

BERNSTORFF INVOLVED IN DUMBA AFFAIR

ST. JOHN MEN ARE REQUIRED TO ASSIST IN FINISHING UP THE GREAT EMPIRE STRUGGLE

(Continued from page 1)
A New Speaker.

Lieut. J. L. Ralston of Halifax was the first speaker. He said: "I do not wish to speak to you tonight as a man from Halifax but with a like feeling to you. I wish to talk to you, citizens, about a job on hand, which you and I must undertake for our country which deserves our services so well. Regarding the need of honor and need of duty I wish to drive home to you and burn deeply on your hearts a sentiment and a feeling that England is at war, not Russia is at war, not France is at war, but Canada is at war. We think 4,000 miles is a very long distance and we do not realize what is going on across the ocean so many miles away. One can hardly believe that we are at war, when the devastation and destruction which one expects is not to be seen. But my mind travels to that little country of Belgium with homes and churches ruined, people homeless and slaughtered, the fortresses of Liege and Antwerp destroyed and I ask you is not Canada at war? Yes, we are at war and I want you to grip your hearts with the fact that there is a world crisis and conflict waging and a duty to be done. Why are our fortifications at St. John and Halifax? Why are the British Tommies in the trenches and the British tars on the seas, and thank God, a few brave Canadians in the trenches in far off France. So we realize that we are in the struggle and what are we going to do about it?"

What is Doing.

"Do you ever stop to think what is going on over there? Do you realize that the German line is as close to Calais as Hampton is to St. John? Do you realize that the German forces are as near to Paris as Sussex is to St. John? If we had the enemy that close, we would commence to think if we had any soldiers at all and the boys in the trenches are thinking the same thing. Do you know if Calais is captured German cruisers could steal away and then we would have a taste of war. And Rudyard Kipling has said that the German Emperor would hardly have to strike a blow to get this fair land. He would only have to demand that it be handed over."

German Methods.

"For thirty years Germany has been developing a Kultur which includes the mutilation of children, the outraging of children and the placing of little children on bayonets and carrying them through the streets. You say such a thing is impossible but it is true and what will it mean over here? England found that Germany, with the pretense of passing troops through Belgium in order to attack France, violated the neutrality of that country. England as a champion of that treaty was called by Belgium to stand by her and that is why England is today sending her khaki clad men into the plains of France. Why should we take our places in the trenches with the British and Australian Tommies? Because we believe there is something worth while fighting for in the place of making money."

"When there is a row on in which we are interested, we want to have a hand in it. There is a row on and we are going to have a hand in it. Canada is at war. It is our job and the sooner we undertake it the better for us."

Credit to Women.

"I want to appeal to the women. They are the ones to whom the credit should be given for recruiting. If there are any V. C.'s going around they should be pinned on the women. They bear the burden and I believe when this war is over they will get the credit. The glorious women of 1914, 1915, 1916, who did not stand in the way of their husbands and sons when they enlisted in the colors."

"Now to the men: We are all business men, but there is only one business at the present time and that business is to get this job done and done right just as quickly as possible. Bonar Law, addressing a meeting in Europe a short time ago, said: 'If we do not do better now and in the future than we have been doing in the past we are beaten.' We will not be beaten and every man, woman and child in this Great Britain will think that there is no duty too great or work too great than to see this war through to a finish."

"There is a conflagration in Europe, men, and a bigger fire than this world has ever seen. It is coming towards us and we had better fight it out over there than over here. That is Canada's place over there on that firing line. It is Canada's fire in France. That little country is burned and bleeding. Are we going to see that little country put out the conflagration herself? It is our duty to put out that fire. Men, are you going to put it out? That is my appeal; to the women, to encourage the men to go; to the men, to realize their duty and honor to go, to fight and rise to the occasion now in hand for the sake of England, for the sake of liberty and freedom, which is anywhere is under the dear old Union Jack."

Another Veteran.

Frederick Edwards, formerly of the 5th and 6th, in the British army, who has seen service in Argentinian under

the late General Roberts and in Burma under General White, was next called upon. He has a medal for past services and a son at the front in France at the present time. Mr. Edwards spoke intimately of his boy at the front and the conditions in the army.

