

Tuesday, February 27, 1866.

THE FINANCIAL SITUATION.

The House yesterday passed by a majority of nine to two the resolutions which had been adopted by the Committee of Ways and Means. We may briefly sum up these resolutions as follows: The real estate tax and the salary tax to be abolished from the commencement of the present year, the annual license to be reduced from \$10 to \$5, a reduction in the license of country public houses to \$50, the tax on imported milk cows to be reduced from \$4 to \$1, a tax of \$5 a ton to be imposed on imported hay, and a landing permit of \$2 50 on a thousand feet of rough lumber, and \$5 on a thousand feet of dressed lumber. The only fresh taxes, therefore, which have been levied are those on hay and lumber. Both of these, it is needless to say, are designed not for the purpose of raising revenue, but for encouraging home industry, although probably the present year they will contribute quite an item to the general receipts. The value of the hay imported last year was \$12,000. (This would give a revenue in itself of \$4 a ton of about \$4,000; but a much larger crop will be grown the present year on the Island than heretofore, and we may, therefore, safely put down the revenue to be derived from this source during the remaining ten months of 1866 at \$1,500 less than the \$4,000. This would, however, cover the abolition of the salary tax. The value of the lumber imported last year was about \$20,000. Computing the \$2 50 and \$5 per thousand at about 25 per cent, and we would have \$5,000 revenue from the importation. Under the impetus, however, of the landing permit the present year, we anticipate a considerable diminution in the imports, which would make of course a corresponding diminution in the revenue. The sum total, taking all things into consideration, which we may expect the present year from hay and lumber, is about \$5,000.

The Government estimate of the revenue for 1866 is \$206,700. Deducting from this the tax on real estate and the salary tax and we have \$153,000. From this sum has again to be deducted \$5000 for annual licenses and several thousand dollars for reductions in country public house licenses and in stock and carcass act, making in all probably \$10,000. As the arrears due on last year's real estate tax, however, will reach about \$10,000, the revenue of \$153,000 will not be affected. Taking the amount voted by the House, with the salaries for discharged officials and other necessary expenses not provided for in the supply, and we have about \$160,000 to make up, or seven thousand dollars more than the amount as above provided. FROM THE WEST COAST.—The schooner Surprise, Capt. Francis, arrived yesterday from the West Coast. The captain reports that the Indians had stripped the wrecked bark Mustang and divided the spoil among themselves. They would probably burn the vessel.

Thursday, Feb. 21. THE PRIZE FIGHT.—Apart from the political strife and journalistic warfare, which has of late absorbed public attention, the principal topic of conversation seems to be the approaching prize fight. The interest manifested by a large section of the community is a significant illustration of the love which still lingers in the Anglo Saxon race for the manly art of self-defence. That the popularity of pugilism has been on the wane of late years cannot be denied, but the excitement caused by its revival in the international contests of Sayers, Heenan and King in Great Britain, brought about a slight reaction which however only proved to be a spasmodic attempt to gloss over the brutalities that too frequently disgrace the whilom favorite pastime of Englishmen. It is only fair to state that this sport has a tendency to foster a spirit of indomitableness which has won for us glory and renown upon many a battle field in the stern struggle of right against might; it should not be forgotten that the hardy endurance and heroism in all quarters of the globe may in a measure be traced to the rough habits of muscular independence engendered by the admiration of the fisticuffs and wrestling encounters of country wakes and fairs. The preliminary arrangements for the fight, which is to take place this week, are in a forward state, every precaution being taken to avoid the chance of interruption. A steamer is chartered, and the demand for tickets is said to be in excess of the accommodation. The combatants are reported in good condition and well matched, and each man confident of success. Some pretty tall slaughtering is anticipated by the knowing ones in such matters. Eden is an English novice, a reputed hard hitter, and capable of undergoing any amount of punishment without flinching. Baker is a Canadian, a quick and scientific sparrer, and is said to have already made his debut in the ring. As is usual under the circumstances, the betting has fluctuated; at the outset being 2 to 1 in favor of Eden, but now Baker has won over a strong platoon of enthusiastic supporters. Some thousands of dollars will change hands upon the result. The precise spot has not yet been fixed, but we have every reason to think the fight will come off on one of the numerous American islands. It seems that great credit is due to the respective trainers, Messrs. Marsden and Tracy, for the care and skill with which they have discharged their duties to their patients.

Restored.—It was stated yesterday that the Ven. Archdeacon Gilson had sent in his resignation to Bishop Hills, and intended leaving shortly for England. We regret to hear that Mrs. Gilson is in a delicate state of health.

Gold at Shuswap.—Vague rumors are again rife of gold discoveries at Shuswap. A similar report took some miners up to that section two summers ago only to be disappointed.

LOCAL INTELLIGENCE.

