

THE MAIL AND ADVOCATE

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ALLIES PUSH THEIR ADVANCE RESOLUTELY

Are Pushing the Enemy Back All Along the Far Flung Line
BRITISH FORCES PUNISH GERMANS
French Armies Are Also Meeting With Decided Successes

London, Sept. 9.—The British Official Press Bureau has issued the following announcement to-night: "The general position continues satisfactory. The Allies are gaining ground on their left all along the line of the Ourcq and Petit Marais Rivers."
"The British have driven the enemy back ten miles."
"Fighting has been in progress further to the right along the line which include Montmirail and Sompuis, neither side gaining any advantage."
Push Enemy Back
"Further to the right again from Vitry le Francois to Sermazele le Bains, the enemy has been pressed back in the direction of Rheims."
"At Lunelville an attempt by the Germans to advance has been repulsed. The pressure against the enemy continues all along the Allied front."
"The British force was engaged all day but the enemy opposite to it, after a stubborn resistance, retired and is now crossing to the North of the Mayne."
More Successes
"The Fifth French Army has advanced with equal success and reports many captured. The Sixth French Army has been driven back. "The German army has suffered severely all along the whole line, the Allied advance having been resolutely pushed home."
"The British forces have again sustained some casualties but the number is small in relation to the nature of the fighting. The result of the two days operations up to the present is very satisfactory."

AUSTRALIA IS PLEASED

With Performance of the British Troops — "Makes Us Prouder of the Grand Old Flag"

Washington, Sept. 8.—Sir Edward Grey sent this message to the Embassy here to-day: "Government and people of Australia have telegraphed expressing their admiration of gallant manner in which British troops have acquitted themselves."
"Their splendid valor," the telegram concludes, "has made us feel prouder of the grand old flag."
The Governor-General of the Commonwealth telegraphed as follows, to the Colonial Office: "All ranks of the Commonwealth defense forces congratulate army and navy on their splendid achievements. Australia's force look forward to join their comrades in the field."

Messrs. Ayre & Sons had a cable yesterday that Miss Marjorie Ayre, Messrs. James Ayre, Peel, Horke and Fearn had left Liverpool by the Digby.

Russia's Kitchener Killed In Battle

London, Sept. 6.—General Sasonoff, the Russian commander, is believed to have been killed at the front. A despatch from Petrograd, says the new name of St. Petersburg, says he is "much mourned there."
It is added that he commanded an army corps in the Russo-Japanese war, and exerted throughout that conflict an inspiring influence similar to that of Lord Kitchener in Great Britain. He was until recently chief of the Russian Turkestan military district.

ALLIES MAKE PROGRESS, AND ARE PUSHING BACK THE GERMANS FROM PARIS

Have Checked the Advance of the Enemy and Now he is Retreating in Many Sections
BRITISH HAVE TAKEN UP THE OFFENSIVE
Allies Capture Numerous Prisoners Including Battalion of Infantry and Many Guns

Paris, Sept. 9.—The following official communication bearing on the fighting now in progress near the capital was made public to-day: "The left wing of the Allied armies, comprising certain portions of the forces now defending Paris, continues to make progress against the enemy."
French Advance
"The French advance reaches from the banks of the River Ourcq into the Montmirail region. Montmirail is about 48 miles East of Paris."
"The enemy is retiring in the direction of the River Marne between Meaux, 20 miles East of Paris and Sezanne, 42 miles East from Meaux."
"The French-English armies have taken numerous prisoners including a battalion of infantry and a company serving a detachment of rapid fire guns. They captured also many gun carriages."
Violent Encounters
"There have been violent encounters with the enemy in the centre between Fere Champenoise, 12 miles East of Sezanne, and Vitry Le Francois, the Southern part of the forest of Argonne."
"At no place have we fallen back but the enemy has lost ground."
"The reported retirement of the enemy near Vitry le Francois has been confirmed."
"On our right, a division of German troops delivered an attack at the Chateau Salanes Nancy but they were repulsed Northward passing the forest of Champagne."
No Change
"There has been no change in the situation in the Province of Alsace."
"Our English allies are continuing their offensive tactics in the direction of the Marne Heights, North of Sozanne."
"Our troops are progressing favorably, though laboriously on our right wing. The situation is good before Nancy and in the Vosges."
Severe Engagement
"A severe engagement has been fought in the centre with alternative advancing and falling back of the left wing."
"The German forces, their movement having taken them across the Petit Morin River with a view to protecting their communications, have made a violent, but unsuccessful attack on that part of our forces occupying the right bank of the River Ourcq."

