

HYDRAULIC PLANT NEARLY COMPLETED

OPERATIONS WILL SOON BE STARTED IN CARIBOO

Will Be Able to Handle 25,000 Tons of Gravel Daily—Expenditure of \$1,000,000

Vancouver, June 1.—Midsummer of this year will see the commencement of vast operations by the Quesnel Hydraulic Gold Mining Company on the Quesnel river at the new town of Quesnel, Cariboo district. The plant now nearing completion will be the largest of its kind in existence. It will have the phenomenal capacity of handling 25,000 tons of gravel daily. Construction work on the plant was started five years ago, investment up to date reaching nearly \$1,000,000. It includes a 24-mile ditch system which draws an unending supply of water, even during the driest season, from watersheds over three hundred square miles in extent and embracing many lofty snow-capped mountains.

According to Howard W. DuBois, of Philadelphia, general manager, who is here to-day, the ditches, when operations are in progress, will furnish 6,000,000 gallons of water daily, or one-fifth of the daily consumption of water in Greater New York. The plant will be utilized in concentrating the flow at the outlet, a tremendous pressure being exerted by the water in washing the gravel.

The company has already thoroughly tested its ground with Keystone drills. The concession consists of three tracts of an ancient river channel with a depth of six hundred feet of gravel extending to bedrock.

Although Mr. DuBois will not indicate its richness, he expressed himself as very sanguine about the results of the clean-up. His associates are American capitalists who are handling the property in California, gravel running only two cents per cubic yard.

Mr. DuBois added that the Quesnel holdings of his company contained sufficient gravel to secure hydraulic mining operations for at least one hundred years. Less than 100 men will be employed owing to the automatic character of the plant. By means of an ingenious device one man will be enabled to turn the giant monitors in any direction by simply operating a lever. The pressure will be over three hundred pounds to the square inch.

HAYTIEN REVOLT

Sharp Engagements Between Rebels and Federal Forces

Cape Haytien, Hayti, June 1.—The revolution in the northern part of Hayti against the government of President Sabote is growing steadily. The uprising began a month ago and the rebels are daily becoming stronger.

Several sharp engagements have been fought between rebels and the federal forces. The command of General Jean Gilles, the minister of war, and General Morelle Platener, the commander of the Cape Haytien district. The insurgents were victorious. Many persons on both sides were wounded. The rebels captured two cannon and one machine-gun.

UNITED WIRELESS CASE

U. S. District Attorney Says Attempt Was Made to Bribe Him

New York, June 1.—United States Attorney Wise announced to-day that he would prepare a statement of an attempt to bribe him during the wireless trial and present it to the appellate court of the supreme court next week.

Samuel S. Bogart, vice-president of the wireless company, paid \$2,500 in bribes on his plea of guilty of using the wireless to defraud investors. He escaped without being assessed for any portion of the \$50,000 costs incurred in the trial.

WILL ELECT GOVERNOR

State of Chihuahua, Mexico, to Select Support of Madero

Chihuahua, Mexico, June 1.—Word was received here to-day that the legislature of the state of Chihuahua probably would convene to-morrow and elect Abraham Gonzalez as provincial governor. Gonzalez had been one of the most ardent of the Maderista chiefs and his election will complete the installation of provisional governors in northern Mexico.

U. S. WOOL TARIFF

Proposed Changes Represent Reduction of \$1,300,000 in Revenues of Government

Washington, D. C., June 1.—The Democratic wool tariff bill, prepared by the House and means committees of the house was presented to the Democratic caucus to-day. The bill makes reduction of from one-third to one-half of the wool goods. Raw wool tariff, which was free in previous Democratic tariff bills, is given a duty of 20 per cent, and is equivalent to from 2 to 6 cents a pound.

Proposed wool tariff represents a revenue of only \$1,300,000 in the revenues of government, according to a statement presented to the caucus by Chairman Underwood.