Tuesday, Feb. 20. SUMMARY COURT.—Selleck vs. Copland—Action for \$240 50; cross action for law charges and expenses; defendant was ordered to pay plaintiff the sum of \$54.—Kavanagh & Co. vs. McCann—Judgment for plaintiff. Cleat vs. McCann—Judgment for plaintiff. The court was occupied all the afternoon with the case of Pills vs. Baboite and J. W. Carey vs. Chinaman. The latter case was a new trial by consent, the plaintiff having obtained judgment by default on a certain promissory note which the defendant repudiated.

POLICE COURT.—Wm. Goldworthy was again remanded on the application of Mr. Bishop for one day. Ah Nung, a Chinaman, was fined 20 shillings for discharging fire-crackers on Cormorant street.

PRESENTATION OF A PURSE.—Last evening, at the drill hall, Captain Young, on behalf of Company No. 2 of the V. R. V. corps, in a highly complimentary speech, presented a purse containing \$100 to Lieutenant and Adjutant Vinter for the zeal and attention displayed by him in drill instruction. Adjutant Vinter, in accepting the presentation, thanked the captain and members of the company for this flattering mark of their appreciation of his services.

AUDACIOUS ROBBERY.—We have already alluded to one barefaced robbery committed by burglars, but the most glaring of all took place last night. While the occupier of a house in Broad street was in the theatre, his premises were entered and entirely denuded of clothing, furniture, and everything worth removing. They did not leave the unfortunate man even a bed to lie upon.

ANOTHER BURGLARY.—The premises of Mr. Raggazoni, on Johnson street, were entered by false keys on Monday night and \$750 in money, a watch, and some jewelry stolen. The sleeping apartment of the proprietor was also opened and two hats taken away. The thieves left all the doors open on making their escape.

SUPREME COURT.—J. W. Carey vs. Wing Lee. This case was resumed yesterday before the Chief Justice, and after hearing the evidence adduced by the defendant as to the alleged fraud in certain bills of exchange for \$600 sued for by the plaintiff, judgment was given for the plaintiff with costs.

FROM THE WEST COAST.—The schooner Surprise, Capt. Francis, arrived yesterday from the West Coast. The captain reports that the Indians had stripped the wrecked bark Mustang and divided the spoil among themselves. They would probably burn the vessel.

THURSDAY, FEB. 21. THE PRIZE FIGHT.—Apart from the political strife and journalistic warfare, which has of late absorbed public attention, the principal topic of conversation seems to be the approaching prize fight. The interest manifested by a large section of the community is a significant illustration of the love which still lingers in the Anglo Saxon race for the manly art of self-defence. That the popularity of pugilism has been on the wane of late years cannot be denied, but the excitement caused by its revival in the international contests of Sayers, Heenan and King in Great Britain, brought about a slight reaction which however only proved to be a spasmodic attempt to gloss over the brutalities that too frequently disgrace the whilom favorite pastime of Englishmen. It is only fair to state that this sport has a tendency to foster a spirit of indomitableness which has won for us glory and renown upon many a battle field in the stern struggle of right against might; it should not be forgotten that the hardy endurance and heroism in all quarters of the globe may in a measure be traced to the rough habits of muscular independence engendered by the admiration of the fisticuffs and wrestling encounters of country wakes and fairs. The preliminary arrangements for the fight, which is to take place this week, are in a forward state, every precaution being taken to avoid the chance of interruption. A steamer is chartered, and the demand for tickets is said to be in excess of the accommodation. The combatants are reported in good condition and well matched, and each man confident of success. Some pretty tall slaughtering is anticipated by the knowing ones in such matters. Eden is an English novice, a reputed hard hitter, and capable of undergoing any amount of punishment without flinching. Baker is a Canadian, a quick and scientific sparrer, and is said to have already made his debut in the ring. As is usual under the circumstances, the betting has fluctuated; at the outset being 2 to 1 in favor of Eden, but now Baker has won over a strong platoon of enthusiastic supporters. Some thousands of dollars will change hands upon the result. The precise spot has not yet been fixed, but we have every reason to think the fight will come off on one of the numerous American islands. It seems that great credit is due to the respective trainers, Messrs. Marsden and Tracy, for the care and skill with which they have discharged their duties to their patients.

ANOTHER BURGLARY.—The premises of Mr. Raggazoni, on Johnson street, were entered by false keys on Monday night and \$750 in money, a watch, and some jewelry stolen. The sleeping apartment of the proprietor was also opened and two hats taken away. The thieves left all the doors open on making their escape.

SUPREME COURT.—J. W. Carey vs. Wing Lee. This case was resumed yesterday before the Chief Justice, and after hearing the evidence adduced by the defendant as to the alleged fraud in certain bills of exchange for \$600 sued for by the plaintiff, judgment was given for the plaintiff with costs.