ALLIES DO WELL ALL ALONG LINE

Paris, Sept. 8.—The following official statement was issued at 3 p.m.: "The allies are doing well all along the line."

'GERMANS SCOOT LIKE WILD GOATS'

So Says An Official Bulletin To St. Pierre, Giving News of the Successes of the Allies
St. Pierre, Sept. 8.—The following official bulletins were posted yesterday: "The Allies and a part of the Paris Army advancing rapidly have repulsed the Germans between Meaux and Sezanne. They have made many prisoners and captured many guns."
"In the centre the action violently pushed on continues between Fere Champenoise, Vitry le Francois and the South of the Argonne Mountains. The Germans in the centre lose a lot of ground."
Repulse Enemy
"The French right attacked by German cavalry at Axis Chateau Sallins and Nancy has repulsed the enemy towards the North and the French took back the positions of Saint Mandray and the Heights of Fourneaux."
"The German troops fall back all along the line. The French left wing is in constant progress."
"At the battle of Lemberg the Russians have made 70,000 prisoners and captured 300 cannons, besides in different engagements in Galicia they have captured 3 flags, 3 aeroplanes, 40 cannons and made 130 officers and 1,200 soldiers prisoners."
Austrians Routed
"The Austrian army is routed. The Russians have occupied Nicolaeff South of Lemberg, the Russian cavalry have taken the heights of the Carpathian Mountains."
"The second Austrian army of Galicia is falling back."
"Germans scooting like wild goats from Vitry Le Francois."
"The British have captured an entire German battalion."

HEARS AUSTRIAN EMPEROR IS SICK

Paris, Sept. 9.—The Excelsior publishes a report from Petrograd that Emperor Francis Joseph of Austria, has had a paralytic stroke, and that his condition is dangerous.

Masonic Club

The quarterly meeting of the Masonic Club takes place this evening.

RUSSIANS HAVE HEMMED IN AUSTRIAN ARMY OF 660,000 MEN

London, Sept. 8.—The combined French and British armies all along the line from Nanteuil and Le Houdouin to Verdun are curving southwards and continuing their advance and driving the German armies slowly back.
The extreme German right wing is now being attacked in the rear.
The Belgians, British and Russians are preparing to attack the German lines of communication in Belgium. The Russian army in East Prussia has begun its great march forward.
The Russian War Office announces that an Austrian army of 600,000 in Galicia and Southwest Russian Poland is in a precarious position with Russian troops on three sides and bogged down on the fourth.
The Austrians are preparing Vienna against a siege.

GERMANS STILL SOWING MINES

Using Fishing Boats, Decked With the Belgian Flag
London, Sept. 9.—German fishing boats decked with Belgian colors, according to a Reuter despatch from Ostend, have been sewing mines near Sandette lightship. In consequence of this the mail boat was unable to leave this morning.
Persons arriving at Ostend to-day report having seen German scouts near Bruges.

READ THE MAIL AND ADVOCATE

WILL DEFEND CITY OF PARIS 'TO THE END'

Paris, Sept. 6.—It is officially announced that General Gallieni, commander of the army defending the city, has issued the following proclamation to the inhabitants of Paris: "The members of the Government of the Republic have left Paris in order to give a new impetus to the defence of the nation."
"I have been ordered to defend Paris against the invader. This order I will fulfil to the end."
"(Sgd.) GALLIENI."
"Military Governor of Paris, commanding the army of Paris."

