The North West Rebellion.

OTTAWA, April 14.—In the House of Commons this afternoon, Sir Leonard Tilley presented a message from the governor-general asking for a grant of $700,000 towards defraying the expenses connected with the military operations in the North-West.

TORONTO, April 16.—The *Mail's* Humbolt special says: We have seen nothing of Reil's scouts, but half-breeds, supposed to be spies, have met us. Capt. French questioned them closely but these said they were loyal, and on being released set off towards the south. General Middleton is in constant communication with Battleford, but there has been nothing from Prince Albert for two days. Reil's force is now estimated at 1,600 half-breeds and Indians. Rain has been falling for ten hours and the trail is a mass of deep mud. The men are cheerful, but tired out. Many are suffering from severe colds and rheumatism. Col. Irvine knows all about our advance. Messengers have been sent to him via the Carrot River. He has been instructed to move upon the rebel rear, but only provided he can leave Prince Albert without risk to the women and children. The whole region north has been stripped by the rebels. It is believed that when our force makes Batoches Reil will retreat towards Battleford, firing the country behind him. The Indians have gone from Battleford towards Fort Pitt. It is believed that they have plundered and burned all the small settlements between Pitt and Victoria, 129 miles from Pitt. There were eight or nine hundred settlers there. Poundmaker is near his reserve. Fears are entertained of an alliance between him and Crowfoot, the Blackfoot chief, when Gen. Strange's column moves from Calgary.

TORONTO, April 16.—The *Mail* says: Of course it must be obvious that men do not take up arms and fight and kill and be hanged and shot, like Reil and his followers, without at least a conviction that they have grievances. These grievances will have to be heard some day and the sooner the better. An unreasoning cry for blood and revenge would be a misfortune. The expedition is probably costing $40,000 per day, and already in all probability some $800,000 has been spent. That is a very serious matter and one that will make the average taxpaying citizens by no means anxious to continue the contest if any reasonable way out of the confusion and into a state of peace offers itself. Fighting for the mere sake of fighting or for revenge is a poor business, and our people will be pleased with a bloodless if successful campaign. The idea that Riel will run away as on a former occasion is not one on which a military police can be framed. If he is forced to fight he will guide the deliberations of those who will have charge of the negotiations. Gen. Middleton no doubt has large powers, and is continually in communication with the authorities at Ottawa.

A despatch received here on the 17th, by the Hudson Bay authorities from Calgary, via Edmonton, pronounced the report regarding the massacre of Frog Lake as false. This seems to confirm the idea entertained all along by Archbishop Tache that he doubted the reliability of the report of the atrocity. The above report, however, still requires confirmation.

TORONTO, April 18th.—The *Mail's* special from Clark's Crossing says: Riel is fifty miles north-west of us, and all accounts agree that some of his men are deserting him, but sufficient force remains to make a stand. The insurgents are reported as desirous of making a treaty, but General Middleton will not listen to such proposals. A scout from Battleford has reached General Middleton here and reported no immediate danger. The Indians have raided South Battleford, stolen all the stores and goods they wanted and burned a number of buildings. It is regarded as highly desirable that Fort Hill be relieved as speedily as possible. So far as can be seen now there is reason to believe that the Indians, not the half breeds, will give the most serious trouble to all the expeditions. The latter are reported as having used all the food they have stolen and are now living on their own beef. The boat has not yet left Swift Current. The river is rising, but is still considered too low, especially at Moose Woods. Gen. Middleton naturally does not tell his plan of attack on Riel, since the latter gains information with wonderous facility. But the general will risk his men as little as possible, and trust largely to the artillery to punish the rebels. The main settlement of the half-breeds and the fortified church are within good range of the nine-pounders from the west side. Riel's rifle pits are not formidable, and he has not any artillery. This is the latest report. To-morrow it may be said he has guns. The troops keep wonderfully well and are continuing the best marching on record, under the circumstances.

CLARK'S CROSSING, N. W. T., April 18.—Riel's three scouts have just (1.50 p. m.) been brought into camp by Boulton's scouts. They are Indians belonging to White Cap's band of Sioux. They were taken before General Middleton. There was great excitement on their arrival in the camp.

