The Charlottetown Herald.

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The Charlottetown Herald

—IS PUBLISHED—

Every Wednesday

—BY—

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☞ Correspondence should be addressed to the proprietors as above or to the HERALD.

P. E. MORAN, J. M. SULLIVAN.

Calendar for December, 1893.

MOON'S CHANGES.

New Moon, 8th day, 5h. 27.7m. a. m., N. E. First Quarter, 15th day, 6h. 8.9m. a. m., N. Full Moon, 23rd day, 1h. 24.1m., m'n'ht, S. Last Quarter, 29th day, 7h. 5.5m. p.m., N.

M	Day of Week	Sun rises	Sun Sets	The Moon Rises	The Moon Sets	High Water Ch'town
		h m	h m	morn	after'n	after'n
1	Fri	7 29	4 10	0 23	1 27	5 21
2	Sat	30	10	1 32	1 43	6 25
3	Sun	31	9	2 40	1 58	7 24
4	Mon	32	9	3 48	2 15	8 14
5	Tues	33	9	4 56	2 34	8 56
6	Wed	34	8	6 4	2 57	9 36
7	Thur	36	8	7 11	3 23	10 14
8	Fri	37	8	8 11	4 6	10 52
9	Sat	37	8	9 8	4 52	11 29
10	Sun	38	8	10 1	5 41	morn
11	Mon	39	8	10 33	6 48	0 7
12	Tues	40	8	11 2	7 55	0 43
13	Wed	41	8	11 27	9 2	1 21
14	Thur	42	8	11 46	10 12	2 1
15	Fri	42	9	aft 1	11 23	2 42
16	Sat	43	9	0 15	morn	3 31
17	Sun	44	9	0 32	0 35	4 34
18	Mon	45	9	0 50	1 47	5 43
19	Tues	45	10	1 11	3 4	6 56
20	Wed	46	10	1 40	4 28	8 1
21	Thur	47	11	2 21	5 55	8 58
22	Fri	47	11	3 19	7 21	9 52
23	Sat	47	12	4 35	8 39	10 44
24	Christmas	48	12	6 4	9 39	11 35
25	Mon	48	13	7 27	10 22	aft 21
26	Tues	48	14	8 51	10 52	1 6
27	Wed	48	15	10 9	11 14	1 49
28	Thur	48	15	11 19	11 31	2 34
29	Fri	49	16	morn	11 50	3 24
30	Sat	49	17	0 31	aft 5	4 21
31	Sun	7 49	4 18	1 39	0 20	5 29

A SIMPLE WAY TO HELP POOR CATHOLIC MISSIONS.

Save all cancelled postage stamps of every kind and country and send them to Rev. E. H. Barrel, Hammonton, New Jersey, U. S. Give us care your address, and you will receive with the necessary explanation a nice Souvenir of Hammonton Missions.

mar 15, 1893—1yr.

North British and Mercantile FIRE AND LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY

—OF—

EDINBURGH AND LONDON.

ESTABLISHED 1809.

Total Assets, 1891, - - $60,032,727.

TRANSACTS every description of Fire and Life Business on the most favorable terms.

This Company has been well and favorably known for its prompt payment of losses in this Island during the past thirty years.

FRED. W. HYNDMAN, Agent

Stamper's Block, Upstairs, Victoria Row, Charlottetown, P. E. I.

Jan. 21, 1893.—1y

Dr. T. C. Robins,

SURGEON DENTIST.

OFFICE:—Prince Street, Opposite St. Paul's Church Charlottetown, P. E. Island. mar 1st 93.

LET THE

HERALD PROCLAIM

we have just had made up a large assortment of

HEAVY,

SOLID

PLAIN GOLD

WEDDING RINGS.

E. W. TAYLOR,

Cameron Block

Farm for Sale.

50 Acres of Land on Monaghan Road, Lot 36.

THE undersigned offers for sale that farm of 50 acres, fronting on the east side of the Monaghan Road, Lot 36, lying between the farms of John McKenzie and Patrick McCarron, and formerly owned by Thomas Dennis.

