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## Stroll No. 7.

Six o'clock has come again. Our day s work is finished. We hurriedly brush off the outer man and replenish the inner, then put our beast before the wagon and start out for a breath of fresh country air and a hearty shake hands of the many intellgent farmers ound in the vicinity of Farmersville. Taking a run across the country in the frout of of Addison, we reined up in from of the residence of Mr.C. Stowell. Knowing Mr. Stowell to be one of the pportunity eelbe cheese factory, the opportunity seemed to us of a nitting ne to insect W while the milking was bing an There were drewn wp in ling done very fine animals in the pink of con dition. Mr. Stowell evidently has eye for the bequtiful, for we never a finer looking lot of cows than şa possesses. indicates refine complete outfit also rlligence. The taste and superior in well-covered open shed having in a lust floor, which is kept scrupulously clean. By on ingenious contrivanly clean. By an ingemous contrivance that the milliman does not shed so time chasing the cow while he is milk ing. typical farmer of this part of the province, we proceeded to obtain from him some valuable information regarding his method of exacting tribute from mother earth.

Mr. Stowell's farm consists of 170 acres. He grows grass and hayprincipally. No grain is grown to sell, only pasturage becomes scarce the cows are fed bran. Sometimes cornstelks or millet are substituted for bran. It is not unusual for him to feed from three to four tons of bran durtng the summer season. In his opinion cheese making is the most profitable kind of labor the farmer ever engaged in Mortgages are yearly becoming scarcer since the advent of the cheese-factory Mr. Stowell informed us that his twenty cows would give over $\$ 700$ worth of milk this season. This is sufficient to show the great profits realized by the farmers. No "calves are raised here. It is found more profitable to buy cows than raise stock. This we deem the greatest weakness in this system of farming. We were told that stock had nearly doubled in value during the last four or five years. The
question in our mind was how long
will it be before Mr . Stowell will find it profitable to raise stock.
On looking over the farm we found the same thrift and neatness carried into every part of it. No noxious weeds were to be found, and this was something truly astonishing. And stranger still every field was devoid of stones. Only those who are, or have
been, farmers can corectly estimate the amount of labor necessary to put a farm into the excellent condition here described.
The trim rows ot trees in front of and around the house, the neat and tidy farm house securely sheltered in heir midst, the grass-covered lawns and gravel walks all mdicate the esthetic bent of mind of the occupants. Mr. Stowell, we believe, is tilling the farm on which he was born. His father, when a young man, left his
home near Boston, and came to Canhome near Boston, and came to Can-
ada. He taught school for a number of years and finally settled on the farm ow owned by the subject of our sketch
The shade of "Miles Standish, the aptain of Plymouth," rose up. before us as we looked into the kind and genial face of our friend, and as we recalled to our mind the well-known ines:
"Short of statue he was, but strongly built
and athletic, broad in the shoulders, deep-
chested, with museles and sinews anestathertic, broad in the shoulders, deep-
cheste with museles and sinews of iron.
Brown as a nut was his face, but his russet
beard was already flated with athe shedras already flaked with pat
Our fancy wandered far bek "to old colony wandered far back to "the old colony days," and we saw the gal ant Mayflower rocking idly at rest in Boston harbor, and Plymouth Rock crowded with those who left their native country for conscience sake to eek a home in the wilds of New Eng Truly, thought we, as we drove of from the home of our host, times are hanged since then, but the face of man remains the same. The same lie good glows on the countenance of he good man and true, as lit up the aces of the Pigrim Fathers when-cas weary and worn on the friendly shore the New World.