CARNEGIE WILL ANSWER QUESTIONS

WILL APPEAR BEFORE CONGRESSIONAL COMMITTEE

Declines to Discuss Story Regarding Methods of the Steel Trust

London, June 1.—"I have had absolutely nothing to do with them and know nothing of those dirty scandals," declared Andrew Carnegie, when asked about the revelation of the absorption of the Tennessee Coal and Iron Co. by the steel trust.

He declined to discuss or answer Gates' testimony and he said he would answer all questions put to him by the Stanley committee when he returned.

Asked about George W. Perkins' connection with the panic, he replied: "Perkins is one of the finest fellows in the world. He is on my peace board, and is utterly incapable of doing anything not right."

Asked if he knew whether Valentine P. Snyder of the National Bank of Commerce, had orders from Morgan to refuse the Knickerbocker Trust clearance of checks on his bank, he said: "I don't believe a word of it. Morgan isn't that kind of a man."

Committee Hears Witness.

Washington, D. C., June 1.—Elliott H. Gary, chairman of the board of directors of the United States Steel Corporation, to-day flatly denied any knowledge of the proposed formation of a combination to control the steel trade of the world. Mr. Gary appeared before the steel trust and declared that he had come to Washington to tell frankly all he knew of the big corporation.

The disclaimers as to world-wide combination was called out by a statement by Chairman Stanley and Mr. Gary was credited with being the directing genius of such a trust.

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SCOTLAND'S POPULATION

London, June 1.—Scotland has a population of 4,769,445 according to the provisional figures of the census made public to-day. This is an increase over 1901 of 237,732, and is the most increase in any census since 1861.

PRISONERS SENTENCED AT VANCOUVER

Number of Men Convicted of Manslaughter Are Sent to Penitentiary

Vancouver, June 1.—The following sentences were imposed at the assizes yesterday:

Joseph Berryman, manslaughter, arising out of abortion on Mrs. J. G. Woodworth, ten years.

Giuseppe Augustino, manslaughter, eight years. Domini Augustino, manslaughter, seven years. Augustino brothers killed a countryman in a razor fight.

Joseph Blanca, manslaughter, seven years.

Andrew Crosby, Indian, of Kispico, who while drunk killed an Indian woman, five years.

Mike Butovic, wounding with intent, four years and six months.

F. Judd, theft, three years and six months.

J. Orisonthwaite, immorality, three years and three whippings.

J. Anderson, shooting with intent to kill, three years.

Alfred Roach, shooting with intent to kill, three years.

George Smith, shooting on street, two years and six months.

Richard Tighe, wounding, eighteen months.

Lai Chung, false pretences, eighteen months.

Harris Dahl and Indar Singh, assaulting police officers, one year.

Hete, assault, six months and two whippings.

Frank Capello, unlawful wounding, suspended sentence.

TRIAL OF WAPPENSTEIN

Evidence Shows Former Chief of Seattle Police Obeyed Orders of His Superiors

Seattle, Wash., June 1.—When the trial of former Chief of Police Wappenstein, charged with accepting a bribe for permitting white slave houses in the vice district to operate, was resumed in the criminal court to-day, the prosecution had presented a large volume of evidence favorable to the defense. Officers of the health department had testified that former Mayor Hiram C. Gill fixed the boundaries of the vice district, that members of the council prepared the medical inspection of the women as a means of gaining revenue, and that Wappenstein acted under the orders of his superiors. Wappenstein had testified that they kept control of the women in order that they might pay tribute through the medical inspection.



AN INCIDENT ON PICCADILLY
JOE—Bloomin' Bouncer; common colonial!
RALPH—Blighter!
(By radiograph to The Times.)

ANOTHER BIRDMAN REACHES ROME

GARROS ARRIVES AT ITALIAN CAPITAL

French Aviator Completes the Second Stage of Long Flight

Rome, June 1.—In a determined effort to overtake his keenest rival, Andre Beaumont, who was the first aviator to complete the second stage of the Paris-Rome-Turin flight, Roland Garros started from Pisa at 10:30 o'clock bound for Rome. He arrived here at 5:15 o'clock this afternoon.