There are about thirty acres clear. A good title and immediate possession given. For full particulars apply at the office of

DAVIES & HAZARD, Solicitors, &c., Charlottetown

June 14.—tf

COAL! COAL!

LOADING AND TO ARRIVE

3,000 Tons Coal.

Old Sydney Round and Slack,
Victoria Round and Slack,
Acadia Round and Nut,
Intercolonial Nut,
Vale Nut,

All of which will be sold at the Lowest Prices.

C. Lyons.

Charlottetown, Oct. 11, 1893

WEEKS' For all Kinds of Goods.

WE BUY FOR CASH,
WE SELL FOR CASH.
BUY ALL YOUR DRY GOODS FROM US.

Buy your Mantles from Weeks,
Buy you Jackets from Weeks.
Buy your Furs from Weeks.

Dress Goods at 10 cents per yard, worth 15 cents.
Dress Goods at 15 cents per yard, worth 22 cents.
Dress Goods at 20 cents per yard, worth 33 cents.
This sale of Dress Goods till all is done.

ASTRAKAN JACKETS.

The sale for Astrakan Jackets has commenced. Sales daily.
Our Astrakan Jackets are the best.
Our Astrakan Jackets are the cheapest in Charlottetown.

Try us for Collars, Muffs, Tippets, etc.

W. A. WEEKS & CO.,

WHOLESALE & RETAIL.

Local and Special News

Minard's Liniment for Rheumatism.

K. D. C. restores the stomach to healthy action.

Minard's Liniment is the Best.

Millions of butterflies are eaten every year by the Australian aboriginies.

Minard's Liniment is used by Physicians

A MUSICAL VOICE

The nasal twang produced by Catarrh gives a disagreeable sound to the voice. But catarrh is also accompanied by even more unpleasant results such as offensive breath, headache nausea, deafness, etc. Sufferers from Catarrh will find in Hawker's Catarrh Cure a perfect and positive cure, restoring the organs to their natural healthy condition and removing all disagreeable symptoms. Sold every where. Only 25 cents.

If you would convince a person of his mistake, accost him not upon that subject when his spirit is ruffled.

Minard's Liniment, Lumberman's Friend

AT HOME AND ABROAD.

Physicians' travellers, pioneers, settlers' invalids, and all classes of people of every degree, testify to the medicinal and tonic virtues or Burdock Blood Bitters, the most popular and effective medicine in extant. It cures all diseases of the stomach, liver, bowels and blood.

Keep your heart by feeling for others, and your powers active by work done in earnest.

FOR SEVERE COLDS.

Gentlemen,—I had a severe cold, for which I took Dr. Wood's Norway Pine Syrup. I find it an excellent remedy, giving prompt relief and pleasant to take.

J. Paynter, Huntsville, Ont.

Her adorer—May I marry your daughter? Her father (dejectedly)—I don't know. Ask the cook; she runs the house.

THE MOST EXCELLENT REMEDY.

Dear Sirs.—I have suffered greatly from constipation and indigestion, but by the use of B. B. B., I am now retored to health. I cannot praise Burdock Blood Bitters too highly; it is the most excellent remedy I ever used.

Miss Agnes J. Lafoun, Hagersville, Ont.

The Moors of Arabia and Sphin were the first to display colored globes in drug store windows.

BEYOND DISPUTE.

There is no better, safer or more pleasant cough remedy made than Hagyard's Pectoral Balsam. It cures hoarseness, sore throat, coughs, colds, bronchitis, and all throat and lung troubles.

The flea is covered with armored plates, very hard, and overlapping each other. Each is set with spikes and bends in conformity with the movement of the body.

DO YOU COUGH? Hawkes's Tolu and Wild Cherry Balsam is a sure Cough cure.

I was cured of rheumatic gout by MINARD'S LINIMENT.

Andrew King, Halifax.

I was cured of acute Bronchitus by MINARD'S LINIMENT.