"I enlisted some forty-six years ago and was on Salisbury Plain at the same age as my son, when he was there twelve months ago," said he. "It makes me feel angry when I hear people talking about the way the boys are badly treated at the front. This is absolutely untrue. Every letter I receive from my son backs me in this statement, and he has no complaint to make. As soon as war was declared my boy put on his uniform and enlisted. Men let your boys go to the front and help the boys on the other side. Where are the boys better treated and better looked after than over there at the front? That's the place for you men. There were numbers who crumbled at the actions of the 26th. I say it's a lie, it's a lie. I've seen those boys and they were the finest body of men ever sent out of St. John and they will bring credit to us. Men, you are wanted at the front. Why should my boy stay there alone, but mind you, we will win without you. If you rally to the flag, we will crush them, we will crush them. It's not the old British line we want. We do not want the old men. I could mention twenty men who would willingly go, but they are too old. It's the cubs we want and it's up to them."

Rev. Mr. McCaskill.

Rev. J. James McCaskill of the Douglas Avenue Presbyterian church was introduced as the third speaker, and in the course of his remarks said: "There are those who tell us it is not Canada's fight and indeed our leisurely participation in it shows that that idea must be back of the minds of many. Charles Masterman reports a high English military authority who describes this war as a year of preparation in a year of conflict and a year of victory. The year of preparation is past and the year of conflict is well upon us. Had we kindled up our loins for the fight, armed ourselves with less of spread-eagle patriotism and more of Ross rifles, prepared ourselves with the same dogged determination as Britain, we would have over six men enrolled for every one who is now in barracks or in trenches."

"Not Canada's fight! It is a fight of humanity. An ancient authority reminds us that God has made of one blood all the nations. That makes us. Some men and all cattle who have no interest in the hopes and aims of civilization, and in the great heritage of the past, may escape, but we cannot. It is an irrepressible conflict; a fight to the death between two opposed ideals of government and civilization—a fight indeed between two religions, the religion of the god of force and the religion of the god whose service is freedom. It is a fight between democracy and autocracy."

"The accident of politics and of history ranks Canada on the side of democracy. We are in the fight, gentlemen."

"It is, of course, a calamity that Germany has brought this suddenly to an issue of life or death; but it is a calamity through which the very soul of the Empire may be saved, and the sundered parts knit with hoops of steel to the great throbbing, central heart. It is a calamity that has come from without and not the corruption from within from which nations perish. In such a struggle many things will many men will go under, but we will save the soul of our nation alive if we are adequate to the crisis."

"The ranks are rallied tonight. The Empire is depending upon the voluntary system. It does not take men from their activities, but it does train them for the art of war, because it has faith in the young men, and because it believes that when the hour of danger threatens, when the power of tyranny threatens to tear down the flag of freedom, the best it breeds, the flower of its manhood would hasten from desk and counter, lecture room and plough, fisher boat and factory bench to plant it firmly on high against the onslaughts of the most relentless foe."

Sergeant Knight.

Sergeant Norman Knight, to whom much of the credit is due for the splendid results of the campaign, was next called upon. He again spoke in that clear and pointed style which carries conviction. "People of St. John, I see in this gathering before me this evening three classes, workers, farmers and shirkers. I have little to do with the shirkers. He is the man who works one month and loaf two, who is willing to go and do a little but is not willing to see it all to a finish. What do you suppose the boys at the front are thinking of you shirkers. The shirkers, and the crowd is full of them, are no friends of mine. Tell me, you shirkers, what are you going to say when the boys come marching home?" "They will have all the say, and you will be ashamed at your indifference to the call today. I have a clipping here which contains an extract of a letter from one of the St. John boys

GERMAN AMBASSADOR TO WASHINGTON WAS ALSO INVOLVED IN DUMBA CASE

President Wilson's Request for Recall of Dr. Dumba May Extend to Other High Officials—Washington Feels Relations with Germanic Powers are More Strained than Ever.

Washington, Sept. 10.—President Wilson's request for the recall of the Austrian ambassador, Dr. Constantine Dumba, has broadened into a situation involving Captain Franz Von Papan, the military attaché of the German embassy. Alexander Nuber, Von Papan's aide, the Austrian consul-general in New York, and possibly Count Von Bernstorff, the German ambassador. The official view is that the ambassador, although technically involved, is not so seriously concerned as the military attaché, or the consul general. It is not unlikely that both of the latter may be recalled, or dismissed from the country.

