Honolin the plague has abated, and the reatives had secured a number of prisoners in a recent attack on some villages of their rivals, and when the steamer reached the port some distance from the native village, they were engaged in eating some of the unfortunate set who had been captured or killed during the tribal engagement. Some of the prisoners were brought to the fires of the feasting people alive, and after they had seen some of their unfortunate fellows being roasted for the feast, they were slaughtered before the assembled company. During the feast one of the natives, who had been buried alive and had been beneath the ground for 12 days, was exhumed, cooked and eaten with the rest. The passengers or officers of the inter-island steamer did not go to the scene of the cannibals' feast, which was still in progress when they feft.

Rev. F. L. H. Paton, the venerable missionary, who has been in the New Hebrides for nearly half a century, had a narrow escape from being killed during one of the forays of the fighting tribes. It seems that a big fight was held at a village near Tanna, which was attacked, and in a fight which took place in the bush near the village, both tribes fighting with knives and spears, 51 natives were left on the field where the two tribes were fighting and engaged in the work of attending the wounded at the risk of his life. He was bending over two wounded natives, one of them a woman, when several spears were hurled at him by the attacking tribe, but fortunately none struck him. He then left the field and took refuge at Tanna, On Sento and the other islands the Mambar found the natives quieter, there were ing no fighting, other than that incident to some head-hunting at one of the smaller islands.

NATIVES PUNISHED.

The German warship Cormoran returned to Sydney from her cruise to the smaller islands.

NATIVES PUNISHED.

The German warship Cormoran returned to Sydney from her cruise to the simanck archipleago, New Britain and the Marshal and Caroline islands, and the Marshal and Caro

The German warship Comoran returned to Sydney from her cruise to the Bismarck archipelago, New Britain and the Marshal and Caroline islands, and reported that she had landed boats' comnanies at an outlying island of New Brit-lin to punish natives for the murder of Meincke and several of his party while they were engaged in pursuits of science. The villagers fled on the ap-proach of the warship's boats, having The landing was made under cover of rights in an attempt to surprise the blacks, but they took to the woods bestroyed the hard and left their homes deserted. The Germans destroyed the hard and burned all the canoes left along the beaches. From New Britain the Cormoran went to Apia and thence to Tahiti and to the Markuesas and Paumotos. The Marshal islands were then visited, and later the Cornoran went to United States by Germany after the Spanish American war. After leaving Ponner the Carment of the surprise the spanish American war. After leaving Ponner the Carment of the surprise the desirous of knowing what the rights cominion government. The canners are desirous of knowing what the rights consist of and how they are to be granted. Mr. A. Ewen, a representative canner. Speaking on the question last night, said in his opinion the rights should be sold to the highest bidders. The deputation when the surprise been warned by runners of their coming The landing was made under cover of ing Ponape the Cormoran picked up three United States sailors belonging to the San Francisco whaler Payhead, who had endured many privations after leaving the whaler in consequence of troub's with the colored members of the crew.

of 15 feet, swept away many huts and drowned many people, as well as causing heavy loss to planters, whose bontsheds, trade sheds, etc., were ruined. The correspondent of the Sydney Herald at Nikaura, New Hebrides, says the earthquakes caused considerable cartaquases caused considerable alarm to the natives, and for several days they refused to go into a house. The native school at the village was deserted, and lext morning roll was called in the open, and all were present. There has been no striking volcanic disturbance to account for the shocks, and the disturbance is profeshive a submaring one Beet. ance is probably a submarine one. Both before and since, though the three volcanoes near Nikaura—Ambrim, Lopevia, and the young one in the sea near Aongoa—showed signs of activity. That on in the sea has a new throat and is

LABOR TROUBLES. There is excitement in Queensland as a result of the transferring of the pearling industry carried on by the Queensland companies to the Dutch flag, as a ing industry carried on by the Queens lend companies to the Dutch flag, as a result of the restrictions placed upon the industry by the commonwealth. The principal trouble of the pearlers is the immigration restrictions. There is a large pearling population working in the Torres Straits, and the largest employers there, James Clark & Co., who have 550 men under their flag, have been complaining of the federal laws for "a white Australia," which prevents him indenturing his divers from Japan, Manila and the Malay peninsula, as heretofore. These people largely, if not entirely, carry on the trade in Queens-land waters, and without them the industry would be at a standstill. The shell would be at a standstill. The shell would be a standstill the shell would be a standstill. The shell would be a standstill the shell would be a standstill. The shell would be a standstill th Manila and the Malay penimsula, as heretofore. These people largely, if not entirely, carry on the trade in Queens-land waters, and without them the industry would be at a standstill. The shell won annually represents over a million dollars, of which the government has a revenue of \$100,000. There is a yearly expenditure in Queensland for food of \$200,000. There was an agreement between Queensland and Japan allowing 200 Japanese to enter. The Australian grounds. There is a proposition that the pearlers will transfer to Maranke, in Dutch New Guinea, 100 miles from their Thursday island station, the Dutch government offering every inducement, and have established a station with weekly communication with Thursday island. As the pearling is done outside the three mile limit, the pearlers would be able to