LLOYD GEORGE THINKS VICTORY WILL GO TO SIDE WITH MOST CASH

London, Sept. 9.—We want every penny we can raise to help to fight the enemy, said Lloyd-George, replying yesterday to a deputation from the municipalities which wanted treasury securing loans at cheap rates.
"We must come out triumphant in this struggle, continued the Chancellor, and as finance is going to play a very important part in it, we must husband our resources."
"We don't want a penny spent which is not absolutely essential to relieve distress."
"In my judgment a few hundred millions may win this war."

GERMAN TACTICS WERE DICTATED BY DESPERATION

Succeeded in Reaching their Objective at the City of Paris
BUT WERE TOO WEAK TO DO ANY MORE
And so Swung Away off from Its Defences At a Tangent
London, Sept. 8.—A despatch to-day to The Daily Mail from Nantes, 30 miles Northwest of Paris, says: "The battle of Creil fought on Wednesday and ensuing days was intended to mask a new German attempt to break through the line of the French forces ranged Northeastward through Rheims."
"I was witness of a continual pouring Eastward and Northwards of reinforcements to build up and strength on the rampart of the Allies that was to check the German torrent."
"It became clear, I suppose, to the German General Staff that just when they were within reach of their objective, Paris, the strength opposed to theirs was more than their fatigued and shaken men could penetrate within any period that would suit the solving in addition of the Russian problem and they, therefore, wheeled suddenly as though in desperation in an effort to destroy at first that part of the French strength."

CALLS KAISER 'A PINCHBECK NAPOLEON'

London, Sept. 8.—Lord Curzen, of Kedleston, addressing a recruiting meeting at Hull last night said: "The Pinchbeck Napoleon of this war has succeeded in uniting all parties in the British Empire."
"Great Britain," the speaker continued, "is going through with the business until she has struck this new Napoleon and his accursed system to the ground for ever."
S.S. Sagona sailed for Labrador yesterday, taking a large freight.

ALLIES GAIN ADVANTAGES OVER GERMANS

Movement of Enemy Gives Them Chance to Strengthen Their Lines
ALSO SUPPORTED BY FORTRESSES
Russians Meet Temporary Delay in Movements in Austrian Galicia
London, Sept. 8.—The public are waiting, breathless with hope that the Allies have finally taken the offensive.
The cautious tone of the official communications issued from France indicate that the forward movement of the Allies is only a feeler to ascertain the reason for the strange Eastward swing of the German right. No matter, however, what that forward movement may mean a decisive battle cannot be long postponed.
Meantime the Western valley of Seine recently over-run by the Germans has been cleared of the enemy and has been given a breathing spell.
Spotted by Aeroplanes
The unexpected swing of the Germans has caused the readjustment of the lines of the Allies. This movement of the Germans was ascertained so promptly by the aeroplanes of the Allies that abundant time was given for the shift.
It is evident that the Germans now have before the front of their wedgelike advance the veterans of the Allies' left wing which underwent such a terrible battering along the Franco-Belgian border.
The ranks of these Franco-British forces have been reinforced and all casualties have been replaced with fresh men.
Another Advantage
Another advantage enjoyed by the Allies is the fact that their flanks are protected by the great fortresses of Paris and Verdun while, in the German rear, Mauberg is still held by the French, despite the fall of three of its fortresses.
In the Eastern war theatre, General Ruzskiy's tactics have been checked by the strong fortress (Przemysl) but this delay will not prevent the general frontal movement of Russian forces along the border from Tilsit to Lemberg.
It is considered necessary, however, to capture Przemysl so that the Austrians may not have a single stronghold left in Galicia.

SAUGONA SAILS

S.S. Sagona sailed for Labrador yesterday, taking a large freight.