JACK FISH BAY, April 18.—The Halifax battalion arrived here at four o'clock this morning after a terrible march from Port Monroe to McKellar's Harbor, across the ice, a distance of 20 miles, thence by open flat cars to this place. We accomplished the march in about seven hours, which, considering the sluggish nature of the ground, was remarkable. The men, wet and cold, had to make the best of it on the flat cars during the coldest hours of the night, and to add to our misery some of the baggage was left behind, and some had no change till it arrived. However, we had a good and splendid breakfast and a rest here all day, starting to-morrow morning at 5 in sleighs on Winston Dock, to there take the railway for fifty miles, where we reach another gap and more marching. The boys stand the fatigue well, the men, one would least suspect, showing up the worst. We are a hard looking crew now, and the officers are faring no better than the men. The irregular and scant amount of sleep, grub and washing, together with the exposure to the blinding sun by day and cold by night, makes us feel and look queer. We are pushing on with all possible speed, as the lakes are expected to break any time and our march would be increased considerable. This is a rather hard place, the headquarters for two Contractors Ross or Grant, two Truro men and their gangs for this section. The missing baggage has just arrived, and the men are having a general cleaning up. By the morning they will be ready for anything.

WINNIPEG, April 19.—The rebels are said to be strongly entrenched at Batoche's Crossing. Rumors are afloat which cause great uneasiness—that General Middleton has instructions from Ottawa to open negotiations with the rebels. Should this occur no secret is made of it that the volunteers will hold General Middleton to account for the surrender in the face of the enemy. The hope, however, is still held out that the general is not hampered from Ottawa, and that just retribution will at once be visited upon the ringleaders of the rebellion now that they are within the power of the authorities.

There was no news of importance in yesterday's despatches. The telegraphic service was interrupted and only one or two short messages were transmitted.

WHEN ALL ELSE FAILED.—Mrs. E. Mitchell says: "She has great pleasure in testifying to the beneficial effects derived from EGAR'S CREAM or Phospholeine in CHRONIC BRONCHITIS and GENERAL DEBILITY. She thinks that it will prove a great boon to anyone so afflicted."

—Profitable investment. One dollar's worth of *Sheridan's Canary Condition Powders* fed to a coop of thirty hens will yield a profit of three dollars, besides preventing all manner of diseases. Be sure to get Sheridan's. The *large* 25 cts. packs of other makes are worthless.

—The soldiers on active duty at the North West, will have their mail matter carried to destination free of postage.

—A life saved for thirty-five cents! A lady in Boston had Diphtheria and was almost dead from strangulation, but was instantly relieved and finally cured by *Johnson's Anodyne Liniment*. Every family should have a bottle ready for instant use.

Correspondence.

We do not hold ourselves responsible for the opinions of our correspondents.

MR. EDITOR,—

It is sometime since I have written for the MONITOR. The fact is that, until now, there has been nothing interesting to write about. We have had for a week or two some excitement in military, or rather *militatary* matters. It appears that a certain Colonel of militia here tendered the services of himself and regiment to the Government for the suppression of Louis Reil. He did so without authority from the other officers or men composing his command, and there is a great deal of hard feeling in consequence. It is said that the aforementioned Colonel has, for some time, been looking for an appointment under the Dominion Government, and in fact expects the said Government to create an office for him, an office that would be perfectly useless to the community, and would probably benefit the pocket of the appointee only. Having nothing to do, and no income, the pay of a Colonel on active service would be very acceptable. Whether he would fight or run of course remains to be proved, but I know that some of the men in the regiment think there is too much gas about him. It is said that one day last week he was passing the Queen's wharf and the sentry on guard did not salute him, at which he was so annoyed that he complained to the sergeant of the guard and had the man *arrested*. It is the duty of the soldiers of the regular army to salute militia officers when in uniform, but it was snobbish and mean to complain of the man's conduct and have him arrested and punished. It was about impossible for some of our militiamen to leave home at the time, and they therefore refused to go, and found substitutes. Some of those men are now accused of cowardice by a few of their young fools who had to go. One of our best medical men, who has a delicate wife and large family and a practice worth, probably, $10,000 per annum, and some of whose patients are now in a very critical state, very sensibly and properly declined to leave the city to go out as surgeon to the regiment. This gentleman has been insulted by the reception of three envelopes each containing a white feather. The youngsters who sent them would probably faint at the mere sight of a Doctor's lancet.

The order to send the Halifax boys to the front was at one time countermanded and it was for a few days thought that they would not have to go after all. Many of them pretended to be awfully disappointed, at the same time they could hardly repress a grin of delight. They breathed much more freely and slept more soundly than they had done for a week. The more sensible among them, among whom are some tough, hardy young fellows who would go into a fight unconcernedly as they would to their dinners, took the matter indifferently, with a sort of don't care-a- Tinker's-cuss-whether-they-go-or-stay manner. Such men *only* could be relied on to meet the hardships and dangers of a western campaign.

