POOR DOCUMENT

MC 2033

HAZEN AND FLEMMING INVADE PREMIER'S HOME TOWN WITH GREAT SUCCESS

Arraign Government for Its Misdeeds to Crowded and Enthusiastic Audience

Repeat Their Statements About Province's Financial Condition, and Score Mr. Robinson for Not Accepting Challenge of Member for Carleton--Leader of Opposition Promises an Era of Reform When He Assumes the Helm After March 3.

Moncton, N. B., Jan. 28—Before an audience that packed the Opera House to its utmost capacity and was thoroughly representative of all classes, J. D. Hazen, leader of the provincial opposition, and J. K. Flemming, the financial critic of the opposition, tonight discussed provincial issues for two hours and a half. The great building was too small for the crowd and hundreds were unable to obtain admission. The meeting was one of the finest ever held by a political party here. The speakers were given marked attention and as telling points were made against the government immense enthusiasm was evoked.

The meeting marked the opening of the

J. D. Hazen, M. P. P.

campaign and, being held in the premier's own town, there was naturally more than ordinary interest aroused. Quite a number of prominent party men from outside the city, including the opposition candidates, were present and occupied seats on the platform. R. W. Hewson, barrister, presided, and on the platform besides the speakers were Messrs. Sumner, Melanson, Mahoney and Black, opposition candidates for the county; W. B. Dixon and George D. Prescott, opposition candidates for Albert; Dr. Landry, candidate in Kent; Senator Wood, Sackville; J. P. Sherry, Memramcook; Councillor Peacock, Botsford, and many prominent citizens.

The large audience, many of whom were compelled to stand throughout the speech making, remained to the close. Messrs. Hazen and Flemming made a fine impression and at the close many went forward to meet the distinguished speakers. Both were given an excellent reception.

J. K. Flemming's arraignment of Premier Robinson for refusing to meet him in a discussion of the financial question stirred the audience and his criticism of the finances was listened to with deep earnestness. It was a great meeting.

J. K. Flemming.

Mr. Flemming first took up the statement of Premier Robinson to the effect that he had insulted the intelligence of the people in his statement of the financial position of the province. When he read this in the St. John Sun he pondered on the best course to pursue to enlighten the people as to who was right and who was wrong. He accordingly sent a proposition to the premier, asking him to discuss in the most central place in the province the question at issue and leave the people to decide. It was now Jan. 28, yet he had not heard from the premier. The premier said the public was too prejudiced to care for such a discussion, and it was urged as beneath the dignity of the premier to meet him. Why did not he call to his aid Messrs. McKeown, Sweeney, Jones, Farris or that Moses who was to come down from Ottawa to lead them through the wilderness during the next thirty days?

Mr. Flemming concluded, amid applause, that when the premier could not defend the affairs of the province in a discussion before the public he should step down and out. The member for Carleton then went into a discussion of the provincial finances, showing we had been going much more rapidly into debt than formerly. He would leave it for the public to say if public works were in so much better position than in the past. He showed the increase in four years, from 1893 to 1896, in the debt was $215,838, an average of $54,000 a year.

Taking the last five years from 1901, he showed the net debt increase was $402,843, or a yearly average of $80,538. The net debt of the province, according to the government's own official statement, was more than $4,000,000, and the interest on the debt, according to their own figures, was $178,000.

He would show that was not all of the interest. Out of the whole revenue of the province, less than $1,000,000, we must take more than $300,000 of it to pay interest. Taking up the items of interest, Mr. Flemming showed that $331,459 was taken out of revenue of the province in the year 1907 to pay interest.

Mr. Flemming went into the finances of the public works department, showing the system of over-expenditure in the different years being carried into the following years. He would like to ask the premier how much had been borrowed from 1908 and spent in 1907. The premier, in appealing to the province, should take the people into his confidence and give an exact statement of the financial position of the province.

Mr. Flemming proved conclusively that, instead of having a surplus of $9,000 last year, they were short in actually expenditure more than $100,000. The government's agricultural policy was taken up, and Mr. Flemming showed that out of a grant of $26,000 Commissioner Farris and his officials got more of this than went to the encouragement of agriculture and bonusing of wheat and roller mills.

