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MITCHELL AND THE OPERATORS' OFFER

DECLINES TO GIVE OPINION ON PROPOSAL

The Latest Telegram From Coal Region Says Feeling Is Against Accepting Plan.

Wilkesbarre, Pa., Oct. 14.-From a thorough calvass of the situation as it chell. The same member of the committee said the manufacturers' plan exists to-night, there is every indication for believing that the new arbitration plan proposed by the presidents of the coal companies for ending the miners' strike will not be accepted in its present form. There is a division of opinion among the strikers, but there is no doubt that a majority feel that the offer to have the President of the United States select an arbitration commission along the lines suggested by the operators, is not fair, and that it unduly limits the President in making up the board. The miners, it is safe to say, will abide by the advice of their national president, in whose judgment they have the utmost

President Mitchell declines to say how he personally looks upon the proposi-tion, but to-night he gave to the press the following statement:

"I fully appreciate that with much anxiety the people of our country are awaiting the end of the coal strike. The replied: coal operators have not addressed the miners' union or its officers in making their public statement. It is therefore say, public necessity. We recognized of the miners at this time. I am now, as I have always been, deeply solicitous done soon, and we considered that it of the interests of the public, and the would be honorable to overlook, in a

claration and intention will be issued
just as soon as we are in possession of
to shut down, and still greater hardthe full meaning of the proposition of the | ships might be suffered."

no intention of making it until the cor- sons would take it that way," he respondents representing the newspapers | swered. all over the country called on him in a body and informed him that the general public desired to have an answer to the proposition of the operators. After giving it, he was asked many questions regarding the attitude of the men, and the probability of acceptance or rejection of the new offer, but he had no reply to make. He denied that he had any knowledge of what the new offer of the operators was until it became public property, and also denied that he was in telephonic communica-tion with President Roosevelt. His attention was called to the fact that most of the information from Washington inted that the proposition would be accepted, and that the strike was near an end, but he stoutly hairmained that neither his officers nor the rank and file to stone a non-union man. Deputies of the men had done anything to cause

such an impression to go out. District Presidents Nicholls and Fahey arrived here from Boston this after-noon. They had been addressing meetings in the interests of the miners. Mr. Nicholls had nothing to say, but when Mr. Fahey was asked what he thought of the new turn of affairs, he said: "The strike can't be settled without the coning in gold bricks of any kind."

Do you mean by that that the operators' arbitration plan is not acceptable?" he was asked. "Make any deductions you want to," he replied.

Gompers Not Pleased. Washington, Oct. 14 .- President Gompers, of the American Federation of La-bor, with whom Mr. Mitchell has been in night stated his views. Mr. Gompers

"You can readily understand my wanting to leave this whole matter in the hands of Mr. Mitchell and his colleagues. I am particularly anxious not to say anything that might be construed otherwise. I will say that in my opinion the proposition made by the operators, at st so far as their designation of who should be invited to go on the commis sion of arbitration is concerned, is an insult to the President of the United States. I desire that the President use his discretion in the selection of the personnel of the commission. By inference it would seem from the operators proposition that the President has evil designs for the mine owners. No one believes this. The operators indicate the class of men that should be selected for the personnel of the commission. For instance, they say that an expert min-ing engineer, experienced in the mining of coal and other minerals, and not in Way connected with coal mining proties, shall be one of the members. In other words, this one must be an expert must have been employed in the mines as an expert or must expect or hope to be employed in the future as an expert. Another must be an eminent sociologist sociologist, theorist, or what? Another member is to be some man actively par-ticipating in the mining and selling of coal and familiar with the commercial as well as the physical part of these. This must certainly be one of the oper ators or one of their representatives. No other man familiar with the commercial features of the business in those fields fits that description.

"In the classes of persons from whom the mine owners prescribe, the commission shall be selected, there is not a single representative of the miners who dig coal—the man who works in and rbout the mines. Now, as a matter of fact the entire question of selection and left to the President of the United States, and Mitchell has said that he will he perfectly satisfied with whomever the President selects. If the mine who shall constitute the arbitration commission, why, in all fairness, should it not follow that Mr. Mitchell be permit-

given a free hand.

President Roosevelt has agreed to an

point the committee suggested by the operators, provided such action would be satisfactory to the miners.