Again the order came for the regiment to move forward, and accordingly on Saturday last, the 11th instant, they started amid the plaudits of assembled thousands. I fear, however, it will take them sometime to learn to scalp Indians and do it neatly.

It is reported that Colonel Ray, M. P., for Annapolis County, has volunteered his services. I have no doubt he would distinguish himself, as he is accustomed to operations in the field.

The business of the Legislature is progressing smoothly, and in all probability will be brought to a close in about a week. I hope that before the session closes the Government will be able to bring down their railway measures. They have had offers for consolidating the western system, but the parties who have sent in proposals are not yet prepared with details. If these can be matured within a few days, the Government, it is thought, will submit a scheme to the Legislature before the close of the present session, that will be acceptable to the majority of the members.

The snow and ice on our streets are nearly all dissolved from view, "gone from my gaze like a beautiful dream," and left mud, muck and manure. Our city authorities ought to have the Rockhead Brigade out to clean the streets.

The Provincial Government had sent some remarkably handsome specimens of gold bearing quartz to the Antwerp Exhibition, which must create considerable excitement among the people there, and stir up inquiry about the resources of the Province.

R.

Halifax, April 15th, 1885.

(To the Editor of the Monitor.)

SIR:

I think that I have heard, that it hath been said by them of olden time, that "history repeats itself." If this be so then we must be having a repeat. Just think of our noble youths, the "brave Volunteers" of Annapolis County, who once a year march up to Aldershot, and waltz around there a few days at the people's expense being so anxious for service, so thirsty for the blood of Injuns, that they will not even wait for a summons from their Lieut. Col., to prepare for battle, but they rush off almost without a moment's notice, by the first Steamer that goes by the way of the United States. No doubt it is because they are in a hurry to get there.

Now, Sir, is this not very like those noble Spartan youths, who were ready to do or die for their Country? And some of our mothers, like the mothers of old have told their boys that "self preservation is the first law of nature, and" you must get across the border or you may be ordered out" and they get. Noble defenders of thy Country. Are they worth what they have cost? Is it not an outrageous farce for the hard earned dollars of the people of Nova Scotia to be given to a pack of boobies who at the first cry of fire skip out and sing

"When the cruel war is over"
"Johnny comes marching home,"

But their mothers are left to defend the country. It might not be out of place for all the country traders to lay in a good stock of brooms:

That there are among the Volunteers some good men and true is a fact. Men of whom any County might be proud, but why waste money year after year drilling a lot of infants and cowards who are alike a disgrace to themselves, and their country.

N.

DEAR SIR

With your permission, I should like to shed some light on a matter which is largely of local importance. In the *Messenger and Visitor*, of Jan. 7th, 1885, appeared a note from the pen of "E. H. S." in which he makes the following statement: "At Brooklyn—where *Christian* baptism was never witnessed before—13 were buried with Christ in baptism," etc.; that statement does great injustice to the community named, it is calculated to make the impression upon persons unacquainted with the locality, that the people of Brooklyn, in moral and religious culture, have been lamentably behind the age—have only recently been christianized and led to accept and enjoy the institutions of the Christian religion. In justice to the news readers and the community concerned, which is one of the oldest, most wealthy, intelligent, and pious in the valley—we state, what can be established by living witnesses when we say, that the sentiment of Christian baptism was administered by immersion in the community over forty years ago. It is well known by the people, that, at least four ministers of the gospel have, at different times, administered the sacrament of baptism in the midst—and one of the four is to-day honored D. D. of the Baptist denomination, on what grounds does the young divine assume such self-superiority in the matter of the sacramental administration? Would it not be well for him to illuminate these older brethren whose honored services he so pompously ignores? At least this one thing might occur to him—that the news readers are getting so thoroughly sick of seeing his "burial" and the "13" repeatedly noticed in the different papers—dressed up in different forms after the fashion of patent medicine notices—that they are ready to consign cremation and pass on. In a P. S. to the note, over the signature "S," additional information is furnished as follows: "Having been effectually shut out of the Union House, the Baptists of Port George have decided," etc., unfortunate as it may be for "S," there is no edifice at Port George which answers to his description. There is no evidence, either written or traditional of a building ever having been begun, carried forward or completed as a "Union House." The only church at the Port is the one built by the Methodists, and dedicated to the worship of God by the Methodists as a Methodist church. The church is so exclusively the result of Methodist endeavor that the records do not show that a cash contribution of even one *dollar* was ever made towards its building funds by a Baptist. For their convenience, the different denominations in the community have secured pews and occupy them. The Board of Trustees have always accorded to ministers of the different denominations a cordial welcome to the pulpit. The late, and much lamented, Willard Parker, — baptist minister of Pine Grove for many years—had the privilege granted him of occupying the Methodist church twice a month, which he embraced to the great delight and profit of the whole congregation; the same privilege was granted by the Trustee Board to his successor, the Rev. Mr. Robbins. The successor to the Rev. Mr. Robbins is the Rev. E. H. Sweet, who had little more than entered upon his charge when, at a legal meeting of the Trustee Board of the Methodists at Port George, the use of the church, to the same extent as previously granted, was again unanimously granted to the Baptist people; that the action of the Trustee Board has been as here stated, the Baptist people of Port George have in their possession documentary evidence. If the Baptists of Port George have been "shut out" of the church the Board of Trustees have no knowledge of it. Within a few months at least, three different Baptist ministers have occupied the pulpit in question and each one was warmly welcomed. Not wishing to be rude—but "E. H. S." on any occasion been refused the use of the church? Has he received official intimation that he and his people are "shut out?" The reading public are apt to take more assertions at considerable discount if at all, and look for something more—even from the Rev. Enoch H. Sweet, B. A. Dear Editor, this mild exposure has not been a pleasant duty but painful. For months, the hope was fondly cherished that our young brother would take the advice of the members of his own church, who are sorely grieved at his course, and recall his statements. Since he has quite a passion for newspaper writing, it might be well to suggest to him that his hold upon the public confidence, as a correspondent, would be wonderfully strengthened if he could completely master the art of quoting a passage of scripture of, say *five words*, without seeming dissatisfied with the inspired penman. Instead of the Baptists being "effectually shut out" of the church at Port George, it is only timely that "E. H. S." be fully apprised of the fact that, if he persists in falsifying the action of honest men he will find himself "effectually shut out" of heaven.