Mr. Flemming next referred to the items of expenditure to show how the people's money was frittered away. People living in the city didn't know what hardships those living in the country districts had to endure as a result of the condition of the roads and bridges. If the ordinary revenues were properly expended the public services would be kept in some proper shape. During the last six years the ex-attorney-general was not satisfied with drawing less than $48,000 out of the provincial treasury, and yet this man had plenty of time for private work. In view of the large amount paid to the ex-attorney-general, it was surprising that the province had since got along 151 days without an attorney-general. The representation case carried to the privy council by the ex-attorney-general was referred to, and it was shown that Dr. Pugsley drew $5,000 in connection with this, but the only result was humiliation for him.

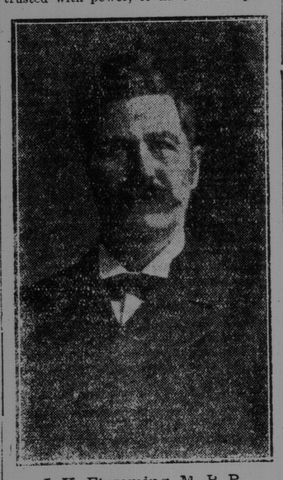
Mr. Flemming alluded to the methods of government extravagance.

J. D. Hazen.

J. D. Hazen was given a rousing reception and the mention of his name as premier of the province after the third of March evoked great applause. Mr. Hazen spoke for an hour and a quarter and no public speaker could have wished for a better hearing or have more marked expression of appreciation shown of his platform or of his criticism of the government's acts.

Mr. Hazen took Premier Robinson to task for refusing to meet Mr. Flemming in a public discussion of the finances of the province and he referred to his handing over of the provincial secretaryship to E. H. Allen, the only means of securing a ticket to face the opposition ticket in York. The premier was unable to defend his position against Mr. Flemming in a discussion. It was plainly his duty to place before the country at this time a correct financial statement. He charged that thousands and thousands of dollars were spent by the government without proper audit and if he placed all the facts before a committee of expert accountants enough would be revealed to down the present administration.

Mr. Hazen said he stood pledged, if entrusted with power, to have an independent audit made to show the exact financial position of the province.



J. K. Flemming, M. P. P.

Enormous Debt.

He made the statement at Bathurst and now repeated it that the liabilities of the province, taking into account the present indebtedness and contracts the government had undertaken, amounted to more than $8,000,000 and more than $400,000 would be taken from the revenue of the province to pay the interest.

He replied to the criticism that there was no constructive statesmanship among the opposition by showing up the weakness of the government and the efforts being made to bolster it up for the coming contest. He showed how the opposition had forced the government to exact some reforms in the matter of calling for tenders now, for construction of steel bridges, giving the secret ballot and finally forcing them to promise to reform the iniquitous highway act.

The niggardly allowance to school teachers was referred to and Mr. Hazen showed how the government had been forced to act in this connection and he promised if he was called upon to form a government he would not only give the teachers a pension but would increase their allowance.

In reference to the highway act he outlined the policy of the opposition and pledged his party to repeal it as one of the first acts on coming to power. He discussed the government's transactions with the Central and International railways, showing how the credit of the province had been pledged and money expended in this way that should be devoted to providing better services throughout the province. He didn't believe this province with its limited resources should own and operate railways. Bonds to the extent of $200,000 had been guaranteed on the Central Railway since 1901 and all there was to show for this was fifteen miles of railway from Chipman to Minto and nine miles of spurs and branches.

The International Railway was also discussed and the opposition leader showed that the government had now pledged the province to the extent of $10,500 a mile for the whole 110 miles in connection with this road.

School Book Outrage.

The school book outrage was gone into and the audience showed deep interest in this subject as Mr. Hazen showed he could save the people of the province at least fifty per cent of the present excessive prices charged. He pledged himself to remedy this evil, as Premier Whitney had done in Ontario.

Concluding a ringing speech Mr. Hazen said if called upon to administer the affairs of the province he would do so honestly and in the interests of the people and not for any particular party. He contrasted the class of candidates in the field for the opposition with the difficulties of the government in securing men in different counties and said if the government was judged upon its record, not a half dozen supporters would be returned.

His strong appeal to the electors for a more honest administration of provincial affairs was cheered as he resumed his seat.

The meeting broke up with cheers for Hazen and Flemming and for the four opposition candidates.