Manufacturers' Plan. New York, Oct. 14.-The regular weekly meeting of the coal operators to-day was preceded by a conference with a committee of the National Association of Manufacturers, and at the conference the salient points of a plan to settle the anthracite coal strike were submitted by the manufacturers. The operators will consider the plan while the mine workers are reaching a conclusion in regard to the proposal of arbitration submitted to President Roosevelt at Washington yesterday.

A member of the manufacturers' com mittee said he knew the association's plan would be acceptable to Mr. Mitwould be considered by the operators if mitted to the President to-day.

Mr. Leake said the proposition of the manufacturers' association had not been formally presented to the operators, but that its salient points had been discussed. He said that at present the bituous miners are organized, and that if the anthracite miners became organ-ized on similar lines it was his belief that the price of coal would be permanmanufacturers would have to advance the price of all articles manufactured. He said his association was desirous of having prices remain as they are now.

New York, Oct. 14.-President Fowler, of the New York, Ontario & Western Mitchell, left shortly after 3 o'clock this railway, when asked what influences, if morning for Washington, where he will railway, when asked what influences, if any, induced the operators to submit the difference with their men to arbitration,

ble for me to state the attitude | that the public would suffer from the scarcity of coal if something was not welfare of the mine workers who have measure, the rights of the interests that "A formal statement defining our de- a serious predicament might be found.

"Do you regard the offer of the oper-This statement was made by him af-ter a silence lasting all day. He had down by them?" "I suppose many per-

Mines in Good Shape. Scranton, Pa., Oct. 14.-The superin

tendents of the coal mining companies say that as far as this region is con-cerned the majority of the, mines could be worked to their fullest capacity with-in a week after the strike is off. With the exception of a few places men have long as the negotiations for arbitration been at work right along cleaning up falls, keeping the timbering repaired, and others preparing for the day when work would be resumed. All the mines with one or two exceptions have been kept

free of water and gas, and inside of ten days could be in full operation. Only one call was made on the soldiers in these parts to-day, a crowd of to stone a non-union man. Deputies came to the scene and fired shots from Winchesters, but the boys and hundreds of others who had come upon the scene gave battle with stones. A detachment of the 12th Regiment soon appeared and

the crowd dispersed. No More Offers.

London, Oct. 14.-The largest firm in the Liverpool coal trade received a cable dispatch from New York to-day, dated last night saying that no further offers could be made for English coal.

BODYGUARD'S DEATH.

Finding in Inquest in Connection With the Fatality at Pittsfield.

Pittsfield, Mass., Oct. 15.-The finding n the inquest following the accident in tion, declined all requests of newspapers which President Roosevelt's bodyguard, for an expression of opinion on the proposition of the coal operators, but to-night stated his views. Mr Gompers of James T. Kelly, conductor, and Euclid of James T. Kelly, conductor, and Euc Madlen, motorman, of the electric & which ran into the President's carriage contributed to the death of Mr. Crair Rudliff was her. finding was by Special Justice Charles : Hibbard.



It is a great affliction for a woman to have her face disfigured by pimples or any form of eruptive disease. It makes her morbid and sensitive, and robs her of social enjoyment. Disfiguring emptions are caused by impure blood, and are entirely cured by the great blood-purifying medicine—Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery. It removes from the blood the poisonous impurities which cause disease. It perfectly and permanently cures scrofulous sores, eczema, tetter, boils, pimples and other eruptive diseases which are caused by the blood's

diseases which are caused by the blood's impurity. It increases the action of the blood-making glands and thus increases the supply of pure rich blood.

"For about one year and a half my face was very badly broken out." writes Miss Carrie Adams, of 116 West Main Street, Battlecreek, Mich. "I spent a great deal of money with doctors and for different kinds of medicine, but received no benefit. At last I read one of your advertisements in a paper, and obtained a bottle of Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery. Before I had taken one bottle of this medicine I noticed a change, and after taking three bottles. I was entirely cured. I can well recommend Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery to any one similarly afflicted."