G. F. JOHNSON.

P.S.—When the Methodist people of P. G. began to build their church the Baptist people arose to a similar exercise but with an unusual co-incident—and secured a quantity of timber. Lest some might suppose that this timber was, in some mysterious way, absorbed by the Methodist church it would really seem that the contractor never received his pay for the timber and that, in *due time*, it disappeared at legal sale under the auctioneer's hammer.

G. F. J.

Middleton, N. S.

The Afghanistan Dispute.

London, April 15.—Military movements in Afghanistan are exceedingly difficult at present on account of the almost unprecedented severity of the weather. Incessant storms of hail and snow on the mountains and rain in the valleys have swollen the rivers into floods which are impassible by any means of transportation with which Gen. Lumsden's forces are supplied. The weather is exceedingly cold, and this fact tells more severely on the British officers and Indian officers who are from the south than upon Russians who came from the north.

The London *Daily News* in an editorial this morning says that the situation shows a more peaceful tendency, but though the intentions of Russia are good now, we cannot assume that they will be carried out. Events have simplified England's task. If war is to be avoided, it must be known that the Afghans and not the Russians are blameable for the recent collision and also that Gen. Komaroff's action is no part of the Russian policy. Then there must be no further Russian advance. If Russia is as anxious for peace as England is peace might be secure.

The despatch from St. Petersburg alluded to by Gladstone yesterday carries forward the negotations on the frontiers question which were interrdpted by the Penjdeh affair. It is studiously conciliatory in tone.

War in Egypt.

GENERAL GORDON.—*London*, April 16.—General Gordon, it transpires, in October, 1884, wrote a letter to Wolseley notifying him that he (Gordon) had resigned his commission in the British army, Tewfik, the Khedive, having appointed him governor of Soudan. Gordon stated in the letter however, that he could appoint to this governorship, or transfer the office, to any other person he chose, subject to the Khedive's approval. General Gordon, on December 14th last, wrote as follows: "The state of affairs here (Khartoum) is such that one cannot foresee further than five to seven days. After that the town may fall at any time. I have done all in my power to hold out, but I own that I consider the position now almost desperate. I say this without any feeling of bitterness towards the English government, and state it merely as a fact. If the town falls it is a question whether it will be worth while for the government to continue the expedition. It is certain the fall of Khartoum will ensure the fall of Kassala and Senear."

SUAKIM, April 20.—A rumor is current here to the effect that Osman Digna has been killed by his own followers.

