
MISCELLANEOUS.

W. F. Howard & Co. have moved into more commodious quarters in the same block in which they have for many years carried on their extensive business as Druggists. The entrance to their present store being the first door on Bannantyne Avenue, a few feet from Main St. No doubt the increased accommodation producing increased business, will compensate Mr. Howard for this inconvenience of moving, necessitated by the C. P. R. requiring the entrance on Main street to their new offices. The energy of this gentleman was demonstrated on the celerity of the change, the old store was in full blast up to closing time at night and the present store was open and ready for business at the usual time on the following morning.

The Winnipeg Rubber Company keep a large assortment of surgical gloves on hand they also have in stock every article used by physicians and surgeons that is manufactured in rubber. Call at the store, near bank of Montreal, and see the gloves and finger cots. No surgeon or accoucheur should be without them.

THE CARE OF SCHOOL ROOMS.

The Michigan State Board of Health respectfully recommends to all school boards and other officers and persons having in charge assembly rooms, that they cause to be observed the following methods of care, in the interest of public health.

That the regular care of school rooms includes sprinkling the floor before sweeping, the subsequent dusting of desks or wiping them with a clean damp cloth, and the airing of the room before its use.

That interchange of books be allowed only under such conditions as render the transmission of disease impossible. That the use of slates be discontinued.

That persons known to be affected with tuberculosis of the lungs, or who persistently

cough and expectorate, be denied the privileges of such rooms, either as teacher or pupil. That all spitting upon the floor by any person be strictly forbidden, and that proper conveniences for receiving sputa be supplied.

That, at least once a year, the room and contents be thoroughly disinfected, the wood-work and floor washed with an antiseptic solution, the walls whitewashed, and the plumbing and ventilating inspected." *Texas Medical News*, September, 1898.

Experiments of an interesting nature have recently been made at the instigation of the Prussian War Office to endeavor to decide the question as to whether the consumption of small quantities of sugar renders the tired muscles capable of renewed exertion. In order to obtain a practical result the person who was made the subject of the experiment was kept totally ignorant of the object of the experimenters. On one day a sweet liquid was administered, containing 30 grammes of sugar; on the next day a similar liquid, containing a sufficient amount of saccharine to render it indistinguishable from the other as regarded taste. After a very large amount of muscular work had been performed, it was found that better results could be obtained on the days when the sugar was given than on the days when the saccharine was given. The blood had become very poor in sugar in consequence of the severe muscular effort, and the administration of a comparatively small quantity of it.

TREATMENT OF COUGH IN PHTHISIS.

The following prescription is given by the *Journal de Médecine de Paris*:—

R Fluid extract of *hydrastis canadensis*,
Fluid extract of ergot,
Of each 6 drachms.

Four or five times a day, after food, administer thirty or forty drops of this solution in a little water.

It is asserted that *hydrastis canadensis* promptly checks the cough, and that the muco-purulent expectoration is markedly diminished.