FROM THE WEST COAST.—The schooner Surprise, Capt. Francis, arrived yesterday from the West Coast. The captain reports that the Indians had stripped the wrecked bark Mustang and divided the spoil among themselves. They would probably burn the vessel.

THURSDAY, FEB. 21. THE PRIZE FIGHT.—Apart from the political strife and journalistic warfare, which has of late absorbed public attention, the principal topic of conversation seems to be the approaching prize fight. The interest manifested by a large section of the community is a significant illustration of the love which still lingers in the Anglo Saxon race for the manly art of self-defence. That the popularity of pugilism has been on the wane of late years cannot be denied, but the excitement caused by its revival in the international contests of Sayers, Heenan and King in Great Britain, brought about a slight reaction which however only proved to be a spasmodic attempt to gloss over the brutalities that too frequently disgrace the whilom favorite pastime of Englishmen. It is only fair to state that this sport has a tendency to foster a spirit of indomitableness which has won for us glory and renown upon many a battle field in the stern struggle of right against might; it should not be forgotten that the hardy endurance and heroism in all quarters of the globe may in a measure be traced to the rough habits of muscular independence engendered by the admiration of the fisticuffs and wrestling encounters of country wakes and fairs. The preliminary arrangements for the fight, which is to take place this week, are in a forward state, every precaution being taken to avoid the chance of interruption. A steamer is chartered, and the demand for tickets is said to be in excess of the accommodation. The combatants are reported in good condition and well matched, and each man confident of success. Some pretty tall slaughtering is anticipated by the knowing ones in such matters. Eden is an English novice, a reputed hard hitter, and capable of undergoing any amount of punishment without flinching. Baker is a Canadian, a quick and scientific sparrer, and is said to have already made his debut in the ring. As is usual under the circumstances, the betting has fluctuated; at the outset being 2 to 1 in favor of Eden, but now Baker has won over a strong platoon of enthusiastic supporters. Some thousands of dollars will change hands upon the result. The precise spot has not yet been fixed, but we have every reason to think the fight will come off on one of the numerous American islands. It seems that great credit is due to the respective trainers, Messrs. Marsden and Tracy, for the care and skill with which they have discharged their duties to their patients.

ANOTHER BURGLARY.—The premises of Mr. Raggazoni, on Johnson street, were entered by false keys on Monday night and \$750 in money, a watch, and some jewelry stolen. The sleeping apartment of the proprietor was also opened and two hats taken away. The thieves left all the doors open on making their escape.

SUPREME COURT.—J. W. Carey vs. Wing Lee. This case was resumed yesterday before the Chief Justice, and after hearing the evidence adduced by the defendant as to the alleged fraud in certain bills of exchange for \$600 sued for by the plaintiff, judgment was given for the plaintiff with costs.

BANKRUPT COURT.—Re W. Cammering—bankrupt passed his first examination. Re A. D. Macdonald.—Mr. J. J. Cochrane was examined in reference to the Victoria Water Works Co. and the deeds of certain property connected with the estate and will be again examined. Re W. C. Webster.—Messrs. Grier and C. B. Young made application for amount of compromise, which was ordered to be paid within a week. Re Duncan & George.—Mr. Duncan confessed the claim filed by Messrs. Fellows & Roscoe for \$140, payment to be made within one week from date. Re W. Culverwell.—Mr. C. B. Young read the trade assignees' report, showing amount of money in hands of the court to be \$1891, with other sums amounting in all to about \$3000. A dividend will be declared this day fortnight. Re Michael Carey.—The bankrupt did not appear; money paid in by trade assignee \$142 70; ordered to pay J. W. Carey \$70 out of this amount and assignees to take possession of property. Re Mason & Revis.—Mr. Courtney was ordered to pay into court \$70 belonging to this estate. Re James Curtis.—Solicitors bill of costs approved and order made to pay \$224 70, leaving a balance of \$54 to be divided among the creditors. Queen Charlotte Copper Mining Co.—The first meeting in this case took place, Mr. Daniel Lindsay being appointed official liquidator. Bankruptcy Court adjourned for two weeks, in consequence of the assizes.

CHARGE OF PERJURY.—Long Pang, a Chinaman, was charged at the police court yesterday with committing wilful and corrupt perjury before His Honor the Chief Justice in the case of J. W. Carey vs. Win Lee. Mr. Jacob, of the firm of Peakes & Green, asked for a remand as the necessary papers were not yet prepared. The Bench after hearing the information of the Chinese interpreter read, remanded the accused for two days.

REMANDED.—William Burrell was remanded for two days on a charge of stealing a clock from Dr. Walker's premises in Oriental Alley, the prosecutor being too indisposed to attend; a man named Geo. Phillips was also charged with being concerned in the same charge.

AMAZONIAN.—A fair complexioned dame, of tartar-like propensities, and a combative native had a "set-to" on Yates street last night, amidst the hooting and yelling of a delighted multitude. We were unable to learn the cause of the disturbance.