THE EAST RIVER MYSTERY.—Whoever attributed the disappearance of Benjamin Trefry to voluntary exile or to any cause but death by violence has abandoned the idea. The suspicions that were directed to Absalom Hurlburt as the murderer have not been lessened by his later movements. His recent return from the States was followed by another departure to that country, this time being accompanied by his wife. Among the many surmises current is one that Absalom was afraid to leave Mrs. H. longer behind, fearing revelations from her that would criminate himself. The theory at one time advanced that the body of Trefry, if in lake or river, would be stripped of its flesh by eels is pronounced by practical men irreconcilable with the fact that at the time of the supposed murder the eels had taken up their winter quarters in the mud. Upon the breaking up of the ice in the lakes diligent search will again be made for the remains of the missing man.—*Yarmouth Herald.*

IMPERIAL FEDERATION.—*London, April 21.*—The correspondence between the home government and the governments of the British colonies on the subject of imperial federation has come to a satisfactory conclusion. Earl Derby will soon introduce a federation bill in parliament.

The Sweet Singer of Michigan.

Tells no story that finds as responsive echo in all hearts as the comforting and assuring words given in the short extract below. Speaking of one of the painful realities of life—i.e.,—an aching corn Mr. C. Cronk of Dowagic, Michigan adds testimony to the marvelous results attending to the use of that great Corn cure Putnam's Painless Corn Extractor—"I have tried it to my entire satisfaction and though not in my line of business, would like to keep it in stock." Beware of substitutes and imitations. Sold by druggists and country merchants.

Provincial Parliament.

PROBABLE REVENUE FOR 1885.

Dominion of Canada:		
Subsidy	$320,000 00	
Allowance for government and legislature	60,000 00	
Interest on the Baring Bros. deposit(1881)$253,066.67, at five per cent.	12,653 33	
Interest on debt account, $799,279.17	39,963 95	
		$432,617 28
Mines royalties		120,000 00
Crown lands		7,000 00
Fees prov. secretary's office and marriage licenses		8,000 00
Royal Gazette		2,000 00
Sale of revised statutes and judicature act		2,800 00
Postal subsidy W. C. railway		3,500 00
Premium on provincial debentures		12,825 36
Accrued interest on debentures		3,876 25
Bond of A. B. Parker and interest		2,080 00
Interest on current account		5,000 00
		$599,698 89
Estimated expenditure		$597,122 04

ESTIMATED EXPENDITURE.

Heads of Service.

Agriculture	$ 12,590 00
Criminal prosecutions	2,500 00
Education	190,000 00
Crown land department	7,000 00
Legislative expenses	39,750 00
Local works	13,000 00
Hospital for insane (not including repairs, &c., under special act)	12,000 00
Department of mines	10,000 09
Miscellaneous	30,000 00
Public asylum and hospital	22,000 00
Public printing and statutes	10,000 00
Salaries	15,250 00
Steamboats, packets and ferries	31,745 00
Transient poor and dispensary	1,500 00
Medical college	800 00
Blind asylum	1,100 00
Roads and Bridges	130,000 00
Less interest under bridge act	7,227 59
	122,772 41
W. C. railway, interest on guaranteed debentures	13,500 00
Asylum water pipe	1,200 00
Interest on debentures	26,750 00
" Baring Bros', deposit	30,030 26
Crown land moneys, Cape Breton Counties	2,124 37
Special roads	1,600 00
	$597,122 04

Horrible Sensation.

ST. LOUIS, April 14.—A sensation was caused at the Southern hotel to-day by the discovery of a horribly mutilated body of a man packed in a trunk, which was taken out of a room. The hotel register shows that on March 30th, a gentleman registered as Walter H. Lennox Maxwell, M. D., from London, and was assigned that room. On opening the trunk it was found that the head of the man was carved from the body, and written on a paper inside the trunk were the words "so perish all traitors to the cause." Maxwell is about 43 different mazes. His wonderful natural speed his great courage and remarkable clever disposition, together with his great breeding, have given him a reputation second to none, and I am fully of the opinion that he will transmit his good qualities to his get.

DODGE KNOX, Sire of "Sir Garnet," Illsley Mare, Bowles' horse and 11 s. Dark Bay, Star, Snips, White Ankles, 15 hands high, 1100 lbs—bred by Mr. Ambrose Dodge of Wilmot.

Sired by Landers Knox, (sire of Col. Lang 2.31½) dam, s. t. b. by Logan's Messenger, sire of Crown Prince, 2.25, second dam, s. t. b. by Bellfounders Morgan, sire of Lord Nelson.

Dodge Knox is a fine representative of this popular breed of horses. I can recommend this horse as a sire of more than ordinary merit.

TERMS.—Rampart at St. John, N. B., $50.00.

Allie Clay, $30 00 by season—Mares not proving in foal can be returned free next season, or money refunded at my option.

Dodge Knox, $10.00 by season Pasturage 50c. per week. Stallions never shown on Sunday. Season ending July 10th. For further particulars address Owner.