Garros, who was delayed at Pisa yesterday by an accident which badly damaged his machine, received a new airship this morning. After working for two hours on the motor to perfect its movement, the Frenchman ascended and, hugging the Mediterranean coast, headed for this city. He passed over Grosseto, about eighty miles south of Pisa, at 11:50 a. m.

Vidar resumed his flight from Grosseto at 4:31 o'clock a. m. and reached Genoa three hours and six minutes later. After taking on a supply of fuel he again ascended and headed for Pisa. Frey, whose machine was smashed at Pisa yesterday, is still stalled at that city. He hopes to have the machine in shape to resume his flight before noon.

Vidar reached Pisa at 12:35 o'clock this afternoon and is making preparations to continue his flight toward Rome at 3 p. m.

APPEALS TO FRANCE FOR PROTECTION

Sultan of Morocco Wants Ten Thousand French Troops to Remain in Country

Paris, June 1.—Moulay Haid, the Sultan of Morocco, has informed Gen. Moliner, commander of the French column which relieved Fez ten days ago, that he wants a permanent garrison of five thousand French troops at the southern capital and another French force of five thousand men at Mequinez, 34 miles from Fez, for the purpose of assuring the security of the country.

Advices received from Fez say there can be no question that the departure of the French column from Fez would be a signal for a revolutionary outbreak against the Sultan, and if the French troops withdraw not one European would remain in the capital.

THREE MEN END LIVES AT SEATTLE

Two Laborers Shoot Themselves in Separate Hotels Bearing the Same Name

Seattle, June 1.—Two suicides in less than fifteen minutes in separate hotels bearing the same name and in rooms of nearly the same number occurred about 10 o'clock last night. Another case of suicide had been reported two hours earlier.

Ernest Fischenmidt, in room No. 32, St. James Hotel, 1516 1/2 First avenue, endeavored to end his life with a bullet through the heart, but the bullet missed that vital organ, and he made death certain by sending a second through his brain.

A man identified as Jack Smith sent a ball into his brain as he sat on a trunk couch, gazing out on the crowds at Second avenue south and Washington street. He was in room No. 31, St. James Hotel. Both men were laborers and about thirty years old.

A third suicide was D. N. Holden, a realty dealer of East Seattle, who shot himself at 8 o'clock last evening upon a float at the foot of Spring street. Holden after firing the shot toppled over into the water from which he was taken by deck hands on the steamer Fairhaven. He died in about five minutes. Holden left a note saying financial reverses led him to take his life.

MILITARY PREPARATIONS

China is Sending Large Number of Troops to Towns and Villages Near Harbin

St. Petersburg, June 1.—In a leading article the Novoye Vremya points warningly to the Chinese armament in Manchuria, which, it says, calls for the greatest vigilance on the part of Russia.

The paper says 6,500 European-trained troops are being quartered in the towns and villages within a three-day march of Harbin, and that auxiliary troops are being maintained in the same areas; that 30,000 so-called rural guards have been drafted along the Chinese Eastern railroad, and that four divisions of regulars have been stationed at various strategic points in the province.

Russia, the Novoye Vremya says, can place in opposition to this force only the feeble ranks of the railroad police, which now are scarcely able to cope with Chinese bandits.

The paper ironically speaks of "beginners in diplomacy" referring to Premier Stolypin, who, since Foreign Minister Sazonov's illness, has taken charge of the foreign ministry. Russia for decades, the paper says, has not faced a foreign event in full armor, and as a consequence her unpreparedness and irresolution are exemplified by the recent episode with Turkey.

OBJECTS TO ORDER

Port Arthur, Ont., June 1.—Refusing to be governed by an order of the city council that all employees punch a clock on going to and on leaving work, City Engineer Antoniaz yesterday resigned.

FORTRESS WRECKED BY EXPLOSION

ONE HUNDRED AND FIFTY SOLDIERS KILLED

Cause of Explosion in Nicaraguan Town Not Known—More Trouble in Republic

San Juan Del Sur, Nic., June 1.—The fortress on Tiscapa Hill, Nicaragua, was blown up at 3 p. m. yesterday. Fifteen soldiers perished in the explosion. All the ammunition in the fortress was destroyed. The cause of the explosion is as yet unknown. Strict censorship has been established from Managua.

