the Reports on the fertions therein, un-'s Official Authority. rdfbip's Feelings the ly to inquire into the y of Cape Bretonappily been entrustof the Fabrication whofe Proceedings, nted to his Lordhip. leafed to fay, that, nquiries at his Office "Bufinefs." On Des nen he should attend it " he would fend to terval, Lord Sydney e, and did not fend. 1

in September 1789, Bills drawn by Des the Public Service, he feveral Buildings urs, in order that he mick agreeably so rom Mr. Piet." taken place fince Des t had been reprefentlarch preceeding to armick in Conjuncpofed of the Authors and Forgery] had perty in Cape Breton. which they may have an Opinion of, and t been communicated the unrepressed Prorly accomplished the as of DesBarres' opindelible Proofs of ilar Influence to this

re Requisition, Des ted to attend at the g, in the Courfe of ation, gone through utely compared the of Charge, expressive the would i propole a Sum of me, to allay the Imditors, until the Ac-[P61. N 282, 285

ely's Treafury were the Sum of £10,000 Infructions to them by Lieutenant Gohis carrying on the eCing an Allowanee iills for Noting, Pro-'ive per Centum per vere due to the Date

early taken Advantand made Seizures, ims, of his Property in Nova Scotia, were now extremely uawilling to yield up, on reafonable Terms, the Poffelion thereof: Hence, vexatious Law Alterations enfued, and an Arbitration took place, which lafted nearly Two Years. At the Conclution of it, the Arbitrators '[Sir William Dolben, Sir Herbert Mackworth, &c:] thought it Incumbent upou them, to flate to the Lords of His Majefly Treafury, that, "through a long "Invefligation, the general Conduct of Lleutenant Go-"vernor DesBarres, during his Administration of Cape "Breton, had come before them, and, that it appeared to "them that he had exerted himfelf to eftahlift and fupport "the Government committed to his Charge in a Manner "deferving Commendation, &c."

The Bankers, by means of the faid Sum of £10,000, liquidated Bills and Demands to the Amount

of . . . . . . . . . . . . . £7171 16 11 having paid for Expences, noting, Protefts,

DesBarres, having in vain fupplicated for a Trial on the Accufations alleged to have been exhibited against him, and fuffering inexpressible Oppression from their unmerited Operation, addreffed, in September 1791, a Requisition to the then Secretary of State, demanding, his Right as a Britifh Subject and a Britifh accused Officer-to know his Accusations, his Accufers, and to have a Trial. Mr. "a las, in Anfwer, was pleafed to fignify, that " when he was appointed " to his Situation, Lord Grenville had put into his Hands a " Letter which his Lordfhip had received from him [Des " Barres] on that Subject, and another, transmitted to his " Lordship by the Duke of Richmond-that, upon In-" quiring into the State of the Bufinefs, he found that, as " far back as the 16th of September 1786, and the 21st of "February 1789, Official Letters had been written to the " Lords of His Majefty's Treasury respecting the Ac-" counts-that while the Bufincis was in that State, it was " impossible for him to refume the Confideration of any " Part of it, and that he would transmit the Letter he had " just received to the Treasury, in order to warrant on his " [DesBarres] Part a Preffure for a fpeedy Decifion." [P 66. N 301 to 304, 307, 308].

He was now told at the Treafury, that " the Ac-"counts with the Vouchers, which Two Years ago "had been examined by Mr. Steele, would be fent " to the Commifficners for auditing the Public Accounts " with Directions for proceeding to fettle the fame without " Delay." A Month had elapfed when DeBarres received an Order forthwith to lay before the fail Commifficients in flead of being in the Hands of the Treafury, were in his own Hands. Remonftrances thereupon. At laft, a Part of the Vouchers, being found in the Treafury, were traifmitted to the Auditor's Office.

Upon Infpection thercof, the Commiffioners directed a Number of Queries to him-demanding the Production of tach of the Vouchers as were milling, which, he anfwered accordingly. Thereupon, he received, from the Infpector General of the Public Accounts, the following Letter, viz: "To Lieutenant Governor DurBarris. Somerfet Place, ad "February 1782. I am directed. by the Commifficients for " auditing the Public Accounts, to inform you, that, they " cannot make allowance in your Account for any Sum, " the Vouchers for which are loft, without an Order from " the Court of Exchequer, and, that therefore you may " proceed when and in fuch Manner as you may be " advifed, to obtain fuch an Order by Application to " the Court of Exchequer, it heing your Duty, either to " the Court of Exchequer, it heing your Duty, either to " the Court of Exchequer to make the allowance " which you claim, in Cafe of your Youchers being loft er " which you claim, in Cafe of your Youchers being loft er " definoved. &c." " J. WIGCLESWORTH,"

Motion in the Court of Exchequer being accordingly mide, a Rule was obtained (upon the deelaration of the Keeper of the Official Treafury Papers) in Hiliary Term 17/2, and the fame was immediately intimated to the fail Coamiltoners. Whereupon they directed farther Queries, refrecting the Authority and Official Formality of the Expenditure, Account, and Vouchers. [P 68, N 305, 306, 309, 316, 312, to 314].

Hopes had now been given of a fpeedy Determination, and DesBarres flattered himfelf with the Profpect of being at Liberty to repair to America in the Spring; as well, with the View of refloring the Colony, which by faither Proceedings had fallen into Decline; as of recovering what he might of his Property, feized and laid watte by the Public Creditors.

However the Auditors were pleafed again to illue a great Number of Queries-feveral, of which, were evidently the mere Offspring of Calumny, and others totally irrelevant. Perplexity, and vexatious Delays, created thereby. [P 71. N 311, 315 to 325]. The Secretary of State had declared that no Complaint

The Secretary of State had declared that no Complaint whatever exiled in his Office againft Declarres—The Auditors, after the most minute and first Scrutiny, find alfo emphateally affared him, that, they entertained no fort of Doubt of the Refitude of the Account, or of his Condust, yet, the Proceedings did not feem calculated to accelerate the Period of Judice. Refult of Remonitrances thereipon. [P 74. N 326 to 328, 330 to 332].

Upon Receipt of the following Letter, from the Infpeftor General of the Public Accounts, viz :

"Somerfet Place 14 Feb. 1793. The Committioners "for auditing the Public Accounts, having this Day figured a State of your Account as Lieutenant Governor of Cape "Breton, from the 19th November 1784, to the 19th of "Oct. 1787, with a Balance of the Sum of Lizzi 18. 412, "including certain Difallowances by way of Surcharges, "particularly mentioned in the annexed Lift. I am directed it o give you Notice; that, the faid State will be for the in "Ite for the Lord's Committioners of His Majefly's "Treafory, to the End, that, if you fhold fee good caule "to thomis relative to the faid Account, you may lofe no "Time in fo doing, &c:

"To Lieut. Gov. DesBarrer." "J. WIGGLENWORTH." he accordingly fubmitted his Obfervations, and, having confantly attended, he was, in Auguit 1793, hierrogaited at the Treatury reflecting fome of the furcharged Articles, the Propriety of which was, upon Reconfideration, acknowledged. The proportional Julice, which mut have enfued, if the Treatury Board had conditioned to extend it's Review and weigh the farther Obfervations in the like manner fub nitted with refpect to the refidue Articles fimiliarly reported by the Auditors, remains at this Day to be accomplified. Reiterated Remonfizances. A State of refidue År-