C. R. BILL.

Billtown, N. S., April 20th, 1885—m4m.

The Slaughter of Louis Reil and his Followers is Nothing
—TO THE—
SLAUGHTERING PRICES
—FOR WHICH—
MORRISON, THE TAILOR
—IS SELLING—
CUSTOM CLOTHING.
He has just received the LARGEST and BEST STOCK OF CLOTHS in the County, and is bound not to be Under Sold.
My workshop is in charge of a class Workman, I guarantee Mr. Wm. Robertson, who is a first-class Satisfaction to in FIT and WORKMANSHIP, or no sale. Cloths sold by the yard Cheap. A nice Line of
CENTS' FURNISHING GOODS.
To arrive this week from Boston, a complete stock of American
Hats and Caps. Hard and Soft. All Colors.
PRICES TO SUIT THE TIMES.
A. J. MORRISON, Merchant Tailor, MIDDLETON, N. S.

APRIL 1ST, 1885.
WILLIS
Has Just Received,
Prunes, Dates, Maple Candy, Oranges, London Layer Raisins, Rankine's Biscuit, Choice Teas, Choice Coffee, Worcestshire Sauce, Tomato Catsup, Picallilly, Chow Chow, Mixed Pickles, Potted Beef, " Turkey, " Chicken, " Ham, " Tongue, Ham, Chicken, Tongue Deviled Tongue, " Ham, Beef Bologna, Ham Bologna, Spiced Bacon, Pressed Meat, Assorted Spices, Fresh Sausages, Assorted Confectionery,
CANNED GOODS.
Cherries, Green Peas, String Beans, Tomatoes, Peaches, Pine Apples, Blueberries, Lobster, French Sardines, Roast Turkey, Roast Chicken, Roast Mutton, Soup & Bouilli, Salmon, Oysters, Corn Meal, Oatmeal, Butter, Flour, Potatoes,
and all Goods usually kept in a first-class Provision Store.
The Public will find my Goods and Prices compare favorably with those of other dealers.
Water St. Grocery.
Bridgetown, April 1st, 1885. 1y.

A. C. SHARP,
SHOEMAKER,
DESIRES to notify the inhabitants of BRIDGETOWN, that he has opened a Shop next door to the Monitor office, and is prepared to do all work in his line in first class style at reasonable figures.
Bridgetown, April 8th, '85. 6m.

PASTURE ON THE NORTH MOUNTAIN TO LET!
THE Subscriber offers to let for the present season, the pasture in part of the property of the late AVARD MCKENZIE, deceased. There are about 100 acres.
JAMES A. THOMPSON.
Dated at St. Croix, Granville, April 10th, 1885. 2i3.

Real Estate
FOR SALE.
ALL that Property in Bridgetown, situated midway on Queen Street, Bridgetown, occupied by F. C. HARRIS, consisting of a Two Story Dwelling and large Store alongside with Outbuildings; a fine garden; size of lot 180x90. Streets on three sides. As a residence and business stand, this property is second to none in town, and is too well-known to require further description.
Price moderate and terms to suit purchasers. If not sold this property will be let 1st of May next. Apply to
ALBERT MORSE, Solicitor,
41tf Office, Queen St, Bridgetown

Marbleine.
Just Received:
A large variety of Colors of above
Wall Tint,
GENERALLY CONCEDED TO BE SUPERIOR TO ALABASTINE.
Presents a beautiful appearance in a room,
Call and inspect Color Card.
For Sale by
Richard Shipley

NOTICE.
I AM now ready to receive in Spring Orders, having this day opened a large assortment of
ENGLISH, SCOTCH AND CANADIAN TWEEDS IN ALL FASHIONABLE SHADES AND PATTERNS.
JOHN H. FISHER,
BLUE STORE.

NOTICE.
J. T. DOW is no longer authorised to take orders or transact any business on our account.
S. OLAND, SONS & CO.
Halifax, N. S. 4i3.