Report Confirmed.

Washington, D. C., June 1.—One hundred and fifty people were killed in the explosion of the fortress La Loma at Managua, Nicaragua, according to a telegram to the state department to-day from Minister Northcott. The cause of the explosion is not known.

Mr. Northcott's dispatch indicated that every person in the garrison was killed.

Since the resignation of President Estrada, and assumption of power by Vice-President Diaz, the state department has received no advices indicating discontent in the republic. The general disposition in administration circles is to conjecture that the disaster was the result of carelessness in the handling of explosives.

May Divide Republic.

New Orleans, La., June 1.—Nicaragua, probably the most war-torn republic of the tropics, is to be split into two nations if the plans of the Liberal party successfully materialize. This is according to gossip in the Central American colony here to-day.

The scheme provides for making independent republics of the Atlantic and Pacific provinces. In the west the Conservatives would rule, while the new Atlantic Republic would be dominated by the Liberals who precipitated the revolution of a year or more ago that resulted in the deposition of Zelaya.

It is planned that Adolf Diaz, who recently succeeded Juan Estrada as president of the republic, shall be chief in the new Pacific nation, while Estrada shall resume the role as president of the Atlantic republic.

NEW YORK HAS BATHTUB MYSTERY

Cannot Locate Husband Who Disappeared Shortly Before Finding of Body

Winnipeg, June 1.—The Tribune to-day publishes an account of another bathtub mystery in New York. Mrs. Henry C. Shieb, aged 23, being the victim.

Her husband was seen around shortly before her body was discovered and the police are now endeavoring to locate him.

In the dead woman's room was an empty envelope bearing the request: "If undelivered return to box 123, Winnipeg, Man." This box is owned by John MacKenzie, a local real estate agent, who knew the murdered woman well. He says she was Lillian Mae Stearns, daughter of a book agent of Sprague, Mass. Her husband is a traveler; MacKenzie met her in New York in 1908 and since then has been writing to her occasionally and on several occasions has sent her money.

YOUNG WOMAN FOUND DEAD IN HER HOME

Will Be Recognized by Government When Constitution is Adopted

Liabon, June 1.—An official note issued yesterday says that Sir Edward Grey, the British foreign secretary, has informed the Portuguese representative in London that the British government was ready definitely to recognize the Portuguese republic as soon as the constitution was voted.

Minister MacHaldos announced that the constituent assembly will open June 19 and the constitution voted by the end of the month. The chamber will then elect a president of the republic.

DROWNED IN BATHTUB

Seattle, Wash., June 1.—After vainly trying to gain entrance to a bathroom at the Graystone hotel, Marion street and Second avenue, the proprietor of the hotel, A. G. Foster, forced the door, and found the body of Albert E. Kneass, a father of 60 American-born children, in the partially filled bathtub. Death resulted from drowning. No motive for suicide could be found, and the belief is that Kneass was overcome by the steam from the hot water and went to sleep in the bath. Kneass was unmarried, and leaves a mother in Salt Lake City and a brother, Arthur B. Kneass, here.

SUING CITY OF REGINA

Regina, Sask., June 1.—The Municipal Construction Company, Ltd., of which local men are at the head, has issued a writ for \$15,000 against the city for damages for breach of contract. The suit is in regard to sewer connection work on which the company was engaged in 1907.

THREE THOUSAND TURKS CAPTURED

Troops and Large Number of Guns Fall Into Hands of Rebellious Arabs

Hodjera, Arabia, June 1.—The rebellious Arabs in Assyria, have captured Abha, the capital, and have made prisoners of the 3,000 Turkish troops composing the garrison. Three battalions of artillery, and a number of large guns also have fallen into the hands of the rebels.

QUAKE WRECKS HOUSE

St. George, Grenada, D.W.I., June 1.—A violent earthquake shook this city and neighboring villages at 3:14 o'clock yesterday. A number of houses were destroyed and several persons injured.