The sole motive for substitution is to

The sole motive for substitution is to permit the dealer to make the little more profit paid by the sale of less mer-itorious medicines. He gains; you lose. Therefore accept no substit ute for

The People's Common Sense Medical Adviser, a book containing 1008 pages, is given away. Send 31 one-cent stamps for expense of customs and mailing only, for the book in paper covers, or 50 stamps for the volume bound in cloth. Address Dr. R. V. Pierce, Buffale

OPERATORS' PROPOSAL IS NOT SATISFACTORY

The Miners' President Believed to Be Willing to Accept a Modified

New York, Oct. 15 .- President Roose velt has officially informed President Mitchell, of the United Mine Workers, of the arbitration proposition made by the mine workers reject the plan sub- the operators to settle the coal strike, and is awaiting an answer, says the Herald.

The strike leader is expected to visit barre. President Mitchell will at once call on President Roosevelt in Washington and lay before him the attitude of the mine workers towards the proposiently advanced, with the result that the tion from arbitration made by the operators. This announcement is said to have been made by a person close to Senator Quay.

Gone to Washington

Wilkesbarre, Pa., Oct. 15.-President confer with President Roosevelt to-day. He did not intimate that he was going until he left headquarters for the railway station. It is known that the operators proposition in its present form is not entirely satisfactory to Mr. Mitchell, Some of the local leaders are of the opinion that he is willing to accept a modified plan. The strikers feel that the arbitration scheme as it now stands is not fair to them. If a proposition is finally agreed upon it is probable a convention will be called to meet within four days from the time the call is sent out. It is stated by some of those at headquarters that Mr. Mitchell has the power to send the

men back to work immediately. Mr. Mitchell's departure for Washing-ton has again raised hopes in the miners that the end is near. It is their opinion that President Roosevelt and he will come to some understanding with the re-sult in a speedy closing up of the nego-

The superintendents of the coal com oanies in this vicinity report that no additional men returned to work to-day. They did not look for any increase as

are in progress. Some Obstacles.

Washington, Oct. 15 .- Interest in the coal strike situation here is centered in John Mitchell, the president of the United Mine Workers, who is expected at the emporary White House between 11 and o'clock.

Secretary Root, with representative Sereno E. Payne, of New York, and Commissioner of Labor Carroll D. Wright, went into conference in the President's room. Secretary Root went to the White House at 11.10 after an hour's conference with the President concerning the strike situation. As he was leaving he said that while there were no new developments in the situation, there were some obstacles which would have to be cleared away before the end would be in sight. He said that he believed that these difficulties could be removed. He declined to particularize what the obstacles are.

Conference With President.

Washington, Oct. 15 .- John Mitchell, the strike leader, arrived at the White House at 11.50. He was unaccompanied save by several newspaper men, who had met him at the station. He was at once ushered into Secretary Cortelyou's office, where he remained for a few minutes before going upstairs. Commissioner of Labor Wright was with the President when Mr. Mitchell entered the For the Strikers.

Anaconda gave a benefit ball for the strikers, at which \$1,500 was netted for the Pennsylvania strikers.

BULGARIANS DEFEATED.

and of Insurgents Dispersed by Turkish Troops.

Constantinople, Oct. 15.—It is declared volutionary bands have everywhere en defeated, and that after a sharp engagement in Kreizna defile between a c of Turkish troops and insurgents, Bulgarians were dislodged and dis-

The Post understands that the Bulgarian government has finally decided to suppress the Macedonian committee.

SAILOR KILLED

Fell From Mast of Ship During Passage to New York.

New York, Oct. 15 .- The American our-masted ship Shenandoah arrived today from San Francisco, after a passage of 123 days of more than eventful interest. The ship came in crippled. During voyage one man fell from a mast and was killed, and two others were injured. lements, which damaged her sails and

GOVERNMENT VICTORY.

Venezuelan Revolutionists Defeated Battle Near La Victoria.

Puerto Cabello, Venezuela, Oct. 14.cording to an official report received here, the battle fought between the Veneguelan revolutionists and the forces of President Castro near La Victoria has resulted in a complete victory for the government army.

DYNAMITE PLOT.

Consipracy to Blow Up President of Lower House of the Hungarian Parliament.

Budapest, Hungary, Oct. 15 .- A workman having informed the police that a plot is on foot to blow up the President of the Lower House of the Hungarian parliament by placing a bomb beneath his chair, the detective force on duty at the House has been increased.