SOVEREIGN BANK GOT STUCK WITH AMERICAN ELECTRIC ROAD BONDS

Brokers Got Loan of $2,000,000 on These Securities as Collateral, and Didn't Redeem Them.

Toronto, Jan. 28—It is stated that the Sovereign Bank crisis was precipitated largely on account of the fact that it holds $2,000,000 worth of unmarketable bonds of Chicago & Milwaukee Electric Railroad. It is said that through a firm of brokers in Toronto D. M. Stewart, the former general manager, made these advances on the security of bonds, being led astray by the amount of money the road was spending on construction and the promises of quick profits. The road has barely managed, in its uncompleted state, to make enough to pay interest on the bond issue and the current quotations of bonds secured as collateral by the Sovereign represented a valuation that present conditions depreciate. Liquidation in these bonds today would represent a large loss to the bank, and although a Sovereign officer this morning said the bank would pull out without any ultimate loss, it was having this money tied up in these practically unmarketable securities that forced it to the wall and into the absorption scheme.

An official of the bank said that the Sovereign holds none of the total of $15,000,000 bond issue of Chicago & Milwaukee road as an investment, but what bonds are held are those of customers deposited with the bank in return for accommodation. It was said also that an application for receivership was made because the road needs $250,000 for completion of the last eight miles of its tracks into Milwaukee, but could not get money, and that this application for a receivership was designed to allow the receivers to issue certificates and complete the road on borrowed money.

General Manager Jemmett denies that the Sovereign is interested in Chicago & Milwaukee Railway bonds.

HERD OF 100,000 CARIBOU FLEEING FROM ARCTIC REGION

St. Paul, Minn., Jan. 28.—A special to the Dispatch from Seattle, Washington, says:

The largest herd of caribou ever seen in the wilds of Alaska is now crossing the Yukon river, working its way southward to escape the frigid cold of the Arctic region.

Professor Joseph B. Terryl, geologist, and several men connected with the United States survey in Alaska, have just sent to the coast reports of the migration of the animals.

The herd has been moving for 100 days now, and there seems to be no end to the string. It is estimated that more than 100,000 caribou have crossed the stream and wended their way into the fastnesses of the mountains of the lower Yukon Territory. The head of the column, as reported by those who have been traveling in the district, seems to be near Sixty Mile Creek, the herd apparently coming from the Tanana Valley. It is believed that the winter is unusually severe, which has had the effect of driving animals from their usual feeding-plains to some point farther south.

NEW CARLISLE BOOKKEEPER ARRESTED ON CHARGE OF STEALING $1,200

Campbellton, N. B., Jan. 29—On Wednesday last about $1,200 in cash, besides checks and papers, were stolen from the safe of the New Canadian Company, New Carlisle, operators of the Atlantic, Quebec & Western railway. The office had apparently not been broken into, and the safe had not been blown open. Whoever extracted the money knew the combination of the safe. The bok in which the money, etc., were kept was found in a shed near the Presbyterian church. It had been broken open and the money extracted, while the checks and papers remained.

Inspector Noble, of Campbellton, was called into the case, and went down to New Carlisle on Saturday. On Sunday he arrested George Ellis, bookkeeper of the New Canadian Company, on suspicion of having committed the crime. Ellis was taken before Magistrate Tremblay on Monday and remanded until Tuesday, Feb. 4.

Ellis belongs to Montreal, is about twenty-five years of age, and unmarried. He has been working for the company about five or six months. Ellis was the only man who knew the combination of the safe outside of the superincendent of the road, and there is other strong circumstantial evidence against him. The money stolen was to have been used in paying the men on construction work.

SNOWBALL ESTATE AWARDED $19,000

Ottawa, Jan. 29—(Special)—Judgment was given in the Exchequer court today in favor of the late Governor Snowball for $19,000 for land taken at Chatham for Intercolonial Railway purposes.

ELOQUENT PLEA FOR THAW'S LIFE

Littleton Claims Jury Must Acquit on Ground of Insanity

RAPS JEROME HARD

Declares That District Attorney's Sneers Are No Answer to Defence's Evidence—Defends Actress Wife's Course.