CENSUS MAN IS ON HIS ROUNDS

ENUMERATION OF THE PEOPLE BEGAN TO-DAY

Questions to Which Citizens of Canada Have to Give Full and True Answers

This morning, all over Canada the census enumerators started out to enumerate the people as of their place of abode last night. Transients are taken in the city where they were, and this evening up for the permanent residents who are away from home at the time.

The enumeration will take several days, as the census schedules are formidable-looking sheets and even where the householder has all the facts at his tongue's tip will take time to fill in. The co-operation of every citizen is asked in the work, to ensure its thoroughness and accuracy, and a little patience ought to be exercised towards the enumerators, who are only involuntarily because the law says they must be.

Schedule No. 1 in the census enumeration is the one in which the people at large are interested, as it is the one which deals with the population by name and personal description. The forty odd facts which have to be considered to the census man are these:

As to residence and personal description—name of each person, family or household, place of habitation, sex, relationship to head of family, whether single, married, widowed, divorced or legally separated; month of birth, year of birth, age last birthday.

As to citizenship, nationality and religion—Country of birth, or province if in Canada; year of immigration or naturalization, racial or tribal origin, nationality (which is, of course, Canadian, in the case of all British citizens living in the Dominion permanently), religion.

As to profession or occupation—Chief occupation or trade, any other occupation, whether employer, employee, or working on own account.

Wage-earners will be asked to state where employed (as "on farm," "drug store," "in insurance office," "in woolen mill," "in foundry"), how many weeks employed in 1910 at chief occupation, how many weeks in 1910 at any other chief occupation, hours of working time per week at each, total earnings in 1910 from each, rate of earnings per hour when these are so reckoned.

Citizens are being requested to say how much insurance they have on their life and against accident or sickness and what it cost them this year.

Under the heading of education and language of those over five the facts called for are: Months at school in 1910, can read, can write, language commonly spoken, cost of education in 1910 for persons over sixteen at college, convent or university.

Infirmities to be specified, with the age at which they appeared, are blindness, deaf and dumb, crazy or lunatic, idiotic or silly.

Schedule No. 2, dealing with mortality, disability and compensation, will give information as to details in the census year, month, cause, place, if away from home, name and address of attending physician; nature and cause of injury in case of accident, weeks of disability, loss of earnings, voluntary allowance by employer, compensation by employer under statute and compensation by insurance, all in census year.

Other schedules affecting urban householders will give details as to houses inhabited, vacant or in construction, rooms in inhabited houses, land and buildings owned, rent of land and buildings occupied, number of apple, peach, pear, plum, cherry and "other" trees bearing and non-bearing, and bushels of crop in 1910; products of grape-vines and small fruit; live stock or fowls owned.

It is compulsory upon the head of a household, institution or firm to answer all the questions. The enumerators, like the census office staff at Ottawa, are sworn to absolute secrecy as to the information they are called upon to obtain and record, and the facts set down can in no way work to the detriment of any citizen hereafter.

The commissioner in charge of the taking of the census is T. J. W. Hick, and the enumerators under him are Messrs. McCarter, Murray, Woodward, Bechtel, Bailey, McCrimmon, Johns, Williams, Warden, Humber, Hoyle, Erdine, Swain, Moir, Cousins, Dakers, Dunlap and Yull.

The census commissioner for Nanaimo electoral district, which includes Esquimalt, Oak Bay, Saanich, Sidney, the Islands and the southern part of Vancouver Island, as well as Nanaimo and Alberni districts, is J. C. McIntosh.

LAWYER'S WILL

New York, June 1.—The will of Richard H. Clarke, a wealthy lawyer and writer on Roman Catholic subjects, who died a week ago, leaves a large income on his residuary estate to his daughter, Mary Ada Clarke, to be long as she shall remain in the world, and not become a member of any monastic or religious sisterhood, or other institution or community.

SITE FOR PARK

Calgary, June 1.—The Dominion government has notified the hospital directors that it would cede three large lots, aggregating 12 acres, if the hospital would use it as a park.