KING EDWARD AT RACES.

Was Present at Newmarket To-day Wher. Black Sand Won the Czarewitch Stakes. (Associated Press.)

London Oct. 15 .- King Edward arrived at Newmarket vesterday to attend the second October meeting. It was His Majesty's first appearance on a race course since Derby week immediately after which came the sudden news of his illness. The King will remain at his rac-

horseback this morning and made a tour of his racing establishment at Egerton of his racing establishment at Egerton House. Subsequently he watched the horses exercising on the heath. His Manage the race course in a downthe first race. A big crowd was present as the race for the Czarewitch stakes, for three-year-olds and upwards, secure a larger lead. This they obtainwas considered to be particularly open. the Kenneth plate for two-year-olds, thus side. adding to the number of supporters of his Volodoviski for the big race.

effect to-morrow.

Black Sand won the Czarewitch stakes.

Congratulation was second and Rightful third. Seventeen horses ran.

THANKSGIVING DAY FOOTBALL MATCHES

Two Association and One Rugby Game to Be Played To-Morrow Afternoon-Rifle Shoot.

The Rugby and Association football season will be ushered in to-morrow, Thanksgiving Day. As mentioned in another column, the intermediate Rugby team will play an aggregation picked from outside intermediates and juniors.

The senor Victoria Association football team has a match on with the Garrison, to take place at the Caledonia grounds, commencing at 3 o'clock, while the Columbius will play a team picked from the crew of H. M. S. Amphion at 2.45 at Beacon Hill.

Several matches were played between the Seniors and Garrison last season, which always resulted in close scores. The Victorias were the winners of the British Columbia championship, and the Garrison the winners of the city league, so considerable rivalry exists between them. Victoria will be strengthened by several new players, and with the assistance of many of the old players of last year they should have a team equal to their former ones. The game to-morrow will start at 3 o'clock, after the intermediate Rugby game, and as the ground is in good condition, a close and fast exhibition can be looked for. The Victoria team will be chosen from the tollowing: Jones, Goward, Schwengers, L. Yorke, W. Yorke, Rutherford, Johnson, J. W. Lorimer, Noot, S. Lorimer, J. Lorimer and J. Johnson.

The Columbia vs. Amphion game is also likely to prove most interesting. Both teams are strong and evenly match-Several of the most skillful of the team follows: Marshall, goal: Richardson and Peden, backs; Hart, Dalby and Shanks, half backs: Hunter, Johnson, Noot, Wilson and Berkeley, forwards Shooting.

The Fifth C. A. Rifle Association will Butte, Mont., Oct. 15.—The Butte miners' union has forwarded \$3,259 to the headquarters of the United Mine Workers at Indianapolis for the benefit McConnan will have charge. The special 49 rounds, as required by the regulations, and Capt. In this connection the aswill be fired. In this connection the association offers four prizes of \$5 in each class for the highest score made with the 49 rounds, added to two points for every hill attended between January 1st to the 31st of May. The first series will be shot in the forenoon, and the second in the afternoon. There will be a 50c. weepstake in each of three classes for the aggregate at the 200, 500 and 600 vards. The association will add \$5 to government circles that the Bulgarian each class, provided 50 per cent. 1st class, 25 per cent. 2nd class, and 15 per cent. 3rd class shots turn out on that day. The number of prizes will be regulated by the number of entries. The returns for the 49 rounds must be completed by the end of this month, and it is therefore of great mportance that all the members of the firing as early as possible.

NEW BRICK BUILDING

Will Be Erected on Douglas Street in the Near Future.

Another rew brick building is to be erected in the city. The site is on the east side of Douglas street, between Fisguard and Cormorant, and the cost of the structure will be in the neighborhood of four thousand dollars. It will be wo stories high, and will have a frontage of 30 feet and a depth of 100 feet. The contract has just been awarded to George Snider, who will commence opertions immediately. Thomas Hooper is

This will make three improvements of Snider's hands. One of them, the addition to the Balmoral block, is now almost completed, while satisfactory pro gress is being made on the Spencer building. It is understood the proposed structure on Douglas street will be used as a transfer headquarters for a couple of young men who are about to go into the business. It will also have residential accommodation. The building is to be erected for Mrs. Marion Allen.

