantly full of water, absorbs the heat direct from the fire in the most effective manner. Messrs. Warden King and Son claim that the system of heating houses by the circulation of hot water has proved itself infinitely superior to that of heating by hot air or by steam, and that the "Daisy," though not the lowest priced heater in the market, is by all odds the cheapest and most efficient, combining simplicity, durability, economy of fuel and the maximum of heating capacity with family comfort and health. They are showing eleven sizes of the "Daisy." Although the name of Warden King and Son is inseparably connected

with hot water heaters and the "Daisy" has become almost a household word, the firm by no means confine their attention to the one line. They are very extensive manufacturers of wrought and cast iron stable fittings. Adjoining their display of heaters they have fitted up a couple of stalls showing their improved partitions, mangers, hay racks, feed boxes, stall guards, locks, posts, bell trap and cess pools, gutters, grates, ventilators, brackets and other requisites for a first-class stable. Fittings for either the ordinary full-sized stall or box stalls are made and kept constantly in stock. All of these goods are of superior workmanship, and are either japanned or painted in fancy colours before leaving the works. Mr. James King, the junior member of the firm, is giving this department his special attention, and he seems to have caught the idea of just what is wanted by horsemen and others who desire a neatly-fitted up, useful stable. Have a look at their exhibit for yourself or send for illustrated catalogue and price-list to their Craig Street foundry, Montreal. Warden King and Son have agencies at Toronto, Winnipeg and British Columbia, and the fact that their already enormous business is constantly increasing speaks volumes for the high quality of the articles they manufacture.—*From Toronto Globe's account of the Provincial Exhibit at Montreal.*



Mr. R. J. Brundage

No Wonder

People Speak Well of HOOD'S. "For a long time I was troubled with weak stomach, indigestion and dyspepsia. I began taking Hood's Sarsaparilla and have not felt so well all over for years. My food seldom troubles me now. My sister also took Hood's Sarsaparilla with very pleasing results. I don't wonder people speak well of Hood's Sarsaparilla. Don't see how they can help it." R. J. BRUNDAGE, Norwalk, Ct. N. B. Be sure to get Hood's Sarsaparilla.

HOOD'S PILLS act easily, yet promptly and efficiently on the liver and bowels.

AN important improvement in the fitting of derrick cranes was recently tried in London before a number of engineers. The appliance is very simple and is confined to the head of the jib, the chain-pulley of which has a ratchet-wheel attached on each side of it, into which a pair of pawls become engaged immediately the jib chain breaks or fails. In the tests, when the jib chain was let go or cut, the ratchet was brought into action, and the heavy block of stone suspended at the end of the hoisting chain was instantly stopped in its descent, and with it, of course, the jib. The brake or catch acts equally the same with a heavy or light load.

THE precious metal has been employed both externally and internally in the metallic state in solution and by sympathy for a great variety of the ills that flesh is heir to, for over 2,000 years. The distinguished Dutch physician and chemist, Hermann Boerhaave, writing about 1725, said: "The alchemists will have this metal contain I know not what radical balm of life capable of restoring health and continuing it to the longest period. What led the early physicians to imagine such wonderful virtue in gold was that they perceived certain qualities therein which they fancied must be conveyed thereby into the body; gold, for instance, is not capable of being destroyed, hence they concluded it must be very proper to preserve animal substances and save them from putrefaction."—*Popular Science Monthly*.