New York, Jan. 28—With no attempt on the part of the state to combat with scientific testimony the claim of insanity urged in behalf of Harry K. Thaw, the taking of evidence in the second hearing of the famous Madison Square Garden murder trial ended today. Tomorrow morning Martin W. Littleton will begin his plea for the defendant, and is expected to occupy both morning and afternoon sessions with his summing up argument. District-Attorney Jerome will speak on Thursday. He has promised to be brief, and if his address should not extend beyond the morning session, Justice Dowling will hand the case over to the jury on Thursday afternoon. The judge announced however, he probably would not deliver his charge until Friday morning.

Contrary to his policy of last year, when he called nine experts in insanity to the witness chair, Mr. Jerome this year utterly ignored the scientific phase of the rebuttal case. He produced several eyewitnesses to the tragedy and several police officers who handled Thaw the night of the homicide, and placed on record their opinion that the defendant's acts and manner were rational.

Under agreement of counsel, the testimony given by Abraham Hummel at the last trial was read to the jury and the Thaw will was admitted in evidence without further proof as to its custody during the six months following the shooting of Stanford White. The affidavit alleged to have been made by Evelyn Nesbit in Hummel's office, charging Thaw with cruelty and attempting falsely to place the blame for the Nesbit girl's downfall upon Stanford White, also was admitted by Justice Dowling and then the case, so far as testimony was concerned, was at an end.

Jerome's Course a Surprise.

Mr. Jerome's elimination of expert testimony from the rebuttal case occasioned much talk. Based upon his assertions of last year that Thaw was an incurable paranoiac, rumor had it that the prosecutor might not be displeased with the verdict of not guilty on the ground of insanity with an ensuing committal of Harry Thaw to the asylum for the criminal insane at Matteawan. Throughout the trial, however, Mr. Jerome has attempted to belittle and discredit all testimony having to do with Thaw's irrationality. He has attemped to show that the youthful outbursts of the defendant were fits of temper, which deserved a "spanking," as he expressed it, rather than scientific discussion. He has attempted to discredit the outbreaks in later life with the suggestion that they were the result of too much drink and nothing more. That the prosecutor will ridicule the expert testimony is generally agreed. Having no experts of his own, he has a free hand in that direction this year.

Mr. Jerome's move today also frustrated a plan of the defence to call in sur-rebuttal several of the experts who testified against Thaw at his last trial, but who, when Mr. Jerome switched to the appointment of a lunacy commission, made affidavits setting forth the opinion that Thaw was so insane as to be incapable of understanding the nature of the proceedings against him or of intelligently advising with counsel.

Mr. Littleton, in his argument, which is expected to be an eloquent but straightforward presentation of the facts, will contend that the prosecution has failed to shake the case of insanity built up by the defence. He will again call attention to the law and the burden of proof it places upon the state in a case where insanity is pleaded as a bar to responsibility for a criminal act. He will contend and will also ask Judge Dowling to instruct the jury carefully on the point, that once the defence has produced evidence of insanity, it becomes the duty of the prosecution to remove every reasonable doubt of insanity. In other words, Mr. Littleton will ask for an acquittal unless the jurors are convinced that every reasonable doubt as to Thaw being insane at the time of committing the homicide has been removed by the state's case.

Mr. Littleton has made no claim of present insanity for Thaw. In fact, the experts for the defence have testified that in "manic-depressive" insanity the diagnosis now applied to Thaw's condition of mind, the patient is very apt to have attacks of increasing frequency and violence.

New York, Jan. 29—Martin W. Littleton, chief counsel in the defence of Harry K. Thaw, today asked for the acquittal of his client upon the ground of insanity, declaring he could not conceive how, in the face of the evidence the jury could render any other verdict. The serious and sincere evidence of the defence, tending to establish the insanity of the defendant, Mr. Littleton declared, has been answered only by the sneers and insinuations of District Attorney Jerome. The sneers and insinuations, the advocate asserted, were not the competent proof that the law required the prosecuting authorities to produce once the insanity of the accused person was brought into dispute.

He repeatedly urged upon the jury to remember that in a case of this kind, the burden of proof rests wholly upon the state to prove the sanity of the defendant beyond all reasonable doubt.

Mr. Littleton warmly defended Evelyn Nesbit Thaw against the attacks of District Attorney Jerome. He said he could not understand what she had done, what great crime she had committed, considered in the light of all she had confessed herself to be, that the prosecutor should transcend all the rules of propriety and decency and attempt to destroy her when in the next breath he was ready to "coddle and hug and vouch for the testimony of such a scoundrel as Abraham H. Hummell—the very vermin of the New York bar."