Lt-Col. C. Crewe Read, Sussex.

I was cured of acute rheumatism by MINARD'S LINIMNET.

C. S. Billing, Marham, Ont.

The coal dealer's victims find him lying in weight for them once more.

FOR BOILS AND SKIN DISEASES;

Dear Sirs.—I have been using B. B. B. for boils and skin diseases, and I find it very good as a cure. As a dyspepsia cure I have also found it unequalled.

Mrs. Sarah Hamilton, Montreal, Quebec.

DEAFNESS CURED.

Gentlemen.—For a number of years I suffered from deafness, and last winter I could scarcely hear at all. I applied Hagyard's Yellow Oil and I can hear as well as anyone now.

Mrs. Tuttle Cook, Weymouth, N. S.

As soon as two people begin to think alike they disagree.

Amongst the recent conversions in London to the Catholic Church, says the Liverpool Catholic times, is that of Mr. Scott Allen, a gentleman well known in Irish circles in the metropolis. He, at one time, filled the post of Deputy Grand Master of an orange lodge in Belfast. Another recent conversion is that of a Russian lady engaged in journalistic work in London. She owes her conversion to the lectures to non-Catholics organized last year by Cardinal Vaughan.

J. J. JOHNSTON,

BARRISTER, SOLICITOR

NOTARY PUBLIC, &C.,

INSURANCE AGENT—REAL ESTATE AGENT

Stamper Block, Victoria Row

Charlottetown, P. E. Island

REPRESENTING

McKillop's Legal and Commercial Record, The American Bank Reporter & Attorney List, Ontario Mutual Life Assurance Co, etc, etc

Money to Loan. Money Invested.

Sept. 6, 1893—1y

S. S. "ELLIOTT"

—FOR—

Barbadoes and Trinidad

CALLING AT

BERMUDA.

THE New Steamship "ELLIOTT" classed A 1, English Lloyds, Angus Brown, Master, will sail for above ports about 1st December and will carry produce, horses and other stock at reasonable rates of freight.

Apply to

R. McMILLAN.

nov 22.

THE SITUATION DISCUSSED

By the Candidates and Others on Both Sides.

ROUSING MEETINGS EVERYWHERE—GREAT RECEPTIONS ACCORDED THE LIBERAL-CONSERVATIVE CANDIDATES—THE PEOPLE ALIVE TO THE NECESSITY OF A CHANGE.

MEETING AT SOURIS.

A large and representative meeting was held at Souris Wednesday night. The grits took advantage of having their Returning Officer, D. McInnes, appointed to the chair, and Mr. McPhee was made Secretary.

The Conservatives had their own way with the meeting, and everything was in their favor. The meeting is considered to have been one of the strongest Conservative meetings ever held in the District.

The great surprise of the meeting was when the Hon. J. R. McLean made an attempt to defend the acts of the Peters Government. He failed in every effort to uphold the actions of his Government, and his attempt to excuse his own department made the sensation of the hour. When charged with the Morell Bridge contract and many other such shady transactions he had nothing to say.

Mr. Morson distinguished himself by carrying everything before him. He showed himself to be an able and fluent speaker. He made it pretty plain to the electors that the Peters' Government was the most extravagant, tyrannical and corrupt government that ever held power in this Province. He nailed his opponents on every point, and was loudly cheered. His election is more than assured.

Mr. Robertson, who next spoke, was asked to give an account of the $806 that Peters and Kickham failed to give an account of in the statement for the sale of debentures. But on this point he had no answer to give, nor did he make any attempt to explain the matter.

Mr. John Kickham made a very practical speech, and showed his opponents how strong he was on his points. He was able to make some telling shots and he received a grand welcome from the farmers of the district.

Mr. Currie's nice little speech was most unmercifully rubbed out by John McLean, M. P., who followed him. No comment is necessary. Mr. McLean was at his best. He exposed the feeble attempts to defend the Peters Government, and left not a shred of Mr. Currie's speech to be remembered

CARDIGAN BRIDGE MEETING.