FOR ADELAIDE.—The fine ship Southern Cross, Captain Macdonald, sailed yesterday morning for Adelaide, Australia, with a cargo of lumber from Puget Sound. She took as passengers, Mr. Nind and wife, Mr. W. C. King, wife and three children.

THE QUEEN SALOON CASE.—William Goldworthy, charged with stabbing Trestrail, and R. Gilbert, charged with being a necessary witness for the prosecution, were again remanded by the Police Magistrate yesterday until to-day.

FROM NANAIMO.—The schooner Black Diamond arrived yesterday with 100 tons of coal to R. Brodrick.

HOLLOWAY'S OINTMENT AND PILLS.—Jaundice Disordered Liver. A good free flow of bile is absolutely necessary for digestion; when this secretion is interrupted or depraved, disease immediately sets in. In the liver, this important organ, so liable to disorder, can always be regulated by Holloway's Ointment and Pills. The former, rubbed on the right side, over the region of the liver, upon which harassing the stomach or the bowels—a matter frequently of vital importance—confers on this remedy an advantage over every other form of medicine in the pharmacopoeia; when assisted by the Pills, every disease is speedily subjected and effectually banished.

THE CITY OF GLASGOW LIFE ASSURANCE COMPANY. Established 1838. Incorporated by Special Act of Parliament. Subscribed Capital, \$3,000,000. Annual Revenue, 560,000. Subsisting Assurances, 14,415,000. JANUARY, 1865. THIS COMPANY OFFERS TO the Public the combined advantages of Perfect Security, Moderate Premiums, Liberal participation in Profits, and great freedom in respect of foreign residence and travel, and has powers under special act of Parliament which simplify discharge of claims in event of assured dying abroad.

THE CITY OF GLASGOW LIFE ASSURANCE COMPANY. Established 1838. Incorporated by Special Act of Parliament. Subscribed Capital, \$3,000,000. Annual Revenue, 560,000. Subsisting Assurances, 14,415,000. JANUARY, 1865. THIS COMPANY OFFERS TO the Public the combined advantages of Perfect Security, Moderate Premiums, Liberal participation in Profits, and great freedom in respect of foreign residence and travel, and has powers under special act of Parliament which simplify discharge of claims in event of assured dying abroad.

THE CITY OF GLASGOW LIFE ASSURANCE COMPANY. Established 1838. Incorporated by Special Act of Parliament. Subscribed Capital, \$3,000,000. Annual Revenue, 560,000. Subsisting Assurances, 14,415,000. JANUARY, 1865. THIS COMPANY OFFERS TO the Public the combined advantages of Perfect Security, Moderate Premiums, Liberal participation in Profits, and great freedom in respect of foreign residence and travel, and has powers under special act of Parliament which simplify discharge of claims in event of assured dying abroad.

THE CITY OF GLASGOW LIFE ASSURANCE COMPANY. Established 1838. Incorporated by Special Act of Parliament. Subscribed Capital, \$3,000,000. Annual Revenue, 560,000. Subsisting Assurances, 14,415,000. JANUARY, 1865. THIS COMPANY OFFERS TO the Public the combined advantages of Perfect Security, Moderate Premiums, Liberal participation in Profits, and great freedom in respect of foreign residence and travel, and has powers under special act of Parliament which simplify discharge of claims in event of assured dying abroad.

THE CITY OF GLASGOW LIFE ASSURANCE COMPANY. Established 1838. Incorporated by Special Act of Parliament. Subscribed Capital, \$3,000,000. Annual Revenue, 560,000. Subsisting Assurances, 14,415,000. JANUARY, 1865. THIS COMPANY OFFERS TO the Public the combined advantages of Perfect Security, Moderate Premiums, Liberal participation in Profits, and great freedom in respect of foreign residence and travel, and has powers under special act of Parliament which simplify discharge of claims in event of assured dying abroad.

THE CITY OF GLASGOW LIFE ASSURANCE COMPANY. Established 1838. Incorporated by Special Act of Parliament. Subscribed Capital, \$3,000,000. Annual Revenue, 560,000. Subsisting Assurances, 14,415,000. JANUARY, 1865. THIS COMPANY OFFERS TO the Public the combined advantages of Perfect Security, Moderate Premiums, Liberal participation in Profits, and great freedom in respect of foreign residence and travel, and has powers under special act of Parliament which simplify discharge of claims in event of assured dying abroad.

THE CITY OF GLASGOW LIFE ASSURANCE COMPANY. Established 1838. Incorporated by Special Act of Parliament. Subscribed Capital, \$3,000,000. Annual Revenue, 560,000. Subsisting Assurances, 14,415,000. JANUARY, 1865. THIS COMPANY OFFERS TO the Public the combined advantages of Perfect Security, Moderate Premiums, Liberal participation in Profits, and great freedom in respect of foreign residence and travel, and has powers under special act of Parliament which simplify discharge of claims in event of assured dying abroad.