Cannibal Feasts

Cannibal Ceasts

Cannib

ed 30 years ago, and was thought to

Canners' Delegation .- A delegation canners arrived from Vancouver last uight to interview the government in repect to the granting of foreshore rights n case traps are permitted by the

SPION KOP DESPATCHES.

Show Bitter Controversy Between Bul-ler and Sir Charles Warren,

endured many privations after leaving the whaler in consequence of troub's with the colored members of the crew. The sailors, Miller, Morgan and Nichols, shipped at San Francisco on December 18, last year, were the only three white inen in the foc'sle, and the colored men and they did not agree. They had many fights, and when the whaler was cruising off Ponape they took one of the boats and started to row to Ponape. Their provisions were exhausted, and for four days they were without food, worn out and despairing when the German warship found them and carried the unfortunate sailors to New Britain, whence they were sent by steamer to Sydney and the American consul scured them employment on one of the ships loading at Newcastle for San Francisco.

EARTHQUAKES.

Severe shocks of earthquake, which caused high tidal waves, are reported to have caused much loss of life in the New Hebridge groupe. The missionaries rejucted that the shocks had emptied their book-cases, overturned furniture, and several houses had been split. A large number of the huts of the natives had been destroyed, and when the tidal wave came, following the shocks, the waters rose on some of the islands to a height of 15 feet, swept away many huts and drowned many people, as well as caused warren because it might have discovered to the control of the defeat sustained by the British troops under Gen. Buller at Spion Kop, Natal, on January 24, 1900, was given out this morning. The controversy between Gen. Buller and Gen. Sir Charles Warren is proved to have been even more bitter than previously hinted at, while a new extract from one of the Roberts declares that Gen. Buller's endeavor to put the responsibility for the defeat on Gen. Buller and Gen. Sir Charles Warren because that Gen. Buller's duty to intervene when he saw that things were going wrong.

This remark was caused by a despatch from Buller in which he says: "I saw no attempt on the part of Warren to either grapple with the situ

Buller explains that he failed to supercede Warren because it might have discredited the latter with the troops, which was an especially serious matter, as if Buller had been shot Warren would have succeeded to the command.

GOLF TOURNEY.

Opens Today at the Oak Bay Links-The Programme.

The annual tournament of the Vic-joria Golf club opens today at the Oak Bay links, and continues until Saturday evening. The programme for today follows:

9 to 10 a.m.—Open championship of
British Columbia; 18 holes; match play.
Entrance \$1.

11 to 12.—Ladies' open championship of British Columbia; 14 holes; match play. Entrance 50 cents. 1:30 to 2:30.—Open handicap (gentle-men): 18 holes; medal play. Entrance \$1.

The Fernwood basketball team will some play a return match with the Nanaimo closed team at the Coal City on Saturday

sentients.

The next plank declared that no land subsidies should be granted, but the land kept for the settlers, and after a little discussion this also carried.

The next plank read that 10 per cent. of all public lands be immediately set aside for educational purposes.

Delegate Kane of Kaslo asked if such land was to be sold to the speculato?

Delegate Davidson of Sandon objected to the piling up of planks.

Delegate Parr of Ymir said there were enough planks to build a wharf. (Laugh-

The next meeting of the directors will be held at the hospital.

RECIBUITS FOR CONTINGENT.

Toronto, April 17.—(Special.)—The first batch of recruits for the new continuance of the Imperial visits to the tombs of the ancestors, and the sending instead of a representative of less cost, and also the postponement of the reputs to the gardens of the palaces for the purpose of curtailing the National expenditure.

The Jiji's correspondent at Pekin reports that Ynan Shih-Kai, Viceroy of Chihli, and Sir Ernest Satow, British minister, met on March 22 to discuss the restoration of Tien Tsin to China, and the British minister is said to have

Tribal Wars

Cannibal Feasts

Berbarous Practices of Natices

A level televices—formuna Punch Murderers.