FOUND IMMENSE **BODY OF CINNABAR**

PROPERTY LOCATED ON QUATSING SOUND

Ledge Discovered Forty Feet Wide and Containing Rich Ore-Test to Be Made.

Cinnabar, the ore from which mercury s obtained, has been found in immens quantity up at Quatsino.

News of the discovery of a big deposit on the Sound was received from the Const through the return of the steamer ed for its immediate discussion, which Queen City from that vessel's extended Mug headquarters until Friday.

Queen City from that vessel's extended trips to the north end of the Island yesterday noon. Messrs. Gresham and precious ore, but had not attached a great deal of importance to it, the find having only stimulated their desire to W. C. Whitney's Elizabeth M. won mouth of the Sound, and on the south

After returning to Quatsino with the J. Reiff came over from Paris to ride the French candidate, Doux Pays. It

They have two sacks of the ore for testwas explained that Reiff's suspension by ing purposes, and will ship them to Victhe French Jockey Club only goes into torit on the next trip of the Queen City. E. Tregone will be in charge of the ore, and, if it proves as rich as the owners anticipate, or as the crude test to which some was subjected at Quat-sino; the discovery will add greatly to the mining and other commercial interests of the place.

Mr. Murdock is greatly impressed with the discovery. He is a miner of old expenience, and has spent about \$8,000 developing a copper property on the Sound. He is satisfied that his fortune has now been made, and that the ore will assay all that the most sanguine expect of it. The ledge is 40 feet wide.

With this new discovery, the mines being worked and in course, the mines being worked and in course of development, the pulp and saw mills which are to be erected and its numerous other abryonic industries, Quatsino has erily a bright prospect before it. mber of the settlers are now quite enthusiastic over the success achieved by a drilling outfit, which Mr. Lawson has been perfecting for some time. En-listing the assistance of a number of the settlers he has started work on his own property, about two miles below the set-tlement on the north side of the Sound, and there are good indications in the cretaceous formations to warrant the boring for coal. The drill works on the rincipal of a lifting machine, geared down to give plenty of purchase power. One man can manipulate it, and the inventor claims that with the use of it he can sink a shaft through ordinary sand-stone from 40 to 50 feet a day.

Among other items of news which was ecceived from Quatsino on the Queen City yesterday was the report that Capt. Grant, A. Paterson and others have onded an iron property up the Ingersoll

river. A contractor from San Francisco has been looking over the new smelter site. He examined the property and afterwards took passage on the Queen City in company with Mr. Clark, the manager of the Yreka Copper Company. The company sent a launch down to Klasino Iulet on the 7th inst. to open up a mine discovered by Messrs. Flairity and Anderson. The trip is considered a dangerous one for so small a craft, as en route Reef Point has to be rounded and the water here is very treacherous. The party, on returning, reported a lead extending for two miles. The work on the Yreka mine is progressing. A long ore chute has been installed. The ways for the pipe connecting with the Pelton wheel of the compressor plant have been constructed, giving a fall of water of 350 feet for the upper works and 1,000 feet for lower

BLOW-IN OF SMELTER.

Crofton Plant Is Now in Full Operation With Plenty of Ore in Sight.

The "blow-in" of the Northwestern melting & Refining Company's smelter at Crofton occurred this morning at clock. Everything in connection with t passed off very successfully, and the ntire plant of the smelter may now said to be in operation.

The converter has been lined up and obably this evening or to-morrow will at work, so that some time to-morrow he first copper produced on Vancouver Island will be forthcoming. The Garrettson furnace, which is an adependent plant, has been from time time altered to meet the conditions of the ore supplied, and is now working aost satisfactorily.

A very considerable quantity of ore has been received from different points within the past few weeks so that with the four converters it is expect that no delay will be experienced connection with the work. There is sight at Crofton now several months' continuous work.

BRIEF TELEGRAMS.

The Vermont legislature has re-elected

In view of the expansion of the thresh ng engine demand in the West, the Sawyer-Massey Co. will double its capacity at Hamilton. A carpet manufacturing firm of Kidter, England, is figuring on establishing a Canadian branch of the facory at Hamilton, Ont. The oyster industry at this end of Long Island Sound, is tied up by the coal strike, the price of coal for the

steamers being too high for their profitable operation. United States Postmaster-General Henry C. Payne, in an interview yesterday, said that the forthcoming annual Maris, Oct. 15.—The visiting Boer genmessage of President Roosevelt to Conerals teft Paris to-day for Berlin. The gress will possibly recommend that a per-

FRENCH PARLIAMENT

Session Premises to Be a Stormy One The Budget.

