REVIZED SPELING AND THE DICTIONARIES.

Dictionaries ar authority not only on definision, but on pronunciation and spel-In these days of sp. ref'm agitation it is interesting and instructiv to no what three latest American dict's hav to say.

The first to speak out clearly was the Century. In its preface (1889) it says:

"The language strugls toard more consistent and fonetic speling, and it is proper, in disputed and doutful cases, to cast dictionary influence in favor of this movement; both by its own uzage in the text and at hed of articls by the order of forms, or selection of the form under which the word shal be treated."

At end of genral vocabulary in Century vol. 6 (1891) is a "List of Amended Spelings recomended by Filologic Societies." Prefaced to this list of 3500 amended words we find this by the editer [which embodies statements that readers wil caracterize as not haf-harted or hesitating]:

Objections bro't on etymologic, literary and other grounds against corection of English speling ar unthinking expresions of ignorance and prejudice. All English etymologists favor corection of English speling on both etymologic and higher ground of great service it wil render na-tional education and international intercours. No competent scolar has come or cud come to a difrent conclusion, and it may be confidently predicted that future English dictionaries wil be able to recognize to the ful, as this dictionary is able in its own uzage to recognize in part, the English vocabulary's right to be rightly speld.

"The reformd orthografy of the presnt, made with sientific intent and regard for historic and fonetic truth [Platform, plank 7], is more worthy notice, if a dictionary cud discriminate as to worthines between two sets of facts, than the ofntimes capricios and ignorant orthografy of the past."

The second dictionary to speak out was the Standard (1890). Its preface says:

"In eforts to simplify speling this dictionary is conservativ, yet agressivly positiv along lines of reform agreed on almost unanimosly by leading filologists of U. S. and England. Whenever found the street of th practicabl an advanced step has been taken to-

ref'm to about 3500 words—principls adopted by Filologic society of Eng. To these reformd spel-

ings vocabulary space is givn in the Standard.
"In recording new wordforms the editers hav intruded no new theories of their own, but give only just recognition to forms recomended by many, ofn uzed by some, eminent filologists, in nearly all instances indorst by one or more great filologic societies. . . . If authority of a single author justify a lexicografer in recording a word or wordform, their authority cannot be ignored."

[It is thus that the Standard not only "goes and does it" by "giving vocabulary space to reformd spelings" in evry page side by side with other wordforms, but it thus "argues the point" in advance with its readers, giving reasons and grounds to justify its cours in giving such amended wordforms ful place—its "advanced step' -insted of haf shelving them in an Apendix.]

dict'y (1890), preceding the genral vocabulary, this same list of 3500 amended words is printed. The editer says:

"The foloing list of amended spelings [3500]... with rules by which they ar indicated, is here inserted as the best result yet at aind of eforts to reform speling in large clases of words. Changes suggested ar to simplify speling, remove redundancies, more plainly indicate pronuncia'n, and ar recomended by filologic scolars."

It is evident that three latest American dictionaries hartily suport sp. ref'm, and giv authority to 3500 amended spelings of filologic asoc'ns—one by incorporation in the genral vocabulary, the other two print the list and call atention to great weight of scolarship behind it.—O.C.BLACKMER in Chicago Record-Herald.

SPRED THE LANGUAGE.

The soldier has had his day in the Philipins. The scoolmaster is to hav his, The Philipin Comision yields to Filipinos and permits Spanish as oficial language of the courts for five years. It wil be two generations at least before the mas of peopl aquire English: in five years lerned law-

yers shud be able to uze it.

Needles to explain how much wud be saved of time, labor, wear and tear of nerv in teaching Filipino children wer English speld as pronounced, remove this obstacl to lerning our rith language, that our beutiful uplifting primers, books of story, nature study, travel and elementary sience, shud come to them easily, and we shud more rapidly and efectualy bring them in tuch with progressiv ideas and civiliza'n. Misionaries no the teribl clog that English speling is to their eforts to cristianize and civilize. Here ar eight milion peopl redy for our language. In God's name shal we improve the oportunity? Let them lern our noble language in speling freed from defects that make scool and reading sore trials to our own children and retard progres of foreners in our midst.

How cud we look the world in the face in view of our protestations of charity and humanity for them if we force on them our antiquated speling, born of caprice and ignorance, a burdn to our children and ourselvs, insted of a simpl and logical system constructed acording to best judgment and experience of foremost scolars. Editorial (condenst) in *Intelligence*, a Chicago semi-monthly J(o)urnal of Education.

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In late editions of Webster's Internat'l of Annual of New Speling (postpaid, ten cents). For fuler explanation and Platform see cover