arrranged with ferns, plants and flowers. The table and decorations were under the superintendance of John Parkins, the admiral's steward. The following menu list was printed in gold:

Printaniere a la Royale.
Filetz de Saumoa.
Queaelles de Volaille en aspic.
Cotelettes d'agneau au Concombre.
Dindon roti.
Langue de Boeuf.
Filets Boeuf braises.
Jambon braise.
Vin de Champagne.
Pondin Ratafia.
Gelec Marasquino.
Anchois aux Olives.
Creme Glace aux Fraises.

Eau d'ananas Glace.

The following programms of music was glayed by the band of H. M. S. Blake:

Overture—Esmeralda - - - Herman
Serenade—La Paloma - - - Yendier

Valse—Torendor - - - - Hoyte
Selection—I'l Trovatore - - - Verdi
Intermezzo—Cavalleria Rusticana

Valse-Sultana - - - Bucalossi
Morceau—des Mandolines - Desormes
God Save the Queen.

## NEWS OF THE PARENT SERVICE.

The Government of India have agreed to the proposal by the Government of Victoria to depute two or three Field Artillery officers of the Colonial force to India during the coid season of each yeas for insturction with field bateries, and the Victorian Government have been informed that, so far as next cold season is concerned, arrangements can be made to attach these officers to field bateries at Meerut and Lucknow, and to enable them to attend an Artillery practice camp, which will be held at Gurgaon, near Delhi, on December next.

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It is now hoped by the experts that the difficulty which threatens to be fatal to our new army explosive, cordite, may be circumvented by a change in the manner of toading the eartridges. If they can be so loaded as to secure a less rapid expanison of the gases generated, there is a chance that the corrosion, which proves so rapidly ruinous to the rifle barrel, may be obviated. Experiments will show whether this is the case or not.

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A very interesting experiment was carried out the other day at Lydd with a view of finding out the probitities of hiting fast torpedo boats with quick-firing guns. A model torpedo boat, 55 feet long and 3 feet wide, was constructed of wood in such a manner as to fit on a long railway truck, the later being drawn by a locomotive with a long steel wire rope working throughh a snatch block so that the boat would travel at double the rate of the locomotive, and in this way a speed of over 25 knots per hour

was readily attained on the Government wilway at Lydd. There were four runs, the speed varying from 14 to 25 knots, and the ranges from 2,000 to 1,000 yards. In all 60 rounds were fired with cordite charges from the 6 pr., O F. guns, and four hits obtained with common shell, any one of whiceh would probably here placed a real torpedo boat hors-de-combat. The conditions for the gun (only one used) were decidely unfavourable, and the general impression was that over water the result would have been much greater. The runs took from 1 minute 40 seconds to 3 minutes, in the former 12 rounds were fired, and in the latter 19 rounds.

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The study of Russian language, which n few years ago was almost unknown in the Britishh Army, has received a great impetus during the past five or six years, for besifdes a large number of oficers who have been noted as passed, no fewer than 78 have qualified as interpreters. Of this number fifty belong to the Indian Staff Corps, other officers of the same branch being nearly always under going study in Russian, for which great facilities are granted Considering the influence of Russia in the East the study of the language with a view to counter action is a step in the righht direction.

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A committee has been formed for the purpose of creeting a memorial to Major-General. Sir John Inglis, K.C.B., who commanded the garrison that defended Lucknow during the Indian Mutiny of 1857. The committee consists of oficers of the old garrison—"Defence of Lucknow"—but they will be much obliged if any officers connected with the Relieving Forces—who wish to cooperate with them—will communicate with the Hon. Secretary, at 28, Connaught Square, Hyde Park, W.

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It is reported from Malta that when the Camperdown's collision compartacmments were opened up one link of the Victoria's cable was found inside, the only remaining vestige of thhe illfated ship. At thhe time of collision the Camperdown's doors forward of the store-room were open, thus accounting for the large body of water, estimated at 700 tons, that entered the ship.

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A correspondent with the "B" fleet under Regr-Admiral E. H. Seymour, furnishes come further particulars of the circumstances under which a mistaken signal was made by the Anson whilst the squafron was in the vicinity of Falmouth. The case is particularly worthy of notice in view of the Victoria disaster; indeed, considering what a short time has clapsed since that terrible accident occurred it is remarkable that a somewhhat similar blunder should have been again

nerely committed. It appears that the squadron composed of eight ships, was formed in two divisions only three cables apart, when Rear-Admiral Seymour made a signal to alter course sixteen points, the leaders being directed to turn together to starboard, and the remaining ships to follow motions in succession. It was originally reported ted in several papers that this signal was a repetition of Sir George Tryon's attempted manoeuvre, but this statement was inaccurate. At the same time, Admiral Seymour's signal must have resulted in a collision if it had not been promply cancelled, as with the two columns only three cables apart, there was obviously no room for the leading ship of the port division to turn inwards. The special correspondent of the Times does not explain whether the blunder was due to the Admiral or to the signal staff.

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The Harpy, puddle vessel recently purchased from the Admiralty by the War-office, for the purpose of carrying out experimental trials with the pneumatic gun, is to be repaired, and fitted with additional mooring appliances by the employes at Devonport Dockyard. The work is to be taken in hand at once and completed by the middle of August at a cost of about \$3000, which the War-office will defray. Lt-Gen. R. Grunt, C. B. R. E. Inspector-General of Fortificatinos, with a committee of Ordnance officers, will conduct the trials.

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Lady Wallis, widow of the late Admiral of the Fleet, has sent a cheque for £250 to 'the Royal Sailors' Home at Portsmouth for the endowment of two more cobins. One will be named "Shannon, 1813," and the other "Wallis, 1893." Fleet-Surgeon A. T. Corrie and some of his friends have also endowed a cabin, to be named "Pearl, 1873-77".

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There is now every probability that pensioners from the Royal Navy will be allowed to join the Army Vet.'s Association. This will of course necessitate a change in the title of the society, and possibly the United Service Veterans' Association will be chosen. The proposed alteration of the basis of the association, if carried, appears to be a wise one, as both services are inseparably linked together, while the strength of the association will be largely increased. A meeting of the veterans will shortly take place at the Buckley Military Hall, when the proposals will be laid before those interested.

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There will be no large cavalry camp held this year in India, it having been decided to give cavalry regiments—a rest. A small camp for four regiments only will be held at Nowshera.