Paris, Oct. 14.—The Chamber of Deities reassembled to-day. 'The session romises to be stormy, in view of the in erpellations before the House attacking the government for employing troops against strikers and for using the military during the school troubles in Brit-

In the House to-day M. Rouvier, after ntroducing the budget, showing that the evenue was estimated at \$175,100,000 nd the expenditures at \$715,000,000, explained that in order to effect an equili-brium it had been necessary to create new taxation amounting to \$41,400,000. which amount is included in the estimated revenue.

A mining deputy, M. Basly, presented a proposition for the establishment of old age pensions, which the chamber agreed to discuss at the first opportunity, and M. Baudry Dasson submitted a demand r an arraignment of the governmen or violation of the law by closing schools was refused by 414 to 52 votes.

SPOKE AT MONTREAL.

Hon, J. I. Tarte on the Tariff Ques-

Montreal, Oct. 14.-Hon. J. I. Tarte addressed the quarterly meeting of the Montreal Board of Trade to-day. He eiterated his stand on protection, say-ng the tariff should be revised and some uties increased. Regarding the charge of disloyalty in so speaking during the absence of the Premier, he reminded his hearers that many of them had heard him make similar remarks at the manufac urers' banquet in the presence of Sir Wilfrid Laurier. Why was he disloyal in only repeating what he had first asserted in the hearing of the Premier? He also stated that on the opening of navigation in 1904. Montreal would poss 30-foot waterway to the ocean.

POLICE CAPTAIN'S FORTUNE. Over \$100,000 Found in Desk of Dead

Officer at New York. New York, Oct. 14 .- A fortune of over \$100,000 was found to-day in the desk of Police Captain Donahue in the section house, where he dropped dead last while northern steamers were navigated only with the utmost difficulty. The found in a small iron box in a drawer, and diamond jewelry, valued at \$11,000, including a solitaire ring worth \$1,500, was found in another drawer. The rest of the property included \$15,000 in United States Steel stock, \$1,000 in gold mining stock, \$15,000 in Metropolitan railway stock, and five life insurance policies of \$2,000 each. The discovery of the treasure was a complete surprise the captain having been considered worth about \$75,000 in other property.

BATCH OF STOWAWAYS

Arrived on the Glenogle From Orient To-day-In Provincial Jail.

The Glenogle, which called here to-day, the Grenogie, which caned here to-day, brought a plentiful supply of inmates for the provincial jail. There were on board the steamer eighteen Chinese stownways. These were unable to pay their head tax and were accordingly turned over by the captain to the police authorities. An

marched out to the provincial jail.
What the outcome will be is somewhat difficult to foretell. It is possible that the friends of the men may pay the head hundred dollars, for white otter are tax and eighteen more Chinese will be scarce and are very valuable: added to the population; otherwise they

will have to be returned to China. THE PACKERS' COMBINE. Will Be Launched in December if.

Money Market is Easy. Chicago, Ills., Oct. 15.—The great packers' combine will be launched on December 1st, if the money market is easy, says the Chronicle. Kuhn Loeb the Calais, the prefect of Pas de Calais has written a letter to the managers of all the coal mines in his department asking them to reet with the view of deciding Chicago, Ills., Oct. 15.-The great cate. Wherever there are agencies of several packers in a city or town, they will be abolished and only one general agency will be established. Among the irms in the combination are, Amour & Co.; Swift & Co.; Nelson Morris & Co.; Schwartz-Schild and Sulzberger and

others. THE DATE SIR J. BOURINOT.

uneral Took Place This Afternoon-

Ministers Leave to Meet Premier. Ottawa, Oct. 15 .- The funeral of the late Sir John Bourinot took place this afternoon. Lady Bourinot received a cable of condolence and sympathy from Gen. French, and inspected all the sol Sir Gilbert Parker. Jas. A. Smart, deputy minister of the

Hon. Messrs, Scott, Fitzpatrick and Sutherland left to-day for Quebec to meet Sir Wilfrid Laurier. GOVERNOR'S SECRET MISSION.