Notwithstanding the very wet night, the new hall at Cardigan Bridge was filled with a highly intelligent audience on Tuesday night, to hear the political questions of the day discussed by the candidates for Cardigan District and others.

W. P. Lewis, Esq., was appointed chairman and the undersigned secretary.

Hon. Mr. Gordon was called by the chairman to address the meeting, and delivered a polished and effective speech on the local political issues now before the people. He showed that during the last three years measures had been forced through the House of Assembly that the people did not ask for, and would condemn. Never in his long experience as a legislator had such scenes been enacted as during the session of 1891, when the government locked the doors of parliament, and by the aid of a majority of one vote, had changed the constitution of the country, gerrymandered King's County, disfranchising an intelligent body of electors and taken from the young men of the Province the privilege they enjoyed of polling two votes for the representatives that controlled the finances of the country. This he considered one of the gravest acts of tyranny ever perpetrated in the legislature of a British Colony, and the men who were responsible for doing so should meet with severe condemnation from every elector who had the spirit of British fair-play in him. Great as were the financial questions to be discussed at the present time, yet even more important was the question of preserving the rights and liberties of the people. The principle "once a voter always a voter" had been violated by the Peters government, and he believed the electors of the Province would not approve of their acts.

Hon. Thomas Kickham spoke on behalf of the Government and apologized for his inability to discuss the questions of the day with Mr. Shaw, who, he said, was one of the ablest debators in King's County, if not best in the Island. He said that the decreasing revenue of the Province prevented the people having the same number of representatives as formerly, and contented that no injustice had been done to the young men. He referred to the actions of the late Government and thereby justified the doings of the present administration. He charged the late Government with making false promises to the people, and warned the electors against believing those who were trying to pull the wool over their eyes. The late Government received windfalls and drew from capital; but the roads and bridges were neglected. The present Government were condemned for spending money on Public Works, but the people got more benefit from this expenditure than they did from the consolidation of the laws that cost $10,000 or $12,000 under the late Government. He contended that the redistribution of King's County was supported by the Opposition who admitted that Georgetown district had over representation. Referring to the $806 unaccounted for in the sale of debentures, he said he never received one dollar on that account; but even if Mr. Peters and himself had been paid that sum, it would be no more than about ½ per cent. of the transaction. He thought that they had as much right to get paid as Mr. Ferguson, who had been paid for delegations to England and Ottawa. He claimed credit for amalgamating the two branches of the Legislature, whereby $6000 a year could be saved; and pointed out that they had secured a pre-eminency for the property-holders. He asked the electors to vote for his colleague and himself, because they supported the Government.

Mr. Shaw followed Mr. Kickham, and for about an hour and a half held the undivided attention of the audience in a vigorous attack on the Peters administration. As his principal points were similar to those made at the Dundas meeting, it is unnecessary to repeat them.

Mal. McDonald, Esq., spoke briefly in support of the Government, ending by saying that he would support no party that would legislate against the interests of the farmers.

James E. Macdonald, Esq., pointed out that the financial situation of the Province was one of grave importance, and that the Government should devise means to make revenue and expenditure meet, so as to put an end to the deficits that were adding to the debt of the country. From the reckless manner in which money was being spent this year, a very large addition would be made to the liabilities of the Province; and it was time that this system should be discontinued. He would, with his colleague (Mr. Shaw), be prepared to support such measures as would supplement the revenue in a fair and equitable manner, so that after the most rigid system of economy had been adopted in the public expenditures, the revenue and expenditure would be equalized.

Mr. Coughan spoke on behalf of the Government, and Mr. E. H. Norton told the people to vote for the best men. He said both parties had gone on adding to the debt of the Province, and it was time that system was stopped. We should consider how the debt was to be paid, and vote for the men who would see this was done. He thought Messrs. Mal McLeod and Kickham would be the best men to elect.

Mr. J. G. Sclimgeour was called on to speak, but declined.

