## Five Years of Canadian Development

FINANCIAL AND COMMERCIAL 1901-1908.

	1901.	1906.	Increase in 5 Years
BANKING.	\$	8	8
Capital paid up in chartered Banks	67.095,700	85,802,500	18,706,800
Reserve Fund of chartered Banks	35 000,000	60,023,900	25,023,900
Circulation of notes	49,119,000	60,986,600	11,867,600
Deposits	315 775.400	568,413,900	252,638,500
Current loans and discounts	318.240,500	611 165,290	292,924,700
Total Assets	528,394,100	822,959,400	294,655,300
DEPOSIUS OUTSIDE CHARTERED BANKS.			
Deposits in Post Office Savings Banks	39950,800	46,631,000	6,680,200
Deposits in Government Savings Banks	16,098,140	15,819,000	
Deposits in other Savings Banks and Loan Com-			*
panies	19,125,000	27,600,000	8,475,000
Tet.d deposits outside Banks	75,173,940	90,050,000	14,876,.00
Total deposits in chartered Banks	315,775,400	568,413,900	252,638,500
Grand Total of Deposits in Canada	390,949,340	658,4€3,950	267,514,600
TRADE ND COMMERCE.			
IMPORTS. Dutiable goods	115,574,600	157,164,900	41,590,300
Free of duty goods	71,303,500	99,361,000	28,057,500
Total Imports	186,878,100	256,525,900	69,647,800
ExPORTS Products of Mines	40,367,600	31,932,300	
" Fisheries	10,720,300	11,114,300	
" Forests	30,000,000	33,235,600	
" Animals	55,495,000	63,337,400	7,842,400
" Agriculture	24,781,400	29,994,100	5,212 700
" Manufaturers	16,012,200	21,191,300	5,179,100
" Miscellancous	44,500	49,600	
Home produce	177,431,300	• 190,854,900	13,423,600
Foreign produce	17,077,700	10,617,100	decrease.
Total Exports Merchandise	194,509,000	201,472,000	6,963,000
SHIPPING. Sea going, tons	14,543,000	15 588 400	1,045,400
Coasting	34,444,700	44,377,200	9,932,500
Inland waters	11,486,700	16,689,300	5,202,600

## CANADA'S DEVELOPMENT-1901 TO 1906.

Although the salient features in the financial and commercial development of Canada between 1901 and 1906, appear in the above statistical table, there are other aspects of the growth of this Dominion which are of extreme importance.

Amongst these we may class the expansion which has taken place and is still going on in Manitoba and the Northwest Territories.

It is only a few years ago since not a grain of wheat was grown in all that region more than what is now raised on a small farm. But last year the wheat crop in the Northwest yielded over 80 millions of bushels, which would find bread enough for the sustenance of the whole population of Canada and leave a large surplus for export. Land there in a few years will be cultivated of an area wide enough to raise food sufficient for the entire population of the United Kingdom, besides supplying all the home needs.

In the last 5 years many thousands of miles of railway have been built, or commenced construction in Canada. In that time the manufacture of steel rails has developed from an experiment into an industry on a scale large enough to supply all the rails needed by a new transcontinental line and by those already in operation that are constantly laying new tracks.

Since 1901 large numbers of new manufacturing enterprises have been established and extensions that doubled their capacity have been made by those already in operation in that year. In less than a decade Canada has doubled her financial resources, her commercial activities, and is looking forward confidently to making even greater advances in the near future.