THE CITY OF GLASGOW LIFE ASSURANCE COMPANY. Established 1838. Incorporated by Special Act of Parliament. Subscribed Capital, \$3,000,000. Annual Revenue, 560,000. Subsisting Assurances, 14,415,000. JANUARY, 1865. THIS COMPANY OFFERS TO the Public the combined advantages of Perfect Security, Moderate Premiums, Liberal participation in Profits, and great freedom in respect of foreign residence and travel, and has powers under special act of Parliament which simplify discharge of claims in event of assured dying abroad.

THE CITY OF GLASGOW LIFE ASSURANCE COMPANY. Established 1838. Incorporated by Special Act of Parliament. Subscribed Capital, \$3,000,000. Annual Revenue, 560,000. Subsisting Assurances, 14,415,000. JANUARY, 1865. THIS COMPANY OFFERS TO the Public the combined advantages of Perfect Security, Moderate Premiums, Liberal participation in Profits, and great freedom in respect of foreign residence and travel, and has powers under special act of Parliament which simplify discharge of claims in event of assured dying abroad.

THE CITY OF GLASGOW LIFE ASSURANCE COMPANY. Established 1838. Incorporated by Special Act of Parliament. Subscribed Capital, \$3,000,000. Annual Revenue, 560,000. Subsisting Assurances, 14,415,000. JANUARY, 1865. THIS COMPANY OFFERS TO the Public the combined advantages of Perfect Security, Moderate Premiums, Liberal participation in Profits, and great freedom in respect of foreign residence and travel, and has powers under special act of Parliament which simplify discharge of claims in event of assured dying abroad.

THE CITY OF GLASGOW LIFE ASSURANCE COMPANY. Established 1838. Incorporated by Special Act of Parliament. Subscribed Capital, \$3,000,000. Annual Revenue, 560,000. Subsisting Assurances, 14,415,000. JANUARY, 1865. THIS COMPANY OFFERS TO the Public the combined advantages of Perfect Security, Moderate Premiums, Liberal participation in Profits, and great freedom in respect of foreign residence and travel, and has powers under special act of Parliament which simplify discharge of claims in event of assured dying abroad.

THE CITY OF GLASGOW LIFE ASSURANCE COMPANY. Established 1838. Incorporated by Special Act of Parliament. Subscribed Capital, \$3,000,000. Annual Revenue, 560,000. Subsisting Assurances, 14,415,000. JANUARY, 1865. THIS COMPANY OFFERS TO the Public the combined advantages of Perfect Security, Moderate Premiums, Liberal participation in Profits, and great freedom in respect of foreign residence and travel, and has powers under special act of Parliament which simplify discharge of claims in event of assured dying abroad.

THE CITY OF GLASGOW LIFE ASSURANCE COMPANY. Established 1838. Incorporated by Special Act of Parliament. Subscribed Capital, \$3,000,000. Annual Revenue, 560,000. Subsisting Assurances, 14,415,000. JANUARY, 1865. THIS COMPANY OFFERS TO the Public the combined advantages of Perfect Security, Moderate Premiums, Liberal participation in Profits, and great freedom in respect of foreign residence and travel, and has powers under special act of Parliament which simplify discharge of claims in event of assured dying abroad.

THE CITY OF GLASGOW LIFE ASSURANCE COMPANY. Established 1838. Incorporated by Special Act of Parliament. Subscribed Capital, \$3,000,000. Annual Revenue, 560,000. Subsisting Assurances, 14,415,000. JANUARY, 1865. THIS COMPANY OFFERS TO the Public the combined advantages of Perfect Security, Moderate Premiums, Liberal participation in Profits, and great freedom in respect of foreign residence and travel, and has powers under special act of Parliament which simplify discharge of claims in event of assured dying abroad.

THE CITY OF GLASGOW LIFE ASSURANCE COMPANY. Established 1838. Incorporated by Special Act of Parliament. Subscribed Capital, \$3,000,000. Annual Revenue, 560,000. Subsisting Assurances, 14,415,000. JANUARY, 1865. THIS COMPANY OFFERS TO the Public the combined advantages of Perfect Security, Moderate Premiums, Liberal participation in Profits, and great freedom in respect of foreign residence and travel, and has powers under special act of Parliament which simplify discharge of claims in event of assured dying abroad.

THE CITY OF GLASGOW LIFE ASSURANCE COMPANY. Established 1838. Incorporated by Special Act of Parliament. Subscribed Capital, \$3,000,000. Annual Revenue, 560,000. Subsisting Assurances, 14,415,000. JANUARY, 1865. THIS COMPANY OFFERS TO the Public the combined advantages of Perfect Security, Moderate Premiums, Liberal participation in Profits, and great freedom in respect of foreign residence and travel, and has powers under special act of Parliament which simplify discharge of claims in event of assured dying abroad.