The address of the defending attorney occupied all of the day's sessions and the district attorney is expected to reply tomorrow. If he should conclude at the morning session, Justice Dowling will charge the jury during the afternoon. If Mr. Jerome's address should extend well into the afternoon, however, the case will not go to the jury until Friday morning. The speech was crisp in epigram and the short sentences were filled with the pith of logic and the quality of appeal. The jurymen followed it with intense interest and it was generally conceded that Mr. Littleton had left District Attorney Jerome a difficult task.

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ORA P. KING QUITS AND "NED" ALLEN WILL ENTER THE CABINET

Developments Indicate That Government Forces Are Going to Pieces

Situation in Kings is Now Bad from Administration Standpoint—Decision to Make I. C. R. Claims Agent Provincial Secretary Amazes Premier Robinson's Friends—Signs That Overthrow of Government is Expected.

Hampton, Jan. 28—Ora P. King, M. P. P., who was in the shiretown today, has informed his friends that he will not offer himself as a candidate at the forthcoming provincial elections.

Mr. King's announcement has caused a considerable flutter in political circles, and friends of the local government do not conceal their dismay over the situation created by Mr. King's defection at this critical time.

When asked by your correspondent as to the truth of the report, Mr. King said it was correct that he would not be in the field, giving as his reason the appointment of his partner, Hon. A. S. White, to the supreme bench. He thought it would be self-evident that Mr. White's retirement from the firm would greatly add to his work in that direction.

Rumor has it that there are other reasons which have influenced Mr. King's line of action, notably a little soreness that no place has been found for him in the government. There is also a very general impression that Mr. King has a forewarning of the political landslide which is likely to overtake the government candidates in Kings in the first week in March, and has decided that discretion is the better part of valor.

Premier Robinson and G. G. Scovil, M. P. P., went to Sussex last evening to confer with Mr. King and other friends of the party for the purpose of seeking to restrain Mr. King from so conspicuous a desertion at this stage of the game. So far as could be learned here Mr. King remained firm.

Premier Robinson, when asked for information concerning the situation, said he had nothing to say but he understood that the morning papers would make an announcement about Mr. King.

The government ticket in Kings county was of course immensely weakened by the removal of Dr. Pugsley without whom, and the aid he could command, it would probably have been beaten in 1903. Now if Mr. King goes Mr. Scovil alone remains, and it will be necessary to select two new men.

Dr. McVey, F. E. Sharp, of Midland; Dr. McAllister, of Sussex; Harry Gilbert, of Rothesay; O. W. Wetmore, of Clifton, and others are being mentioned, but it will be at once apparent that the chance of making up a strong ticket from this material is not inspiring. Everywhere throughout the county the withdrawal of Mr. King will be hailed as a sign that the government's affairs are at a low ebb.

"Ned" Allen Gets a Portfolio.

Fredericton, N. B., Jan. 28—E. H. Allen, of Shediac, claims agent of the I. C. R., has been offered and has accepted the position of provincial secretary, and will be sworn into office immediately.

Mr. Allen has tendered his resignation to Ottawa of his present government job and will lead the government ticket in this county in the coming election. The appointment has come somewhat as a surprise to both government and opposition, for Mr. Allen, though a "good fellow well met," was hardly expected to be called upon so suddenly as the financier of New Brunswick. Mr. Allen will be provincial secretary up to the day of the provincial election. He will then have performed his part and if his health permits may be induced, under strong pressure, to accept the collectorship of the port of Fredericton.

It is only fair to state that those who are anticipating the hearing of a strong budget speech or criticism of Mr. Hazen's secretary from Mr. Allen may be sorely disappointed. To the intelligent people of York Mr. Allen, coming before them under the present circumstances, will bring no strength to the government ticket. The people can read between the lines, and the idea of trying to humbug the county by giving it a portfolio in a defunct government, and as many are led to believe just to bait the electors up to the time of the election, is too thin and cannot succeed.

The opposition have no fault to find with the turn of events and are pleased to welcome Mr. Allen and hope that he may be successful in organizing some kind of a ticket, though the prospects are poor.