Ouecnaland Fears Sear Flabers

Will Innafer Industry to Distract, and the search of the sear Kwang, to despatch troops to his borders to stop the spread of the rebellion, and to reinforce the government soldiers at Kwang-si.

of all public lands be immediately set saids for educational purposes.

Delegate Kane of Kaslo asked if such land was to be sold to the speculato?

Delegate Davidson of Sandon object-ed to the pilling up of planks.

Delegate Parr of Ymir said there were enough planks to build a wharf. (Laughtter.)

Delegate Ebbs of the Socialist league, spoke strongly in favor of the plank.

Delegate Stack of Greenwood moved and Delegate Watson of Vancouver; while were onded that education, meals and books to all children up to 18 years to be free.

Delegate Mackay, Watson of Vancouver; while were only the province of British Columbia.

The next plank was offered by Delegate Mackay, Watson and policy of the plank was passed.

The next plank was offered by Delegate Ebbs of the original models of the medical models of the medical models. The next plank was offered by Delegate Pouckton of Phoenix, and desired the municipalization and public, control of the liquor traffic.

Delegate Mackay of Nelson advocated the adoption of the Gothenburg system.

The plank was carried after a little the adoption of the Gothenburg system.

The plank was made to resuscitate the adoption of the Gothenburg system.

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The plank was grayed that the city of the elegate Mackay of Nelson and public control of the liquor traffic.

Delegate Mackay of Nelson advocated the adoption of the Gothenburg system.

The plank was carried after a little of the same manufacture of

Series of the control of the control

stated that the restoration would be carried out providing the forts on the banks of the Pei-ho were destroyed, and the Tien Tsin walls left unrepaired and guarded by native police, and not by large forces of troops. Viceroy Yuan tryed that 3,000 troops were necessary, as a garrison to administer the city, and Sir Ernest Satow insisted that such a force should not be allowed within ten miles of Tien Tsin. The negotiations ended in failure in consequence.

The British treaty commissioner, Sir James Mackay is endeavoring to secure the opening of all ports on China's rivers which can be reached by steam launches. This suggestion was not accepted by Sheng Sueu-Hiwai, the Chinese commissioner, who will agree only that the ports which owing to their natural advantage foreign commerce can beet be carried out, he conened The that the ports which owing to their natural advantage foreign commerce can best be carried out, be opened. The commissioners have all agreed upon the regulations for the construction of railways and opening of mines, and the survey work for the Hankow-Canton railway, which will be built by Americans, has been commenced.

There is trouble between Russia and Korea. M. Payloff, the Russian minister, caused telegraph lines to be constructed, and the Korean officials caused them to be torn down as the lines were constructed without permission, and in face of protest. The Russian minister demanded damages to the extent of 100,000 roubles, alleging unlawful violation of international countery. A Chinese official has arrived at Gensan, where there are about a hundred

Interesting Reminiscences From Relatives in Caledon.

Bondsmen Withdraw and She Goes to

Gapetown, April 15.—Tht bondsmen of Princess Radziwill, accused of forgery in connection with notes purporting to have been signed by the late Oecil Rhodes, having withdrawn from her ball, the Princess was committed to jail today, while awaiting her trial, which is fixed to begin on Monday next.

Jewish Services.—Divine service will be held at the congregation "Emanu-El" corner Blanchard and Pandora, at 7:30 this evening. The Rev. Montague N. A. Cohen will preach on "The Open Door," a ritual question. The subject of sermon for Saturday morning will be "Preparation for the Passover," the Leaver. of our hearts.

Cambrian Princess

How the Well Known Bark Was Sunk and Eleven Men Diowned.

Steamer Victoria of the Northern Pacific Fleet Salls For the Orient,

Details were received here in yesterday's mail of the loss of the bark Cambrian Princess, a sister vessel of the

Cambrian Hills, now en route here with

coal from Cardiff. The Cambrian Prin-

A Chinese official has arrived at General, where there are about a hundred the Chinese, for the purpose of re-opening the Chinese, for the purpose of re-opening the Chinese consulate, which was closed at the time of the Japan-China war, and has been desolate since.

The Rorean government has been advised of a rebellion at Ham-henng, mear Gensan, as a result of disaffection because of the imposition of an unreasonable tax. The district chief has fled and disquiet was growing.