THE CITY OF GLASGOW LIFE ASSURANCE COMPANY. Established 1838. Incorporated by Special Act of Parliament. Subscribed Capital, \$3,000,000. Annual Revenue, 560,000. Subsisting Assurances, 14,415,000. JANUARY, 1865. THIS COMPANY OFFERS TO the Public the combined advantages of Perfect Security, Moderate Premiums, Liberal participation in Profits, and great freedom in respect of foreign residence and travel, and has powers under special act of Parliament which simplify discharge of claims in event of assured dying abroad.

THE CITY OF GLASGOW LIFE ASSURANCE COMPANY. Established 1838. Incorporated by Special Act of Parliament. Subscribed Capital, \$3,000,000. Annual Revenue, 560,000. Subsisting Assurances, 14,415,000. JANUARY, 1865. THIS COMPANY OFFERS TO the Public the combined advantages of Perfect Security, Moderate Premiums, Liberal participation in Profits, and great freedom in respect of foreign residence and travel, and has powers under special act of Parliament which simplify discharge of claims in event of assured dying abroad.

THE CITY OF GLASGOW LIFE ASSURANCE COMPANY. Established 1838. Incorporated by Special Act of Parliament. Subscribed Capital, \$3,000,000. Annual Revenue, 560,000. Subsisting Assurances, 14,415,000. JANUARY, 1865. THIS COMPANY OFFERS TO the Public the combined advantages of Perfect Security, Moderate Premiums, Liberal participation in Profits, and great freedom in respect of foreign residence and travel, and has powers under special act of Parliament which simplify discharge of claims in event of assured dying abroad.

THE CITY OF GLASGOW LIFE ASSURANCE COMPANY. Established 1838. Incorporated by Special Act of Parliament. Subscribed Capital, \$3,000,000. Annual Revenue, 560,000. Subsisting Assurances, 14,415,000. JANUARY, 1865. THIS COMPANY OFFERS TO the Public the combined advantages of Perfect Security, Moderate Premiums, Liberal participation in Profits, and great freedom in respect of foreign residence and travel, and has powers under special act of Parliament which simplify discharge of claims in event of assured dying abroad.

THE CITY OF GLASGOW LIFE ASSURANCE COMPANY. Established 1838. Incorporated by Special Act of Parliament. Subscribed Capital, \$3,000,000. Annual Revenue, 560,000. Subsisting Assurances, 14,415,000. JANUARY, 1865. THIS COMPANY OFFERS TO the Public the combined advantages of Perfect Security, Moderate Premiums, Liberal participation in Profits, and great freedom in respect of foreign residence and travel, and has powers under special act of Parliament which simplify discharge of claims in event of assured dying abroad.

THE CITY OF GLASGOW LIFE ASSURANCE COMPANY. Established 1838. Incorporated by Special Act of Parliament. Subscribed Capital, \$3,000,000. Annual Revenue, 560,000. Subsisting Assurances, 14,415,000. JANUARY, 1865. THIS COMPANY OFFERS TO the Public the combined advantages of Perfect Security, Moderate Premiums, Liberal participation in Profits, and great freedom in respect of foreign residence and travel, and has powers under special act of Parliament which simplify discharge of claims in event of assured dying abroad.

THE CITY OF GLASGOW LIFE ASSURANCE COMPANY. Established 1838. Incorporated by Special Act of Parliament. Subscribed Capital, \$3,000,000. Annual Revenue, 560,000. Subsisting Assurances, 14,415,000. JANUARY, 1865. THIS COMPANY OFFERS TO the Public the combined advantages of Perfect Security, Moderate Premiums, Liberal participation in Profits, and great freedom in respect of foreign residence and travel, and has powers under special act of Parliament which simplify discharge of claims in event of assured dying abroad.

THE CITY OF GLASGOW LIFE ASSURANCE COMPANY. Established 1838. Incorporated by Special Act of Parliament. Subscribed Capital, \$3,000,000. Annual Revenue, 560,000. Subsisting Assurances, 14,415,000. JANUARY, 1865. THIS COMPANY OFFERS TO the Public the combined advantages of Perfect Security, Moderate Premiums, Liberal participation in Profits, and great freedom in respect of foreign residence and travel, and has powers under special act of Parliament which simplify discharge of claims in event of assured dying abroad.

THE CITY OF GLASGOW LIFE ASSURANCE COMPANY. Established 1838. Incorporated by Special Act of Parliament. Subscribed Capital, \$3,000,000. Annual Revenue, 560,000. Subsisting Assurances, 14,415,000. JANUARY, 1865. THIS COMPANY OFFERS TO the Public the combined advantages of Perfect Security, Moderate Premiums, Liberal participation in Profits, and great freedom in respect of foreign residence and travel, and has powers under special act of Parliament which simplify discharge of claims in event of assured dying abroad.