A meeting of the government party is called to meet in convention on Feb. 5. Those who were selected at last night's meeting as candidates were Mr. Allen, Mr. Burden, Harry Gibson and Elwood Burtt. The three former have accepted, it is understood, but Mr. Burtt declines to sacrifice himself. So the party are hunting up another man. Great care is being taken to have the four men decided upon before the convention so that the bear garden scene held by the Liberals a few weeks ago will not be repeated.

Trouble Increases in Sunbury.

The government following in Sunbury are in difficulty. Mr. Hazen and Mr. Glasier have gained such a strong hold in that county and so many of those who opposed them in the last election have signified their intention to give them their support in the coming contest, that the office-holders and government leaders are at a loss to know where to find candidates. Albry Grass says that he will run and Dr. Peake will do the same but neither one of them is willing to accept the other as a mate. The government ticket at its best will be one simply for the purpose of keeping the constituency from going by default to Messrs. Hazen and Glasier and the blowing made that the leader of the opposition is going to be hard pressed in Sunbury is only done for the purpose of trying to mislead the public.

The feeling is so strong in Sunbury in favor of the opposition that it extends into the county of Queens. A well known lawyer of the latter county, who is in the city today attending the supreme court, said: "Some people would be surprised if they were told that Queens was going to elect two opposition candidates. Farris and Carpenter will have the fight of their lives."

The government conventions in these counties are being looked forward to with much interest.

SACKVILLE REFORMERS WANT PURE ELECTIONS

Committee Appointed to Arrange County Convention to Discuss a Remedy for Corrupt Practices.

Sackville, Jan. 28—(Special)—At a meeting here last night attended by members of both parties a committee was appointed to endeavor to arrange for a county convention to take active steps to prevent corruption in the coming election and strong resolutions were passed.

Dr. Borden, principal of Mt. Allison Ladies College, was in the chair and the committee appointed consists of Rev. Dr. Borden, Rev. C. F. Wiggins, Rev. E. L. Steeves, F. A. Dixon and B. M. Fawcett.

One resolution set forth that political corruption has become notoriously prevalent in Canada, that it destroys any strong sense of political responsibility, defrauds the independent voter of his political rights, puts a stain upon honors won in political life and an injurious burden upon candidates, leads to "rake off," evil use of political patronage and graft, tends to increase the use of liquor and intimidation and because of these and other things practical steps should be taken to enforce laws against corrupt practices.

Another resolution urged the formation of a county organization to deal with this matter in Westmorland, and for the holding of a county convention at the earliest date possible. The committee named above was appointed to take the matter up with citizens in other parts of the county.

The meeting recommended to the proposed convention raising a fund to prosecute violators of election laws, to hire detectives to watch at polling booths, to meet the cost of a general campaign of education and to provide rewards for information leading to the conviction of law breakers. The meeting also recommended that the convention appoint a central executive to solicit subscriptions to the fund, act as trustees of it, to prosecute corruptionists, etc.

Another recommendation was that local committees for towns and parishes be appointed to disseminate necessary information in regard to election laws and and corruption, to watch polling booths to secure evidence of violation. The resolutions and recommendations passed unanimously.

The Rev. James Strothard, of Moncton, said that he had spoken to Premier Robinson regarding the matter of preventing corruption in the coming contest, and the premier had assured him of his hearty sympathy with any movement looking towards this end. It was also announced that several subscriptions of $100 have been promised to the fund.

DR. D. H. McALISTER TO RUN IN KINGS

Sussex Physician Will Take Ora P. King's Place on Government Ticket if Convention Agrees.

Sussex, Jan. 29—(Special)—It is understood that Dr. D. H. McAlister tonight consented to replace Ora P. King, M. P. P., on the government ticket in Kings. All efforts to persuade Mr. King to change his mind have proved fruitless.

His decision to leave the ticket just as the campaign opens has thrown the government forces into confusion. The conference on Tuesday night arrived at no definite decision, but Dr. McAlister was then strongly urged to sacrifice himself and tonight it is announced that he will make the race. He is a physician here with a good practice. This will be his first venture upon the troubled sea of politics, and many feel that he has selected an unfortunate time to begin.

At all events it is supposed a convention will decide the ticket. Besides Dr. McAlister's the names of G. G. Scovil, Dr. McVey, Thos. Gilliland and Messrs. Wetmore and Gilbert are mentioned.