Hon. Alfred J. McDonald spoke in favor of the opposition, and made an excellent address, showing how the Government had misgoverned the Province since their advent to power.

Mr. Sigsworth, of Cardigan, spoke for the Government, and was followed by Mr. Geo. E. Goff, who delivered a carefully considered arraignment of the Peters government, especially referring to the fact that the Sheriffs had been bound to appoint only supporters of the government to take the votes of electors. This, said Mr. Goff, shows that they can have little confidence in either the sheriff or the electors. He believed the majority of the people would vote against the government. Mr. Elijah McKay defended the contract for the Morell floating bridge and made a very fair attempt to defend the government.

Messrs. Gordon and Macdonald both refuted some assertions made by Mr. Sigsworth, and showed that his statements were incorrect.

On motion of Mr. Michael Flinn, of St. Peters' Road, Lot 63, seconded by Mr. Alfred Gordon, of Rose neath, Cyrus Shaw, Esq., was proposed as Liberal Conservative candidate for the Assembly.

On motion of Mr. Michael Bolden of Glenfanning, seconded by Mr. Donald McLeod, of Lorne Valley, James E. Macdonald, Esq., was proposed as a candidate for the property holders. Both nominations were enthusiastically supported.

Mr. James Dwyar, seconded by Mr. Daniel Sigsworth, proposed Messrs. Kickham and Mal McDonald as candidates in the Government interest. This nomination was put to the meeting and supported by the Liberals present. A vote of thanks was given the chairman, and the largest meeting ever held in Cardigan dispersed.

GEO. F. OWEN, Secretary.

Cardigan Bridge, Nov. 29, 1893.

MOUNT ALBION MEETING.

The meeting held Wednesday night at Mount Albion was one of the largest and most enthusiastic ever held there. It was a general meeting of the electors for miles about. Mr. Peters opened the meeting in a tame speech in defence of the Goverment. He was followed by Messrs. Blake, Stewart and Cummiskey. The oppositinn candidates made a great impression, and were loudly cheered Mr. Cummiskey spoke for only twelve minutes. To the charges made by Blake and Stewart Mr. Peters made no reply. The meetfng was largely in favor of the Opposition candidates.

England and Italy.

ROME, November 24.—Sig. Vecheri, an eminent writer on maritime subjects, has published a notable pamphlet entitled: "The Danger upon the Sea." In it he declares that Italy cannot rely upon England's intervention for her in a European war. England realizes too well, he thinks, the disaster which a naval war would bring to her commercial interests to give up the advantages of neutrality and close the markets of continental powers to her steel and coal. Vecheri believes that in the event of war between Italy and France the German fleet would remain in the Baltic. The Italian and Austrian fleets, however, would not suffice to defend the Italy shore; therefore it would be better to reduce expenditure for the army and increase the navy, at the same time establishing a great naval station at Trapani, on the west coast of Sicily. Vecheria's pamphlet has made a considerable stir as it is believed to have been inspired from high quarters.

WHO MAY VOTE.

For the information of our readers, we publish below the qualifications of voters for members to serve in the new House of Assembly. Electors should see that they have in their possession, statute labor or commutation money receipts, so that they will be quite prepared to exhibit them on going to the polls.

The qualifications of voters for a Councillor to serve in the Legislative Assembly are in substance as follows:—

Every voter must be a male person of the age of twenty-one years, a British Subject not subject to any legal incapacity, and must own real estate of a freehold or leasehold tenure of the value of three hundred and twenty-five dollars or must own land partly freehold and partly leasehold, amounting together to the value of three hundred and twenty-five dollars, and must have owned or been in possession of the same for a period of at least six months previous to the teste of the writ of election.

A mortgagor or *c'estui qui* trust in actual possession by himself or his tenant is an owner within the above.

The qualifications of voters for an Assembly man to serve in the Legislative Assembly are in substance as follows:—

Every voter must be a male person of the age of twenty-one years, a British subject not subject to any legal incapacity, and must in addition be entitled to one or more of the following qualifications.

