

"Almost all we see, reminds us of "Auld-Lang-Syne" in farming, such as we were wont to look upon forty years ago, when the old Cary plough used to kick our shins, in Connecticut. The plough in most common use here, is the "Canadian Scotch Plough;" and any argument endeavoring to convince these people that there is a better kind, or even any kind at all, equal to this, is argument thrown away. There are a good many other improvements in agricultural implements and machinery, that are a sealed book to the Canadian farmers generally, and I fear will continue to be so, during the age of the present non-reading generation."

This paragraph we consider to be very objectionable. Mr. Solon Robinson is mistaken if he supposes that improved agricultural implements are "as a sealed book to the Canadians, generally." We have seen as good selections of field agricultural implements in both Upper and Lower Canada, as are to be found in North America, and not one article of them have been imported from the United States. There are several manufactories of agricultural implements of most excellent description, in Canada, and we have seen agricultural implements of Canadian manufacture at the Niagara Exhibition, last September, in fair competition with those of the United States, and we take upon us to say, that the Canadian implements were by no means inferior to those of the State of New York, but, on the contrary, many of them were much superior. Our ploughs, seed and drill harrows, grubbers, wheat drills, (imported from England) turnip drills, do., clod-crushers, and many other field implements, are not equaled by any we have ever had an opportunity of seeing on this continent, unless they were imported from Britain. We do not say all our farmers have these, but we say, that good implements are not as a sealed book to them, but that they can see them, and purchase them if they have the means to do so, and all of Canadian or English manufacture.

The following Prospectus of a Work about to be published in England has been sent to us, and we are confident it will be an interesting volume.

"Prospectus of an important work preparing for immediate Publication, by Subscription, in one thick octavo volume, price 15s., on the *Raw and Manufactured Products of the Vegetable Kingdom*, forming staples of commerce considered in their various uses to man, as furnishing food, clothing, medicine, &c., and in their relation to the arts and manufactures; forming a practical treatise and hand book of reference for the colonist, manufacturer and merchant, on the cultivation and preparation for shipment, &c., of the various substances obtained from trees and plants, entering into the husbandry of tropical and sub-tropical regions, by P. L. Simmonds, Honorary and Corresponding Member of the Royal Agricultural and Commercial Societies of Jamaica, British Guiana, Antigua, Barbadoes, Konigsberg, Natal, the New York State Society, the Societies for Promoting agriculture in Philadelphia and New Orleans; one of the Editors of Johnson's '*Farmer's Encyclopedia*;' many years Editor of the '*Colonial Magazine*,' &c., &c."

"The band of Commerce was design'd
To associate all the branches of mankind;
And if a boundless plenty be the robe,
Trade is the golden girdle of the globe:
Wise to promote whatever end He means,
God open fruitful Nature's various scenes,
Each climate needs what other climes produce,
And offers something to the general use;
No land but listens to the common call,
And in return receives supply from all.

COWPER.

We give insertion to the communication of "Anglicus Farmus" on the subject of Model Farms, and the state of agriculture at Beauport, and Charlesbourg below Quebec. The state of agriculture at these places we know very little of, but we imagined it to be much better than our correspondent represents it to be. No one can be more in favor of the establishment of Model Farms than we are, provided they would be what they ought to be. Our correspondent is probably not aware that the Seminary at Quebec have resolved to establish a Model Farm and Agricultural School at St. Joachim, about 30 miles, we believe, below Quebec, on the north side of the river, and we should be sorry that an establishment of the same description, would be in the same neighborhood, if it would interfere with them in any way. If it was not that we have received notice of the intention of the Se-