The resignation of Baron Kodama, War minister of Japan, has at last been accepted by the Emperor, and Lieut. General Baron Teruchi will succeed. The resignation of Japan's famous war minister has caused universal regret.

A' Japanese Robinson Orusoe, who for 17 years has been living in solitude on a deserted island near Gensan, Korea, has been rescued by a torpedo boat. The unfortunate was a castaway who lived in a cave, and was feeding solely on seaweed and fish. He was discovered by a Japanese, who thinking the man a monster on account of his wild appear, ance, fled from the island. He informed the Nagasaki prefectural government of faving seem the strange being on the

ance, fled from the island. He informed the Nagasaki prefectural government of having seen the strange being on the lone island, and a torpedo boat was despatched to bring the unfortunate home. A disastrous mine accident in Akitaken, Japan, caused the death of 15 miners on March 15. They were crushed to death by a cave-in, and it took 350 men three days to dig out the bodies. The tank steamer Cowrie, from Battoum for Yokohama, was burned on March 11 off Yososuka. The fuel petroleum in her engine room took fire of and her cargo of 2,010 tons of the oil took fire and after the crew were rescued by steam launches and torpedo boats from the naval station, the flames shot high in the air, and the steamer was only saved from total destruction by the fireboats which pumped water into her hold.

Highland Mary.

Interesting Reminiscences From Relatives in Caledon.

the force of the impact, and many rushed excitedly on deck in the scanties

U. S. S. Grant is at Texada visiting the iron mines, having steamed around to the island from the West Coast. She is expected back today.

Treadg Con

Open Letter Fre Ing Men to Sift

Setting Forth **Too Extensi**

And Demanding Be Entirely Public

Special to the Color Dawson, Y. T., A ing letter has been Sifton, minister of tawa:

Sir,—I have been number of the lead tive mine operators ing claims upon the Treadgold control your attention, and the accompanying stheir objections to men whose names are not politicians, ness men. Their obarrass the government of the state of the sta no modification of suffice to remove tit is fraught, but rescinded, it will cloud over the lan spread disaster. To claim owners and prevented the paplargely signed as but it is believed stantially unanimo practicable and in erators of the distabove and the suft o your respectful

In brief the men The preamble to of June 12, 1901, the privileges granthe mining no Klondike district i adequate supply confined to the gravel only, compa thus leaving large gravels unworked. It is true that itles of ground to sufficient quanti The statement only is worked a rect, it is partly The hydraulic sy-introduced by pri The grantees und elevation. The using hydraulic water themselve There is no de

rangement as the

that no capital the country by scheme; that the insofar as the ap machinery to mi cerned, are being arise by private continue so to b continue so to be come; that the coing that the mine viding for thems nothing in the co who require it; vantage of to car ing forward in the It is provided by that all abandoned nanza and Hunker butaries—this inc be deemed to be gold and his asso irst of January, The effect of a this is to close up t draw it from re-lo remembered that the the grant compris the gold bearing exploited in the vi-and that it contains

mprovements that he government in t will be seen ho sequences of this r The closing of t jurious to the in earner. At present thickly populated earning operators, occupied continuidle part of the y period they are ac and try to find a solves. The capitalist mube compelled to imperiod of the year increased. be increased.

The machinery and mining compa represents million would be rendered by valueless, since at the mercy of and must either su leave the country. The ordinary m mark out and e grantees under the saved all that trou The ordinary m per annum rental

The ordinary m per annum rental, the extent of \$200 "representation"—\$12th June, 1901, \$Mr. Treadgold and ed of these expended 4 and 5.

It is our firm c arrangement is no arrangement is no orders-in-council recorders-in-council recorders and end to individually all paraliming there, we at present in the industry there, we at present in the dit as quickly as the ing holdings, will be to the terest it will be to the terest it will be to the terest it will be to the year. When the Yukon Territor day, but within the years. The memorandu April 15, and is Johansson, for Jo claims); James H. dd, Bonanza Led T. Coffy, manager T. Coffy, manager ing Co., Ltd., (40 bold (46 claims);

> les tA. Dunn, ma Worden (12 claim Dalgarn (13 claim (10 claims); and 8 viduals. NEWSPAPE

Syndicate Liconni

Toronto, April the Board of Tra letter from Port lock, stating that it thorities held that made in the postal to Great Britain and that although been made to them tion, their consent tained the reply bauthorities did not make a reductive management of the make a reductive