First, for a town and royalty (excepting Princetown and Royalty) must, six months previous to the teste of writ have owned a freehold estate consisting of one whole water, common, town or pasture lot of the clear yearly value of six dollars, or a freehold estate of the clear yearly value of six dollars, consisting of a dwelling house, warehouse, shop or other building, or of a farm or piece of land; or must be in the *bona fide* use and occupation or actual possession of any dwelling house, warehouse, shop or other building, or any farm or piece of land of the clear yearly value of six dollars, the qualification to be within the town, common or royalty, save and except as aforessaid; or who shall be an occupier of eight acres of the reserved land as regards a vote for Georgetown.

Second, for an electoral district must for six months previous to the teste of the writ have owned a freehold estate of the clear yearly value of six dollars, consisting of a warehouse, shop or other building, or any farm or piece of land; or must be in the *bona fide* use and occupation or actual possession of any such last mentioned premises.

Third, for either town or electoral district the performance of statute labor, or the payment of the commutation money for the last year, the same shall have become due next before the day of holding the said election together with the overseer's certificate, and a twelve months' residence in the electoral division, or holding situation exempting from statute labor by statue.

Fourth, for the City of Charlottetown and the Town of Summerside, who shall have paid Provincial poll tax to the amount of seventy-five cents, for the year preceding the teste of the writ of election, and a twelve months' residence in the electoral division.

Fifth, every mortgagor or *c'estui qui* trust in actual possession by himself or his tenant for six months previous to the teste of the writ, of real estate of the clear yearly value of six dollars, dower land set off, and reduced into possession and value of six dollars per year.

The clear yearly value as aforesaid to be estimated by the annual value of the buildings, or by the value of the agricultural and other produce yielded by the land.

The Manchester Ship Canal.

One of the most gigantic undertakings of recent times in the science of engineering will be completed on January 1, 1894, when the Manchester ship canal, which practically brings England's famous manufacturing town to the seaboard, is opened for use. It is 35½ miles long, cost $75,000,000 and has been constructed in the face of tremendous opposition on the part of the railways and the docks interests of Liverpool, and great natural difficulties. The project was first definitely proposed in 1882, when engineers were asked to prepare plans, and a committee of Manchester citizens began a preliminary fight with the railway and dock interests mentioned, which was only ended after the expenditure of $2,000,000 and three years' time. The plan was approved of in 1885 and in 1887 a contractor, Thomas Walker, started actual work. One of the historical features of the enterprise was the remarkable accomplishment of Thos. Walker in the organization and prosecution of the work. He set over 10,000 men at work, building villages, with missions and chapels for their accommodation. He gathered a plant of 100 dredges, steam shovels and excavators, 150 locomotives, 6,500 cars and numerous other appliances, at a cost of over $5,000,000. After he had completed this organization, and was about to push the work with characteristic vigor, he was taken sick and died, but the project was well launched.

The canal starts from a point on the estuary of the Mersey, six miles above Liverpool. The difference in water level between the docks at the Mersey and those at Manchester is 60½ feet, which is overcome by four sets of locks the largest of which measures 60x30 feet. The total amount of excavation has been 46,000,000 cubic yards. The deepest cut is 66 feet. Engineering features of the work, chiefly remarkable for magnitude, are the miles of concrete walls, the great lock gates, the culverts for intersecting rivers, the provision for the escape of surplus water, and particularly a swinging aqueduct for the intersecting Bridgewater canal. Practically, the canal is one long dock, and it is estimated that one-fifth of the population of England is nearer to it than any other ocean port.

The effect of the enterprise will be far-reaching and tremendous. Already the town of Saltport has risen on the canal, and its brief history reads like that of a western boom city. Eighteen months ago it did not exist even in name, and now vessels constantly arrive from American and European ports, and regular lines of steamers sail to London and Glasgow. The canal was constructed to avoid the railway haul to Liverpool, where there are 490 acres of docks largely occupied by Manchester trade.—Ex.