Coupled with Germany's disappointing and unsatisfactory explanation of the sinking of the White Star liner Arabic, after Count Von Bernstorff had given assurances that full satisfaction would be given, if it was established that a German submarine was the culprit, the friendly relations with the Germanic powers strained more toward the breaking point than ever before.

Hopes that the submarine crisis had been safely passed, and that a break between Germany and the United States had been avoided, were displaced today by misgivings. Talk of the possibility of breaking diplomatic relations was heard again, although this time it involved the central powers, on the theory that Austria, after having her ambassador practically dismissed from the country, might stand with her ally in relations with the United States.

Unofficial reports that a second

at the front, says, believe me, if some of us ever come back alive, the fellows at home will hear from us. It is time you fellows began to think of the blood which is being shed, the hardship which is being endured, to keep you home here in safety. "Men, we will never get it unless you come forward. Your pals and your friends who are over in Flanders are calling you and are shedding their blood just because you stay here at home indifferent and rooted to the spot."

"We have had some fine recruits today as good men as you will find anywhere. They have given up god positions and their places. But I tell you the men who have gone forward to fight are those who will get the preference after the war."

On Thursday evening Sergt. Knight was given a great ovation, when the pipers played him to his rooms at the Clifton. There will be another meeting tonight in King Square when the chief speakers will be Sergeant Fred Hyatt of the 55th Battalion, Lieut. A. J. Brooks of the 55th Battalion, Sergeant Norman Knight of the 1st Gordon Highlanders, and another prominent speaker whose name cannot be published. At the conclusion of the open-air meeting, a gathering for men only will take place in the Imperial Theatre addressed by Sergeant Knight, who has something of particular interest to say to the men.

nothing further will be done in his case, nor in the case of Von Papan or Nuber. If the receipt of documentary evidence bears out the information now in the hands of the state department, officials would not be surprised to see both men withdrawn by their home government, or, as a final resort, dismissed from the country.

The fact that Von Papan's letter was a personal one would not alter the situation, Secretary Lansing said that while the department had no official information on Von Papan's case, it regarded the use of an American passport for carrying any sort of a communication through the lines of the belligerents as an abuse of that document.

The copy of the German note on the Arabic, as received at the state department, varied from the copy cabled to the Associated Press from Germany only in that the former said the submarine stopped the English steamer Dunsley about sixty nautical miles south of Kinsale, instead of sixteen. Otherwise the two copies were pronounced by state department officials as identical.

It may be stated, however, that if nothing comes in the nature of a modification of Germany's explanation, an American note will reach Berlin probably early next week, which will set forth the views of the United States in a brief and unmistakable manner. Germany's declaration that while she regrets the loss of Americans she recognizes no liability for indemnity, even if the submarine commander was mistaken in believing the Arabic was about to attack him, and practically offering to arbitrate the principle, is regarded in official circles as leaving the whole submarine question practically where it was left by the Berlin government's unresponsive attitude toward the Lusitania negotiations, and in immovable convention of the favorable view which state department officials had been led to take by the statements of the German ambassador.

The President spent most of today going over the German note. No official comment was made at the White House or the state department, but the disappointment of officials was undisguised. The latest turn in the submarine controversy almost overshadowed the Dumba case.

Capt. Von Papan is involved in the Dumba case because he forwarded, by James F. J. Archibald, the American correspondent, travelling under an American passport, a personal letter in which he made offensive statements about American officials. More over, Ambassador Dumba's letter to the Vienna foreign office, found on Archibald, mentioned Von Papan as having approved what the state department, in its note to the Austro-Hungarian government, characterized as a statement previously made to the ambassador by Secretary Lansing, wholly of an innocuous character, officials do not regard the German ambassador's status in the affair as approaching that of his military attaché or the Austrian consul-general.

It is quite probable that until the Vienna foreign office replies to the request for the withdrawal of Dr. Dumba

called to the legislative council and entered the Chaurvass government in 1873, and became premier of the Province of Quebec in 1874, and was dismissed, with his colleagues, by the Lieutenant governor in March 1878. He was called to the senate of Canada in 1878. In May 1894, he was made a

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C. M. G., and a K. C. M. G. in June, 1914.
St. Andrew's Church.
Rev. Frank Baird, B.D., of Woodstock, will occupy the pulpit of this church next Sabbath, the 12th inst., at 11 a.m. and 7 p.m. Strangers cordially invited.