GERMANY FACES SOME BIG LOSSES IN HER COLONIES

Already British Captured Some of the Richest of Possessions
LOSS OF SAMOA AND OF TOGOLAND
Foreign Possessions of Germany, How They Compare With the British
London, Sept. 7.—Germany will be fortunate if at the end of the war she is left with any of the colonial possessions she has been so feverishly anxious to expand. Already one has fallen into British hands without the expenditure of a shot.
It is officially announced by the admiralty that, acting on instructions from the Secretary of State for the Colonies the British forces in the Gold Coast colony seized the port of Lome, in German Togoland, on the West Coast of Africa. No resistance was offered, and South Togoland up to 75 miles north from the coast was simultaneously surrendered.
Information has been received at the French Embassy in London to the effect that the French also have entered Togoland by way of Dahomey.

AUSTRIANS MEET ENORMOUS LOSS

In Their Fighting With the Russians—Are Retreating—Their Resistance Broken Down
Petrograd, Sept. 8.—The following official announcement was given out to-day: "The Austrian army corps between the Vistula and Bug Rivers are retreating with enormous losses and the resistance of the enemy has been broken."
"There are evidences of the possibility of famine in Austria."

MEIGLE'S REPORT

The S.S. Meigle, Capt. Goobie, arrived at Humbermouth at 11 a.m. yesterday. Capt. Goobie wired the following to the Paid Nfld. Co.: "Strong S. E. and westerly gales during the whole trip to the Straits. Fishery about over; crews returning home."
ment of Russian forces along the border from Tilsit to Lemberg.
It is considered necessary, however, to capture Przemysl so that the Austrians may not have a single stronghold left in Galicia.

KING GEORGE SENDS MESSAGE TO BRITISH DOMINION OVERSEAS

London, Sept. 8.—The King has been graciously pleased to send the following message to the Governments and peoples of his self-governing Dominions: "To the Governments and Peoples of My Self-Governing Dominions: "During the past few weeks the peoples of my whole Empire at home and overseas have moved with one mind and purpose to confront and overthrow an unparalleled assault upon the continuity of civilization and the peace of mankind."
"The calamitous conflict is not of my seeking; my voice has been cast throughout on the side of peace. My ministers earnestly strove to allay the causes of strife and to appease differences with which my Empire was not concerned. Had I stood aside when, in defiance of pledges to which my Kingdom was a party, the will of Belgium was violated and her cities laid desolate, when the very life of the French Nation was threatened with extinction, I should have sacrificed my honour and given to destruction the liberties of my Empire and of mankind. I rejoice that every part of the Empire is with me in this decision."
Honor Paramount
"Paramount regard for treaty faith and the pledged word of rulers and peoples is the common heritage of Great Britain and of the Empire."
"My peoples in the self-governing Dominions have shown beyond all doubt that they wholeheartedly endorse the grave decision which it was necessary to take."
"My personal knowledge of the loyalty and devotion of my Overseas Dominions has led me to expect that they would cheerfully make the great efforts and bear the great sacrifices which the present conflict entails. The full measure in which they have placed their services and resources at my disposal fills me with gratitude, and I am proud to be able to show to the World that my peoples overseas are as determined as the people of the United Kingdom to prosecute a just cause to a successful end."
Practical Patriotism
"The Dominion of Canada, the Commonwealth of Australia, and the Dominion of New Zealand have placed at my disposal their naval forces which have already rendered good service for the Empire."
"Strong expeditionary forces are being prepared in Canada, in Australia and in New Zealand for service at the front; and the Union of South Africa has released all British troops and has undertaken important military responsibilities, the discharge of which will be of the utmost value to the Empire. Newfoundland has doubled the numbers of its branch of the Royal Naval Reserve and is sending a body of men to take part in the operations at the front. From the Dominion and Provincial Governments of Canada large and welcome gifts of supplies are on their way for the use of both my Naval and Military Forces and for the relief of the distress in the United Kingdom which must inevitably follow in the wake of war. All parts of my Overseas Dominions have thus demonstrated in the most unmistakable manner the fundamental unity of the Empire amidst all its diversity of situation and circumstances."
(Signed) HARCOURT.

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