DR. PEAKE'S CAMPAIGN NOT REASSURING

Fredericton Junction, Jan. 29—Dr. Peake and Milton Smith were here yesterday doing some missionary work. The response was not reassuring. There was a meeting held in the evening in the Agricultural hall, and all government supporters present including the chairman were appointed delegates to attend the government convention to be held at Oromocto, date unknown.

Dr. Peake was not present at the little meeting. Milton Smith appeared in his own behalf and spoke a few words.

DR. C. T. PURDY NEW MAYOR OF MONCTON

Was Endorsed by Temperance Party—Result in Ward Contests.

Moncton, Jan. 28—The civic election today resulted in the election of Dr. C. T. Purdy over Geo. B. Willett, by a majority of ninety-six. The only other contests were for aldermen-at-large and alderman in ward 2. E. A. Reilly and A. H. Jones were elected in the former and P. N. Crandall and Murdoch McLeod, two old aldermen, were re-elected in ward 2.

The contest for mayor was keenly fought, the temperance people concentrating their forces on Purdy. The vote by wards stood:

	Purdy.	Willett.
Ward 1	53	116
Ward 2	202	151
Ward 3	211	103
Total	466	370

Aldermen-at-large—E. A. Reilly, 581; A. H. Jones, 569; Jos. Gardiner, 320.

Ward 2—Crandall, 176; McLeod, 170; J. A. McAnn, 163; J. M. Ross, 145.

The council stands as follows: Mayor, Dr. C. T. Purdy; aldermen-at-large, E. A. Reilly and A. H. Jones; ward 1, J. T. Forbes, J. N. Boudreau; ward 2, P. N. Crandall, M. McLeod; ward 3, W. D. Martin, J. H. Crandall.

UNKNOWN TRAMP DIES IN HOUSE HE BROKE INTO

An unknown tramp who had been around Ononette for the last two or three weeks, was found dying in agony in Alexander Macaulay's summer cottage there on Tuesday. John Gilliland, while passing the cottage, heard groans proceeding from it. He telephoned Mr. Macaulay but as he was not able to go to Ononette then Gilliland, with Mr. McBeath, broke in and found the unfortunate rolling about the floor apparently suffering greatly. The man, who was evidently a foreigner, could say only that he was sick. A hurry up call was sent for a doctor but before one arrived the man was dead. A number of camps have been broken into lately at Ononette and it is suspected that this unfortunate man did it in search for food.

HARVEY SCHOOL CLOSED BECAUSE OF SMALLPOX

Three More Houses There Quarantined — Strict Enforcement Observed.

Hopewell Hill, Jan. 28—(Special)—Three more houses were quarantined for smallpox in Harvey today by Dr. Murray and the superior school there was closed. Dr. Carnwath, of the board of health, went to Alma early this morning and found one new case there. The two cases at Point Wolfe are reported to be improving but the doctor wired tonight that he will not be home till tomorrow, indicating that he is pretty busy. The doctors are vaccinating wherever they go.

The quarantine is being vigorously enforced everywhere. All mails, groceries and other necessaries are distributed to the infected houses by carriers. All the cases are said to be doing well and so far no deaths have occurred.

Fred Greer, mentioned in this morning's Telegraph as having suffered loss by fire at Florenceville, is a native of Alma. He lumbered last year at Memel under contracts for John L. Peck and did well. All his friends here are sorry to hear of his misfortune.

CANSO, N. S., MAN DROWNED AT BOSTON

Boston, Jan. 28—Having delayed his going aboard until the last moment, and then trying to reach the Portland steamer, Ransom B. Fuller, and jumping as she was pulling from the wharf, Daniel Clarke, the steward, missed the deck and went into the waters of the harbor and was drowned. In his drop he took with him two deck hands of the steamer, who had grabbed at him as he jumped to the edge of the steamer, but were unable to hold him. Clarke was twenty-six years old, single, and lived in Canso (N. S.) The body was recovered late tonight by the police.

Sincerity Gives Power.

There is nothing which will add so much to one's power as the consciousness of being absolutely sincere, genuine. If your life is a perpetual lie, if you are conscious you are not what you pretend to be, you cannot be strong. There is a restraint, a perpetual fighting against the truth going on within you, a struggle which saps your energy and warps your conduct. Sham and shoddy are powerless; only the genuine and the true are worth while.—Home Chat.