1885. 1885.
Meadow Stock Farm,
BILLTOWN - - NOVA SCOTIA.
Standard Almont Stallions.
RAMPART, 2930.
SIRED by ALMONT, 33—dam Kate Thompson, by Ericsson (record 2.30½ to wagon at 4 years of age) by Mambrino Chief (sire of Great Lady Thorne)
DESCRIPTION:
Rampart is a dark Brown Stallion 15.2½ hand high, weighing 1080 lbs. foaled June 5, 1879, bred by Gen. William T. Withers, Lexington, Ky. He is a remarkably fast young horse for his very limited opportunities. He is as symmetrical as an animal can well be, powerful IN ALL HIS POINTS, elegant in style and beautiful in disposition. We *fully anticipate* showing the public one of these days, barring accidents, a great trotter and sire of trotters in Rampart. His colts are showing and acting FULLY UP TO OUR HIGHEST ANTICIPATIONS
ALLIE CLAY, 2931,
Sired by ALMONT, 33.
DAM, Winsome, by Cassius M. Clay, 22. Second dam, Kate Alboit, Son Alexander's Abdallah. Third dam, by Brignolia, 2.29¾, by Mambrino Chief. Fourth dam, by Pilot, Jr., sire dame Maud S. and Jay-Eye See. Fifth dam by Ole Bull son of Old Pilot.
BLOOD LINES.—Almont, the sire of Rampart and Allie Clay, "Sired more trotters, *by the records*, up to the time of his death, than any stallion living or dead, at that age. All impartial horsemen will admit that he was the greatest sire of his age, and the greatest of his generation. And his sons are making great names for themselves as sires of game and fast trotters." Among other great trotters sired by ALMONT are Westmont the incomparable, 2.01¾ (with mate) Fanny Witherspoon 2.16¼, Piedmont, 2.17½, (sold for $30,000) Aldine, 2.19¼, Early Rose, 2.20¾ King Almont, 2. 21¼ etc.
CASSIUS M. CLAY, 22, the sire of ALLIE CLAY'S dam, was a beautiful bay horse, and a very fast one,—he trotted on half mile track at 26 years of age a mile in 2.30¾. He was said to have been one of the most beautiful trotters ever seen in Kentucky. He sired Durango, 2.23¾, and Henry Clay 2.23¾. *He sired the dams* of Happy Thought 2 22½, Mambrino Boy, 2.16½, Charles West, 2.28½, Mambrino Dimond 2.30. He also sired American Clay (out of a thoroughbred mare) who has several trotters in the 2.30 list. He also sired Gen. Hatch the sire of several 2 30 trotters. Clemmie G. is a grand-daughter of C. M. Clay, and she has a record of 2.15¾.
CLAY dams have produced "Electioneer," the sire of the great Bonitia, 2.18¾ at 4 years. Hinda Rose, 2.12¾ at 3 years. The dam of George Wilkes was a Clay, and he is a sire of 35 trotters with records better than 2.30. The dams of St. Julian, 2.11½; Bodine, 2.19½; Elaine, 2.20; Prospero, 2.20; Lady Maud, 2 18½; Dick Swiveller, 2.18; and about eighty other 2 30 trotters are out of Clay Mares. Lucy 2.18¾; Hopeful, 2.14¾ and Charley Ford are Clay's.
The most successful Hambletonian Sires are those from Clay dams, and I defy contradiction *on this point*. "Winsome, the dam of Allie Clay, is a very fine mare in every respect, color, size, form, disposition, and would be very fast if trained." "Alcholt," sire of his second dam, Kate, trotted 2.41 at 4 years of age. Brigoolia 2.29¾ sire of third dam is also sire of several fast trotters, and the dams of fast ones, including the dam of "King Wilkes," 2.24¾.
Pilot Jr., sire of his fourth dam, not only sired seven 2.40 trotters, but also sired the dams of the Great Maud S. 2.09¼; Jay-Eye See, 2.10 and Noontide 2.20¾.
Description.—Allie Clay is a beautiful bay, 15-2¾ hands high, strong—foaled June 8th, 1881,—bred by Gen. William T. Withers, Lexington, Ky., and cost me before 3 years of age, $1,500 in cash.
A gentleman from Maine, U. S., says in a letter written the present spring, "I believe Allie Clay *the peer of any Stallion owned East of Mass.*"
All that I shall say in regard to him is, that it will take a lot of cash to buy him and a pile of blowing to make me afraid of stepping him against any 4 year old owned in this Dominion of ours. His last season was a most successful one, having covered 43 different mares. His wonderful natural speed his great courage and remarkable
Sound and Kind, and
TWO COWS,
In Calf.
N. H. Phinney.
Lawrencetown, March, 25th, 1884.