Highest of all in Leavening Power.—Latest U. S. Gov't Report.

Royal Baking Powder

ABSOLUTELY PURE

St. Andrew's Celebration's.

AT ST. DUNSTAN'S COLLEGE.

The feast of Scotland's Patron Saint was celebrated by the students of St. Dunstan's College with one of the best musical and literary entertainments that has been given in the institution for some time past. The instrumental music was excellent, especially the selections by the Orchestra and Band, while the chorus singing had a smoothness and harmony about it that betokened careful preparation. This was not to be wondered at when we reflect that the coaching in this department was performed by Father McDougall, than whom as an organizer and a developer of latent musical ability very few excel.

The College Hall was crowded with the friends of the pupils and of the institution when the opening selection by the Band commenced at 8 o'clock. The programme, which was as follows, was carried through with the utmost precision

Overture.....Band
Declamation—"Execution of Montrose".....L. McDonald
Quartette Chorus—"Auld Lang Syne".....Glee Club
Address.....J. C. McKinnon
Piano Solo.....J. F. Gallant
Vocal Solo—"Scottish Emigrant's Farewell".....J. A. Ready
Short Comedy—"The Bachelor's Escape from *Mrs.* Shoddy."
Solo and Chorus—"Signal Bells at Sea".....Glee Club
Declamation—"Edinburgh After Flodden".....P. D. McGuigan
Comic Song.....J. F. Gallant
Selections.....Orchestra
Humorous Reading.....G. Gaudet
Vocal Solo—"Jessie's Dream".....A. A. McDonald
Grand Chorus—"Glory and Love to the Men of Old".....Glee Club
God Save the Queen.

Every number on the list was well rendered, but the declamations of Messrs. McDonald and *McGuigan*, Mr. McKinnon's address, the acting of the characters in the comedy, Mr. Gaudet's reading and the grand chorus with piano violin and cornet obligato, deserve special mention. That the audience thoroughly enjoyed themselves was evidenced by their liberal punctuations of applause upon the rendition of each number and the manner in which their risibilities were affected from time to time. At the close of the entertainment their pleasurable state and their indebtedness to the students for the grand treat afforded were happily expressed and tendered the boys by Chief Justice Sullivan and Senator McDonald.

Among those present we noticed His Lordship Bishop McDonald, the Cathedral clergy and a number of other prominent citizens.

Judging by the success which attended the musical debut of the students of the scholastic year 93-94, the friends of the institution may expect during the year many occasions similar to the enjoyable one which commemorated the festival of Auld Scotia's Patron Saint.

The students also held their annual banquet in honor of the occasion, at which toast, speech and merry making was the order of the day. Rev. A. J. McDougall presided. The toast list and the names of the responders was as follows:

The Day we Celebrate—Rev. T. R. A. Macdonald.

The Clergy—Rev. Dr. Morrison.

Sister Societies—Peter Walsh and J. F. Gallant.

Scotchmen Abroad—E. McEachern and J. C. Macdonald.

Canada—Robert Emmet Hughes.

St. Dunstan's College—J. E. O'Brien.

United States—John Bryanton.

AT THE CALEDONIAN CLUB ROOMS.

The sons of the Heather gathered in the rooms of the Caledonian Club, Thursday night, to celebrate the festival of their patron, St. Andrew, with a supper. The rooms were artistically decorated for the occasion. The plaid drapings of the hall and the tartans of the clansmen served to draw the thoughts of the assemblage from the place in which they were and suggested to their minds the scenes of other days "far awa in Bonnie Scotland."

Among those present were the Chief of the Club, Hon. Senator Macdonald; President David Small, Vice-Presidents Joseph B. Macdonald and Charles Webster, Treasurer John McEachern, Secretaries John McPhee, J. M. Campbell and John McSwain; Rev. D. Sutherland, Rev. T. F. Fullerton, James Paton, J. A. McLaren, John S McDonald, James McIsaac, W D Small, John T McKenzie, Alex. McKinnon, Stanislaus Blanchard, John Ross, Hugh McInnis, of the Examiner; A Mellish, Guardian; R E Moran, HERALD.