Sir F. A. Sweetenham is Believed to Have Sailed For Kelantan. Singapore, Oct. 15 .- Sir F. A. Sweet nhim, governor of the Straits Settleents, has sailed on a government sacht.

His destination is said to be Kelantan The mission is secret. Kelantan, which is the capital of the state of Kelantan, is situated on the Malay Peninsula and acknowledges the lovereignty of Siam.

NARROW ESCAPE.

Man Caught in Machinery and Stripped of His Clothing.

West Selkirk, Man., Oct. 15.-C. John on, an employee in Capt. Robinson's sawmill, was caught in the machinery yesterday and completely stripped of his clothing. He has a fracture of one leg and one arm and several ribs broken. It t thought he will recover.

crowds outside their hotel cheered them manent tariff commission be appointed. on their departure.

WRECKAGE DRIFTS ASHORE ON COAST

PARTS OF SHIP FOUND

Lightkeeper Daykin, of Carmanah, Says That There Has Been a Smash-Up.

From information received from Lightkeeper Daykin, of Carmanah Point, it would appear that the Venture's misfortune is not the only one that can be attributed to the dense fog which prevailed last week and on the first few days of this week. Mr. Daykin states by letter that there has been a smash-up some where out at sea. A boat has drifted ashore at Carmanah badly broken and several pieces of wreckage have been cast up by the sea in that locality, but, he adds, there has not been a mark of any kind appearing on it by which it

might be identified. This news, when taken in connection with the trying navigation conditions which existed, certainly points to some calamity, and shipping men will await with no small amount of uneasiness the arrival of all coasting craft. The boat's ensions, if known, would undoubted ly classify it as belonging to a large or small vessel, and would otherwise lead to its identification, but Mr. Daykin's letter does not contain this information, There is a slight possibility, however, of the Queen bringing further news to-night, She will then be due from San Francisco, and, as the weather has cleared considerably since the beginning of the week her officers will to-day have a better opportunity of scanning the horizon than had the officers of the ships arriv-

ing earlier in the week. The Queen City, which arrived from Cape Scott yesterday, reported that dense fog was encountered all along, smash-up, if such occurred, has probably resulted from a collision. It will be remembered that a catastrophe of this kind came near being the fate of the American schooner Robert R. Hind, which arrived at San Francisco last week. When seventy miles southwest of Capt Flattery a passenger steamer passed within twenty feet of the sailing vessel which, had a collision occurred, would probably have been cut in two an sunk in less time than the Walla Walla

went down in last winter. Lightkeeper Daykin will be on the qui vive for any additional news he can obtain of the wreck, and possibly within the next few days other wreckage will ome ashore which will furnish some

clue to the story of the disaster. In referring to some of his exploits slong the coast during the last few days, Mr. Daykin tells of having run across a white sea otter near Clo-cose: He had no gun with him, but his dogs tackled the information was also laid against them for being stowaways, and the band were ged under water, had to release their grip. Had Mr. Daykin been fortunate in securing that otter his financial stand ing would have been enhanced by several

STRIKE IN FRANCE.

Efforts Being Made to End Trouble in Coal Fields.

Basly, member of the Chamber of Deputies, from the department of Pas de Calais, the prefect of Pas de Calais has s favorable to all the interests involved

n the strike. As the strike in Pas de Calais only inclves the question of wages, this action of the prefect will possibly lead to a resumption of work in that department.

UNITED STATES OFFICERS. Generals Corbin, Young and Wood Pay

a Visit to British Camp at Aldershot. London, Oct 14.-United States Gen erals Corbin, Young and Wood and their aides de camp, visited the British camp at Aldershot to-day, as the guests of diers' quarters, witnessed evolutions by interior, who has returned from the visited the gymnasium, where there was Yukon, says he will recommend that an light horse battery of artillery, and visited the gymnasium where there was drill, athletic exercises and swimming contests. The officials offered to turn out all the troops for the visitors spection, but the visitors declined to trouble them to that extent. After luncheon with Gen. French and his staff, the party returned to London.

> War Secretary Brodrick this evening and met Lord Kitchener.

