contains the natural history, the descriptions of the Lepidoptera occupying pages 238 to 255 inclusive. The following are the references:

Colias Boothii (Curtis), p. 238.

"Chione (Curtis), p. 239.

Hipparchia Rossii (Curtis), p. 241.

"subhyalina (Curtis), p. 242.

Melitæa Tarquinius (Curtis), p. 243.

Polyommatus Franklinii (Curtis), p. 245.

Laria Rossii (Curtis), p. 247.

Eyprepia Hyperboreus (Curtis), p. 249.

Hadena Richardsoni (Curtis), p. 250.

Psychophora Sabini (Kirby), p. 251.

Oporabia Punctipes (Curtis), p. 252.

Orthotænia Bentleyana (Don), p. 253.

"Septentrionana (Curtis), p. 254.

Argyrotosa (?) Parryana (Curtis), p. 254.

I have identified the moth Laria Rossii from specimens taken by Mr. Mann on Mount Washington, N. H.

DESCRIPTION OF A NEW SPECIES OF ANTHOCHARIS.

BY W. H. EDWARDS, COALBURGH, WEST VA.

Anthocharis Pima.

MALE-Expands 1.75 inch.

Upper side yellow; the bases of wings dusted black; primaries have the basal half of costa white, crossed by dark brown streaks; the apex also edged white on both margins, and next this is a series of five large, elongated, dark brown spots, almost confluent, filling the interspaces to second medium nervule, each sending a narrow projection to the margin; on the arc a black rectangular bar, the area between this and the apical spots and costal edge orange; fringes whitish; a few blackish hairs at the end of each nervule on secondaries.

Under side of primaries yellow; the apical area greenish, dusted with black scales; the orange repeated paler and diffused over cell and second median interspace; the bar on arc repeated.

Secondaries pale yellow, largely covered by patches of light yellowgreen, confluent, forming irregular and connected transverse bands from hind margin to base.