IMPERIAL NEWS BULLETIN:

TODAY'S BUMPER SHOW
"THE BROKEN COIN"
"THE MAN FROM THE DESERT"

Rich Things in Store - MONDAY - More Big Features

"THE GODDESS"—3rd Chapt. Vitagraph Serial

We left this story last week with Tommy Barclay, the millionaire's son, finding Celestia, the Goddess in the woods where he rescued her from the hypnotist, Prof. Stiletter. Celestia knows nothing of modern civilization and thinks she is come to reform the world. What follows in this episode is certainly very interesting.

"THE EBB-TIDE"—Featuring Kathryn Williams

Those who saw "The Spoilers" in our theatre a few months ago will remember the splendid work of Miss Williams. In this three-part story she essays the role of a society belle—a highly dramatic part—and the story, cast and scenic settings are superb. It is a high-class society drama, sure to please.

THE ANIMATED WEEKLY—10 Subjects

GOOD VAUDEVILLE TO CONTINUE:
THIS WEEK'S DANCING ACT, The Dancing Mares, has been a furore. Best thing of its kind seen yet, has been the verdict. Next week we are to have The Hughes Trio, an instrumental act playing such numbers as Gypsy Airs (Sarasate), Selections from "Chin-Chin," popular ballads and ragtime hits. They use Trumpets, Banjos, Violins, Novelties Bells and Saxophones.

WED.—Jack London's "The Sea Wolf"—7 Reels

The Daughters
Of the
Empire
Are Helping!

The Greatest Movement
For the
PATRIOTIC FUND
Yet Attempted in St. John!

The Rotary
Club
Is Helping!

\$50,000 in a Week!

This is the slogan of the big energetic committees now at work. What will you do to help in its attainment? The week is to be from October 4 to October 9 and the pretentious undertaking is

The Patriotic Auction

In St. Andrews Rink

Does This Date Mean Anything to You?

September 20

Well, Listen! It's the Day the Big Canvas Is to Start—Be Ready!

Several hundred people will be busy in its interest from now to the time of the Auction but thousands will be needed to make it a success! Will you be among those thousands? Between today and September 20 will you decide what form your gift will take? The city and country districts will be canvassed—everyone will have a chance to give.

The Knights
Of
Columbus
Are Helping!

The Executive Offices
Are now open at
181 Prince William Street
H. A. Porter, Manager
Telephones Main 705 or Main 1996

The Order
of Elks
Is Helping!

OPERA HOUSE

MATINEE TODAY 2.15-TONIGHT 8.15
LAST 2 PERFORMANCES
"THE SQUAWMAN"

STARTING MONDAY NIGHT
Klark-Urban Co.
In the Cohan and Harris Success
"STOP THIEF"
COMEDY-THRILLS-SENSATION-LAUGHTER-HAPPINESS
WHOLE YEAR IN NEW YORK-SUCCESS EVERYWHERE.

MATINEE DAILY EXCEPT MONDAY SOME VAUDEVILLE
NIGHTS - 10-20-30-50c
MATINEES - 10-20c

Always Good
-PUT US
TO THE TEST
UNIQUE
WATCH FOR
MONDAY'S
FEATURE
SOMETHING
REAL GOOD
IN
THE CARROLL
GILLETTE
NOVELTY ACROBATS
Of the Rialto
Variety

AMERICAN PLAYERS
In Story Sentimental
"THE WISHING STONE"
A Dainty Love Drama with
Rare Scenic Studies

MAJESTIC COMPANY
In the Thrilling Drama
"THE LITTLE WATCHMAKER"
A School in Flame-Recus of the Scholars.
Boys-Girls-See It Saturday Afternoon

THE DARE-DEVIL CHIEF—2-Reel Keys-on.
Featuring the Old-Time Favorite, FORD STERLING,
in a real comedy of the Slog-Stick variety.

LYRIC
"THE -RELIANCE
OTHER MAN"
"HIS -TRANHOUSSER
SISTER'S KIDS"
"THE -RELIANCE
STUDIO OF LIFE"