VALUABLE FARM
FOR SALE!
The subscriber offers at Private Sale his Farm, situated within one mile of Bridgetown. The Property consists of about 175 acres of land with a young Orchard of 250 apple trees, which produces 200 bbls. and many of the trees just beginning to bear. There are also Pear, Plum and Cherry Trees. Farm cuts hay to winter 25 to 30 head of cattle. The tillage land is superior, and a large portion is underdrained. There is good pasture, with an abundance of wood and fencing. The buildings are all new. The whole will be sold with Stock and Farming utensils if required.
TERMS EASY, as a large portion of purchase money may remain on mortgage.
O. F. RUFFEE.
Bridgetown, March 30th, 1885 n51tf

BRIDGETOWN
FOUNDRY COMPANY
(LIMITED.)
THE above Foundry Co., having just opened its new premises, on the site formerly occupied by Craig's Foundry, lately destroyed by fire, is now prepared
TO MANUFACTURE
STOVES, PLOWS,
HAY CUTTERS,
MILL and Other Castings.
All work attended to promptly. Charges reasonable.
W. A. CRAIG,
MANAGER.
Bridgetown, March 10th, '85 y

FOR LONDON DIRECT!
"Anchor Line"
STEAMERS
Will sail from
HALIFAX
—FOR—
LONDON,
as follows:—
CALEDONIA..... About 6th March
AUSTRALIA..... " 20th "
ELYSIA..... " 3rd April
Every facility for proper carrying of Apples, etc. Reasonable rates. Careful handling.
If sufficient freight offers Steamer for Glasgow, would call at Halifax about 20th March
Apply to
T. A. DeWOLF & SON,
Agents, Halifax, N.S.
Feb. 24th, 1884. tf

House and Garden to Let!
THAT well known and favorably situated premises, one and a half miles east of Bridgetown. Possession 1st of May. Small family preferred.
WALLACE YOUNG.
April 2nd, '85. 5i4.

AN EXTRACT FROM A LETTER DATED NOV. 12th, 1884!
"Please send me $5.00 worth of that
Refined Sugar,
and 10 lbs of that good
TEA,
of yours, which beats anything that can be got in these parts."
Have just received an invoice of the above TEA.
Goat Skin & Buffalo
ROBES,
in great variety and at low prices.
CANADIAN TWEEDS
a specialty.
A Bee Hive Stove
and a
BASE BURNER,
both nearly new and in good order, will be sold much under price.
B. STARRATT.
Paradise, Nov. 17th '84.

Farm for Sale.
THE subscriber being desirous of giving more attention to his
GROCERY and PROVISION TRADE,
has decided to sell his valuable FARM, situated in Beaconsfield, three and a-half miles from Bridgetown, and directly under the North Mountain.
The property comprises about 300 acres of splendid land, 25 or 30 under cultivation, and 200 abounding in valuable Hard and Soft Timber.
There is also between 200 and 300 healthy and bearing Fruit Trees, in Apple, Plum, Pear, &c.
A good House, Barn, and other Outbuildings, together with pure and never-failing water privileges are among the inducements.
For full particulars apply to the subscriber.
T. J. EAGLESON.
Bridgetown, Oct. 9, 1883. tf

1885. 1885.
ENCOURAGE HOME INDUSTRIES.
THE
BRIDGETOWN
Marble Works,
ARE prepared to compete with any similar concern in the Province, both in workmanship or price.
MONUMENTS,
HEADSTONES,
TABLETS.
—IN—
Marble, Freestone & Granite,
of all descriptions manufactured to order at short notice.
ALSO:
Furniture Tops!
Call and inspect work.
OLDHAM WHITMAN.
Bridgetown, Jan. 12th, '85

WE SELL
Cordwood,
SPILING, BARK,
R. R. TIES, LUMBER, LATHS,
PRODUCE,
Potatoes, Fish, etc.
Best Prices for all shipments.
Write fully for Quotations.
HATHEWAY & CO.,
General Commission Merchants,
22 Central Wharf, BOSTON.
Members of Board of Trade, Corn and Mechanic Exchanges. jan26ly

THE SUBSCRIBER
Has on hand, a Good Stock of
First Class Harnesses,
IN
SILVER, NICKEL, BRASS,
AND
Light and Heavy Team,
TEAM COLLARS,
The Zinc Collar Pads. A fine Stock SLEIGH BELLS. Also the
Oxford Acme Blankets.
the best in the market.
TRUNKS & VALISES,
always in stock.
J. W. ROSS.

H. H. BANKS,
Auctioneer and Commission Agent,
COLONIAL MARKET,
—AND—
Parker Market, Halifax, N. S.,
Thanks his numerous consignors for their liberal patronage and solicits a continuance. Having had twelve years experience in handling COUNTRY PRODUCE, I am prepared to guarantee satisfaction. Storage for 12,000 barrels, also for produce in bulk.
Nov. 24th, 1884. 135m.

Wanted.
A GOOD Housekeeper to look after and take charge of two children, 5 and 6 years of age, and to make herself generally useful.
Apply to
E. RUGGLES,
Solicitor.
Bridgetown, March 17th, '85 49tf

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