THE CITY OF GLASGOW LIFE ASSURANCE COMPANY. Established 1838. Incorporated by Special Act of Parliament. Subscribed Capital, \$3,000,000. Annual Revenue, 560,000. Subsisting Assurances, 14,415,000. JANUARY, 1865. THIS COMPANY OFFERS TO the Public the combined advantages of Perfect Security, Moderate Premiums, Liberal participation in Profits, and great freedom in respect of foreign residence and travel, and has powers under special act of Parliament which simplify discharge of claims in event of assured dying abroad.

THE CITY OF GLASGOW LIFE ASSURANCE COMPANY. Established 1838. Incorporated by Special Act of Parliament. Subscribed Capital, \$3,000,000. Annual Revenue, 560,000. Subsisting Assurances, 14,415,000. JANUARY, 1865. THIS COMPANY OFFERS TO the Public the combined advantages of Perfect Security, Moderate Premiums, Liberal participation in Profits, and great freedom in respect of foreign residence and travel, and has powers under special act of Parliament which simplify discharge of claims in event of assured dying abroad.

THE CITY OF GLASGOW LIFE ASSURANCE COMPANY. Established 1838. Incorporated by Special Act of Parliament. Subscribed Capital, \$3,000,000. Annual Revenue, 560,000. Subsisting Assurances, 14,415,000. JANUARY, 1865. THIS COMPANY OFFERS TO the Public the combined advantages of Perfect Security, Moderate Premiums, Liberal participation in Profits, and great freedom in respect of foreign residence and travel, and has powers under special act of Parliament which simplify discharge of claims in event of assured dying abroad.

THE CITY OF GLASGOW LIFE ASSURANCE COMPANY. Established 1838. Incorporated by Special Act of Parliament. Subscribed Capital, \$3,000,000. Annual Revenue, 560,000. Subsisting Assurances, 14,415,000. JANUARY, 1865. THIS COMPANY OFFERS TO the Public the combined advantages of Perfect Security, Moderate Premiums, Liberal participation in Profits, and great freedom in respect of foreign residence and travel, and has powers under special act of Parliament which simplify discharge of claims in event of assured dying abroad.

THE CITY OF GLASGOW LIFE ASSURANCE COMPANY. Established 1838. Incorporated by Special Act of Parliament. Subscribed Capital, \$3,000,000. Annual Revenue, 560,000. Subsisting Assurances, 14,415,000. JANUARY, 1865. THIS COMPANY OFFERS TO the Public the combined advantages of Perfect Security, Moderate Premiums, Liberal participation in Profits, and great freedom in respect of foreign residence and travel, and has powers under special act of Parliament which simplify discharge of claims in event of assured dying abroad.

THE CITY OF GLASGOW LIFE ASSURANCE COMPANY. Established 1838. Incorporated by Special Act of Parliament. Subscribed Capital, \$3,000,000. Annual Revenue, 560,000. Subsisting Assurances, 14,415,000. JANUARY, 1865. THIS COMPANY OFFERS TO the Public the combined advantages of Perfect Security, Moderate Premiums, Liberal participation in Profits, and great freedom in respect of foreign residence and travel, and has powers under special act of Parliament which simplify discharge of claims in event of assured dying abroad.

THE CITY OF GLASGOW LIFE ASSURANCE COMPANY. Established 1838. Incorporated by Special Act of Parliament. Subscribed Capital, \$3,000,000. Annual Revenue, 560,000. Subsisting Assurances, 14,415,000. JANUARY, 1865. THIS COMPANY OFFERS TO the Public the combined advantages of Perfect Security, Moderate Premiums, Liberal participation in Profits, and great freedom in respect of foreign residence and travel, and has powers under special act of Parliament which simplify discharge of claims in event of assured dying abroad.

THE CITY OF GLASGOW LIFE ASSURANCE COMPANY. Established 1838. Incorporated by Special Act of Parliament. Subscribed Capital, \$3,000,000. Annual Revenue, 560,000. Subsisting Assurances, 14,415,000. JANUARY, 1865. THIS COMPANY OFFERS TO the Public the combined advantages of Perfect Security, Moderate Premiums, Liberal participation in Profits, and great freedom in respect of foreign residence and travel, and has powers under special act of Parliament which simplify discharge of claims in event of assured dying abroad.

THE CITY OF GLASGOW LIFE ASSURANCE COMPANY. Established 1838. Incorporated by Special Act of Parliament. Subscribed Capital, \$3,000,000. Annual Revenue, 560,000. Subsisting Assurances, 14,415,000. JANUARY, 1865. THIS COMPANY OFFERS TO the Public the combined advantages of Perfect Security, Moderate Premiums, Liberal participation in Profits, and great freedom in respect of foreign residence and travel, and has powers under special act of Parliament which simplify discharge of claims in event of assured dying abroad.