The President, David Small, occupied his seat at the head of the table having at his right hand Senator A A Macdonald and at his left Rev. D Sutherland. Mr. J B McDonald occupied the vice chair. After justice had been done to the repast, speech making and singing was the order of the day. The following toasts were responded to by the several gentlemen named:

The Queen.
God Save the Queen.
The Day and all Who Honor It—Rev. D. Sutherland.
The Governor General—Senator McDonald.
Song—Jack O'Hazeldene — Mr. William McKay.
The Lieut. Governor—Mr. Alex. McKinnon.
The Land of the Heather—Rev. T. F. Fullerton.
Song—"Get up an' bar the Door" Mr. *McGlashen*.
Parliament of Canada—Senator Macdonald.
Local Legislature—Mr. James Paton.
Naval and Military Forces—Mr. Arthur Mellish.
Song — "Robbin Thompson's Smiddy—Mr. Wm. McKay.
Sister Societies—Mr. James McIsaac.
Bench and Bar—Mr. J. S. Macdonald.
The Press—Messrs McInnis and Moran.
Islanders Abroad—Mr. James McIsaac.
The Ladies—Mr. W. D. Small.
Song—"Jessie's Dream"—Mr John Ross.
Our Absent Brethren.
Song—"Auld Lang Syne."

The speeches were eloquent and humorous and the songs excellent. The supper concluded shortly after midnight when the clansmen and their friends retired, after having passed one of the most enjoyable St. Andrew's nights they have had since the formation of the Club.

Perhaps you have never heard of K. D. C. Many dyspeptics have heard of it, tried it, and have been cured by it. It will cure you too. Try it, K. D.C. Company Ltd, New Glasgow, N. S. Canada.

Donahoe's for December.

The Christmas numbers of the American magazines are, as a whole, splendid representations of the highest American culture. Prepared by hands, seemingly prodigal of money and effort, they are really magnificent exponents of the literary and art life of the nation. The year just closing, though slow in almost every other line of American enterprise, has recorded strides little less than wonderful in magazine making. Magazines are no longer for the few. Their advantages are open to all. First comes the newspaper, then the magazine, each reaching for either hand of the thinking, ambitious American to lead him into the new ways of opportunity, of work and of success. Within the year, a new force in the form of the new DONAHOE'S MAGAZINE has come into the periodical field. It is worthy of note because of its purpose as well as its success. While aiming especially at Catholic patronage, it is as broad as the broadest, and as truly American as any. It has really done great work this year for the Catholics in America, and as the field is unlimited, its propects are unrivalled. A magazine true to Catholics and always fair to Protestants has surely a great work to do in wiping out misunderstandings. The Christmas number now out, which closes the first year of Donahoe's under the new management, ranks with the best of its contemporaries, regarded from an artistic, literary or humanitarian view point. The course of Donahoe's in doing the work it has set out to do is worth watching. Its first year is surely a success.

The stout man was made by K. D. C. He was lean, lank, gloomy and dyspeptic. You see him now cheerful, happy, contented and stout. Do you envy him? You can be like him. Use K. D. C.

A LADY AT THE HELM.

The Springhill, N. S. News is out in a new and attractive form as an eight page paper, a great improvement on its former appearance and general make-up. The News makes the following interesting announcement: "Arrangements have just been completed whereby the News will in future be conducted solely by Miss Mary Robbins, a young lady of decided literary ability, whose brillant and very original contributions to several leading Canadian papers have been highly praised. All letters and communications intended for publication must in future be addressed to Miss Robbins, and nothing will appear unless sanctioned by her. The young lady will make her bow to the public in the next issue of the News."

These burdens of life, palpitation of the heart, nervousness, headache, and gloomy forebodings, will quickly disappear if you use K. D. C. The Greatest Cure of the Age.