The United States generals said the

and the garrison was pronounced ship

shape. The visiting generals dined with

nd the troops in excellent condition

A FINE POINT. Albany, N. Y., Oct. 14.—Whether of the pot it is lawful to furnish exclusive ad vance news on stock questions passed upon by the Court of Appeals James N. Veagey, of Cincinnati, appeal to secure payment of his share of \$1. 000,000 from the former New York City Stock Exchange firm of Henry Allen Co. Mr. Veagey was the instigator the congressional investigation whiskey combine, which resulted in tha corporation's dissolution. He alleges that he furnished advance information the Henry Allen & Co. of the proposed discountry solution so that the firm made a prof of \$1,000,000 by selling the shares

the combine "short." This profit was to be divided, and he not having received this share, sues to 1ecover. The lower courts have already passed on the question, non-suiting Veagey and declaring that the agreemen was contrary to public policy.

IMPERIAL P

Address of Hon.

-Reasons

The British Empire I the following report of Hon. Geo. W. Ross at nual meeting of the League in London, at v was the principal speake of Devonshire, the pro league, occupied the char those present were: Sir Ed Sir Gordon Sprigg, Earl E ton, Lord Avebury, Lord Hatherton, Sir Robert Lamington, Sir John Julian Salomons, Sir Gu worth, Sir Augustus A Tharles Tupper, Sir C Smith, Sir Frederick Abe arbutt, General Laurie, Carbutt, General Laurie,
Col. G. T. Denison (presi
British Empire League in
Hon, George W. Ross (Formation), the Hon. H.
Hon. R. P. Roblin, Lord of
ford, M. P., Sir Jas, Blyth,
Young, Dr. G. R. Park,
Lieut-General Sir H. C. V.
A. C. Sandeman, the G. Sandeman, the ortescue, Mr. H. Kimb on, E. R. Beilios, C. M., Egerton, Mr. S. Vauha len H. P. Lawson Jo C. C., G. Lawson Johnstones, Mr. Herbert Da

eman Murray (the se

Hon, Mr. Ross said: Your Grace, my Lord Gentlemen:—In seconding that the officers for the be reappointed, I should the work of the British preciated in Canada. dered splendid service per interest in the cting public attentio sures of Imperial o much of the future o nds. In the pros imary object of the eatly indebted to t tesman, the Duke of or need we regret that ague has somewhat lan and purpose of the on League, out of erged, as within its still ample room for my measure having in deration of the Emp il with pleasure ar ent at Westminster, onies of the Empire ted, I am free to say for such a parlis be urgent as to cau If we are not dir we are always respectful our desires for legislational faterably entertaine show cause. To us this atisfactory condition of ederated parliament, w on might be hastily s representation settled

portant deserved. Public Opinion the Movi If federation should come no doubt it will, with "the suns," it can only come inion in Great Britain ties points to it as a rem grievance, or as a step to consolidation of political nterests than the presen Empire calls for. hief difficulty in effecting ation will be to preserve of the self-governing col ordinate the power ed by the colonies as to to enjoy the priceless priv ernmenf within Any federation that sensi ese privileges might inve pire in internal quarrels standings that, instead cunity and good-feeling, wo opposite effect. (Cheers.) But the other question noble Duke referred, viz., hand, and in my humble within the range of e mediate action. Canada la nified its approval of this conceding a preference to on the Canadian market

er other customers.

ret it. Applause.)

his at a loss to our rev

\$2,000,000 per annum, and

Substantial Evidence

We believe it due to the

try that we should show in some substantial manu ing, apart from our reading the Empire in her time of be regarded as a more sul of our goodwill than to f nerce and her shipping both) in the manner (Cheers.) Now I am not consoriously, nor to inveig of the economic principle faid down by our preside face of our preference Mother Country, what is the Mother Country towar or that matter, towards al In what respect is her tre own colonial subjects which siders bound to defend a sider themselves bound to different from her treatm nations who would humb row, if they had the pohear.) Russia, Germany, and the United States ha Your goods by a high prot They have even entered you ket, as the trade returns sh they are accorded the same your ports and custom ho colonies. Do not think the portuning for privileges in weakness or of mendicane . But the logic of the it appears to me is, that thicker than water, if the