THE CITY OF GLASGOW LIFE ASSURANCE COMPANY. Established 1838. Incorporated by Special Act of Parliament. Subscribed Capital, \$3,000,000. Annual Revenue, 560,000. Subsisting Assurances, 14,415,000. JANUARY, 1865. THIS COMPANY OFFERS TO the Public the combined advantages of Perfect Security, Moderate Premiums, Liberal participation in Profits, and great freedom in respect of foreign residence and travel, and has powers under special act of Parliament which simplify discharge of claims in event of assured dying abroad.

THE CITY OF GLASGOW LIFE ASSURANCE COMPANY. Established 1838. Incorporated by Special Act of Parliament. Subscribed Capital, \$3,000,000. Annual Revenue, 560,000. Subsisting Assurances, 14,415,000. JANUARY, 1865. THIS COMPANY OFFERS TO the Public the combined advantages of Perfect Security, Moderate Premiums, Liberal participation in Profits, and great freedom in respect of foreign residence and travel, and has powers under special act of Parliament which simplify discharge of claims in event of assured dying abroad.

THE CITY OF GLASGOW LIFE ASSURANCE COMPANY. Established 1838. Incorporated by Special Act of Parliament. Subscribed Capital, \$3,000,000. Annual Revenue, 560,000. Subsisting Assurances, 14,415,000. JANUARY, 1865. THIS COMPANY OFFERS TO the Public the combined advantages of Perfect Security, Moderate Premiums, Liberal participation in Profits, and great freedom in respect of foreign residence and travel, and has powers under special act of Parliament which simplify discharge of claims in event of assured dying abroad.

THE CITY OF GLASGOW LIFE ASSURANCE COMPANY. Established 1838. Incorporated by Special Act of Parliament. Subscribed Capital, \$3,000,000. Annual Revenue, 560,000. Subsisting Assurances, 14,415,000. JANUARY, 1865. THIS COMPANY OFFERS TO the Public the combined advantages of Perfect Security, Moderate Premiums, Liberal participation in Profits, and great freedom in respect of foreign residence and travel, and has powers under special act of Parliament which simplify discharge of claims in event of assured dying abroad.

THE CITY OF GLASGOW LIFE ASSURANCE COMPANY. Established 1838. Incorporated by Special Act of Parliament. Subscribed Capital, \$3,000,000. Annual Revenue, 560,000. Subsisting Assurances, 14,415,000. JANUARY, 1865. THIS COMPANY OFFERS TO the Public the combined advantages of Perfect Security, Moderate Premiums, Liberal participation in Profits, and great freedom in respect of foreign residence and travel, and has powers under special act of Parliament which simplify discharge of claims in event of assured dying abroad.

THE CITY OF GLASGOW LIFE ASSURANCE COMPANY. Established 1838. Incorporated by Special Act of Parliament. Subscribed Capital, \$3,000,000. Annual Revenue, 560,000. Subsisting Assurances, 14,415,000. JANUARY, 1865. THIS COMPANY OFFERS TO the Public the combined advantages of Perfect Security, Moderate Premiums, Liberal participation in Profits, and great freedom in respect of foreign residence and travel, and has powers under special act of Parliament which simplify discharge of claims in event of assured dying abroad.

THE CITY OF GLASGOW LIFE ASSURANCE COMPANY. Established 1838. Incorporated by Special Act of Parliament. Subscribed Capital, \$3,000,000. Annual Revenue, 560,000. Subsisting Assurances, 14,415,000. JANUARY, 1865. THIS COMPANY OFFERS TO the Public the combined advantages of Perfect Security, Moderate Premiums, Liberal participation in Profits, and great freedom in respect of foreign residence and travel, and has powers under special act of Parliament which simplify discharge of claims in event of assured dying abroad.

THE CITY OF GLASGOW LIFE ASSURANCE COMPANY. Established 1838. Incorporated by Special Act of Parliament. Subscribed Capital, \$3,000,000. Annual Revenue, 560,000. Subsisting Assurances, 14,415,000. JANUARY, 1865. THIS COMPANY OFFERS TO the Public the combined advantages of Perfect Security, Moderate Premiums, Liberal participation in Profits, and great freedom in respect of foreign residence and travel, and has powers under special act of Parliament which simplify discharge of claims in event of assured dying abroad.

THE CITY OF GLASGOW LIFE ASSURANCE COMPANY. Established 1838. Incorporated by Special Act of Parliament. Subscribed Capital, \$3,000,000. Annual Revenue, 560,000. Subsisting Assurances, 14,415,000. JANUARY, 1865. THIS COMPANY OFFERS TO the Public the combined advantages of Perfect Security, Moderate Premiums, Liberal participation in Profits, and great freedom in respect of foreign residence and travel, and has powers under special act of Parliament which simplify discharge of claims in