## Half an Hour in

 Hotel.The day is Saturday, the time 6:30 p. m , the place m front of a hotel. dreaded seven o'clock approaches. The "bar" will be closed in a few minutes, Man's right to make a brast of himself will then be taken from him until the following Monday morning. The hotel-keeper will be denied the privilege of taking from the debased laborer the money that should keep hunger from the door of his squallid home. The vendor of liquors is gruff ond the thirsty inebriate furious. To quit work at six and stop drinking at seven appears to him cruel in the extreme, but he trudges home nevertheless, muttering imprecations against the Scott Act agitators and all those who attempt to rob man of his liberty to ruin himself
and bring disgrace upon his family The children are out in the yard play ing as the father comes up to the little rickety gate. His appearance at once excites their attention. The younger ones are at a loss to account for the change, but the eldest, a bright little girl of ten summers, divines the cause at once, and rushes into the house exclaming: " $\mathrm{O}, \mathrm{ma}$ ! Pa's come home sober to-night!" The gleam of joy that lit up the poor, broken-hearted weman's face might have made angels eeep. Would she not pray for the sucCess of the temperance mo
There is no doubt about that.
As we stood gazing upon the turbuent crowd, an old man of majestic bearing came to the front. "Upon his brow command sat throned serene," but it was only the ghost of his furmer self, for intemperance had made deadily ravages upon his once brilliant intellect and now the beams of cultivated in-
telligence struggled fitfully through'the telligence struggled fitfully through the mental vision.
This person we learned to be one of the champions of the anti-Scott Act party, and that he was now to deliver
the opening ode of the 'iampaign. For want of a better platform a huge whisky barrel was placed in proper position and the "speaker of the evening mounted this. rostrum and de"Bless me what a noise is made
Abless me whata noise is made
One cannot brew or buy or sell
Out pull or touch a tap-roone bell,
But some kind friend he news do
And thunders rolla the news doth spread,
s loud you'd think. any your head, to,
han cannons roared at Waterioo.
Men sprungns up of low ly station,
Men of tap-ronm education
Mount the platform, shout and sing.
And call good ale the accursed thing


Nays railing is their loading feature.
Had Ithe ower as I ve the will;
ad Ine tulent or the skill And teach the rascals better manners,
Than thun to spread their lowly notions, To strive to robu us of our potions.
otions drunk by priesus and kings, Potions drunk by priests and kings,
Upheld by Escualanian wing
Blessed liquors which our thirst assu Slessed liguors which our thirst
Defended by the siored page,
Drunk by the best of men,
Dupported by aest
 The prophet went with wine ein hannd;
Can that bee wrong whiek Dis Dinet
Twas God himself said wive them win St. Paul a very pretty pistle them wed,
ts beauty baftes all descript
 treems he understood the case,
And wished all things to have their place.
Drink water! Ay, when times lead, Hink water! Ay, when times lead,
But wine those who wine may need,
Water eried he, drink it nol Wut wipe to those who wine may nee
Vater eried he drink itnolonger.
But wine which makes the bog But wine which makes the body stronger."
At this stage of the oration the speaker gesticutated so furiously and of the with such force that the end ave way, so that he was precipitated rom our view, and the speech brought to an abrupt termination, but from the depths of the puncheon resounded ere we departed,
We then mater foolish cry shall cease,
e then may take our glass in pence." 0
Wheu their cry shall cease intemperance will no longer curse this fair earth. How long before that time will come we cannot say; butcome it surely will, and for its speedy advent we all look forward with feelings of ummix pleasure and hope.
alnti-Scott act Nreeting.
Yesterday evening the opera hous of Brockville was densely packed by respectable and attentive audience to hear a discussion on the merits al defects of the Scott Act. Althous Scott Act party called by the Ant most careless observer that it was reality a Scott Act audience. At 8:1 o'clock Mr. E. King Dodds and in satellites entered the hall. The cheer: that greeted them were so faint hearted and fitful that any enthusiasm in fave of the Anti-Scott men at once became hopeless.
Mr. John McMullen took the chat without any preliminaries, and osten tatiously announced his intention giving both sides a hearing; which, justice to the gentleman, we are hap to say, that he did without fear, fave or partiality.
Mr. Bell, of Dundas, then addressel the meeting for half an hour. He at tempted to show that the Scott Act does not promote temperance, alid temperance man. The Act had provei failure man. The Act had proved years in force in Halton and still liquit was sold in large quantities througil the druggists. The Act was all wrong in principle and worse in practice, for the drinking habits of the people wers worse under prohibition than under license law. The failure of prohibition in various parts of the Americais union proved that it would be a failure in Ontario. The Act would stop the salle of beer to a great extent, but tha' beverage would be replaced by tich more injurious drinhing of ardes spirits. More people become dru now in Halton than before the passa; nd does the Act ruins busin and does not stop drinking. speaker would do his best to defeat $t$ Act because he believed it injurious the best interests of the country. pposed the Act conscientiously. Mr. Bell spoke with apparent ear! estness, though we fail to understan! how a person as intelligent as he ap sophistries for sclid and convinci arguments.
The Rev. Mr. Railey, of Aultavill was next called upor to speak in fav of the Act. The revirend gentlema began by saying that ine was speakil paid agent of biewers. He held. so agg or brewers. He held county for liquor as much out of tl possibly be drunk as when they had onsibly be drunk as when they had Brockville sells more liquer saloon the druggists in Haiton. He atat that crime had decreased 75 stat in Halton during the tor per months, and that the number of for drunkenness proves nothins for ore the Act was passed dirmis. eldom or never arrested, but simce passsge every man found drunk or d oriderly was at once arrested.

